SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Multispectral imaging with vertical silicon nanowires

Hyunsung Park and Kenneth B. Crozier*

School of Engineering and Applied Sciences, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138, United States of America

*Correspondence to: kcrozier@seas.harvard.edu

Fabrication process for multispectral filter, and method by which it is transferred to image sensor

The fabrication steps generally follow methods previously reported.^{1, 2} Fabrication starts with etching vertical silicon nanowires. We pattern Al nanodisk arrays using ebeam lithography and lift-off. These are then used as etch masks for forming the nanowires by inductively coupled plasma reactive ion etching (ICP-RIE).¹ After that, we transfer the nanowires into the PDMS.² The higher PDMS curing temperature increases the adhesion between the PDMS and silicon and ensure that the nanowires remain within the PDMS film during the scraping process performed next.² We next remove the cover glass of the image sensor by melting the glue with a heat gun. We then mount the multispectral filter, comprising the PDMS film with embedded nanowires, onto the image sensor under a magnifier. These fabrication steps are described in detail below.

Fabrication steps

Nanowire fabrication

- Clean a silicon wafer piece (size: 1 × 1 inch, orientation: <100>) with Acetone and Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
- 2. Spin e-beam resist (MicroChem PMMA 495K A2, 4000 rpm, 45 sec)
- 3. Softbake at 180 °C for 3 min
- 4. Spin e-beam resist (MicroChem PMMA 950K A2, 4000 rpm, 45 sec)
- 5. Softbake at 180 °C for 3 min
- 6. E-beam lithography of nanodisk arrays (Elionix, ELS-7000)
- 7. Develop in 1:3 MIBK to IPA for 90 sec
- 8. Rinse with IPA for 30 sec
- 9. Evaporate aluminium (40 nm) using thermal evaporator
- 10. Immerse the wafer piece in Acetone for 1 day at room temperature (lift-off)
- 11. Rinse with IPA for 1 min
- 12. Etch silicon nanowires by ICP-RIE (STS company, SF₆: 60 sccm, C_4F_8 : 160 sccm, 1200 W, etch rate ~ 60 nm / min)

Transferring nanowires into PDMS

- 13. Prepare PDMS (Sylgard 184 Silicone Elastomer Kit, ratio of base to curing agent is 5:1)
- 14. Mix it using centrifugal mixer (Thinky, ARE-250 Mixer)
- 15. Spin coat PDMS mixture onto the wafer piece with vertical silicon nanowires (1000 rpm, 60 sec)
- 16. Cure the PDMS film at 230 °C for 60 min on hot plate
- 17. Allow the wafer piece to cool down to room temperature

- 18. Scrape the PDMS film using razor blade (VWR, 55411-062, angle between the wafer and razor blade ~ 45 °)
- 19. Place the cut film (nanowire side up) on a cleaned glass slide
- 20.Cut the film to the appropriate size (i.e. $2 \text{ mm} \times 15 \text{ mm}$ in our case)

Mounting of multispectral filter (PDMS with embedded nanowires) onto image sensor

- 21.Unscrew the printed circuit board (PCB) from casing of a camera (Imaging Source, DMK21AF04)
- 22.Cover the PCB with Kapton tape to protect everything but the image sensor chip from being heating
- 23.Melt glue between the cover glass and image sensor using a heat gun (Hakko, 850B)
- 24. Carefully remove the cover glass from the image sensor
- 25.Remove the Kapton tape and clean the surface of the image sensor with dust blower
- 26.Place multispectral filter (PDMS film containing nanowires) onto the image sensor under a magnifier (nanowire side down). Comment: be careful not to touch the bond wires of the image sensor.
- 27. Reassemble the PCB into the camera case

References

1. Seo, K. et al. Multicolored Vertical Silicon Nanowires. Nano Lett. 11, 1851-1856 (2011).

2. Park, H., Seo, K. & Crozier, K. B. Adding colors to polydimethylsiloxane by embedding vertical silicon nanowires. *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **101**, 193107-193104 (2012).