

Supplemental Table 1. Statistical differences between generations of *+/dfwⁱ⁵* and controls.

	<u>5.6 kHz</u>	<u>8 kHz</u>	<u>11.3 kHz</u>	<u>16 kHz</u>	<u>22.6 kHz</u>	<u>32 kHz</u>	<u>40 kHz</u>
+/+ vs N3 +/-	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	***	***	***	***
+/+ vs N4 +/-	***	**	*	***	***	***	***
+/+ vs N5 +/-	***	**	**	***	***	***	***
+/+ vs N6 +/-	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	*	***	***	***
+/+ vs N10 +/-	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	***	***	***
N4 vs N5 (+/ +)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
N5 vs N6 (+/ +)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
N6 vs N10 (+/ +)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
N3 vs N4 (+/-)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
N4 vs N5 (+/-)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
N5 vs N6 (+/-)	*	**	***	***	***	n.s.	n.s.
N6 vs N10 (+/-)	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.

A comparison of heterozygotes at each generation compared to grouped controls ($n = 30$) shows loss at many or all frequencies for mice in N3 ($n = 3$), N4 ($n = 6$) and N5 ($n = 5$). In N6 ($n = 9$) and N10 ($n = 13$) heterozygotes, loss was only significant at higher frequencies. Sensitivity in wild-type controls did not significantly change from one generation to the next (there were no N3 wild-type littermates negative at *ahl* to include in this comparison; $n = 6$ at N4; $n = 4$ at N5; $n = 6$ at N6; $n = 14$ at N10). Thresholds are statistically improved between N5 and N6 for *+/dfwⁱ⁵* mice at low and mid-frequencies. All comparisons were done using a two-way ANOVA with a Bonferroni post-test and significance values are indicated by the following: * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$ and *** $p < 0.001$.