Table S1. Trait heritability and QTL detection

Trait			QTL Analysis								
Experiment <sup>a</sup>	RIL effect <sup>b</sup>	$H^{2c}$	Locus	DPI <sup>d</sup>	Chr	Position (cM)	max LOD <sup>e</sup>	Interval (map position) <sup>f</sup>	Var <sup>g</sup>	Effect <sup>h</sup>	Epistasis <sup>i</sup>
				3* 5 7 10							
Growth Chamber	P < 0.0001 df = 112 F = 2.19	0.75	QRX1.1	ns ns ns *** epi epi	Ι	31.1	2.3	[7 - 47] 1243559 - 13395602	11.1	-0.35	47(1):32(3) 2.8 24(1):21(4) 2
			QRX2	*** ns ns ns	II	69.1	2.40	[50 - 77] 9813845 - 18603183	12	-0.08	-
			QRX3	ns *** <u>***</u> *** epi	III	104	17.8	[100.6 - 105.6] 18948842 - 22787634	53.7	-0.62	105(3):13(4) 2.8
				epi epi epi							104(3):27(1) 2.1 & 2.5 104(3):12(4) 3
			QRX5.1	ns ns *** <u>***</u>	IV	24	3.4	[14.29 - 37] 1586683 - 9448354	15.9	-0.41	-
			QRX5.2	*** <u>***</u> ns ns	IV	34.4	3.77	[17 - 41] 1586683 - 10551891	17.2	-0.22	-
Greenhouse	P < 0.0001 df = 114	0.50	QRX1.2	*** *** *** ns	I	106	3.37	[94 - 114.1] 22388396 - 28841663	15.2	-0.25	-
	F = 8.16		QRX3	ns ns *** *** epi epi	III	104	5.22	[99 - 105.6] 18780383 - 23042168	22.1	-0.47	104(3):47(3) 2.3 86(1):29(5) 2.4
Bacterial Growth	P = 0.0002 df = 94 F = 1.84	0.17	QRX3	*** epi	III	102	2.63	[69 - 105] 13596040 - 23042168	15.9	-0.58	34(1):47(1) 2.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Three different experiments were conducted: the disease index was measured for both growth chamber and greenhouse grown 28 day-old plants and an IGC (Internal Growth Curve) experiment was conducted using growth chamber grown plants (see materials and methods).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The RIL effect at 10 dpi was estimated using GLM procedure (Type III SS) with SAS software version 9.1 (SAS Institute, Cary, NC, USA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> H<sup>2</sup>: broad-sense heritability at 10 dpi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> QTL detection at different days post-inoculation (DPI) using the *scanone* function in Rqtl (www.r-project.org). \* The disease index scoring was performed at 3, 5, 7, 10 and 4, 5, 7, 10 days post-inoculation for the growth chamber and greenhouse experiments, respectively. ns: no QTL was detected; \*\*\* QTL with Log of odds ratio  $\geq$  2.5 underscored: maximum LOD score; epi: significant digenic epistatic interaction detected (see Epistasis<sup>i</sup>).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Maximum Log of odd ratio observed.

f Support intervals are given in Centimorgans and TAIR 9 coordinates were estimated by dropping 1.5 LOD units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g h</sup> The proportion of phenotypic variance explained by each QTL and the estimated phenotypic effects corresponding to the allelic substitution from Kas-1 allele to Col-5 allele, were calculated in the context of multiple-QTL models using the function *fitqtl* of Rqtl. Values correspond to the results when the LOD is maximum. When a single QTL was considered, the heritability due to the QTL was estimated by  $(1 - 10 ^ (-2 LOD / n))$ , where n is the sample size.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Significant pair-wise epistatic interactions were determined using interaction LOD scores from *scantwo* function in Rqtl: marker position in cM with chromosome in brackets for both markers followed by the interaction LOD score; in italic: significant interaction between markers outside of QTLs. The time at which the epistatic interaction occurred was indicated in the DPI<sup>d</sup> column (*epi*).