Table S6. Sequences and reaction efficiencies of primer pairs used for quantitative PCR determination of genomic copy number.

		Species			
Amplicon		A. halleri	A. lyrata ssp. lyrata	A. thaliana (Col-0)	Primer efficiency [†]
HMA4	Forward	GCTGCAGCGATGAAAAACAAAC	GCTGCAACGATGAAAAGCAAAC	GCTGCAGCGATGAAAAACAAAC	1.91 ± 0.01 n = 290
	Reverse	TCCATACAACATCCCGAGGAAC	TCCATACAACATCCCGAGGAAC	TTCACACAACATCCCGAGGAGC	
FRD3 5'	Forward	TGGCAGAGGAAGACACGATG	TGGCAGAGGAAGACACGATG	TGGCAGAGGAAGACACGATG	1.91 ± 0.01
	Reverse	TGGCTTTGTTCGCTTCTTCTTT	TGGCTTTGTTCGCTTCTTCTTT	TGGCTTTGTTTGCTTCTTCTTT	<i>n</i> = 276
FRD3 3'	Forward	TTTATAGCAGCCACGCAGCC	TTTATAGCAGCCACGCAACC	TTTATAGCAGCAACGCAGCC	1.89 ± 0.01
	Reverse	TCCATCCAATACAAAGGCGAGT	TCCATCCAATACAAAGGCGAGT	TCCATCCAATACAAAGGCGAGA	<i>n</i> = 294
S13	Forward	ACTTCTGGGTAGTTGGAATTTTCC	ACTTCTGGGTAGTTGGAATTTTCC	ACTTCTGGGTAGTTGGAATTTTCC	1.89 ± 0.01 n = 276
	Reverse	CGTTTCGGAGAATCCTCGC	CGTTTCGGAGAATCCTCGC	CGTTTCGGAGAATCCTCGC	

All primer sequences are given in 5'- to 3'-direction. The HMA4 and S13 primers for A. halleri were designed based on an alignment of all S5/S7/S10 and S13 consensus sequences (see Figure 1, Table S1), respectively, in order to ensure the absence of polymorphisms within primer binding sites. The FRD3 primers for A. halleri were designed based on available sequences from the Lan3.1 individual of the Langelsheim population [12]. The A. thaliana and A. lyrata ssp. lyrata primers were designed based on available genome sequences [39,73].

[†]: arithmetic mean \pm s. e. m., *n* equals the number of replicate PCR reactions per amplicon.