

## **Supporting Information**

### **Overcoming Synthetic Challenges of Oridonin A-Ring Structural Diversification: Regio- and Stereoselective Installation of Azides and 1,2,3-Triazoles at the C-1, C-2, or C-3 Position**

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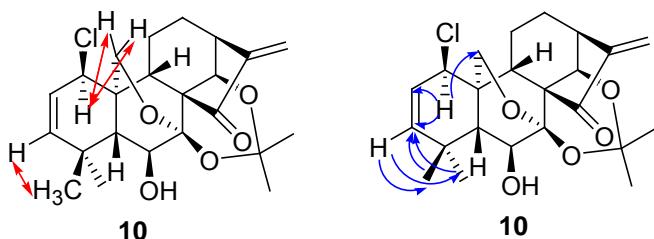
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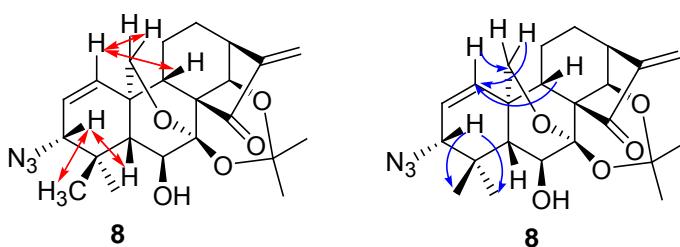
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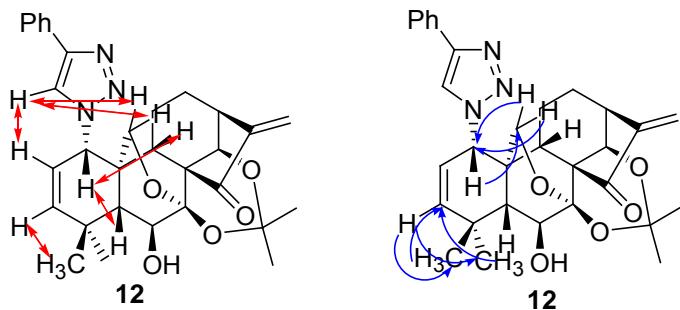
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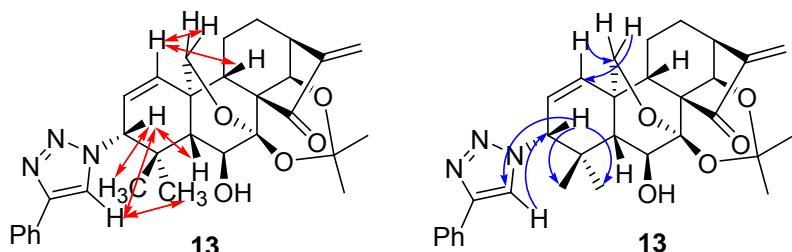
**Figure S1.** Selected ROESY correlations ( $H \longleftrightarrow H$ ) and key HMBC correlations ( $H \rightarrow C$ ) of **10**. The ROESY correlations of H-1/H<sub>2</sub>-20 indicated that H-1 was  $\alpha$ -directed. 1-Allylic chloride was determined by the ROESY correlation of H-1/H<sub>2</sub>-20 and the HMBC correlations of H-1/C-20, H-1/C-2 and H-1/C-3. The  $\Delta^2$  double bond was confirmed by the ROESY correlation of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18 and the HMBC correlations of H-3/C-18, H-3/C-19, H<sub>3</sub>-18/C-3 and H<sub>3</sub>-19/C-3.



**Figure S2.** Selected ROESY correlations ( $H \longleftrightarrow H$ ) and key HMBC correlations ( $H \rightarrow C$ ) of **8**. The ROESY correlations of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18 and H-3/H-5 indicated that H-3 was  $\beta$ -directed. 3-Allylic azide was determined by the ROESY correlation of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18 and the HMBC correlations of H-3/C-18 and H-3/C-19. The  $\Delta^1$  double bond was confirmed by the ROESY correlations of H-1/H<sub>2</sub>-20 and H-1/H-9, and the HMBC correlations of H-1/C-20, H-9/C-1 and H<sub>2</sub>-20/C-1.



**Figure S3.** Selected ROESY correlations ( $H \longleftrightarrow H$ ) and key HMBC correlations ( $H \rightarrow C$ ) of **12**. The ROESY correlations of H-1/H-5, H-1/H-9 and H-5'/H<sub>2</sub>-20 indicated that H-1 was  $\beta$ -directed. 1-Allylic 1,2,3-triazole was determined by the ROESY correlations of H-1/H-9 and H-5'/H<sub>2</sub>-20, the HMBC correlations of H-1/C-20 and H<sub>2</sub>-20/C-1. The  $\Delta^2$  double bond was confirmed by the ROESY correlations of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18 and the HMBC correlations of H-3/C-18, H-3/C-19, H<sub>3</sub>-18/C-3 and H<sub>3</sub>-19/C-3.



**Figure S4.** Selected ROESY correlations ( $H \longleftrightarrow H$ ) and key HMBC correlations ( $H \rightarrow C$ ) of **13**. The ROESY correlations of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18, H-5'/H<sub>3</sub>-19 and H-3/H-5 indicated that H-3 was  $\beta$ -directed. 3-Allylic 1,2,3-triazole was determined by the ROESY correlations of H-3/H<sub>3</sub>-18 and H-5'/H<sub>3</sub>-19, and the HMBC correlations of H-3/C-18, H-3/C-19, H-5'/C-3 and H-3/C-5'. The  $\Delta^1$  double bond was confirmed by the ROESY correlations of H-1/H<sub>2</sub>-20 and H-1/H-9, and the HMBC correlations of H-1/C-20 and H<sub>2</sub>-20/C-1.

**Table S1.** Ring opening of 1*S*,2*R*-epoxide **20** with NaN<sub>3</sub><sup>a</sup>

Entry	Coordinating salt	Solvent	T (°C)	Time (h)	Yield (%) <sup>b</sup>	Recovery of <b>20</b> (%) <sup>b</sup>
1	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	MeOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	55	24	trace	90
2	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	EtOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	52	31
3	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	EtOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	48	40	24
4	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	CH <sub>3</sub> CN/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	13	86
5	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	Acetone/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	8	82
6	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl (2 equiv.)	DMF	100	24	20	32
7	CeCl <sub>3</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O (1.2 equiv.)	EtOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	0	96
8	Bi(OTf) <sub>3</sub> (2 equiv.)	EtOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	trace	90
9	LiClO <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv.)	EtOH/H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1)	85	24	60	20

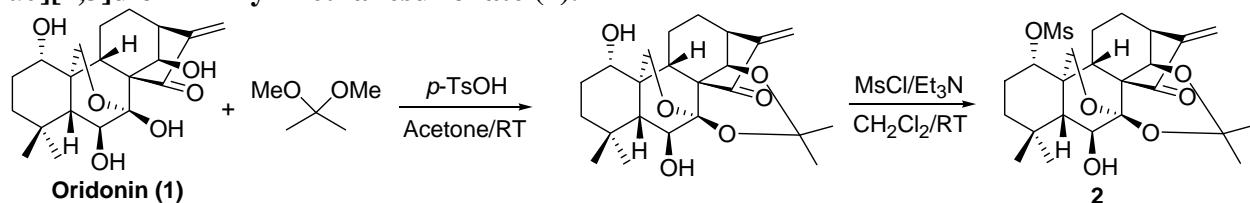
<sup>a</sup>Reactions were performed with epoxide **20** (0.062 mmol), NaN<sub>3</sub> (8 equiv.), and the coordinating salt in 2 mL of solvent. <sup>b</sup> Isolated yield.

**In Vitro Determination of Proliferation Effects against Cancer cells.** Cancer cells (breast cancer cell lines MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231) were seeded in 96-well plates at a density of  $1 \times 10^4$  cells/well and treated with DMSO, 0.01  $\mu\text{M}$ , 0.1  $\mu\text{M}$ , 1  $\mu\text{M}$ , 5  $\mu\text{M}$ , 10  $\mu\text{M}$ , and 100  $\mu\text{M}$  of individual compound for 48 h. Proliferation was measured by treating cells with the 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT) in a CellTiter 96t AQueous Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation Assay kit (Promega, Madison, WI, USA). Absorbance of all wells was determined by measuring OD at 550 nm after 1 h incubation at 37 °C on a 96-well iMark™ Microplate Absorbance Reader (BioRad, Hercules, CA). Each individual compound was tested in quadruplicate wells for each concentration.

## Synthetic Experimental Procedures

**General.** All commercially available starting materials and solvents were reagent grade, and used without further purification. Reactions were performed under a nitrogen atmosphere in dry glassware with magnetic stirring. Preparative column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60, particle size 0.063-0.200 mm (70-230 mesh, flash). Analytical TLC was carried out employing silica gel 60 F254 plates (Merck, Darmstadt). Visualization of the developed chromatograms was performed with detection by UV (254 nm). NMR spectra were recorded on Brucker-600 ( $^1\text{H}$ , 600 MHz;  $^{13}\text{C}$ , 150 MHz) or Brucker-300 ( $^1\text{H}$ , 300 MHz;  $^{13}\text{C}$ , 75 MHz) spectrometers.  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were recorded with TMS as an internal reference. Chemical shifts were expressed in ppm, and J values were given in Hz. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained from Thermo Fisher LTQ Orbitrap Elite mass spectrometer. Parameters include the following: Nano ESI spray voltage was 1.8 kV; Capillary temperature was 275 °C and the resolution was 60,000; Ionization was achieved by positive mode. Melting points were measured on a Thermo Scientific Electrothermal Digital Melting Point Apparatus and uncorrected. Purity of final compounds was determined by analytical HPLC, which was carried out on a Shimadzu HPLC system (model: CBM-20A LC-20AD SPD-20A UV/VIS). HPLC analysis conditions: Waters μBondapak C18 (300 × 3.9 mm); flow rate 0.5 mL/min; UV detection at 270 and 254 nm; linear gradient from 30% acetonitrile in water (0.1% TFA) to 100% acetonitrile (0.1% TFA) in 20 min followed by 30 min of the last-named solvent.

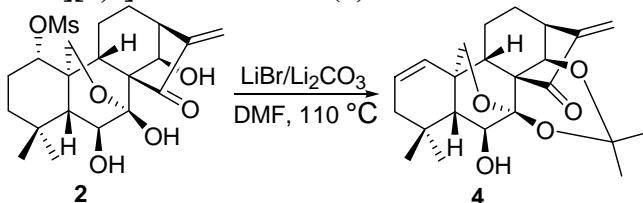
### Synthesis of (3*S*,3a*R*,3a $^1\text{R}$ ,6*aR*,7*S*,7a*R*,11*S*,11a*S*,11b*S*)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-14-oxodecahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3a $^1$ -ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-11-yl methanesulfonate (2).



To a solution of oridonin (500 mg, 1.36 mmol) in acetone (20 mL) was added TsOH (20 mg) and 2,2-dimethoxypropane (3.0 mL) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to afford the acetonide intermediate (520 mg, 93%); To a solution of the acetonide intermediate (277 mg, 0.68 mmol) in dichloromethane was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (138 mg, 1.37 mmol) and MsCl (94 mg, 0.82 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at rt overnight, and diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The crude residue was further purified by silica gel column; elution with 50% EtOAc in hexane afforded the desired product 2 as a colorless gel (264 mg, 80%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.17 (s, 1H), 5.82 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.75 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 4.60 (dd, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 12.0 Hz), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.92 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 12.0 Hz), 3.07 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.99 (s, 3H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.38 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.31 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 205.1, 150.4, 120.5, 101.1, 94.6, 84.8, 72.9, 69.9, 62.3, 59.5, 55.9, 50.1,

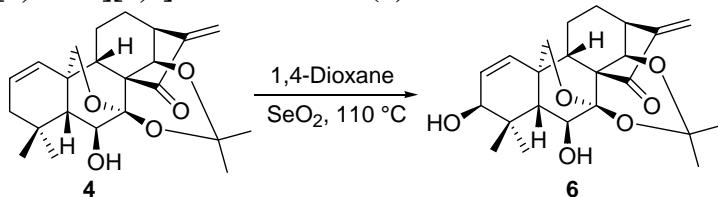
40.6, 40.1 (2C), 38.2, 33.2, 33.0, 30.1 (2C), 26.4, 25.4, 22.4, 18.8; HRMS Calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 483.2047; found 483.2052.

**Synthesis of (3*S*,3a*R*,3a<sup>1</sup>*R*,6a*R*,7*S*,7a*R*,11a*R*,11b*S*)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3a,7,7a,8,9,11b-octahydro-1*H*-6a,11a-(epoxymethano)-3,3a<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (4).**



To a solution of **2** (34 mg, 0.07 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added LiBr (18 mg, 0.21 mmol) and Li<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (15 mg, 0.21 mmol) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at 115 °C for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc. The organic extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The crude residue was further purified by silica gel column; elution with 25% EtOAc in hexane afforded the desired product **4** as a colorless amorphous gel (25 mg, 84%). HPLC purity 99.8% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 18.30 min). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.16 (s, 1H), 5.77 (m, 1H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 5.41 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.19 (dd, 1H, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 4.82 (s, 1H), 3.99 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.90 (dd, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 12.0 Hz), 3.81 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 3.06 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.53 (m, 1H), 1.95 (d, 1H, *J* = 17.4 Hz), 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.50 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.5, 150.5, 130.3, 124.1, 120.4, 101.2, 95.4, 72.0, 70.1, 64.8, 57.9, 56.3, 49.1, 41.1, 40.3, 38.1, 32.2, 31.1, 30.3, 30.1, 25.5, 22.1, 17.3; HRMS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 387.2166; found 387.2169.

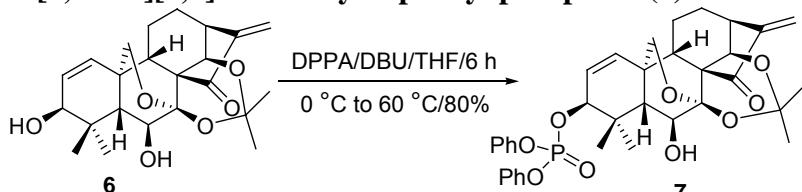
**Synthesis of (3*S*,3a*R*,3a<sup>1</sup>*R*,6a*R*,7*S*,7a*S*,9*S*,11a*R*,11b*S*)-7,9-dihydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3a,7,7a,8,9,11b-octahydro-1*H*-6a,11a-(epoxymethano)-3,3a<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (6).**



A mixture of **4** (20 mg, 0.05 mmol) and SeO<sub>2</sub> (16 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (4 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 16 h. After that, the reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 50% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **6** as a colorless solid (16 mg, 76%). HPLC purity 99.7% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 17.31 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.16 (s, 1H), 6.00 (dd, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 5.56 (s, 1H), 5.42 (m, 2H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 3.06 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 2.53 (m, 1H), 1.87 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.35 (s, 1H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.1, 150.3, 130.9, 128.6, 120.6, 101.2, 95.5, 72.6, 71.5,

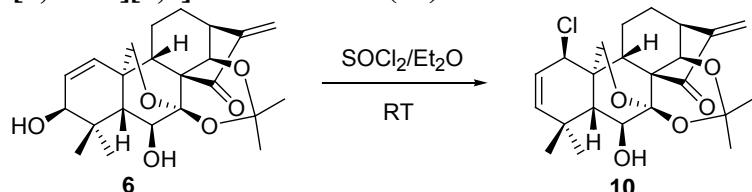
70.0, 64.5, 56.1, 51.0, 48.8, 40.3, 38.2, 36.7, 30.2, 30.1, 25.9, 25.4, 21.9, 17.3; HRMS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 403.2115; found 403.2118.

**(3S,3aR,3a<sup>1</sup>R,6aR,7S,7aS,9S,11aR,11bS)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-14-oxo-2,3,3a,7,7a,8,9,11b-octahydro-1H-6a,11a-(epoxymethano)-3,3a<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-de][1,3]dioxin-9-yl diphenyl phosphate (7).**



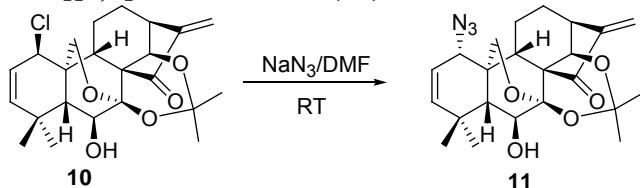
To a solution of **6** (25 mg, 0.062 mmol) in toluene (3 mL) was added DPPA (20.0 mg, 0.074 mmol) and DBU (11.0 mg, 0.074 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 6 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 30% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **7** (31 mg, 80%) as a colorless amorphous gel. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 6.10 (m, 1H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 5.41 (m, 2H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 4.49 (t, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.52 (m, 1H), 1.80 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.0, 150.6, 150.5, 150.3, 131.3, 129.8, 129.5, 127.3, 125.3, 125.1, 120.6, 120.1, 120.0, 101.3, 95.4, 80.1, 71.2, 69.9, 64.3, 56.0, 51.2, 48.3, 40.3, 38.2, 36.6, 30.1, 29.9, 26.2, 25.4, 21.5, 17.2. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>9</sub>P: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 635.2404; found 635.2411.

**(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,11*R*,11*aS*,11*bR*)-11-chloro-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,11,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*d*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (10).**



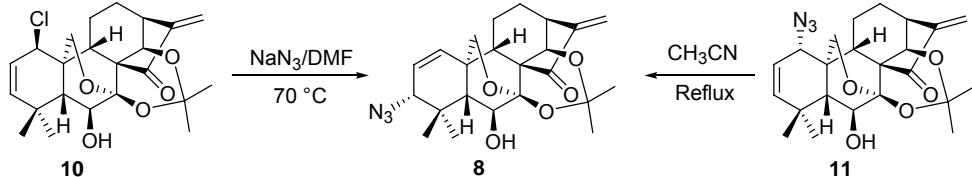
To a solution of **6** (25 mg, 0.062 mmol) in anhydrous ether (3 mL) was added freshly distilled SOCl<sub>2</sub> (8 mg, 0.068 mmol) at ice-water bath. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 3 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 25% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **10** (19 mg, 73%) as a colorless amorphous gel. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.21 (s, 1H), 5.71 (m, 3H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.12 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 11.7 Hz), 4.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 1.92 (dd, 1H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 6.9 Hz), 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.8, 150.2, 143.6, 120.7 (2C), 101.4, 95.5, 73.0, 70.0, 65.6, 56.3, 54.9, 52.3, 44.8, 40.3, 39.6, 34.3, 33.8, 30.1, 29.9, 28.1, 25.6, 16.3. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>30</sub>ClO<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 421.1776; found 421.1791.

**(3*S*,3*a**R*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*a**R*,7*S*,7*a**R*,11*S*,11*a**R*,11*b**S*)-11-azido-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,11,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (11).**



A mixture of **10** (30 mg, 0.071 mmol) and  $\text{NaN}_3$  (25 mg, 0.355 mmol) in the dried DMF (3 mL) was stirred at rt under  $\text{N}_2$  for 16 h. After the completion of the reaction, which was monitored by TLC, the reaction solvent was evaporated under vacuum at 27 °C to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 25% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **11** (21 mg, 71%) as a colorless amorphous gel.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  6.18 (s, 1H), 5.91 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 11.7 Hz), 5.84 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 2.1 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.44 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 3.0 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 1.5 Hz), 4.18 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 2.1 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 1.2 Hz, 9.9 Hz), 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.12 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 9.6 Hz), 2.60 (m, 1H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  205.0, 150.4, 143.3, 120.4, 118.3, 101.2, 94.8, 72.8, 70.0, 63.2, 60.8, 56.6, 56.1, 49.6, 40.2, 38.6, 34.5, 32.4, 30.2, 30.1, 29.7, 26.2, 25.5, 18.2. HRMS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  428.2180; found 428.2192.

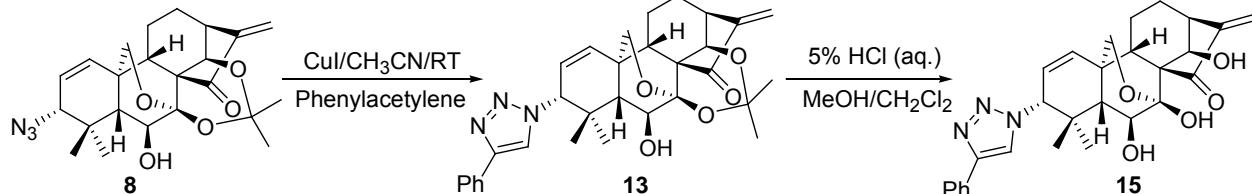
**(3*S*,3*a**R*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*a**R*,7*S*,7*a**R*,9*R*,11*a**R*,11*b**S*)-9-azido-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,9,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (8).**



A mixture of **10** (30 mg, 0.071 mmol) and  $\text{NaN}_3$  (25 mg, 0.355 mmol) in the dried DMF (3 mL) was stirred at 70 °C under  $\text{N}_2$  for 10 h. After that, the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 25% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **8** (22 mg, 74%) as a colorless amorphous gel.

A solution of **11** (10 mg, 0.023 mmol) in the dried  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  was refluxed at 85 °C for 8 h. After completion of the reaction, which was monitored by TLC, the reaction solvent was evaporated under vacuum at 27 °C to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 25% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **8** (9 mg, 90%) as a colorless amorphous gel.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  6.18 (s, 1H), 5.73 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 1.8 Hz, 10.5 Hz), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.48 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 12.0 Hz), 5.38 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 2.7 Hz, 10.5 Hz), 4.81 (d, 1H,  $J$  = 1.2 Hz), 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.75 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 1.8 Hz, 2.4 Hz), 3.08 (dd, 1H,  $J$  = 0.9 Hz, 8.7 Hz), 2.54 (m, 1H), 1.76 (m, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  204.4, 150.2, 129.5, 127.3, 120.8, 101.3, 95.3, 71.3, 69.9, 68.4, 64.6, 57.3, 56.1, 48.8, 40.2, 38.5, 38.3, 30.1 (2C), 27.2, 25.4, 17.3, 16.9. HRMS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  428.2180; found 428.2190.

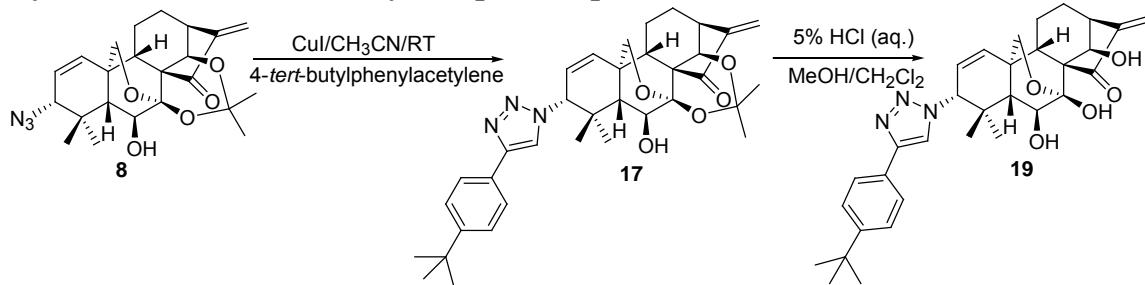
(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,9*R*,11*aR*,11*bS*)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-9-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,9,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,*3a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*d*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (**13**) and  
(3*R*,4*aR*,5*S*,6*S*,6*aR*,9*S*,11*aS*,11*bR*,14*R*)-5,6,14-trihydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylene-3-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-4,4*a*,5,6,9,10,11,11*a*-octahydro-3*H*-6,11*b*-(epoxymethano)-6*a*,9-methanocyclohepta[*a*]naphthalen-7(8*H*)-one (**15**).



A mixture of **8** (15.0 mg, 0.035 mmol), phenylacetylene (7.1 mg, 0.07 mmol) and copper (I) iodide (6.6 mg, 0.035 mmol) in the dried acetonitrile (2 mL) was stirred at rt for 24 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 30% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the desired product **13** (14.0 mg, 78%) as a colorless amorphous gel. To a solution of **13** (10 mg, 0.018 mmol) in a mixture of MeOH (2.0 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 2.5% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **15** (8.0 mg, 86%) as a colorless amorphous gel. **Compound 13:** HPLC purity 96.8% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 23.39 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.84 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.33 (t, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.90 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 5.62 (s, 1H), 5.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 5.56 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 1H), 4.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.11 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.58 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.4, 150.1, 147.1, 130.5, 129.1, 128.8 (2C), 128.1, 127.9, 125.7 (2C), 121.1, 119.9, 101.4, 95.3, 71.4, 69.9, 67.8, 64.7, 57.3, 56.1, 48.8, 40.2, 38.4, 38.1, 30.1, 27.0, 25.4, 17.8, 17.3. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 530.2649; found 530.2667. **Compound 15:** [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> -72 (*c* 0.1, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); HPLC purity 96.8% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 17.23 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.42 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.34 (m, 1H), 6.24 (br s, 2H), 5.91 (m, 1H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 5.61 (m, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.07 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.79 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 206.4, 150.8, 147.2, 130.4, 129.4, 128.9 (2C), 128.3, 128.2, 125.7 (2C), 122.0, 119.8, 97.6, 72.8, 72.1, 67.6, 65.3, 62.0, 56.8, 52.0, 42.6, 38.9, 38.2, 29.6, 26.7, 17.6, 17.5. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>32</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 490.2336; found 490.2344.

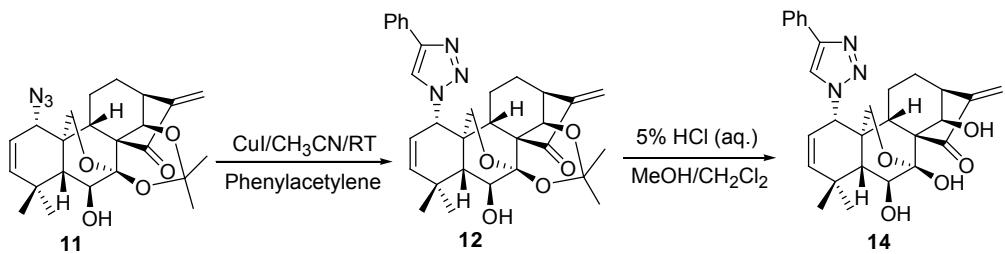
(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,9*R*,11*aR*,11*bS*)-9-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,9,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,*3a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*d*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (**17**) and  
(3*R*,4*aR*,5*S*,6*S*,6*aR*,9*S*,11*aS*,11*bR*,14*R*)-3-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-

**5,6,14-trihydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylene-4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,11a-octahydro-3H-6,11b-(epoxymethano)-6a,9-methanocyclohepta[a]naphthalen-7(8H)-one (19).**



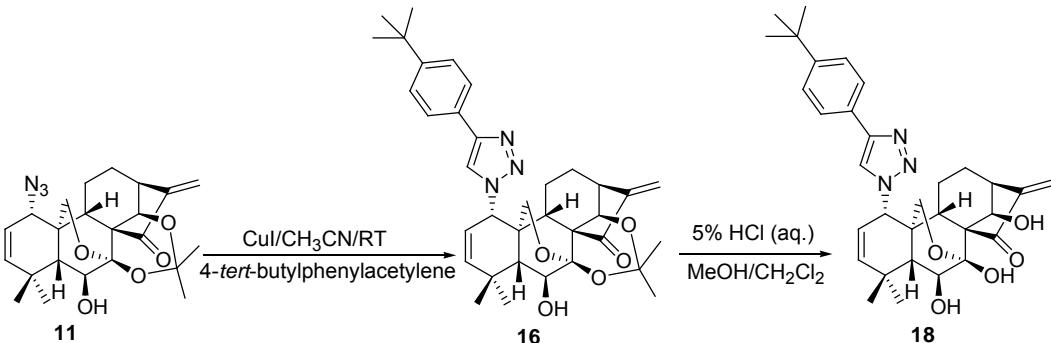
A mixture of **8** (13.6 mg, 0.032 mmol), 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (10 mg, 0.064 mmol) and copper (I) iodide (6.0 mg, 0.032 mmol) in the dried acetonitrile (3 mL) was stirred at rt for 36 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 30% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the desired product **17** (15 mg, 80%) as a colorless amorphous gel. To a solution of **17** (6.0 mg, 0.01 mmol) in a mixture of MeOH (2.0 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 3% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **19** (4.7 mg, 85%) as a colorless amorphous gel. **Compound 17:** HPLC purity 96.8% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 23.39 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.77 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.90 (dd, 1H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 10.8 Hz), 5.62 (s, 1H), 5.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.56 (m, 1H), 5.09 (m, 1H), 4.85 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 4.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.4, 151.3, 150.1, 147.1, 129.2, 127.8, 127.7, 125.7 (2C), 125.4 (2C), 121.0, 119.6, 101.4, 95.3, 71.4, 69.9, 67.8, 64.7, 57.3, 56.1, 48.8, 40.2, 38.4, 38.1, 34.6, 31.2 (3C), 30.1, 29.7, 27.0, 25.4, 17.7, 17.3. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>44</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 586.3275; found 586.3280. **Compound 19:** [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> -84 (c 0.1, MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> = 1:1); HPLC purity 96.5% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 20.82 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.76 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 6.25 (s, 1H), 6.14 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.92 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 5.63 (s, 1H), 5.57 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 5.19 (br s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.54 (br s, 1H), 4.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.98 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.10 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.53 (m, 1H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.78 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 206.2, 151.4, 150.8, 147.2, 129.5, 128.2, 127.5, 125.8 (2C), 125.4 (2C), 122.0, 119.5, 97.6, 72.9, 72.1, 67.5, 65.3, 62.1, 56.8, 51.9, 42.6, 38.9, 38.2, 34.6, 31.2 (3C), 29.6, 26.7, 17.6, 17.4. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 546.2962; found 546.2976.

**(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,11*S*,11*aR*,11*bS*)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-11-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-2,3,3*a*,7,7*a*,8,11,11*b*-octahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de(1*S*,4*aR*,5*S*,6*S*,6*aR*,9*S*,11*aS*,11*bR*,14*R*)-5,6,14-trihydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylene-1-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-4,4*a*,5,6,9,10,11,11*a*-octahydro-1*H*-6,11*b*-(epoxymethano)-6*a*,9-methanocyclohepta[a]naphthalen-7(8*H*)-one (14).***



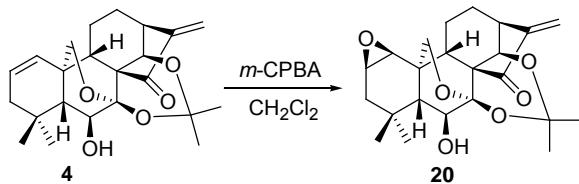
A mixture of **11** (9.0 mg, 0.021 mmol), phenylacetylene (4.3 mg, 0.042 mmol) and copper (I) iodide (4 mg, 0.021 mmol) in the dried acetonitrile (2 mL) was stirred at rt for 36 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 30% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the desired product **12** (9 mg, 82%). To a solution of **12** (5 mg, 0.009 mmol) in a mixture of  $\text{MeOH}$  (2.0 mL) and  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 2.5% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **14** (4.0 mg, 86%) as a colorless solid. **Compound 12:** HPLC purity 98.7% ( $t_{\text{R}} = 21.52$  min);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.79 (m, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.42 (t, 2H,  $J = 7.8$  Hz), 7.35 (m, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 6.04 (m, 1H), 5.83 (d, 1H,  $J = 12.0$  Hz), 5.60 (s, 1H), 5.40 (m, 2H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.07 (dd, 1H,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 12.0 Hz), 3.98 (d, 1H,  $J = 10.2$  Hz), 3.35 (dd, 1H,  $J = 1.8$  Hz, 10.2 Hz), 3.08 (d, 1H,  $J = 9.6$  Hz), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.82 (dd, 1H,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 7.2 Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 6H), 1.33 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  204.8, 150.3, 147.6, 144.7, 129.0, 128.9 (2C), 128.4, 125.7 (2C), 120.8, 120.0, 118.8, 101.2, 94.8, 72.6, 69.9, 63.8, 60.1, 57.4, 56.1, 50.6, 40.1, 38.3, 34.5, 32.2, 30.1, 30.0, 29.7, 25.4, 25.2, 18.6. HRMS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  530.2649; found 530.2652. **Compound 14:**  $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} +68$  ( $c$  0.1,  $\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 = 1:1$ ); HPLC purity 99.4% ( $t_{\text{R}} = 18.44$  min);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{CD}_3\text{OD} = 10:1$ )  $\delta$  8.00 (s, 1H), 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 5.93 (dd, 1H,  $J = 2.1$  Hz, 9.9 Hz), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.46 (t, 1H,  $J = 2.7$  Hz), 5.25 (dd, 1H,  $J = 3.3$  Hz, 6.9 Hz), 4.79 (d, 1H,  $J = 1.2$  Hz), 4.37 (m, 3H), 4.00 (d, 1H,  $J = 6.0$  Hz), 3.78 (m, 1H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{CD}_3\text{OD} = 10:1$ )  $\delta$  208.6, 151.6, 148.3, 142.6, 130.6, 129.5 (2C), 129.0, 126.3 (2C), 121.8, 121.5, 121.0, 97.6, 73.7, 73.5, 64.7, 62.1, 61.8, 58.4, 52.6, 43.7, 39.8, 35.3, 31.8, 30.2 (2C), 25.2, 18.8. HRMS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  490.2336; found 490.2344.

**(3S,3aR,3a<sup>1</sup>R,6aR,7S,7aR,11S,11aR,11bS)-11-(4-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-7-hydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-2,3,3a,7,7a,8,11,11b-octahydro-1*H*-6a,11a-(epoxymethano)-3,3a<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*deH*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-5,6,14-trihydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylene-4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,11a-octahydro-1*H*-6,11b-(epoxymethano)-6a,9-methanocyclohepta[*a*]naphthalen-7(8*H*)-one (18).**



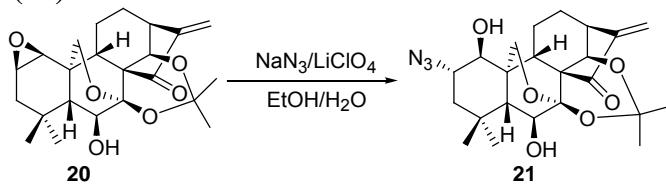
A mixture of **11** (17 mg, 0.039 mmol), 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (12 mg, 0.078 mmol) and copper (I) iodide (7.4 mg, 0.039 mmol) in the dried acetonitrile (3 mL) was stirred at rt for 36 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 30% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the desired product **16** (18 mg, 78%) as a colorless amorphous gel. To a solution of **16** (10 mg, 0.017 mmol) in a mixture of MeOH (2.0 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 3% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **18** (8.4 mg, 91%) as a colorless amorphous gel. **Compound 16:** HPLC purity 98.2% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 24.06 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.71 (dd, 2H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 6.6 Hz), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.45 (dd, 1H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 8.4 Hz), 6.19 (s, 1H), 6.04 (m, 1H), 5.82 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.60 (s, 1H), 5.40 (m, 2H), 4.71 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 4.07 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 12.0 Hz), 3.96 (dd, 1H, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 9.6 Hz), 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.08 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.82 (dd, 1H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 7.8 Hz), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.9, 151.6, 150.3, 147.6, 144.6, 127.2, 125.8 (2C), 125.4 (2C), 120.8, 120.0, 118.5, 101.2, 94.8, 72.6, 69.9, 63.8, 60.0, 57.5, 56.1, 50.6, 40.1, 38.4, 34.7, 34.5, 32.2, 31.2 (3C), 30.1, 30.0, 29.7, 25.4, 25.2, 18.5. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>44</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 586.3275; found 586.3284. **Compound 18:** [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> +48 (c 0.07, MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> = 1:1); HPLC purity 98.3% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 21.13 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 7.72 (dd, 2H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 6.6 Hz), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.47 (dd, 2H, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 6.6 Hz), 6.20 (s, 1H), 5.97 (dd, 1H, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 10.2 Hz), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.42 (m, 1H), 5.27 (dd, 1H, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 9.9 Hz), 4.77 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 3.99 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 3.84 (br s, 2H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 3.02 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.9 Hz), 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.23 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.51 (m, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H), 1.31 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 207.8, 152.1, 151.0, 148.0, 142.9, 127.1, 126.1 (2C), 125.7 (2C), 121.1, 121.0, 119.9, 97.2, 73.1, 64.3, 61.7, 61.2, 57.9, 52.4, 43.1, 39.3, 34.9 (2C), 31.6, 31.3 (3C), 29.9, 25.0, 18.5. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 546.2962; found 546.2980.

**(1aR,3aR,4S,4aR,4a<sup>1</sup>R,7aR,8S,10aS,10bS,10cS)-4-hydroxy-3,3,6,6-tetramethyl-13-methylenedecahydro-1aH-4a,10b-(epoxymethano)-4a<sup>1</sup>,8-ethanooxireno[2',3':5,6]phenanthro[1,10-de][1,3]dioxin-14-one (20).**



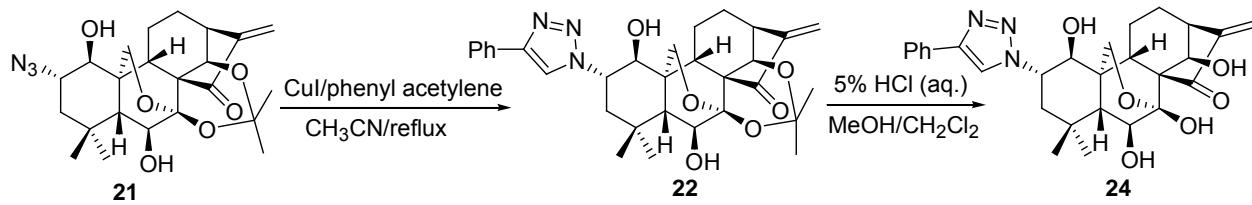
To a solution of **4** (16 mg, 0.04 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added *m*-CPBA (9.0 mg, 0.04 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was further purified using preparative TLC developed by 50% EtOAc in hexane to afford the desired product **20** as a colorless gel (14 mg, 86%). HPLC purity 96.0% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 19.21 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.18 (s, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 5.58 (br s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 4.14 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 4.02 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 3.82 (br s, 1H), 3.25 (br s, 1H), 3.08 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 3H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.52 (d, 1H, *J* = 15.0 Hz), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.19 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 204.4, 150.2, 120.7, 101.4, 95.3, 71.9, 70.0, 64.9, 55.7, 54.4, 53.1, 52.3, 45.5, 40.4, 40.2, 36.0, 32.4, 30.3, 30.1 (2C), 25.5, 23.5, 16.6. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 403.2115; found 403.2128.

**(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,10*S*,11*S*,11*aS*,11*bS*)-10-azido-7,11-dihydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylenedecahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (21).**



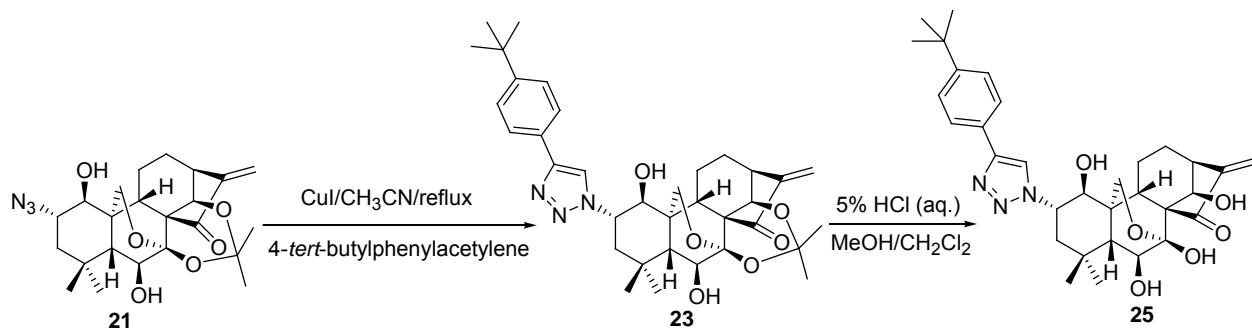
To a solution of **20** (25 mg, 0.062 mmol) in a mixture of ethanol (1 mL) and water (1 mL) was added LiClO<sub>4</sub> (13 mg, 0.124 mmol) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (32 mg, 0.496 mmol) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at 85°C for 24 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 5% ethyl acetate in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **21** (16 mg, 60%) as a white solid, and 8 mg of **20** was recovered. HPLC purity 98.0% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 19.36 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.19 (s, 1H), 6.02 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 5.59 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.48 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 3.99 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 12.0 Hz), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.36 (s, 1H), 3.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.62 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 205.2, 150.5, 120.3, 101.2, 94.7, 72.5, 70.2, 67.1, 64.8, 61.9, 55.7, 53.9, 44.0, 40.4, 39.4, 37.0, 34.7, 32.4, 30.2, 29.9, 25.6, 25.5, 16.3. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>32</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 446.2286; found 446.2300.

**(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,10*S*,11*S*,11*aS*,11*bS*)-7,11-dihydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylene-10-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)decahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*<sup>1</sup>-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (22) and  
(1*S*,2*S*,4*aR*,5*S*,6*S*,6*aR*,9*S*,11*aS*,11*bS*,14*R*)-1,5,6,14-tetrahydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylene-2-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)decahydro-1*H*-6,11*b*-(epoxymethano)-6*a*,9-methanocyclohepta[a]naphthalen-7(8*H*)-one (24).**

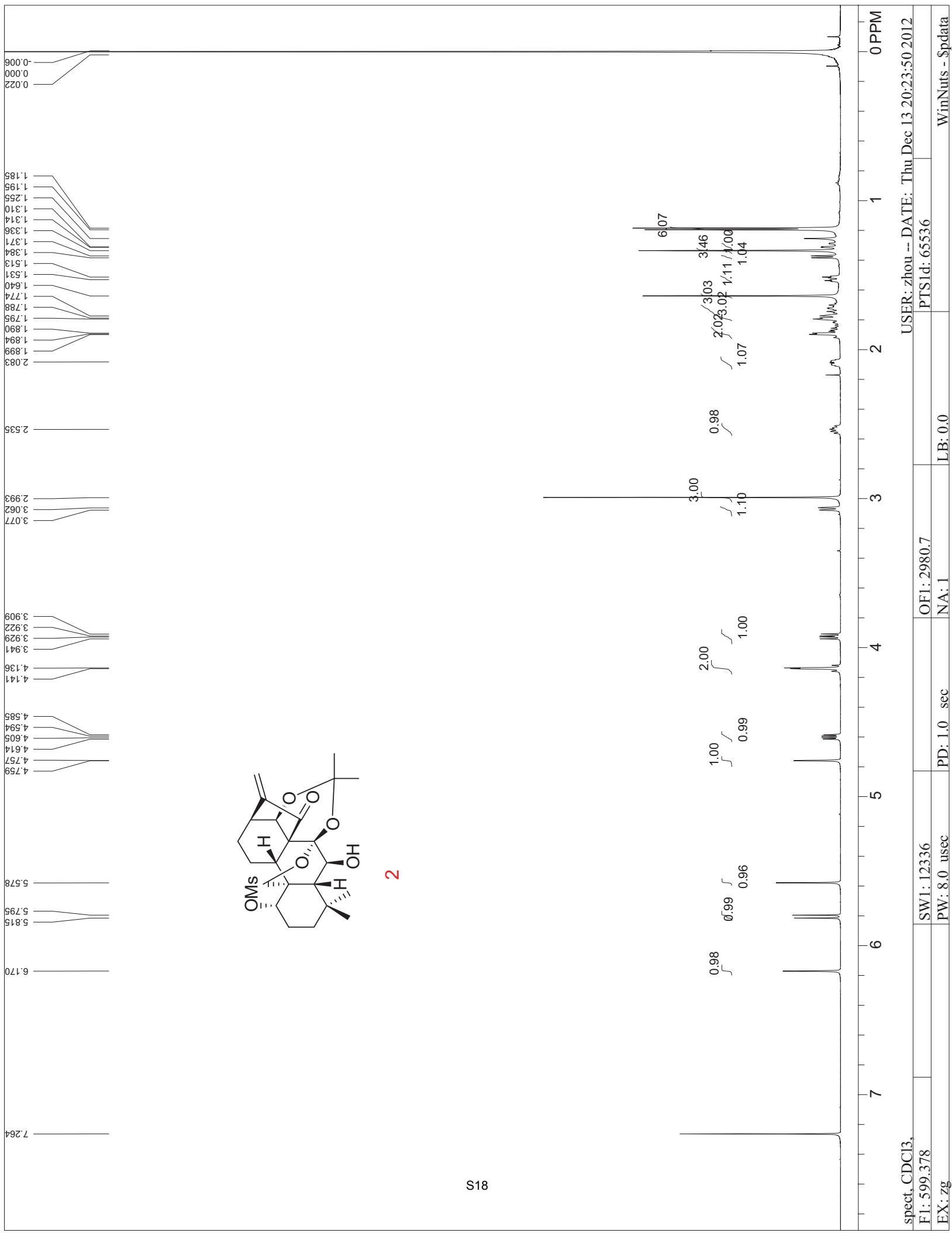


Copper (I) iodide (3.8 mg, 0.02 mmol) was added to a mixture of **21** (9 mg, 0.02 mmol) and phenyl acetylene (2.4 mg, 0.024 mmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 85 °C for 16 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 5% ethyl acetate in dichloromethane to afford the desired 1,2,3-triazole product **22** (6 mg, 60%), and 3 mg of **21** was recovered. To a solution of **22** (6 mg, 0.01 mmol) in a mixture of MeOH (2.0 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 5% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **24** (5.5 mg, 98%) as a colorless amorphous gel. **Compound 22:** HPLC purity 95.6% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 19.78 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.75 (m, 3H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.57 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 4.82 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.43 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 3H), 3.07 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.18 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 205.1, 150.6, 147.5, 130.1, 128.9 (2C), 128.4, 125.6 (2C), 120.4, 119.5, 101.1, 95.3, 72.4, 70.1, 68.7, 66.1, 62.0, 55.8, 54.4, 45.3, 40.8, 40.4, 33.9, 32.6, 30.4, 30.1, 29.7, 27.2, 25.4, 18.3. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>38</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 548.2755; found 548.2775. **Compound 24:** [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> +12 (*c* 0.1, MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> = 1:1); HPLC purity 99.7% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 16.74 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.8 Hz), 3.85 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.8 Hz), 3.81 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 3.05 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 3H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.80 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 207.9, 151.4, 147.8, 130.3, 129.2 (2C), 128.7, 125.9 (2C), 120.9, 120.3, 97.5, 73.3, 73.2, 66.3, 66.2, 62.6, 61.4, 53.7, 43.5, 41.1, 38.3, 33.6, 32.7, 30.1, 29.9, 26.0, 16.6. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 508.2442; found 508.2457.

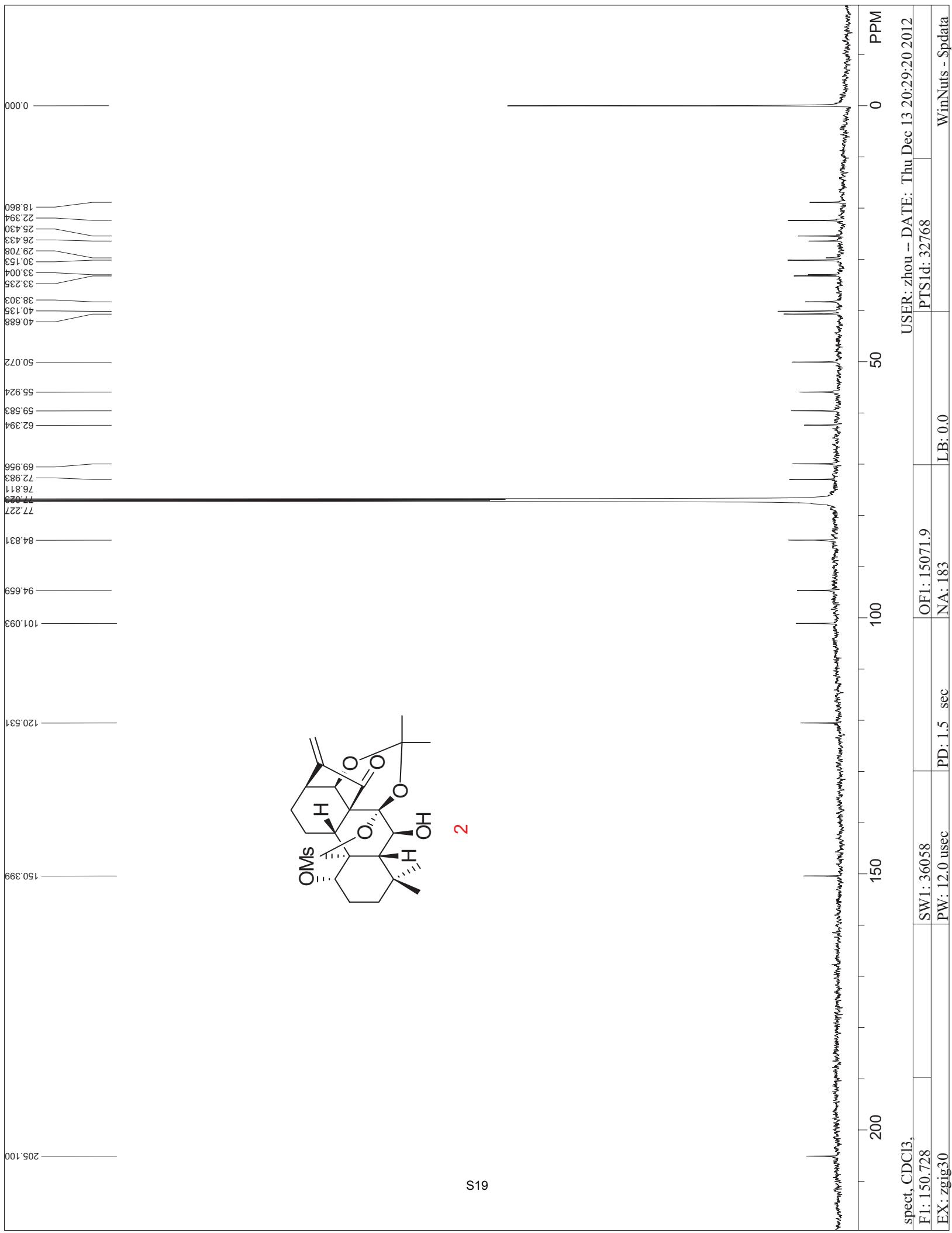
(3*S*,3*aR*,3*a*<sup>1</sup>*R*,6*aR*,7*S*,7*aR*,10*S*,11*S*,11*aS*,11*bS*)-10-(4-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-7,11-dihydroxy-5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-15-methylenedecahydro-1*H*-6*a*,11*a*-(epoxymethano)-3,3*a*1-ethanophenanthro[1,10-*de*][1,3]dioxin-14-one (23) and (1*S*,2*S*,4*aR*,5*S*,6*S*,6*aR*,9*S*,11*aS*,11*bS*,14*R*)-2-(4-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)-1,5,6,14-tetrahydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-8-methylenedecahydro-1*H*-6,11*b*-(epoxymethano)-6*a*,9-methanocyclohepta[*a*]naphthalen-7(8*H*)-one (25).

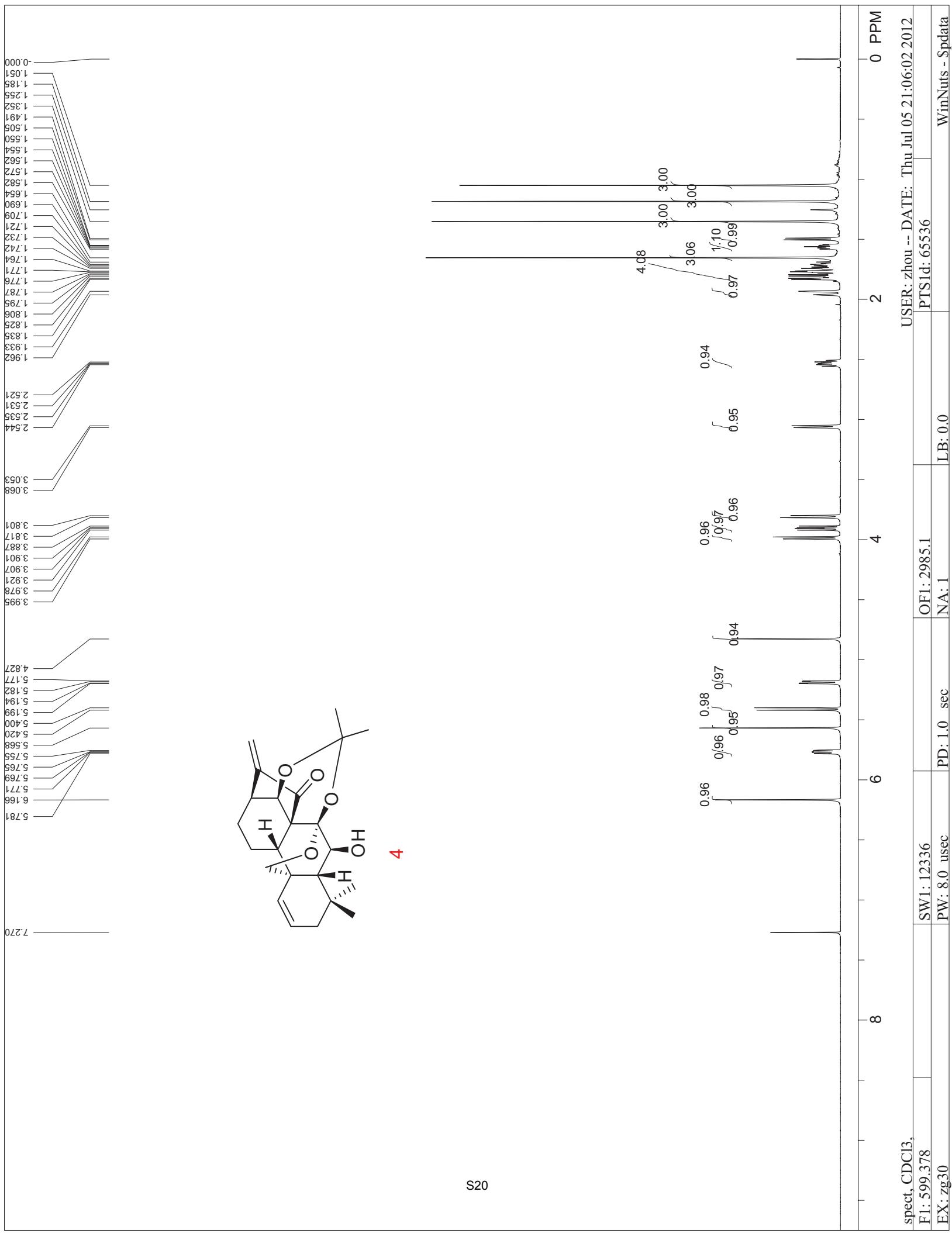


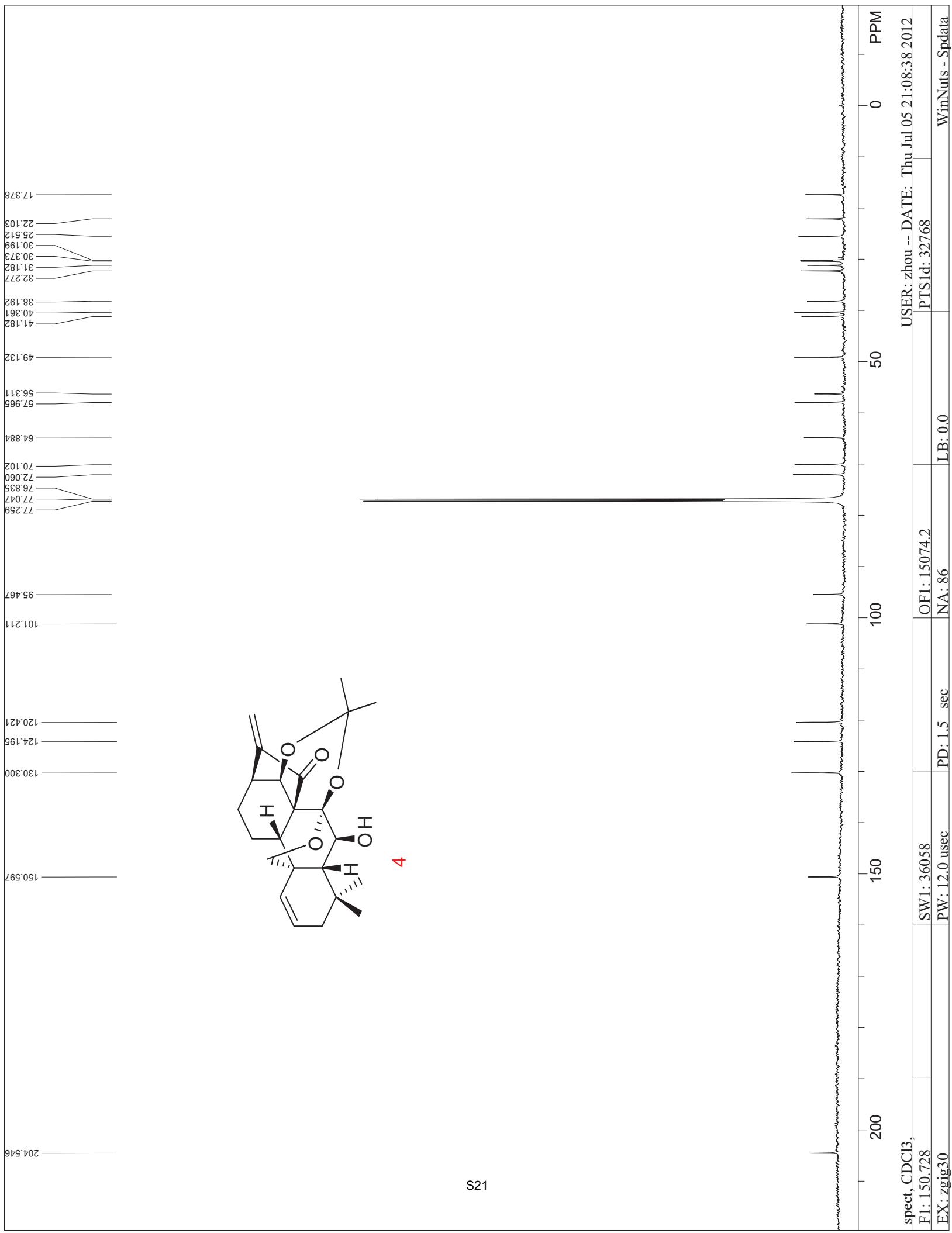
Copper (I) iodide (10.0 mg, 0.05 mmol) was added to a mixture of **21** (22.0 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 4-*tert*-butylphenylacetylene (15.8 mg, 0.10 mmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 85 °C for 16 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 33% ethyl acetate in hexane to afford the desired 1,2,3-triazole intermediate **23** (19 mg, 82%), and 5 mg of **21** was recovered. To a solution of **23** (8 mg, 0.013 mmol) in a mixture of MeOH (2.0 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was added 5% HCl aqueous solution (0.5 mL) at rt. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h, and then diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq.) solution and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily residue. The residue was purified using preparative TLC developed by 3% methanol in dichloromethane to afford the desired product **25** (7.0 mg, 98%) as a colorless amorphous gel. **Compound 23:** HPLC purity 95.0% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 22.34 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 7.44 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.19 (s, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 5.58 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.82 (s, 1H), 4.57 (m, 1H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.97 (m, 3H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.17 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 205.1, 151.8, 150.6, 147.2, 127.3, 125.8 (2C), 125.3 (2C), 120.4, 118.8, 100.8, 95.0, 72.3, 70.1, 68.5, 66.1, 62.0, 55.8, 54.3, 45.3, 40.7, 40.3, 34.7, 33.9, 32.5, 31.2 (3C), 30.4, 30.1, 29.7, 27.1, 25.4, 18.1. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>46</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 604.3381; found 604.3378. **Compound 25:** [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> +10 (*c* 0.1, MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> = 1:1); HPLC purity 99.9% (*t*<sub>R</sub> = 19.40 min); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 6.18 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.48 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.20 (s, 1H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.89 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 4.44 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.1 Hz), 4.22 (br s, 3H), 4.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 3.81 (m, 2H), 3.04 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 3H), 1.84 (m, 4H), 1.35 (s, 9H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD = 10:1) δ 208.3, 152.1, 151.8, 148.0, 127.7, 126.3 (2C), 125.9 (2C), 121.0, 120.5, 97.7, 73.6, 73.5, 66.4, 66.3, 62.7, 61.6, 54.1, 43.8, 41.3, 38.3, 35.0, 33.8, 32.9, 31.4 (3C), 30.4, 30.1, 26.0, 16.7. HRMS Calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>42</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 564.3068; found 564.3073.

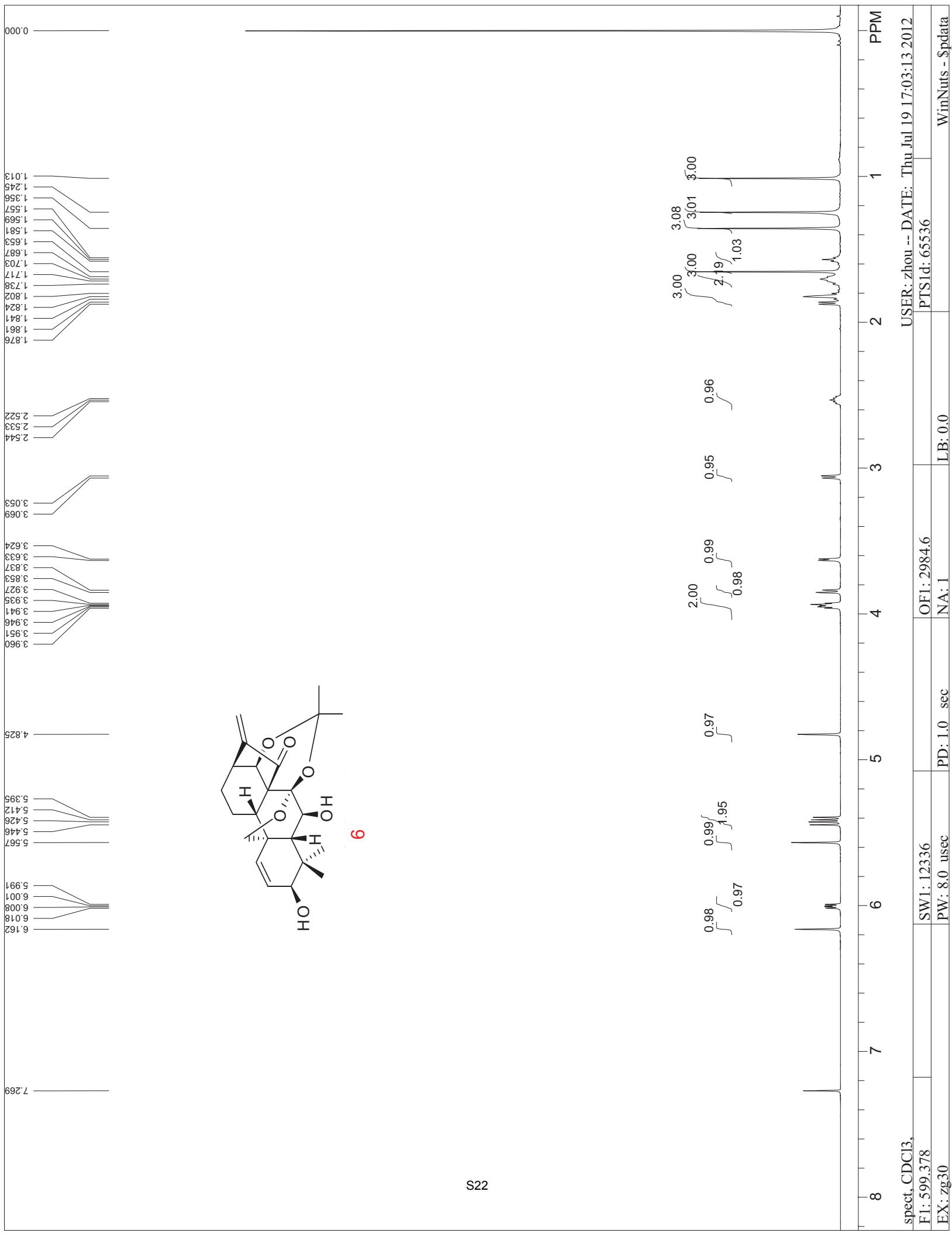


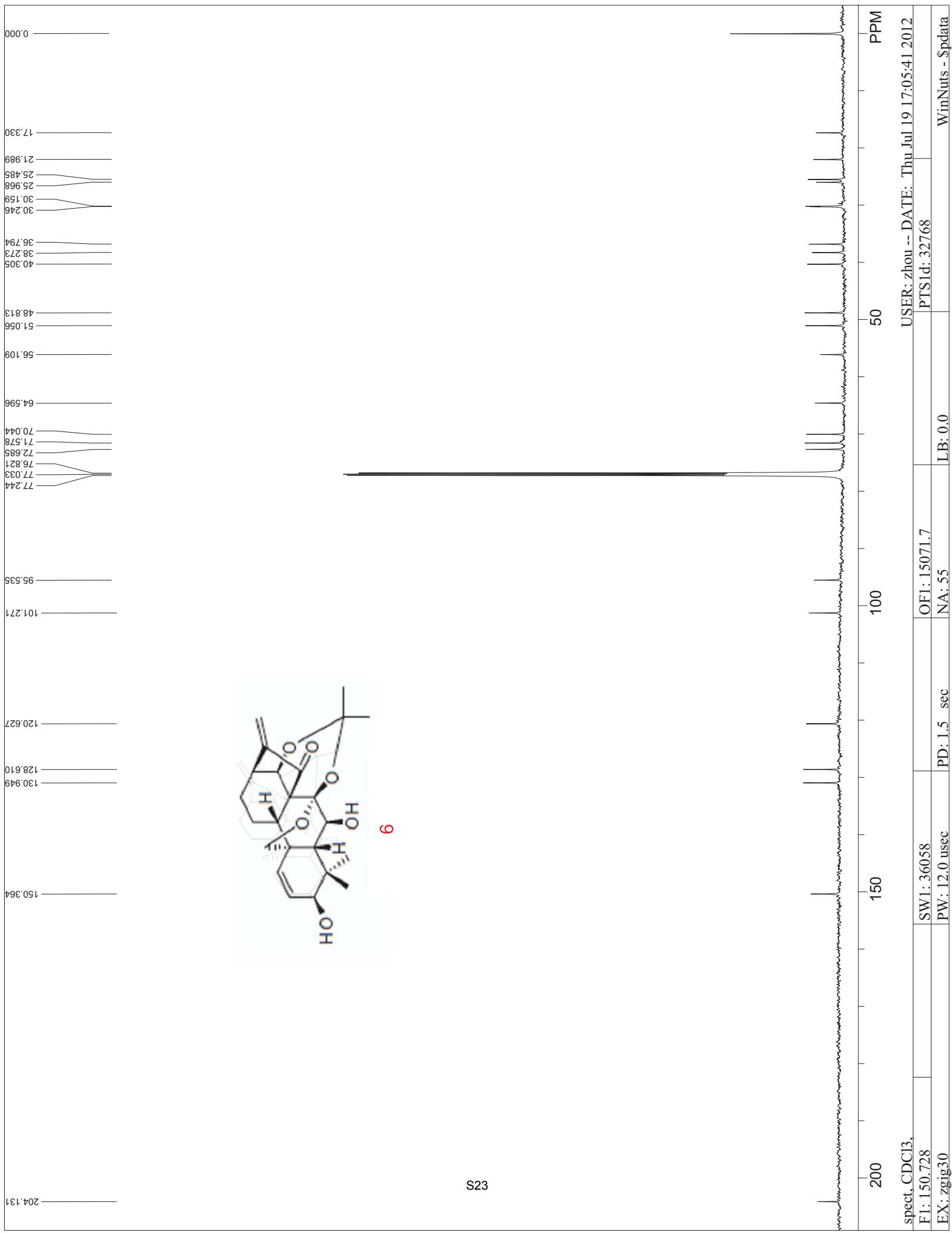
S18

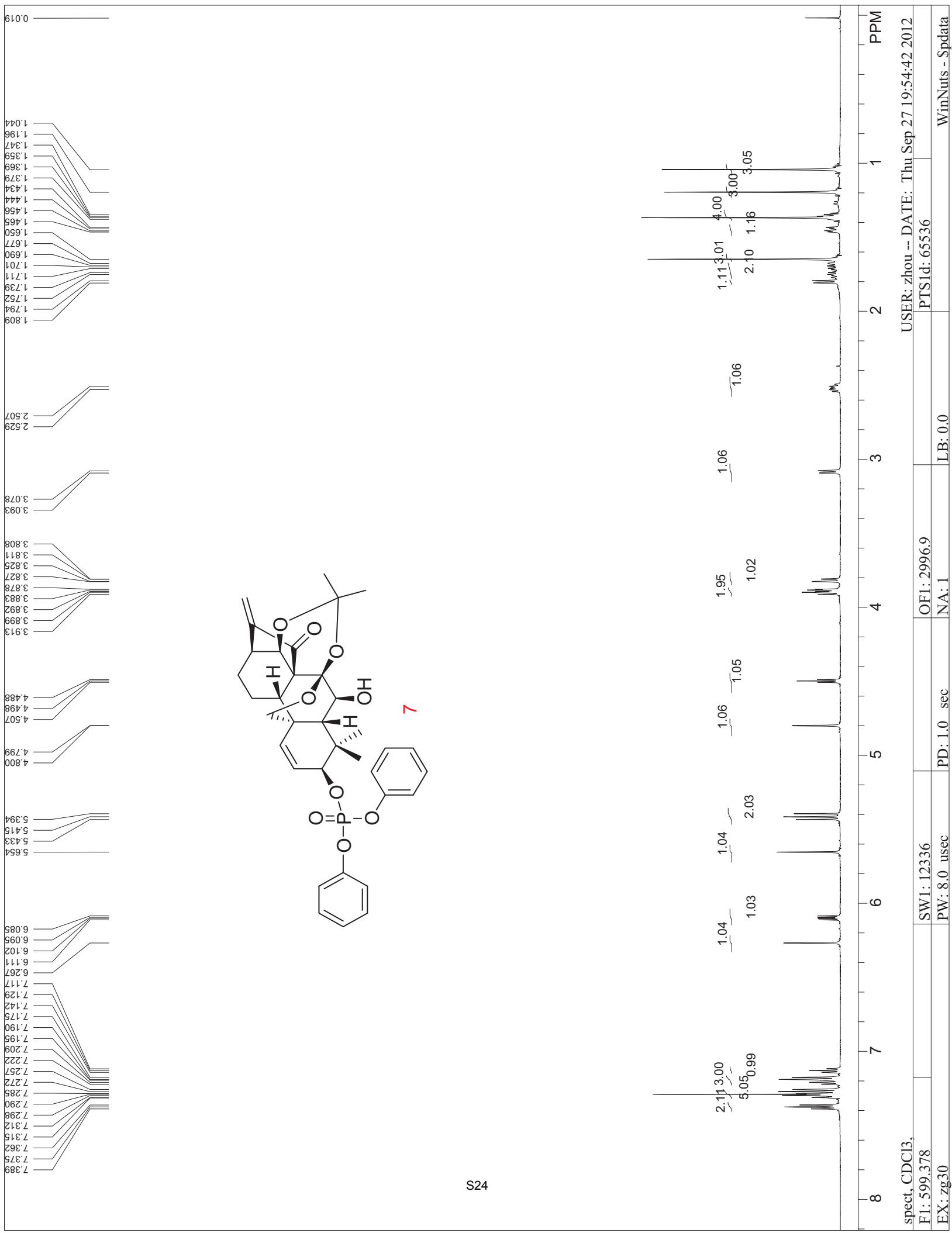




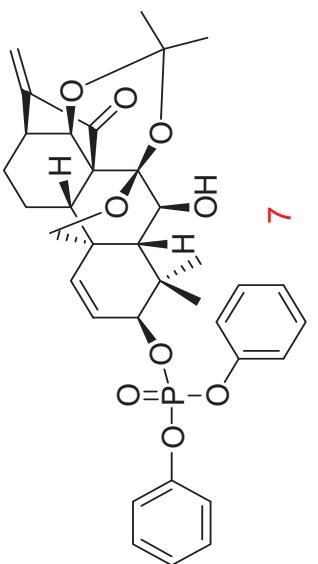
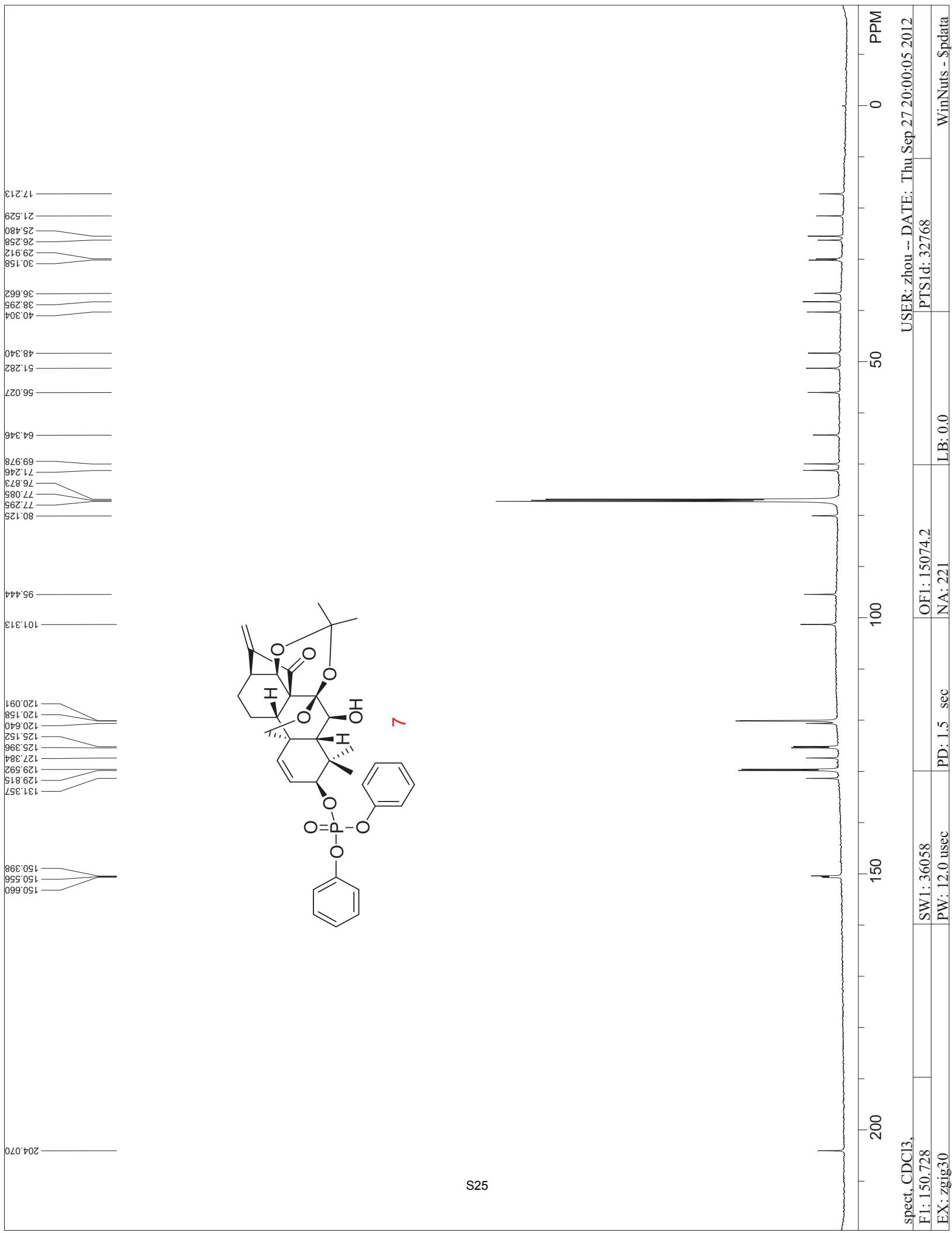


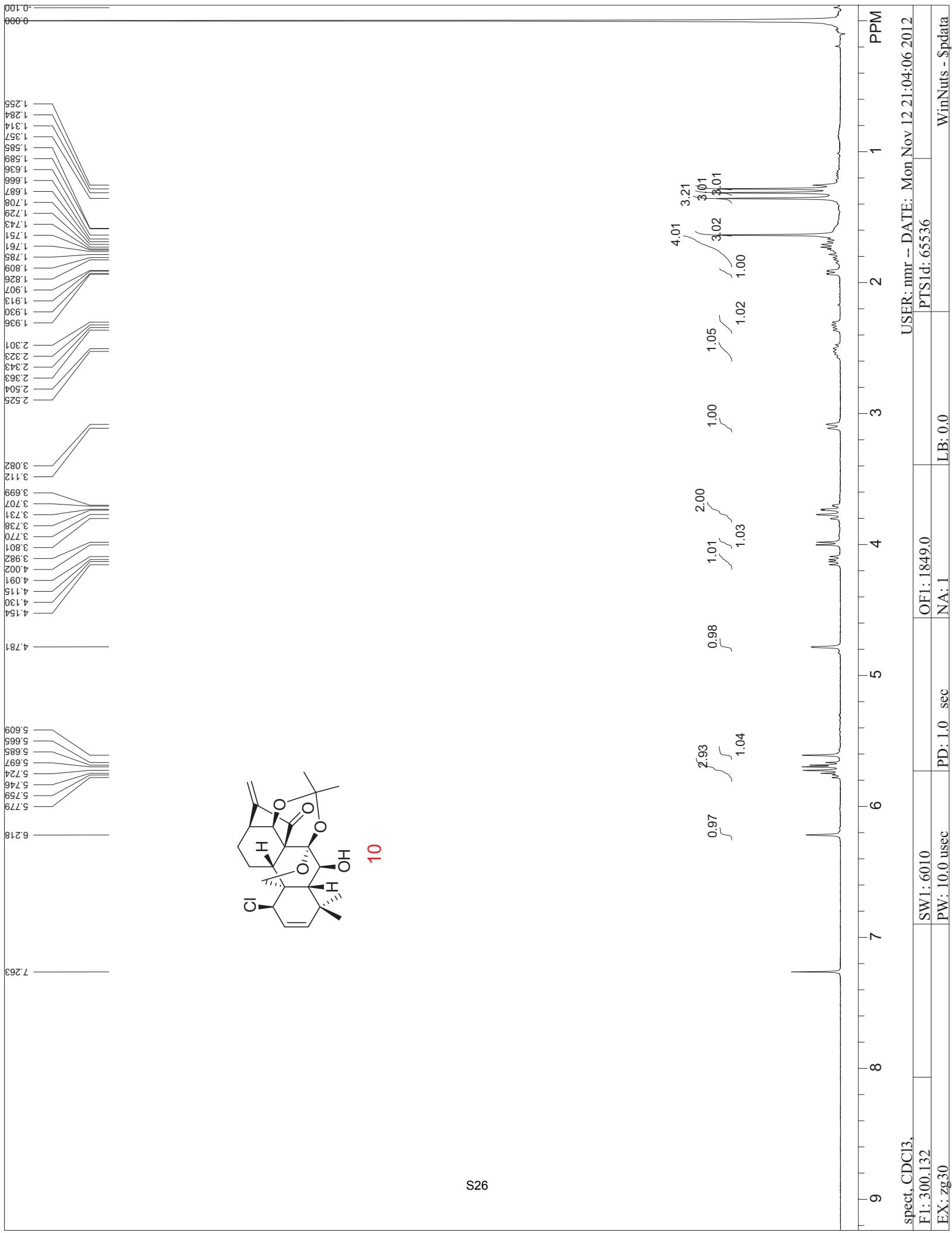


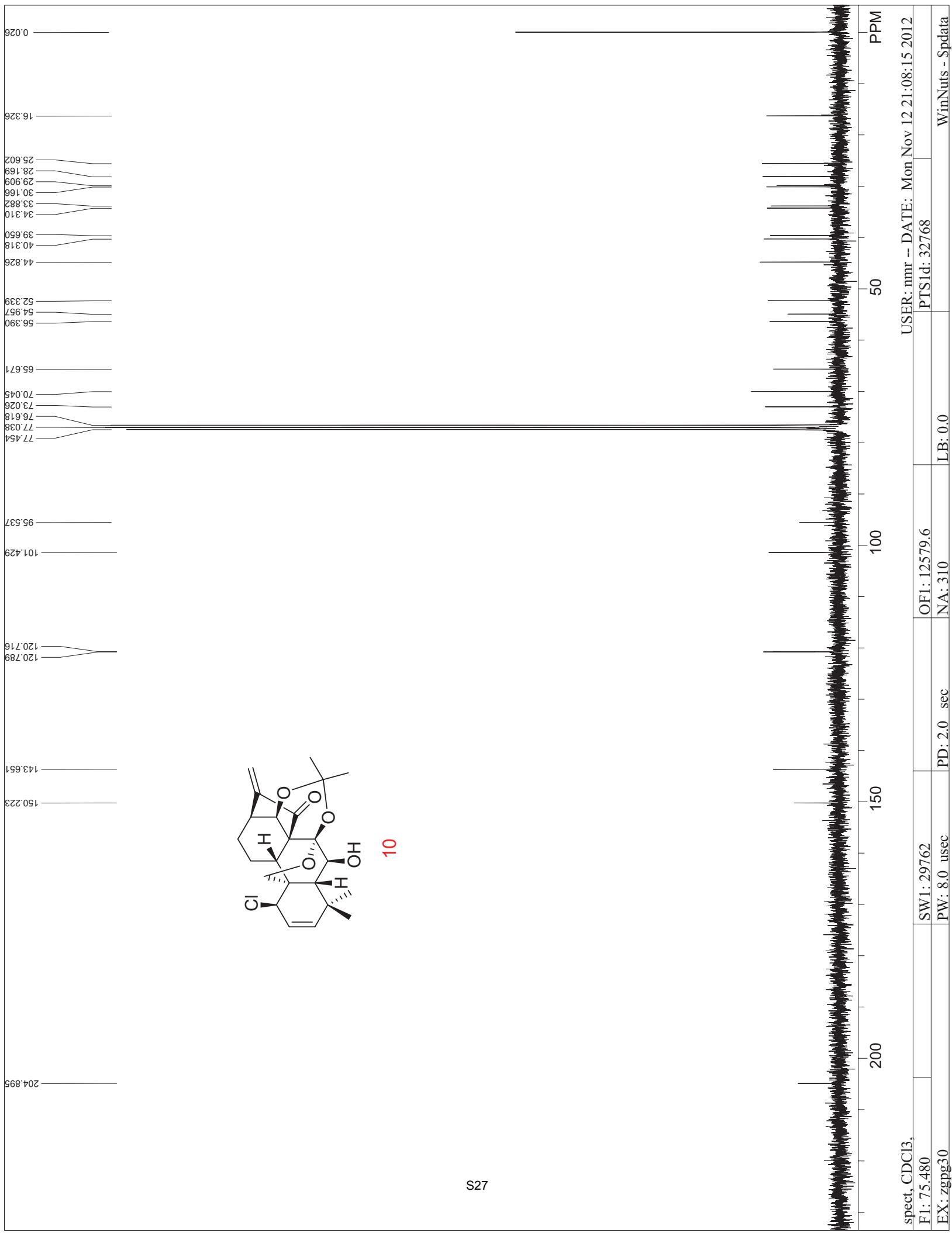


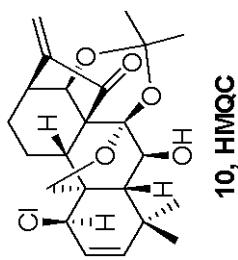
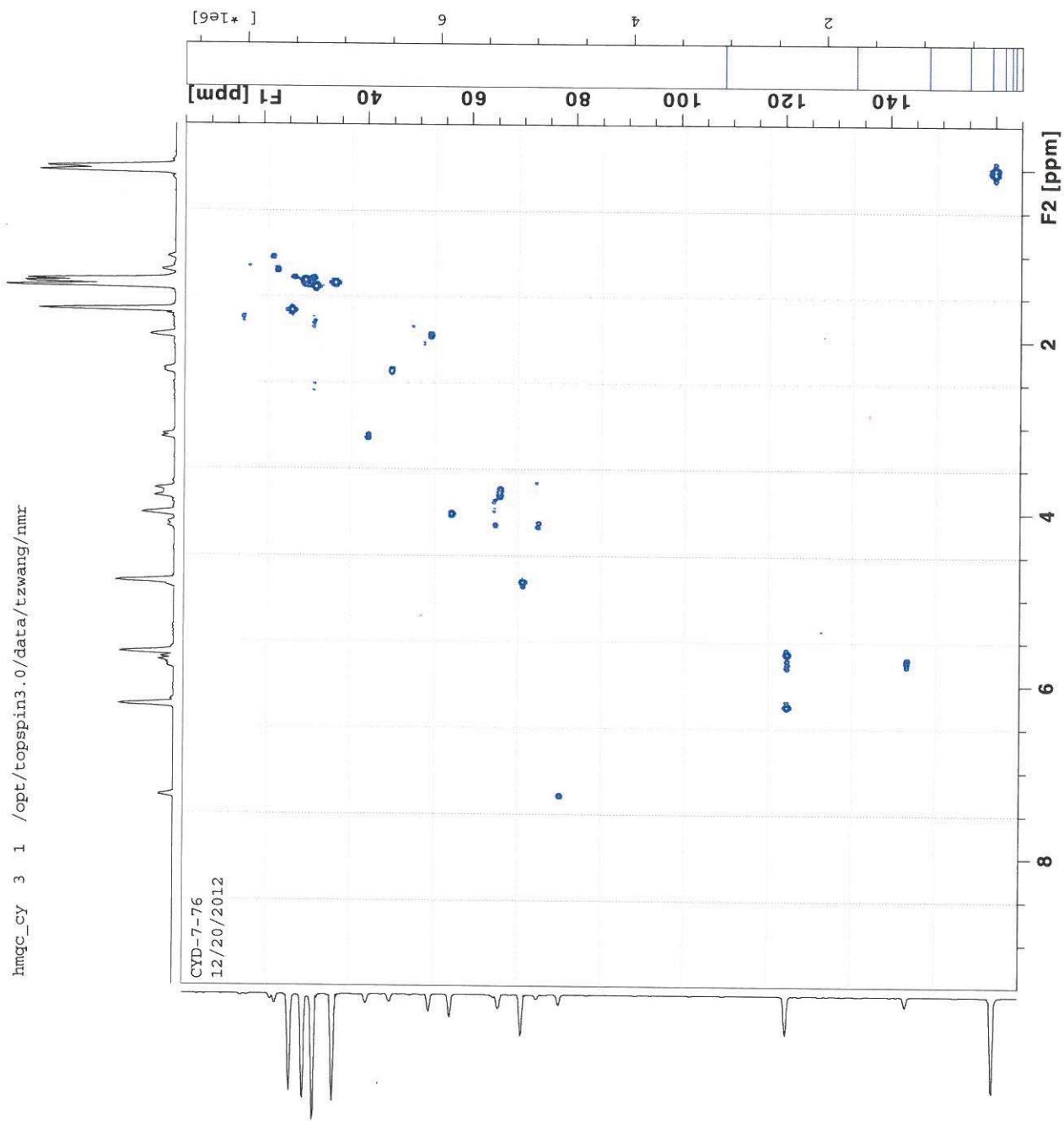


S24

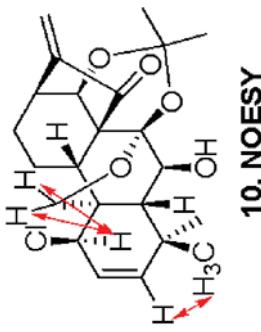
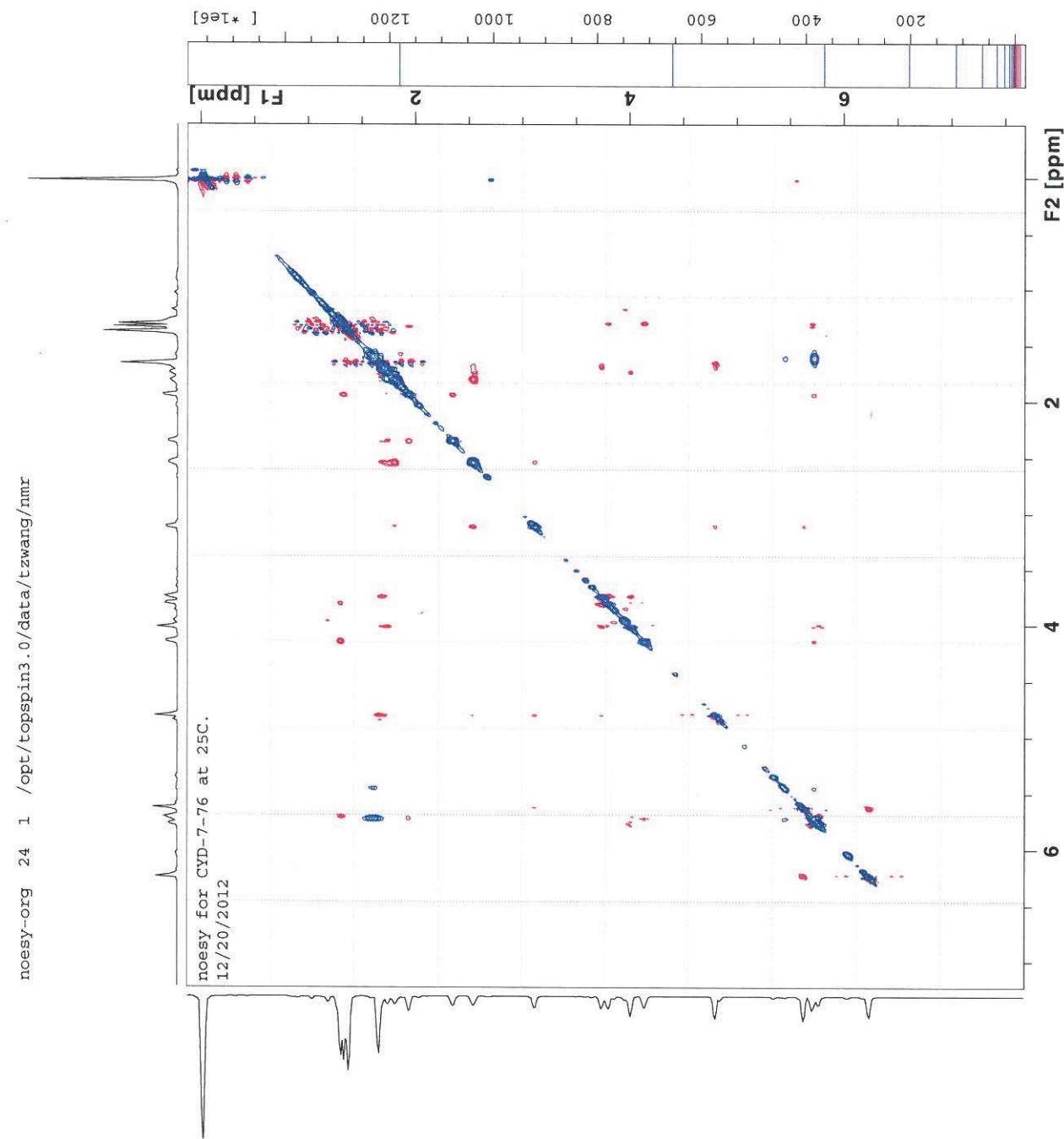




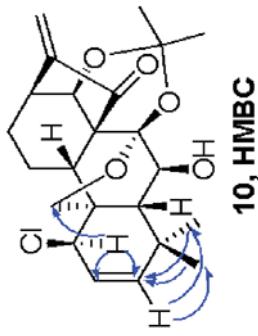
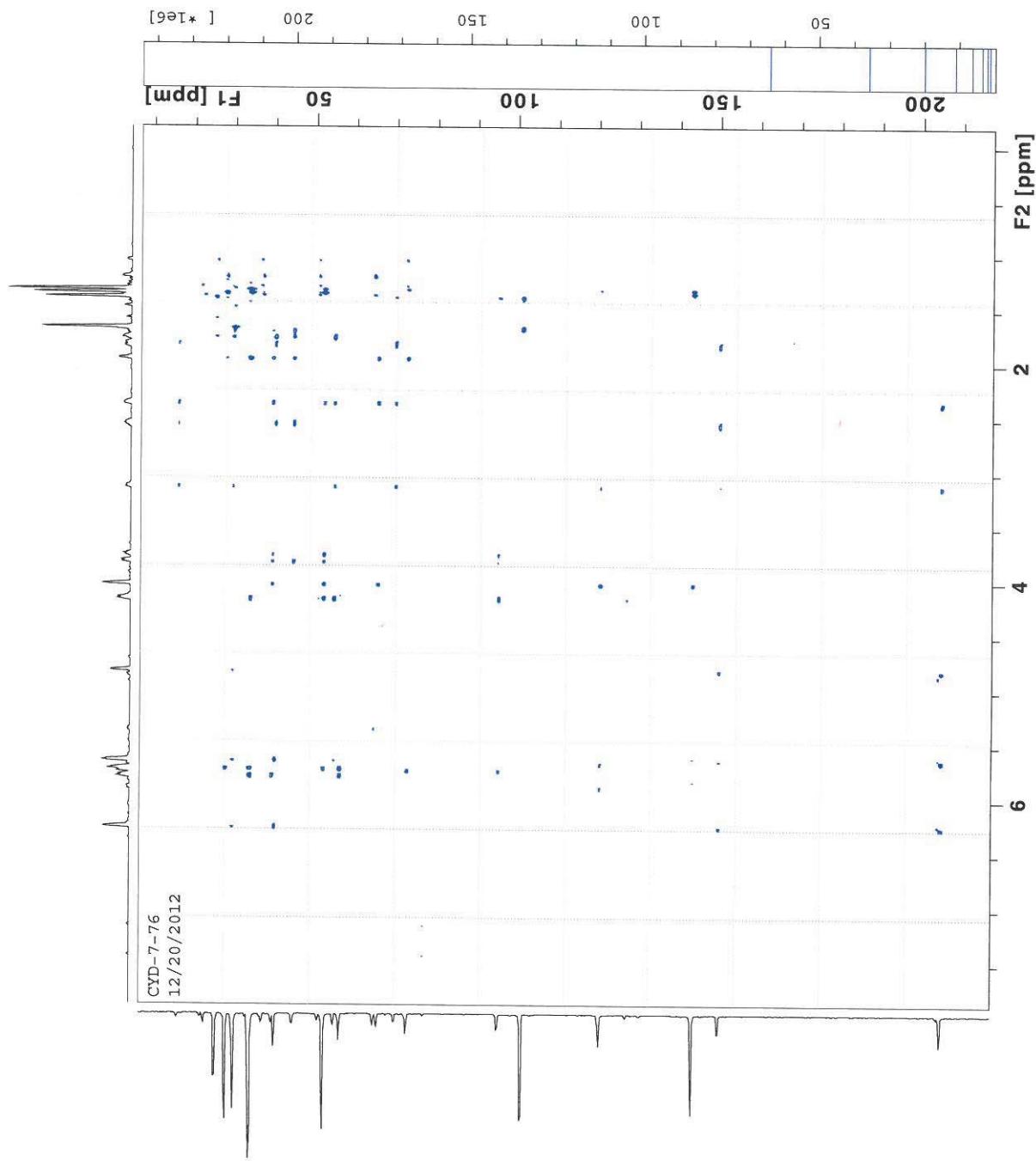


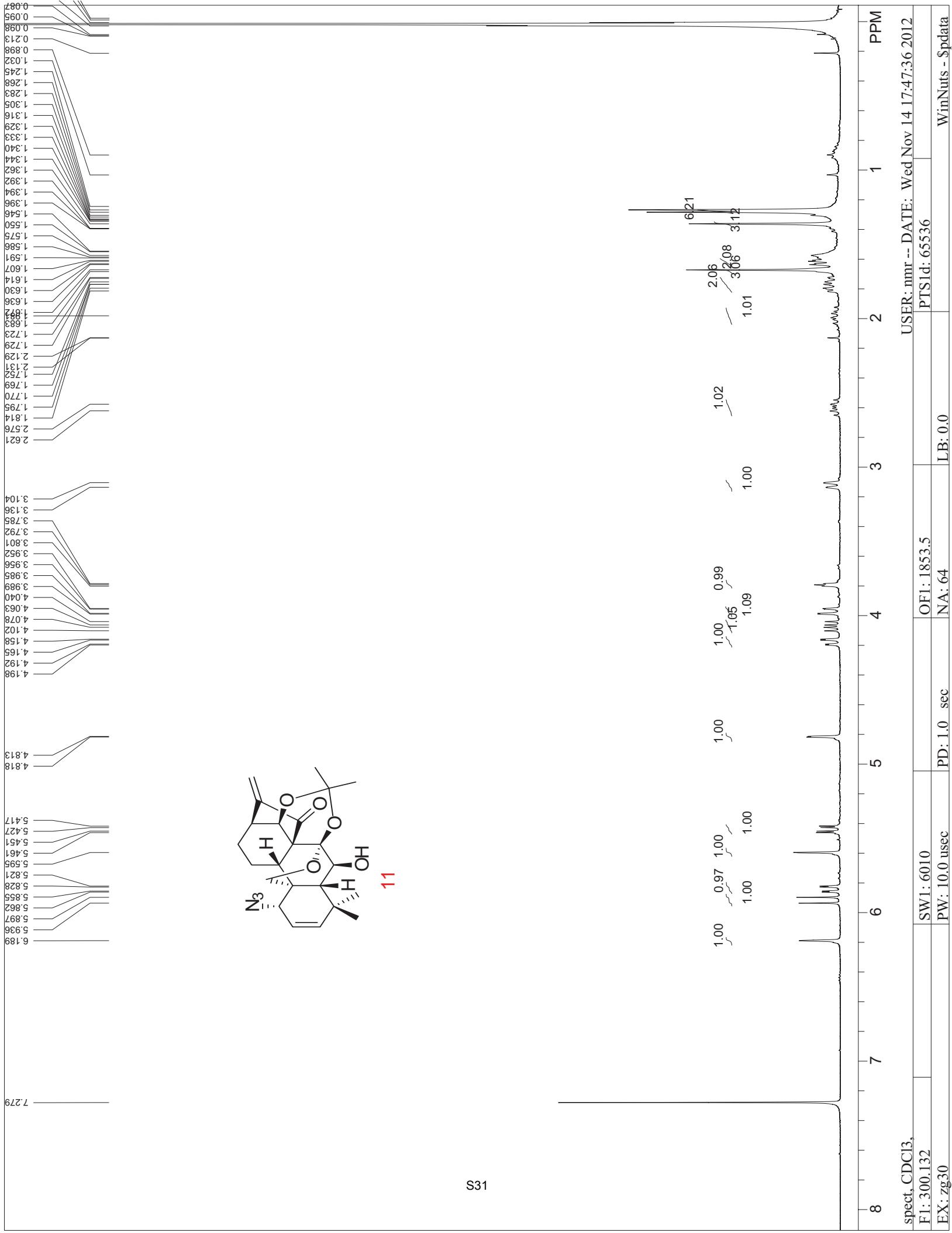


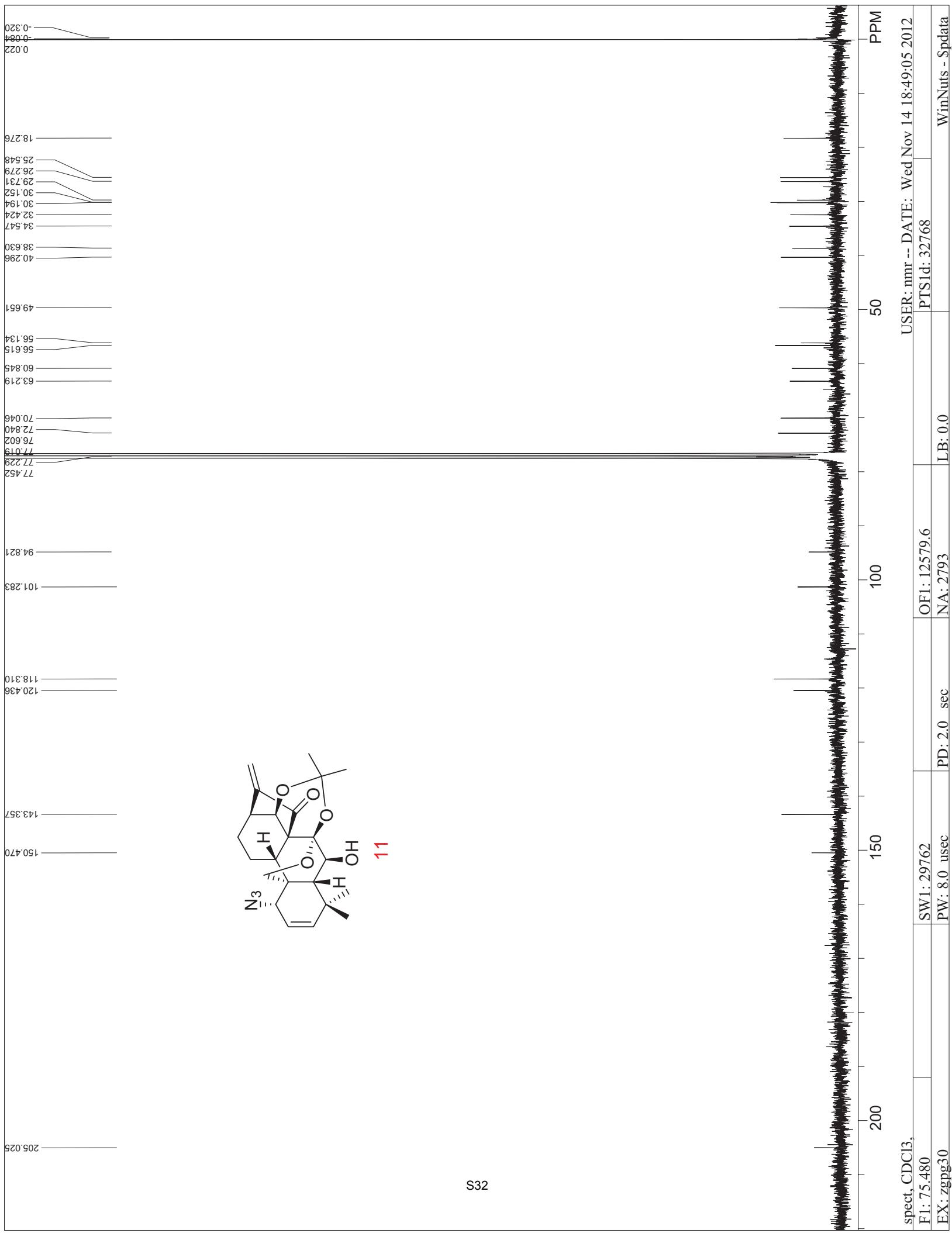
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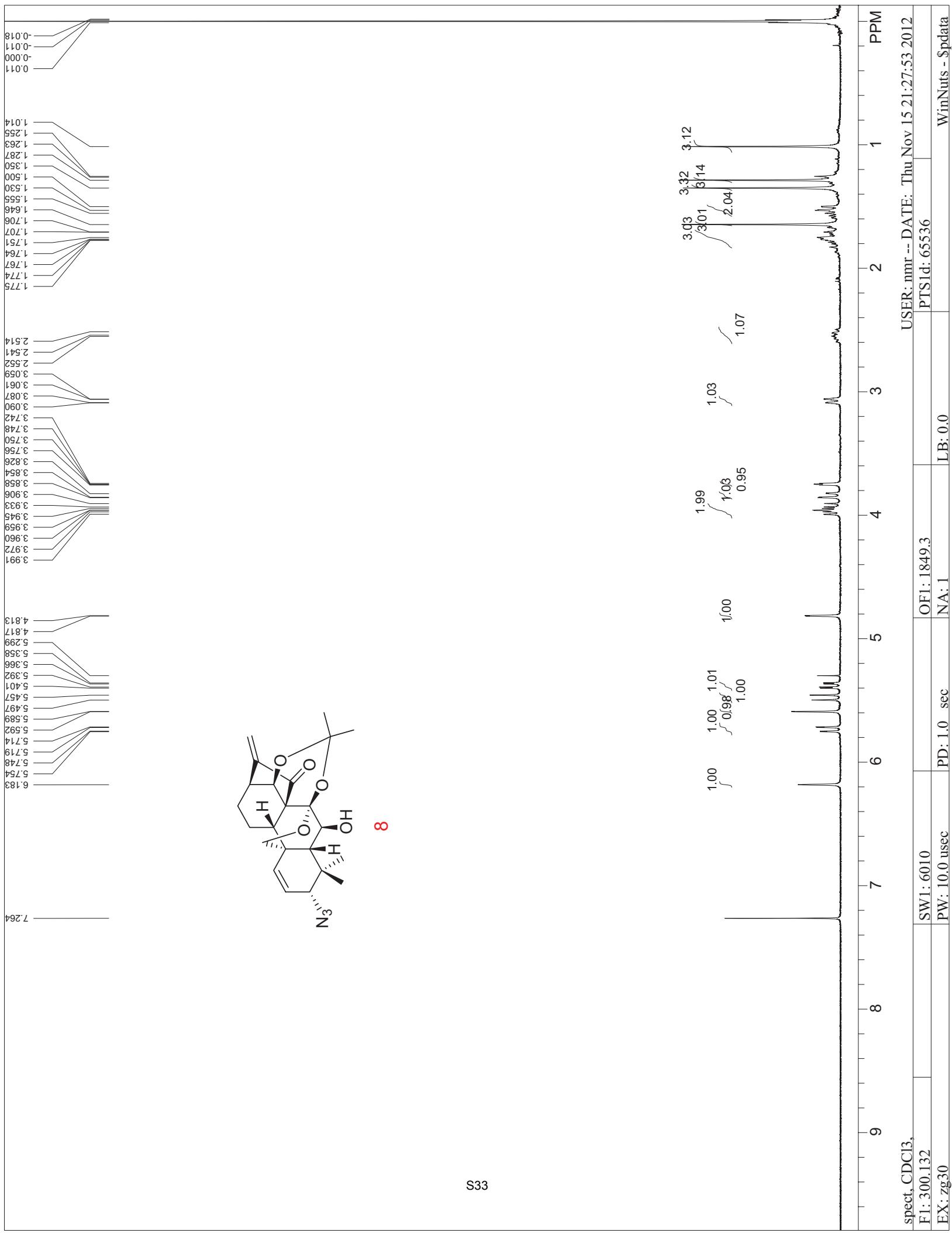


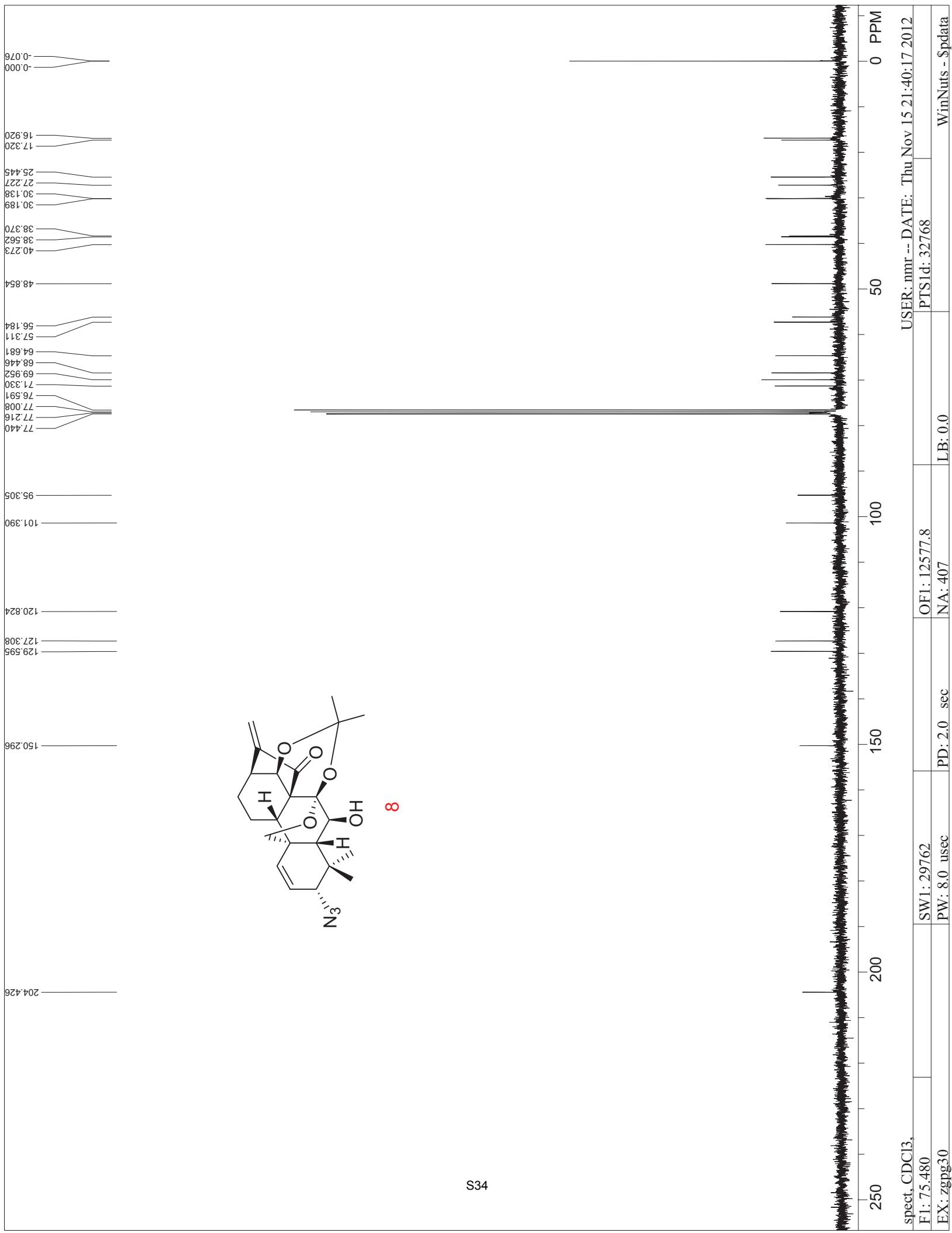
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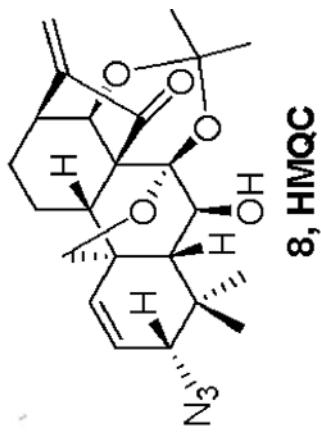
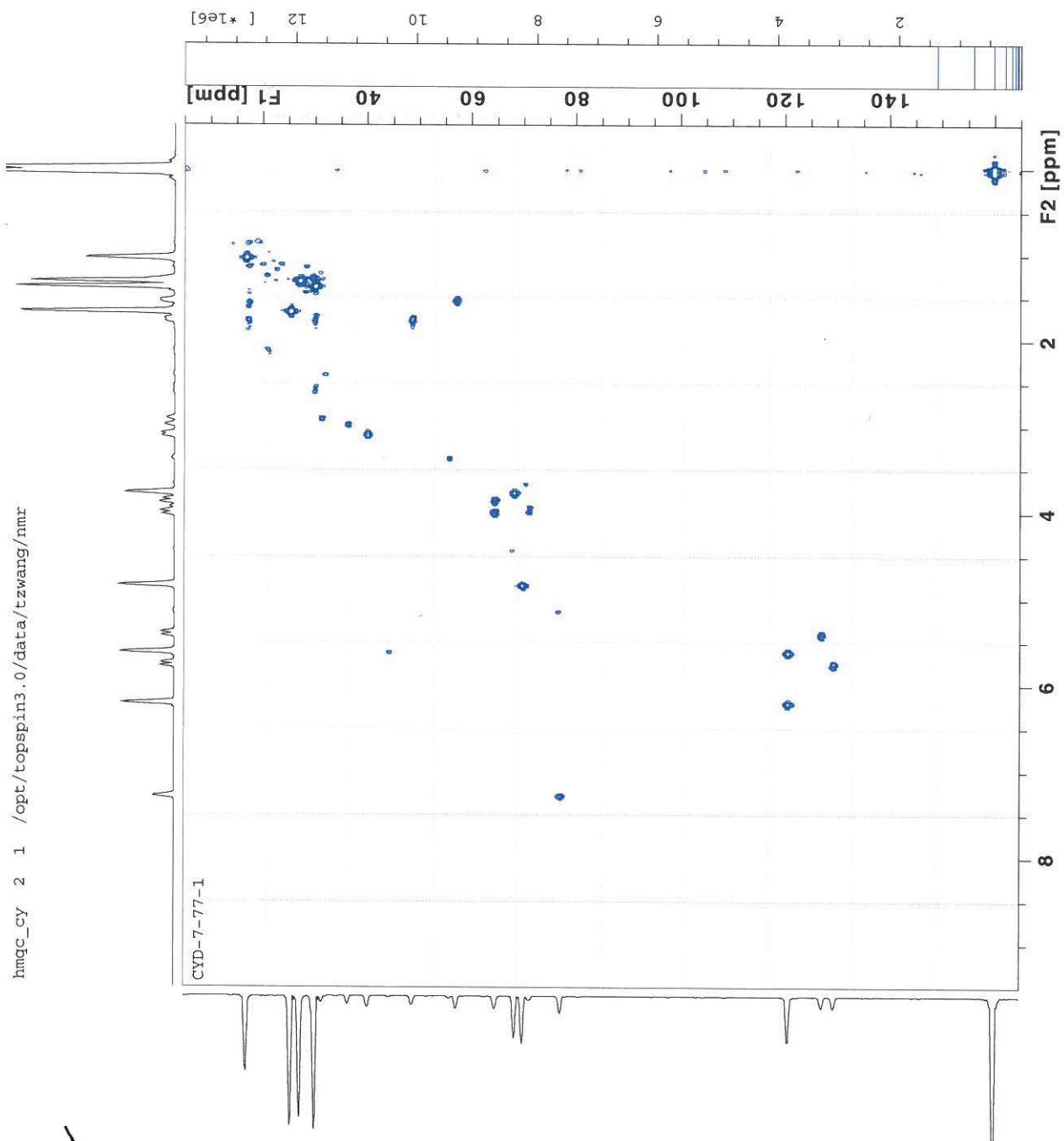


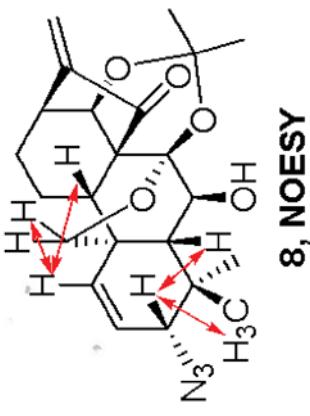
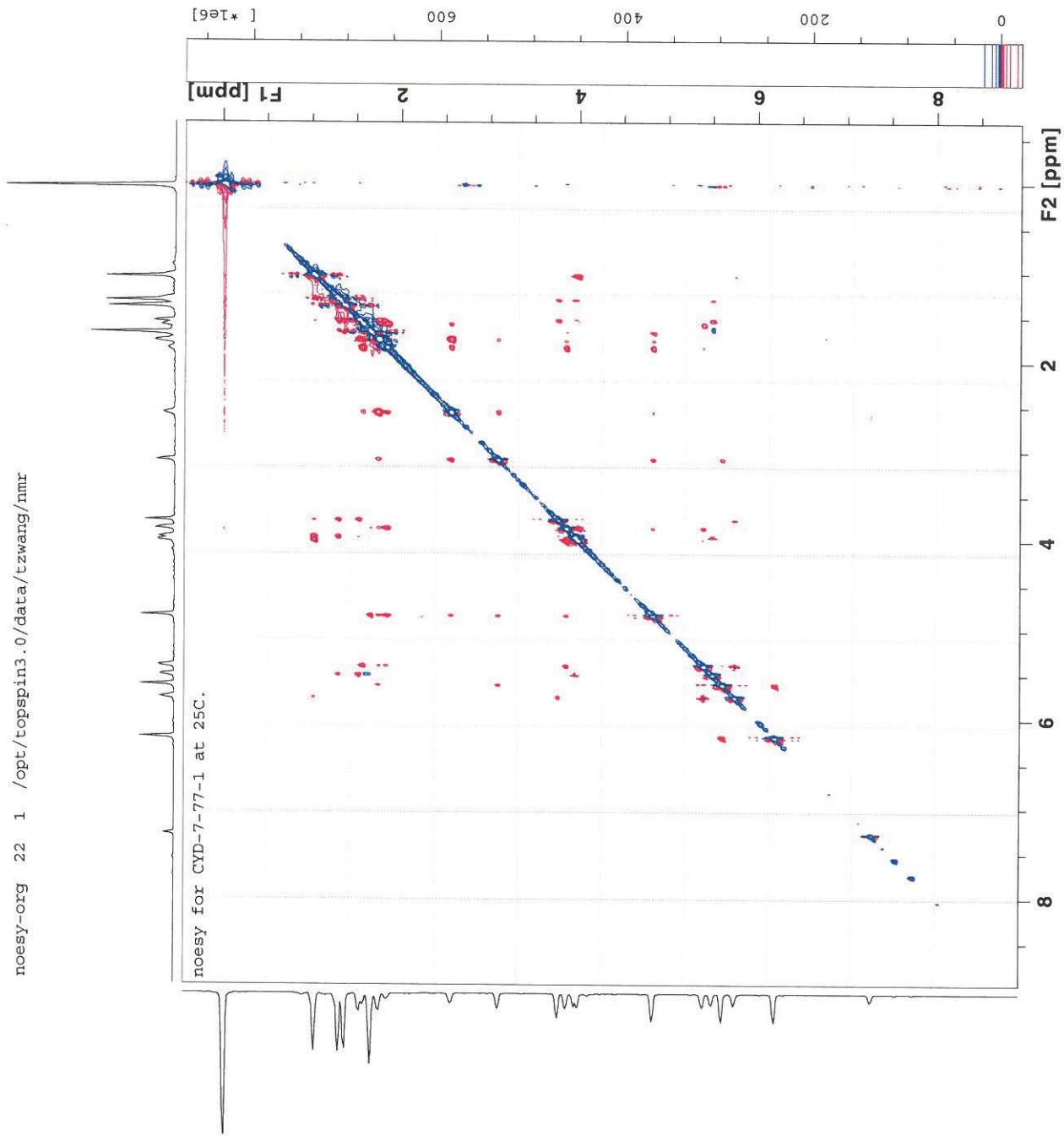


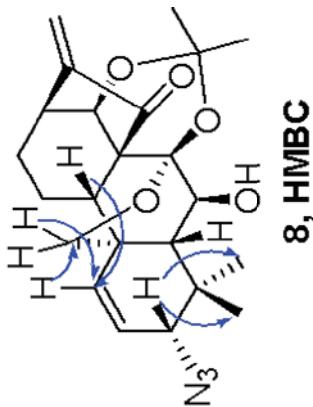
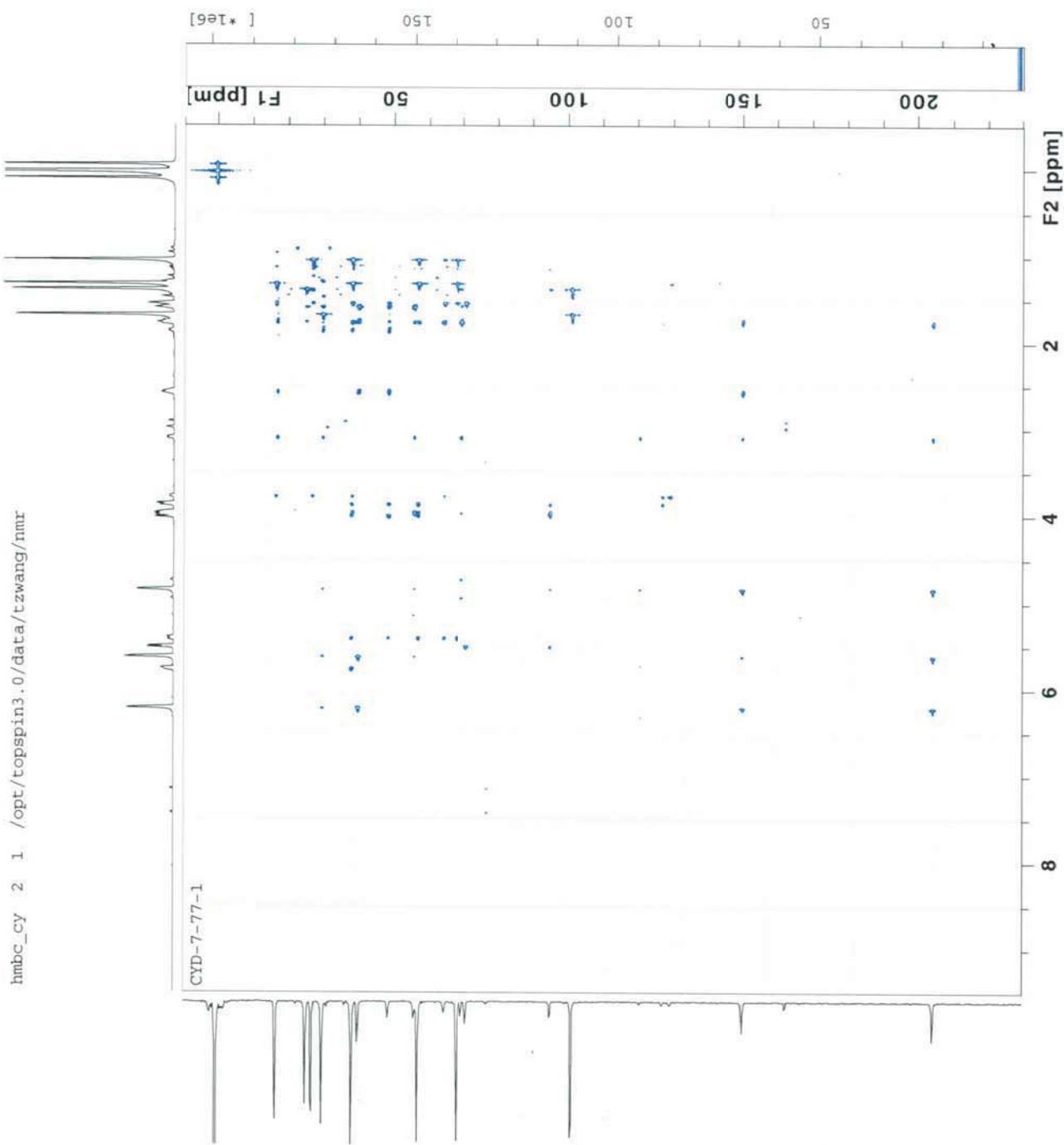


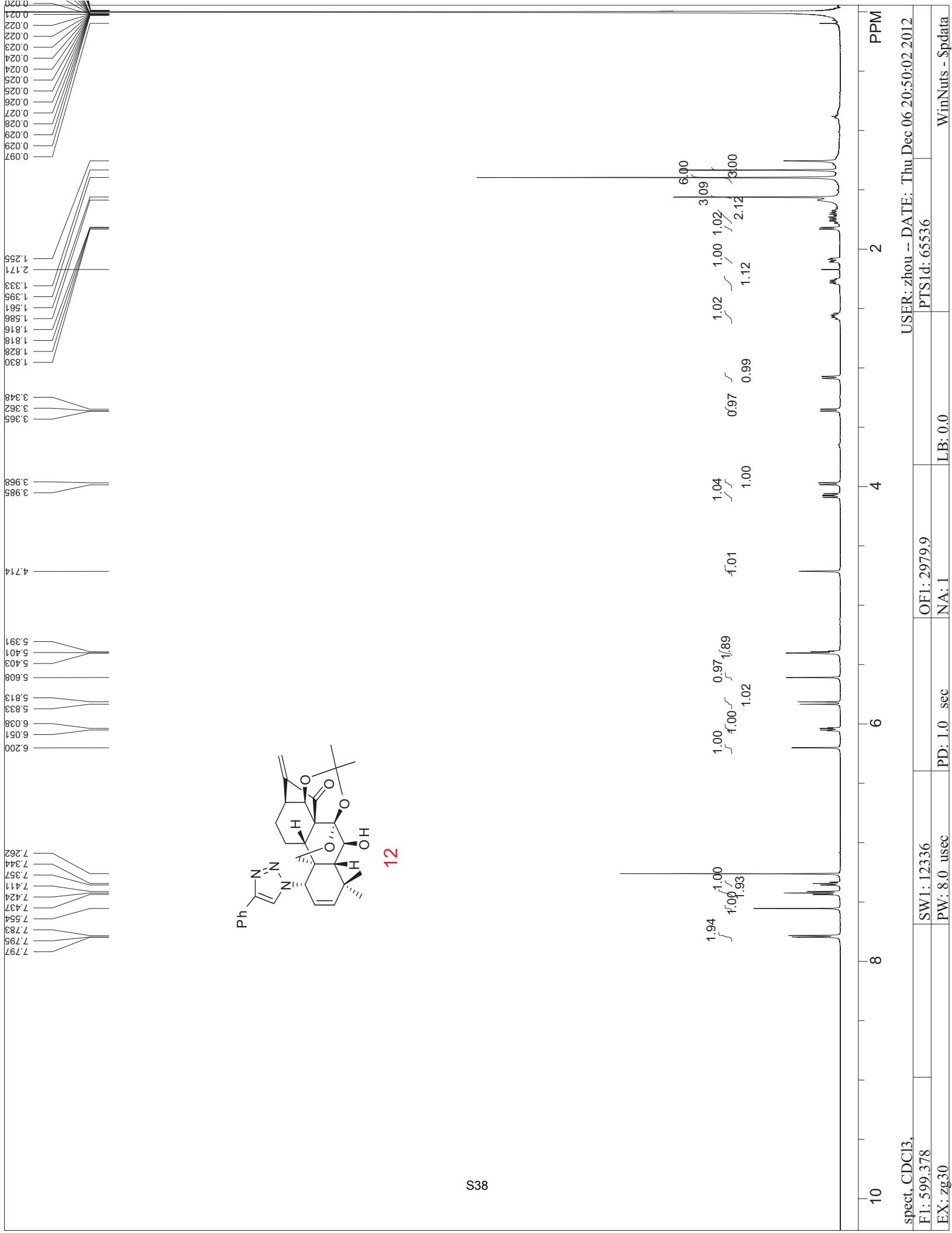


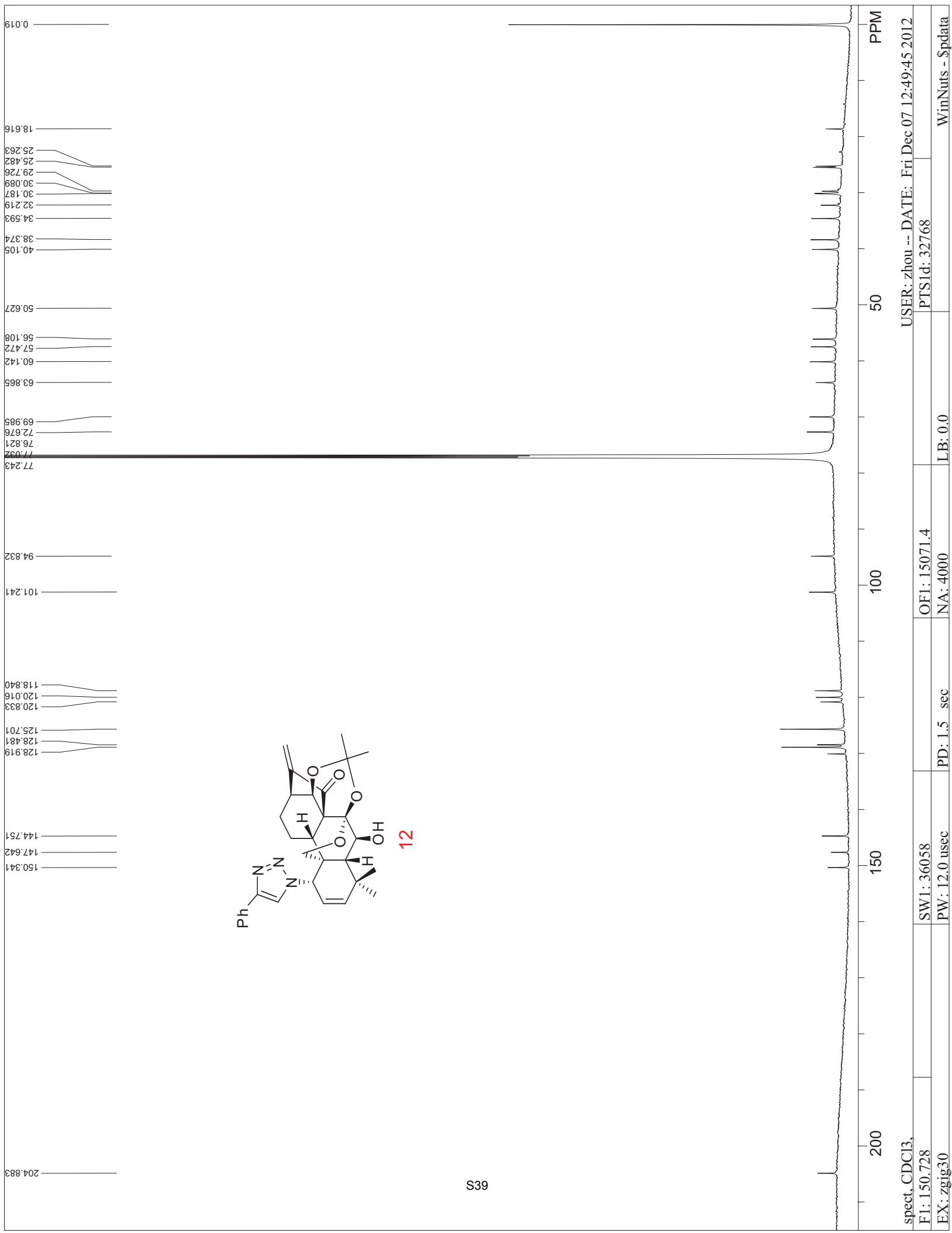


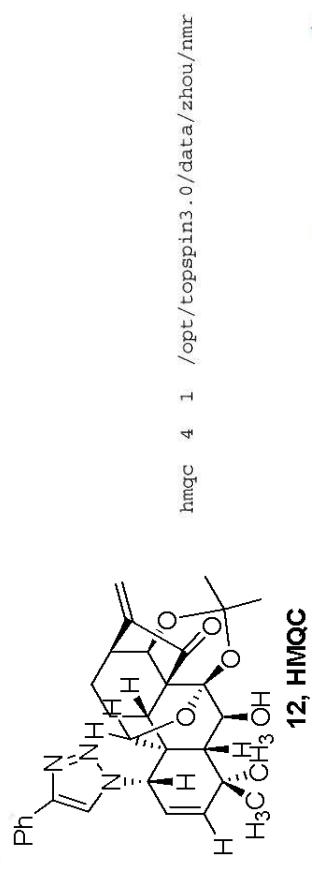




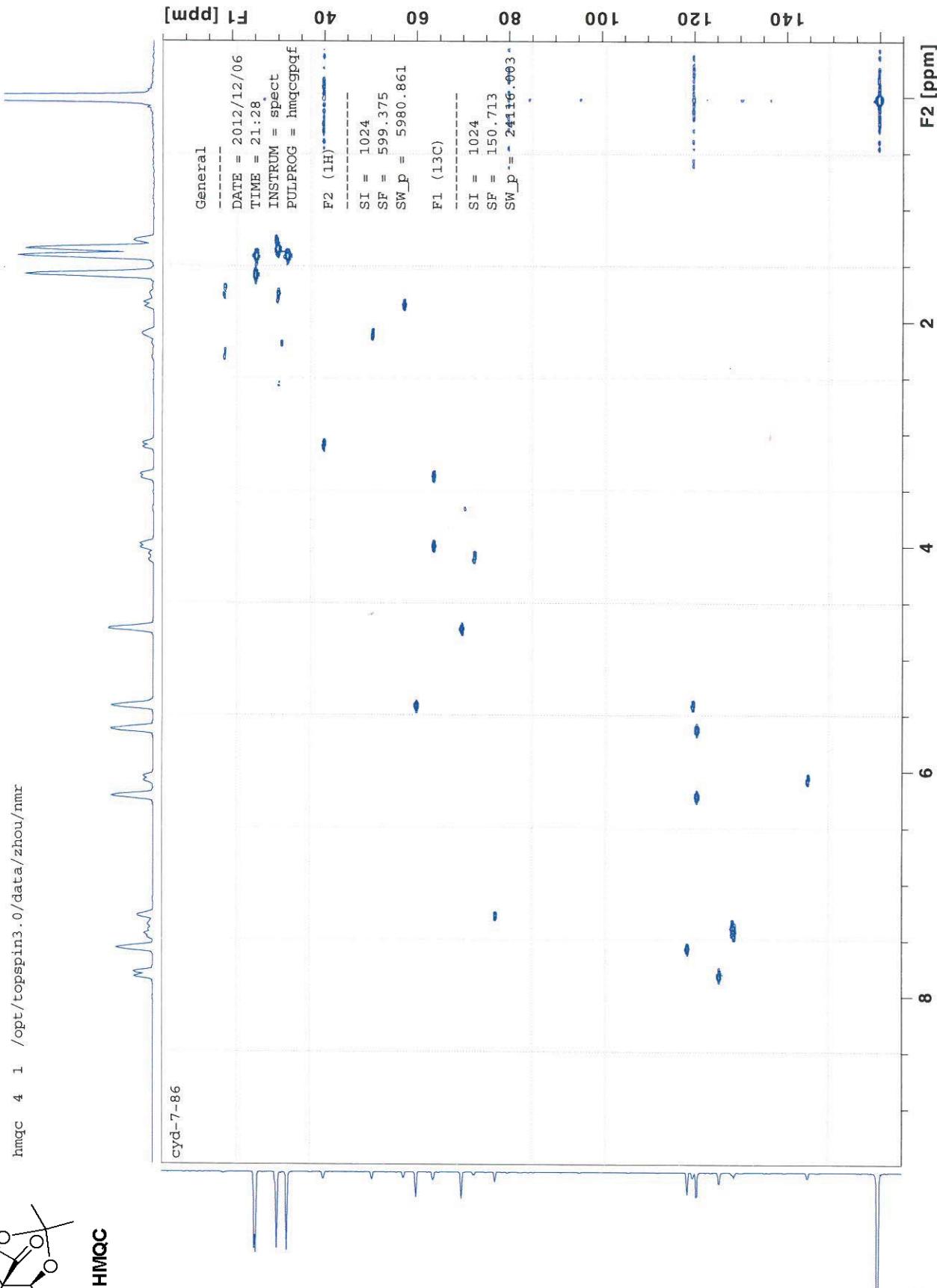


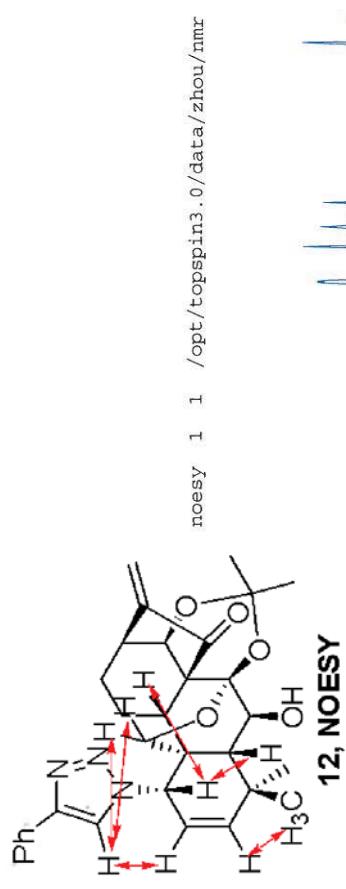




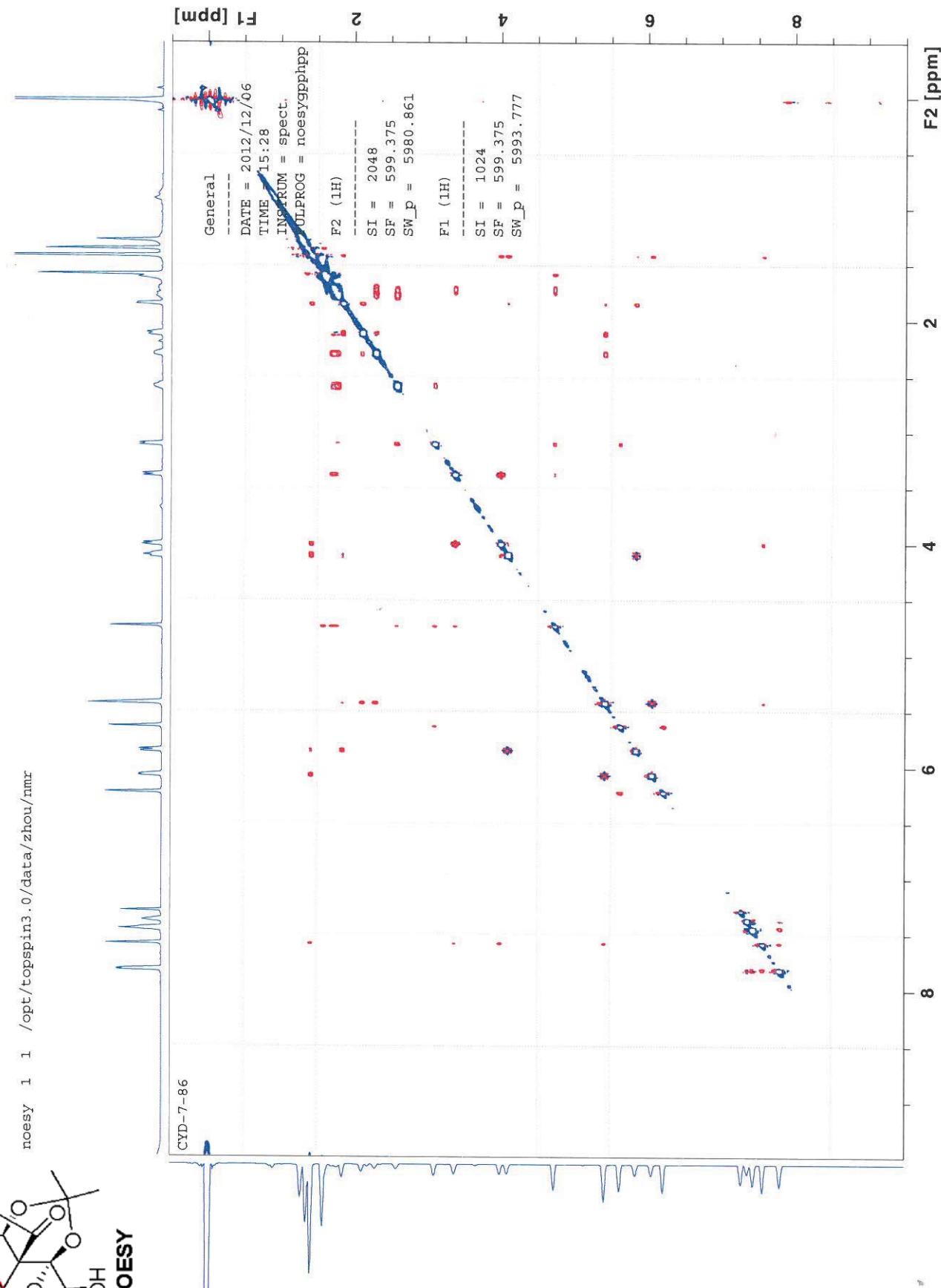


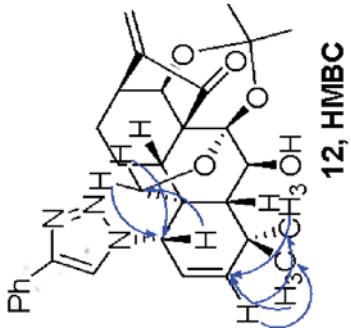
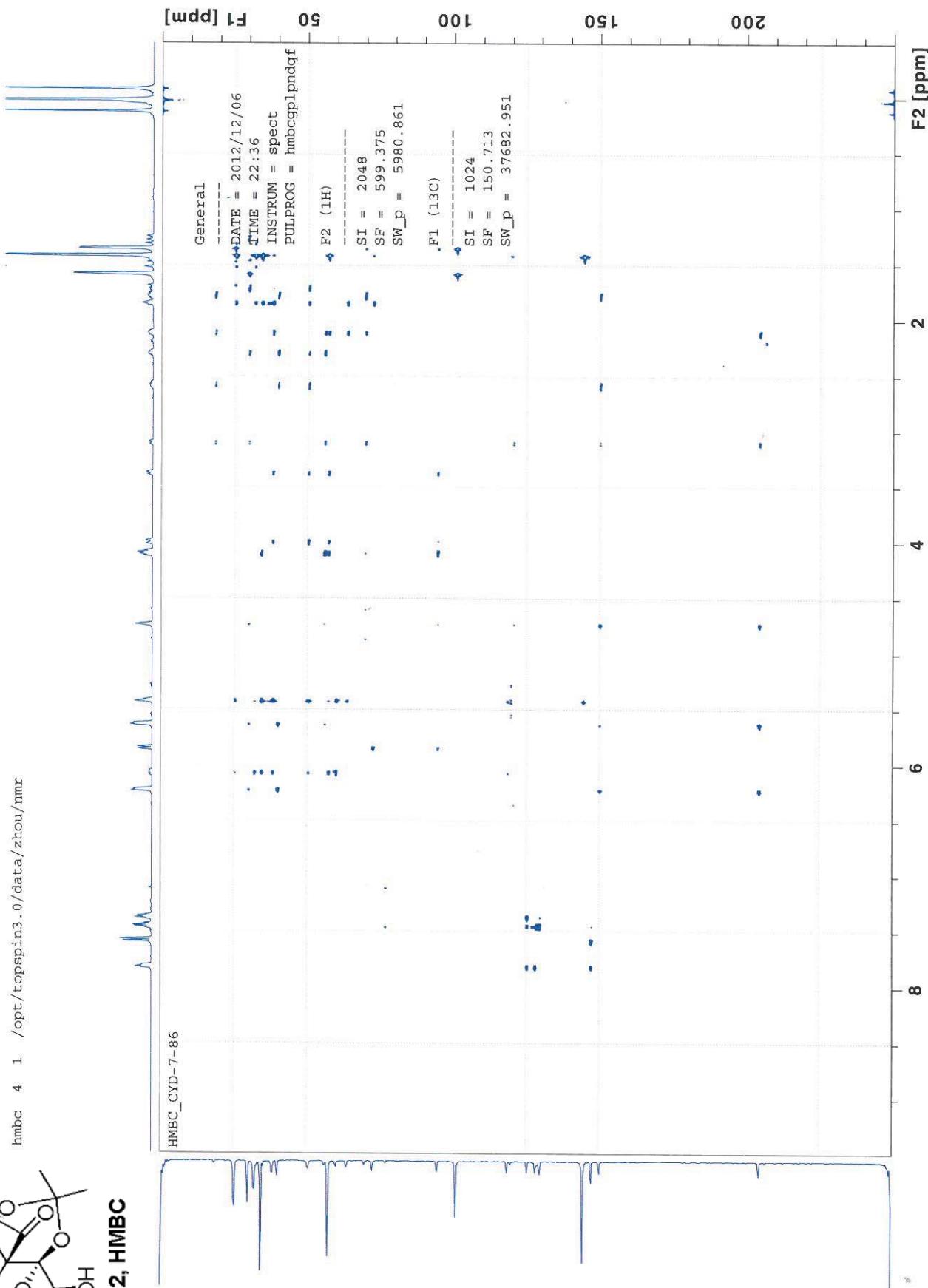
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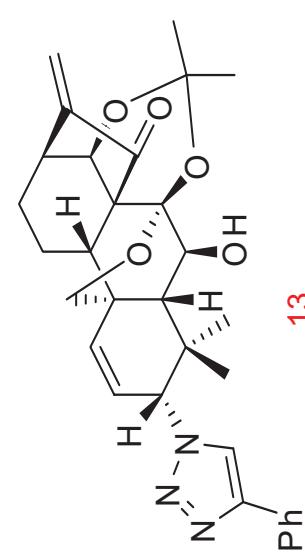
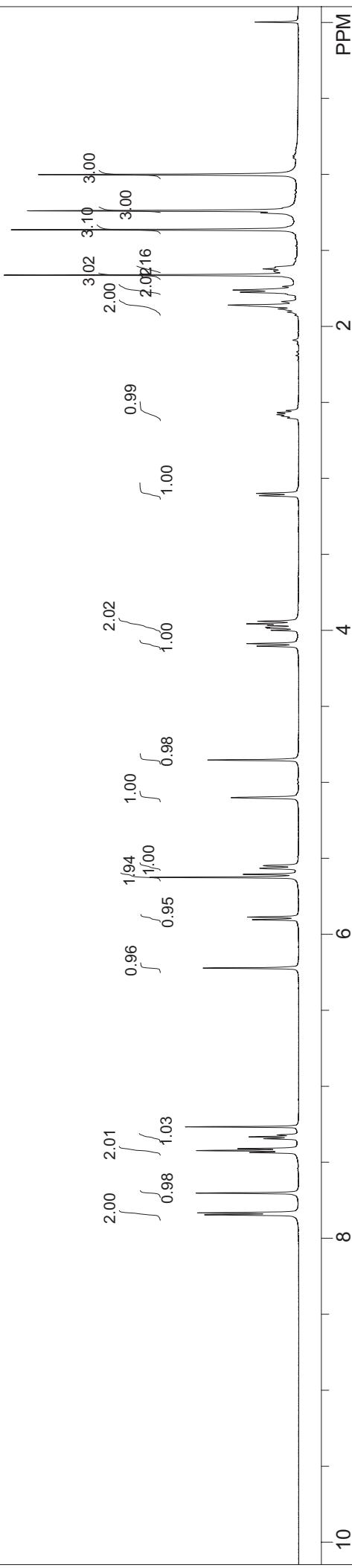


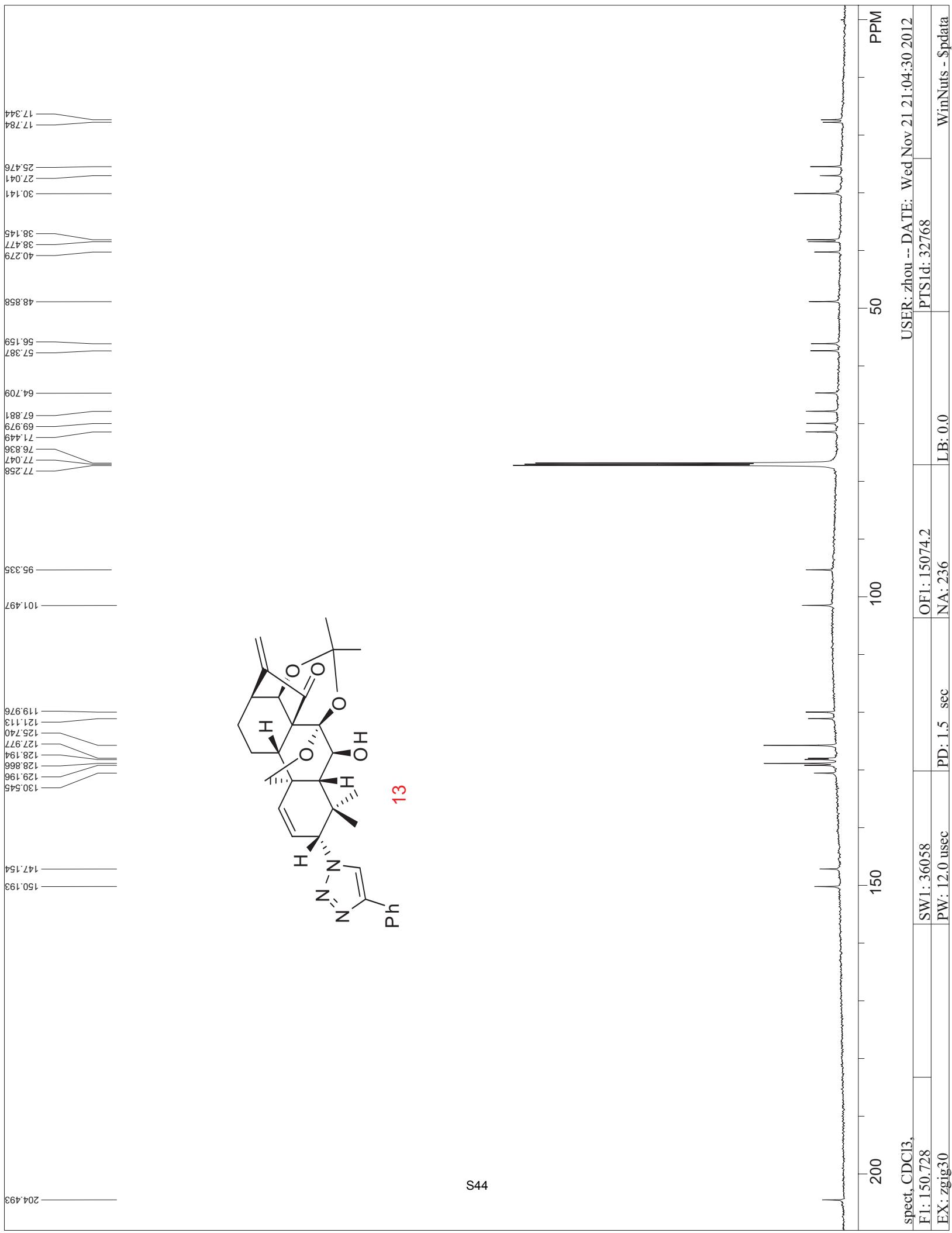
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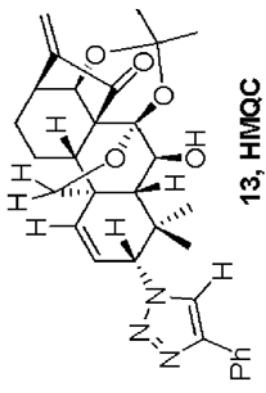




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 EX: zg30  
 SW1: 123.36  
 PW: 8.0 usec  
 PD: 1.0 sec  
 OF1: 2983.9  
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 WinNuts - \$pdata  
 USER: zhou -- DATE: Wed Nov 21 21:00:58 2012

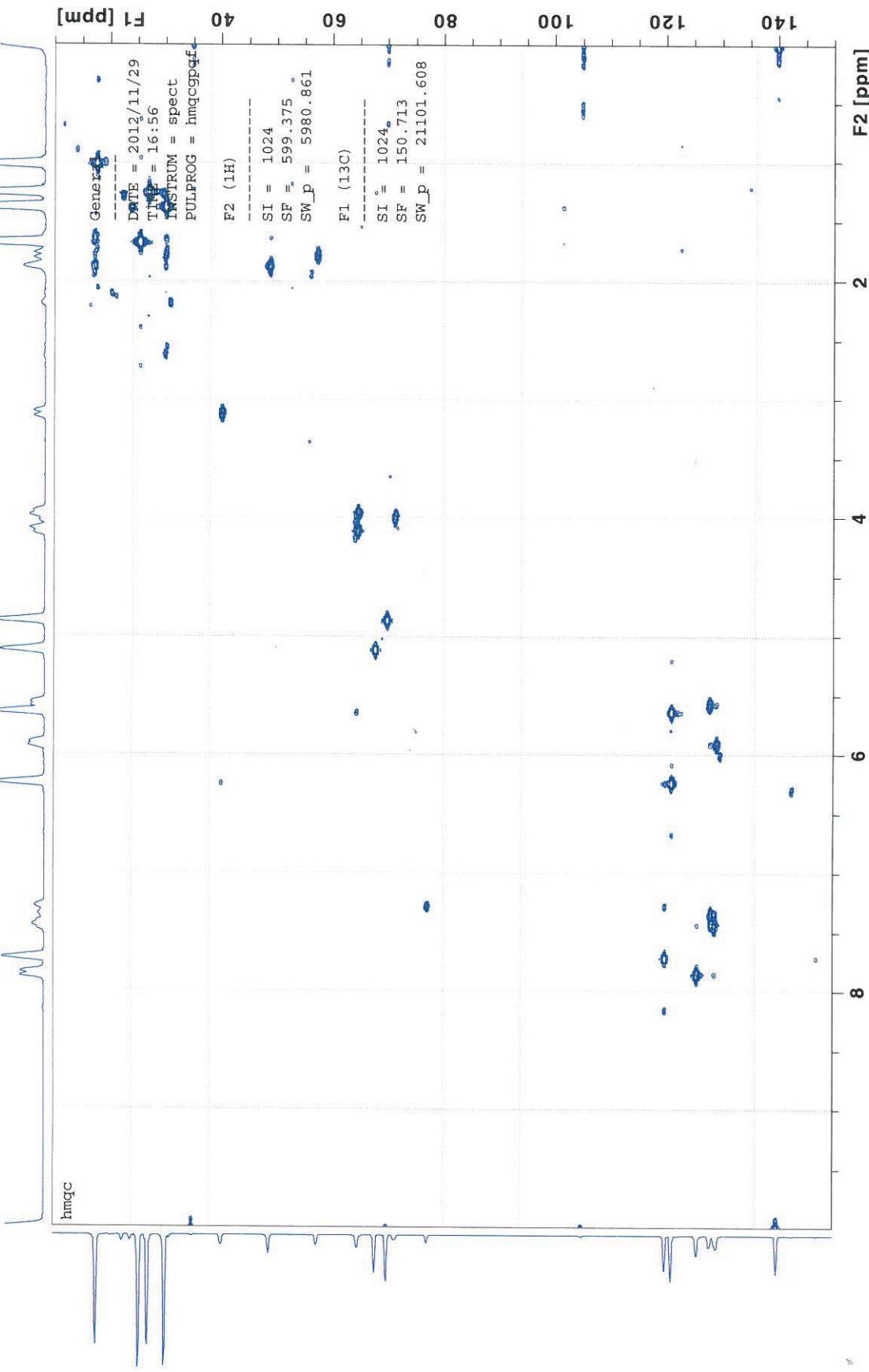




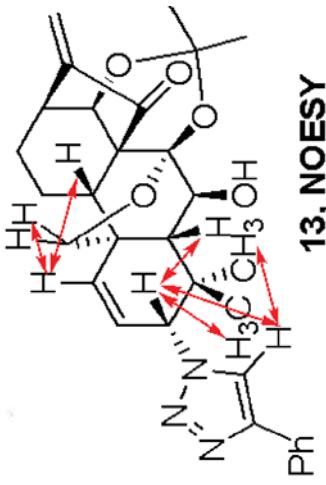


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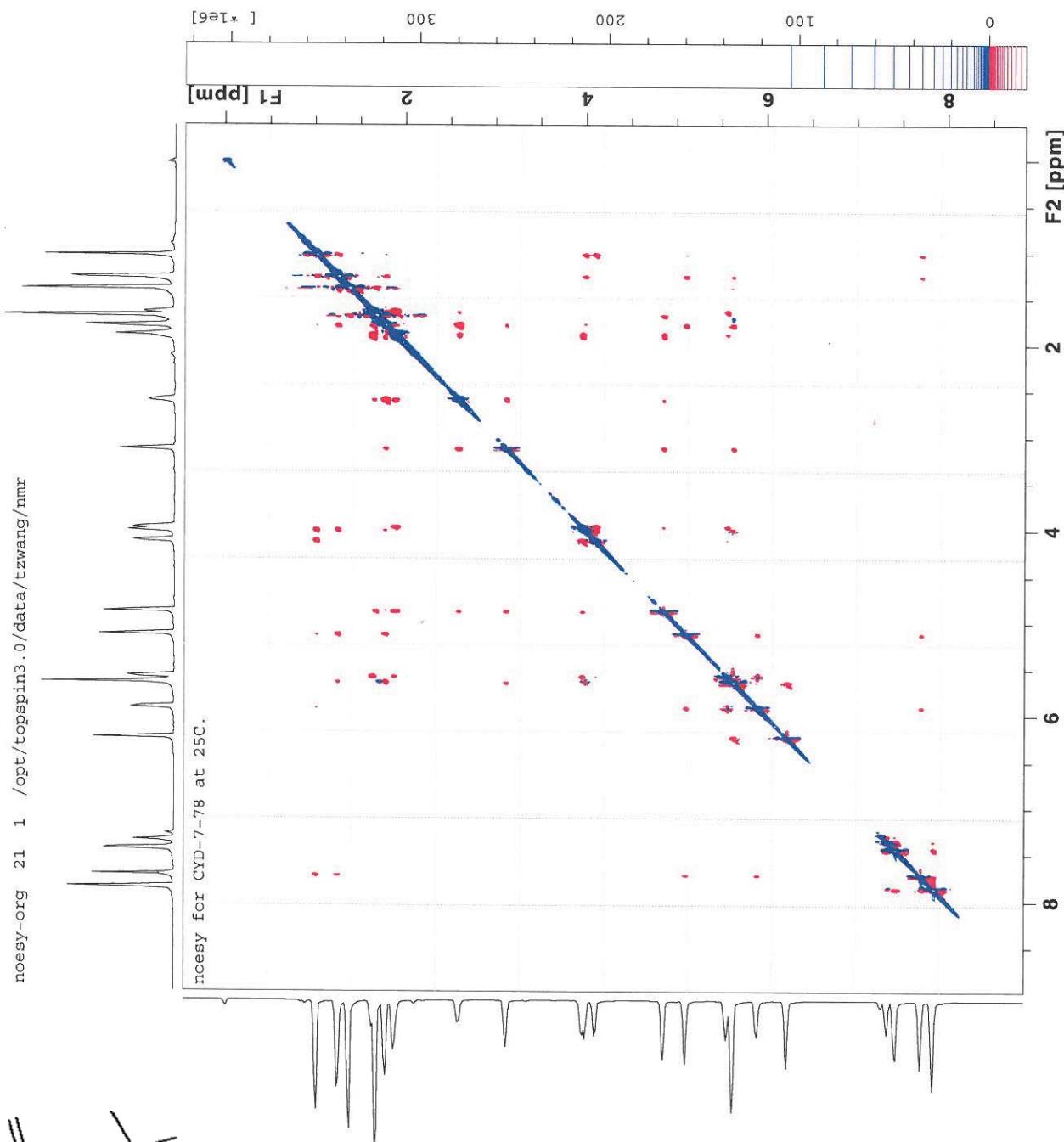
600 MHz

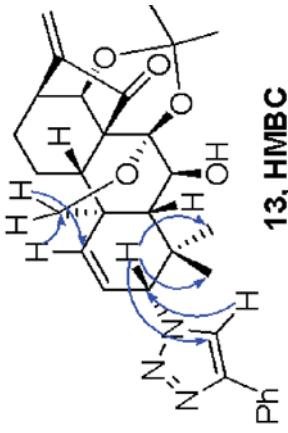


c 17-78 730m H2



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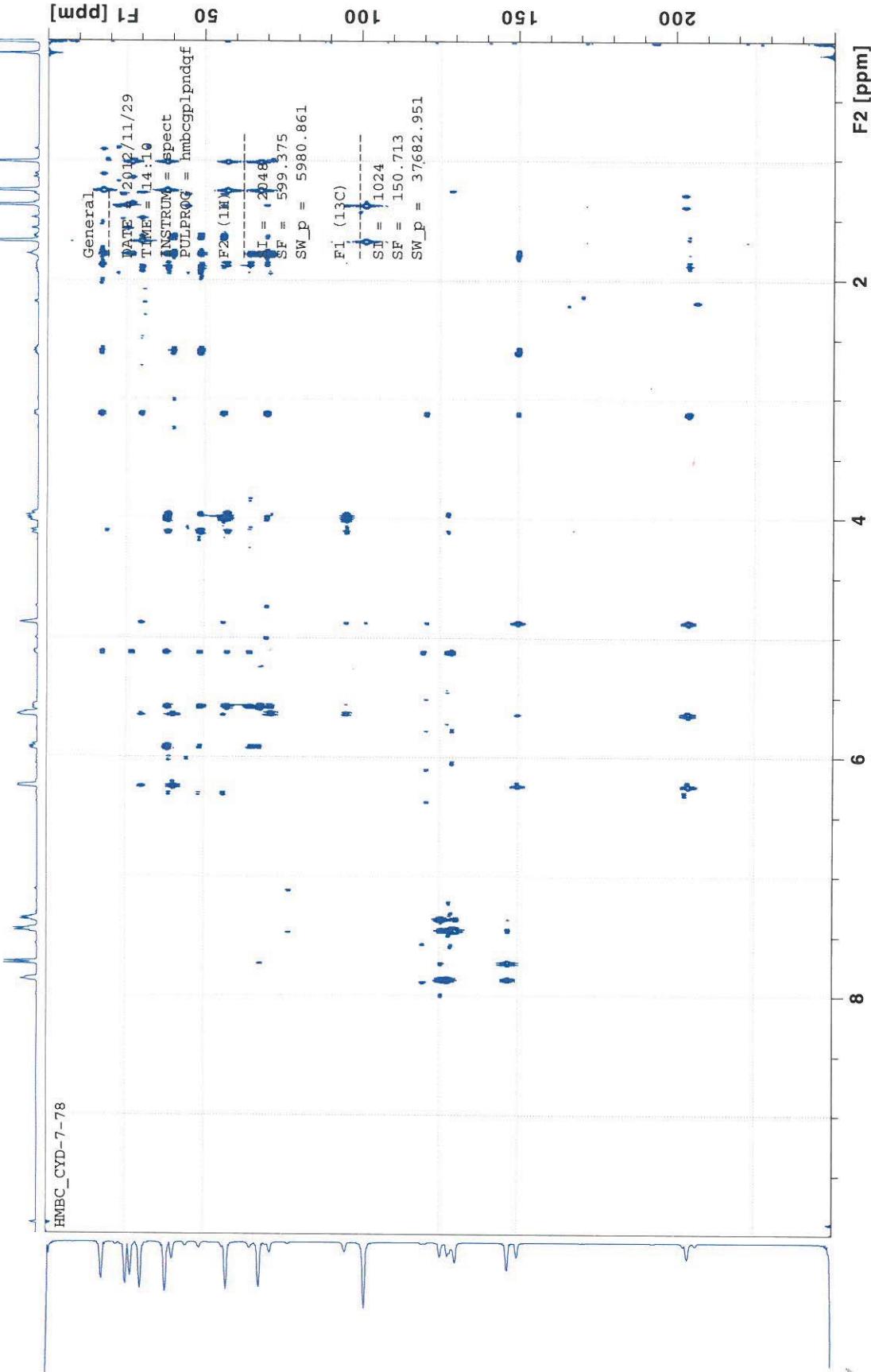


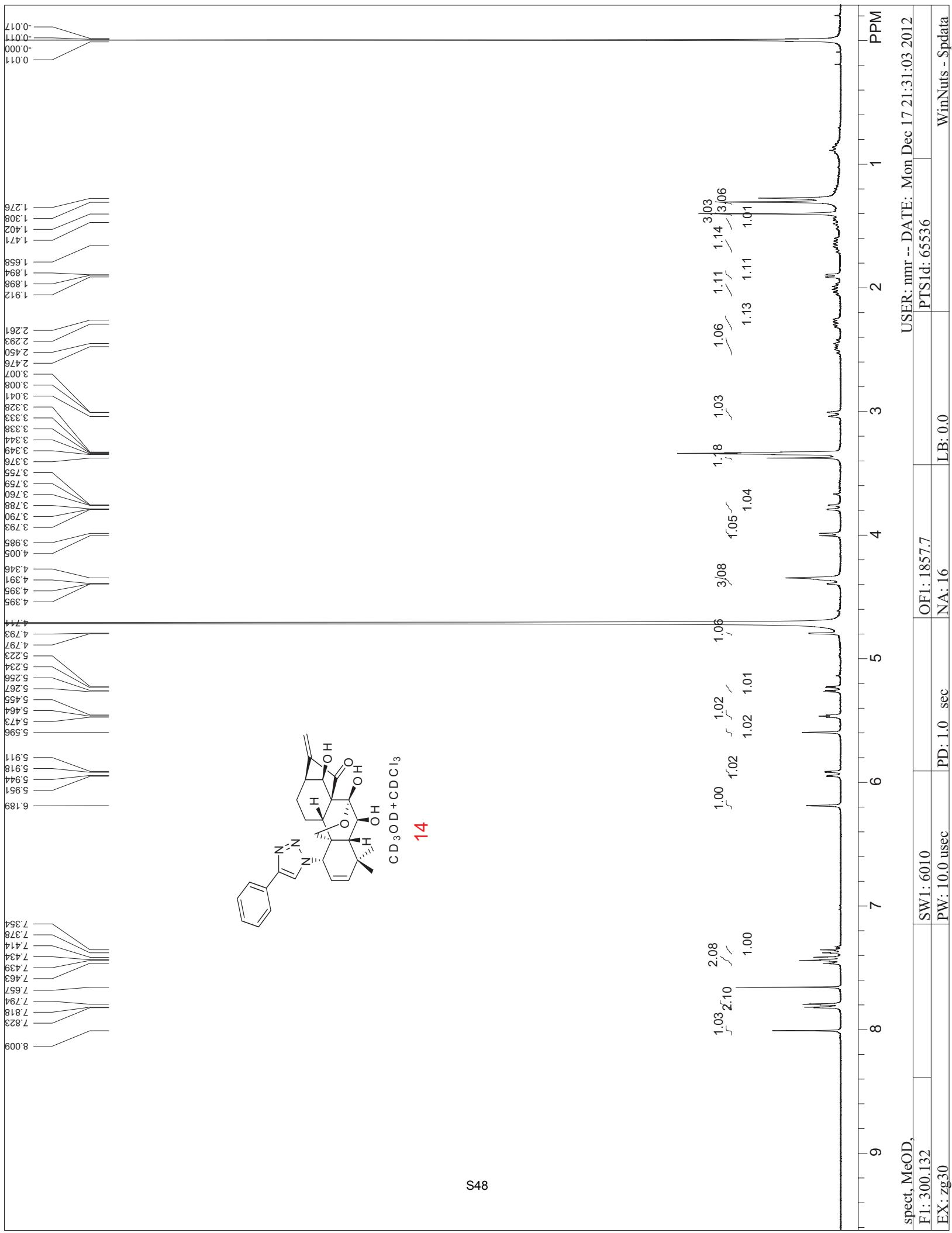


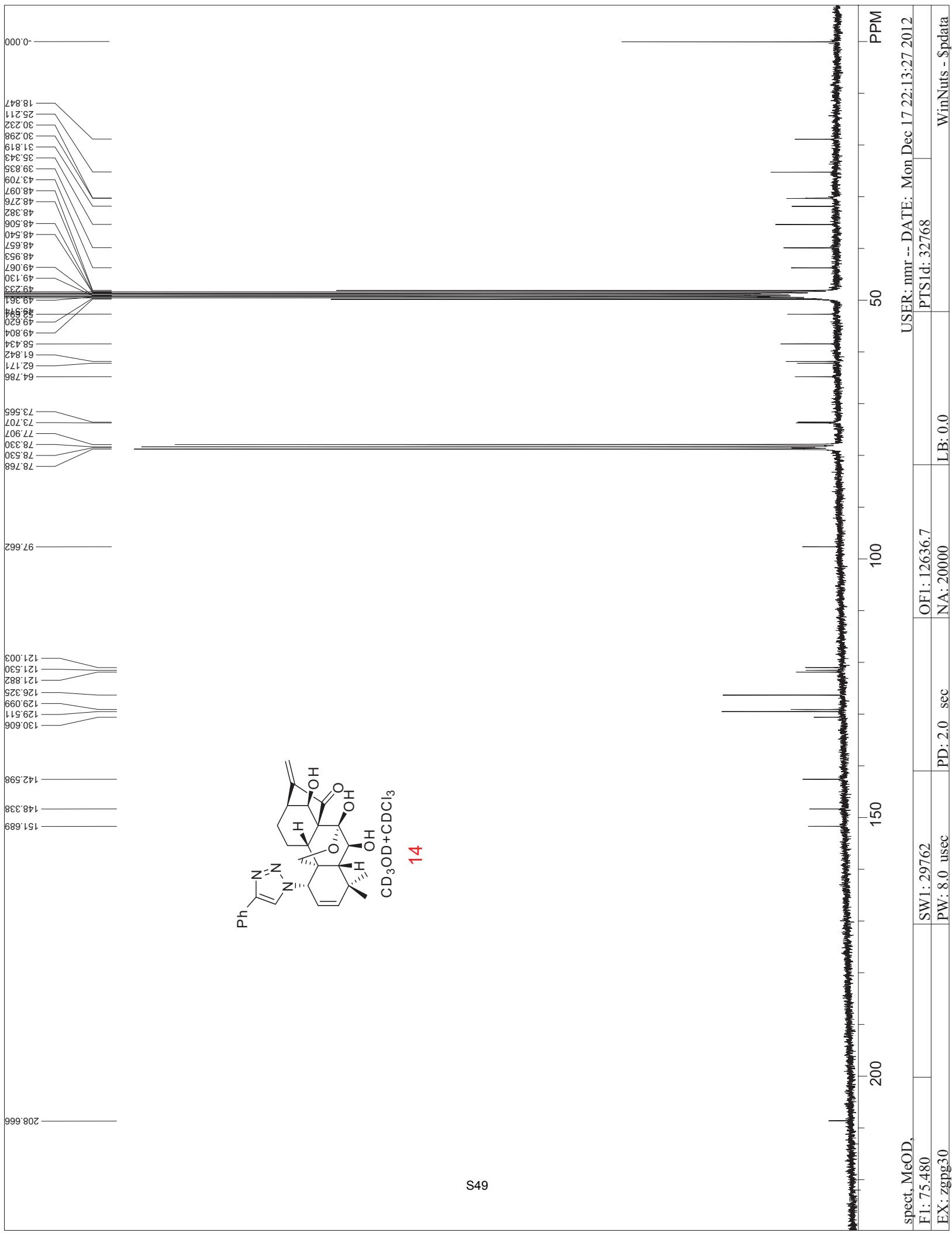
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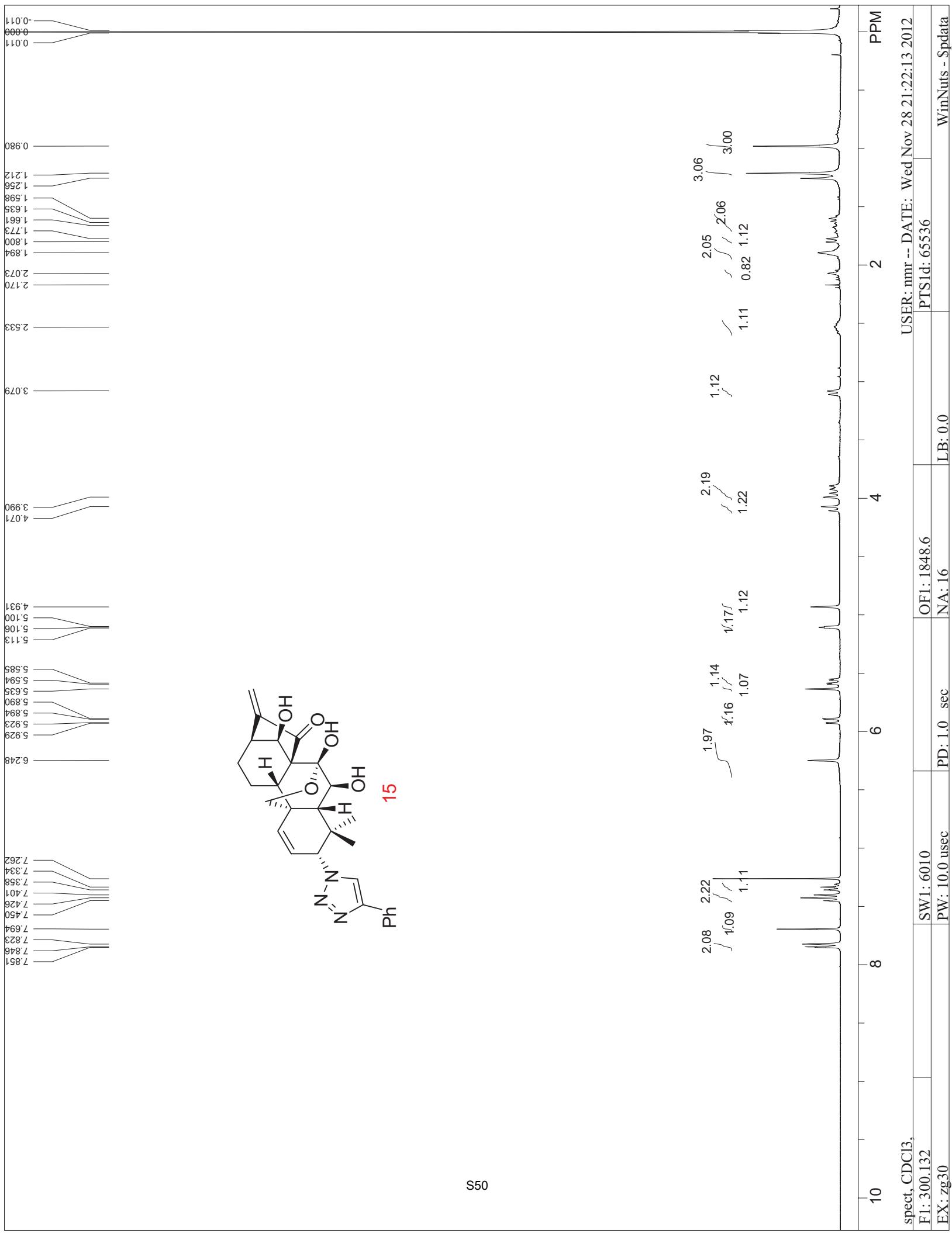
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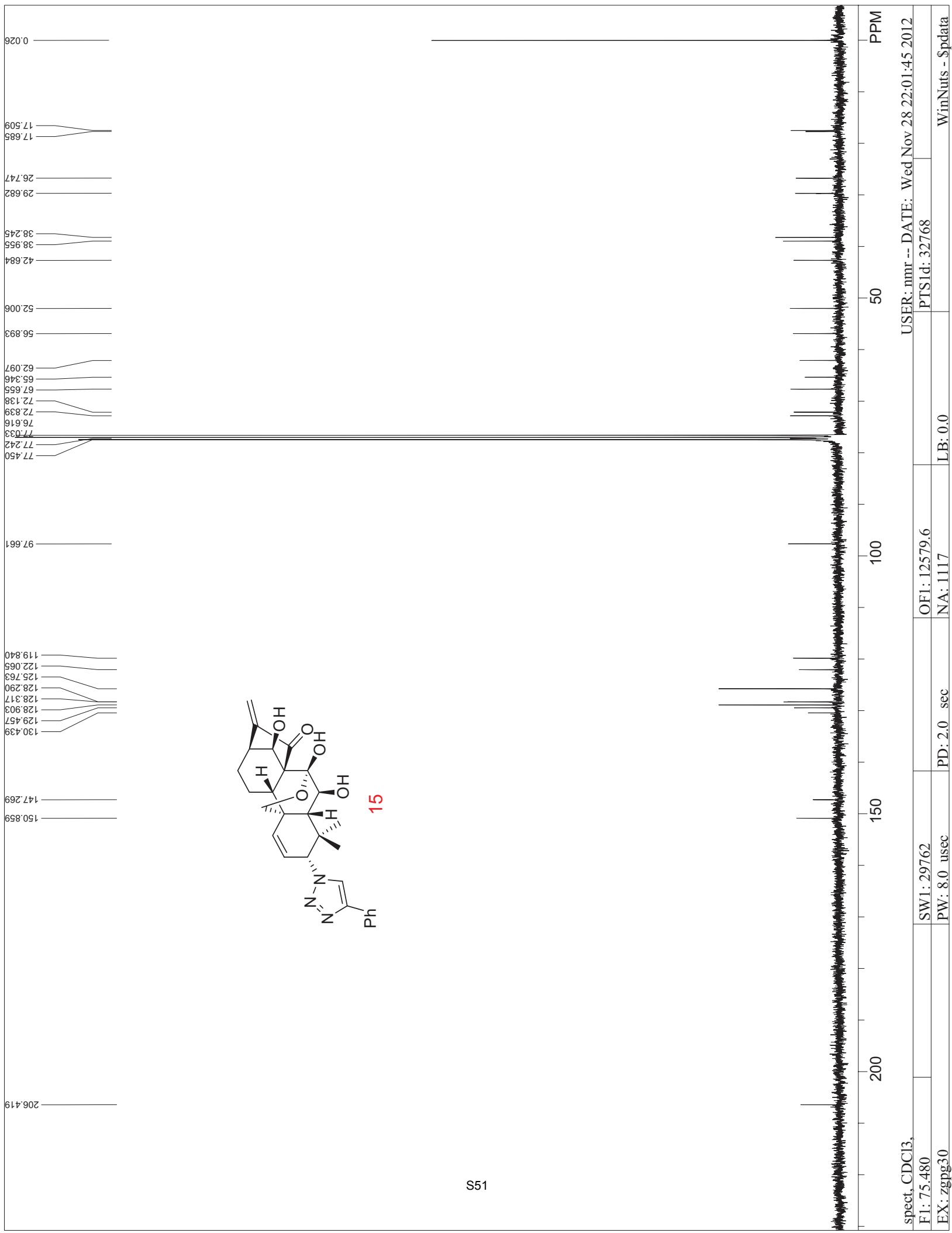
60 min H2

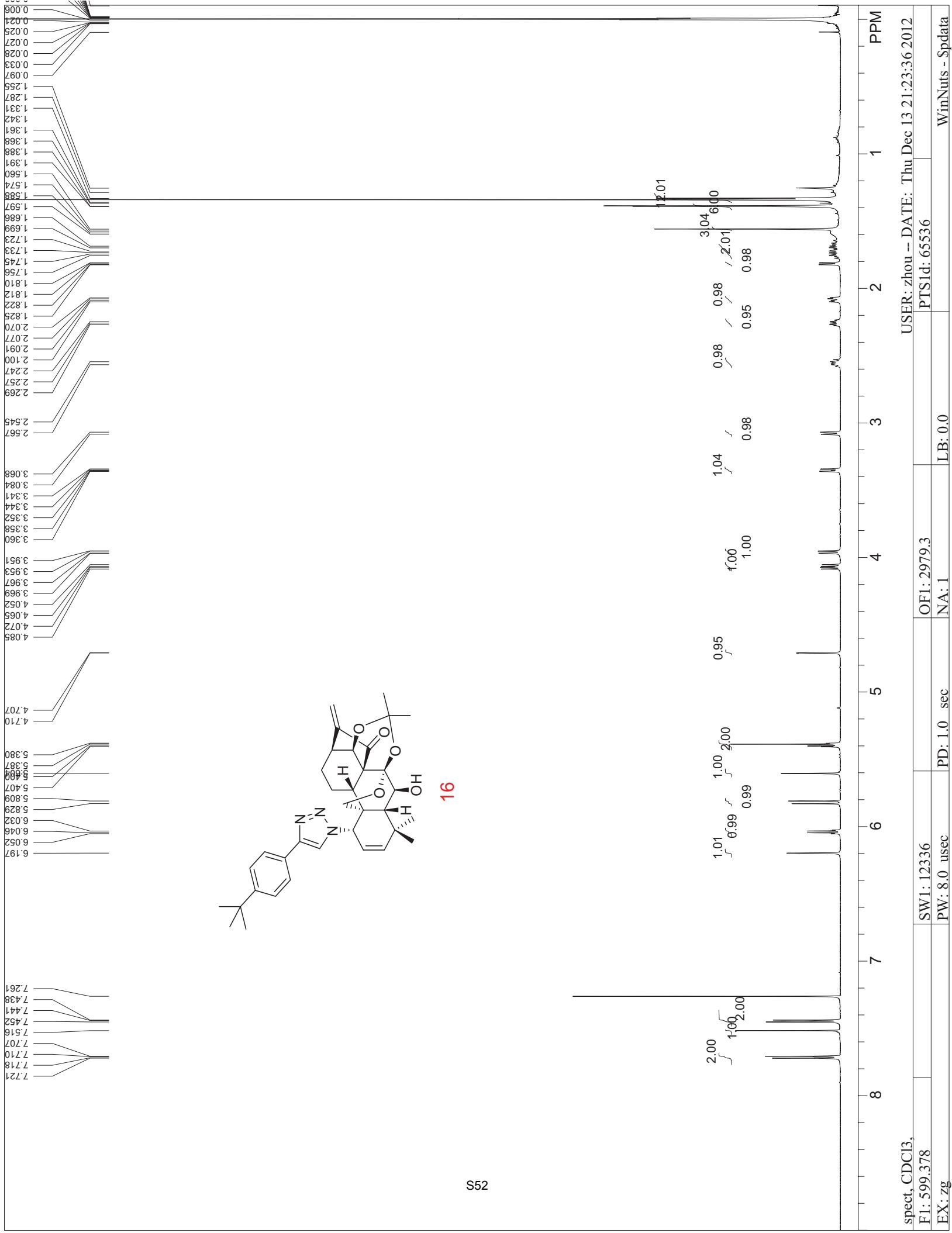


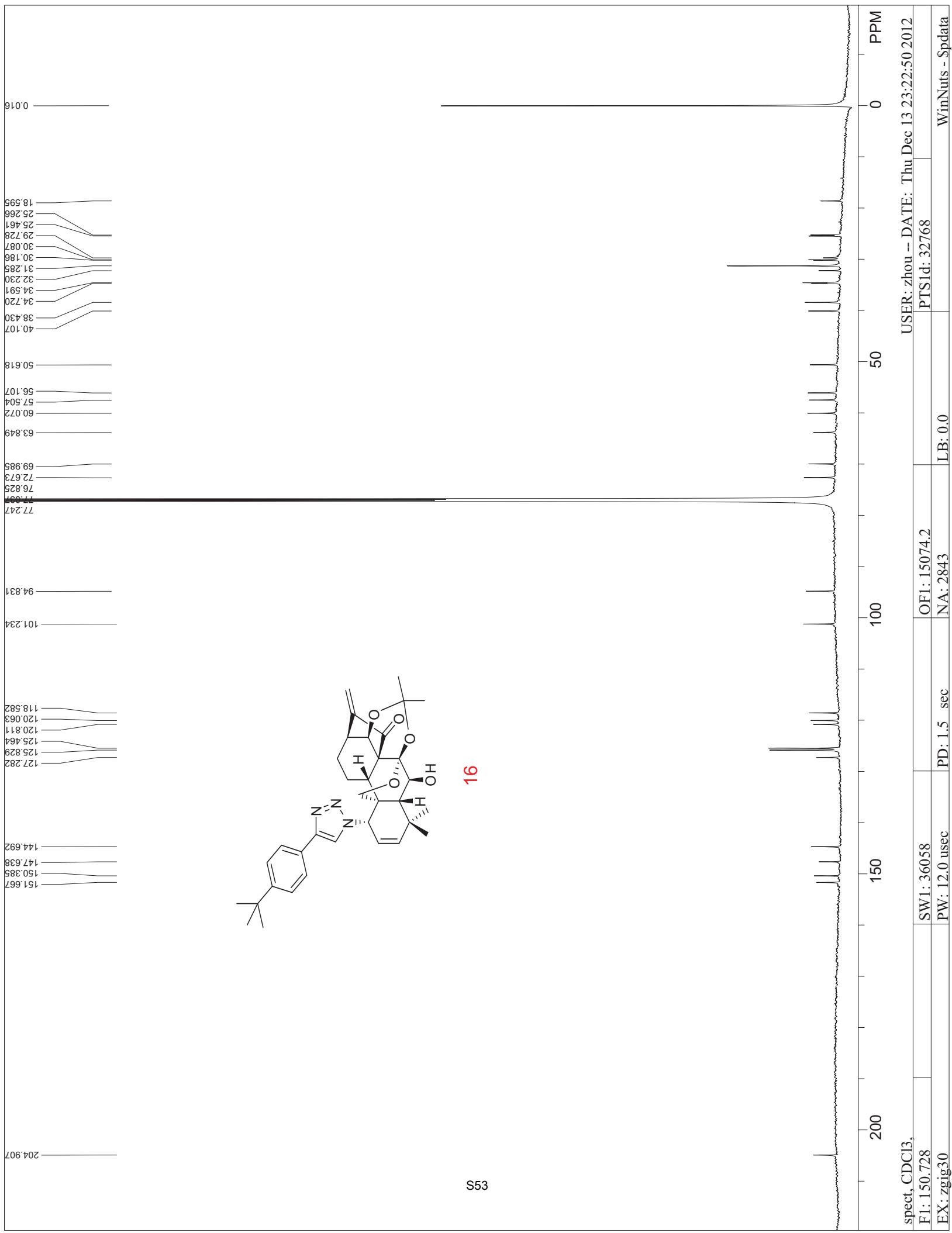




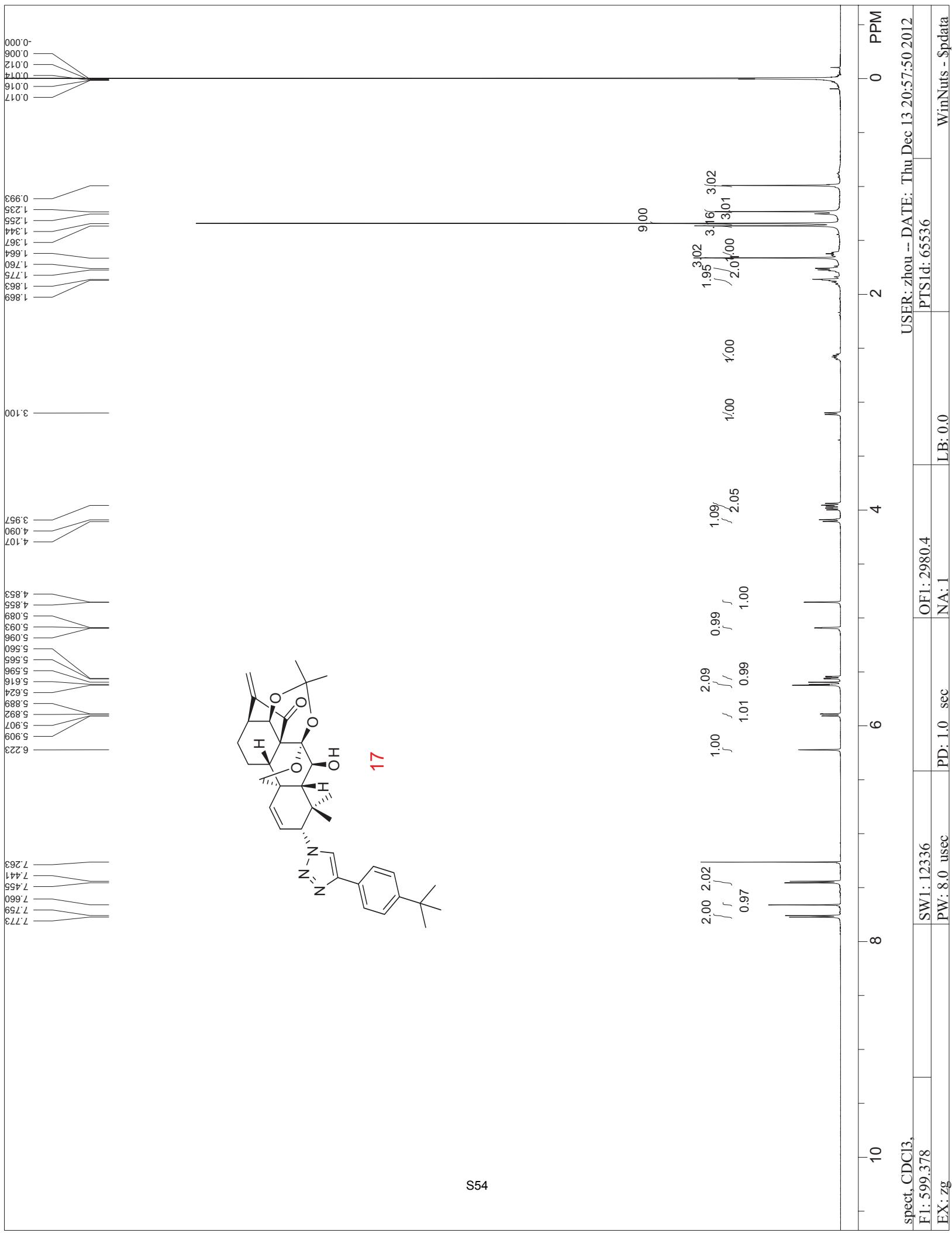


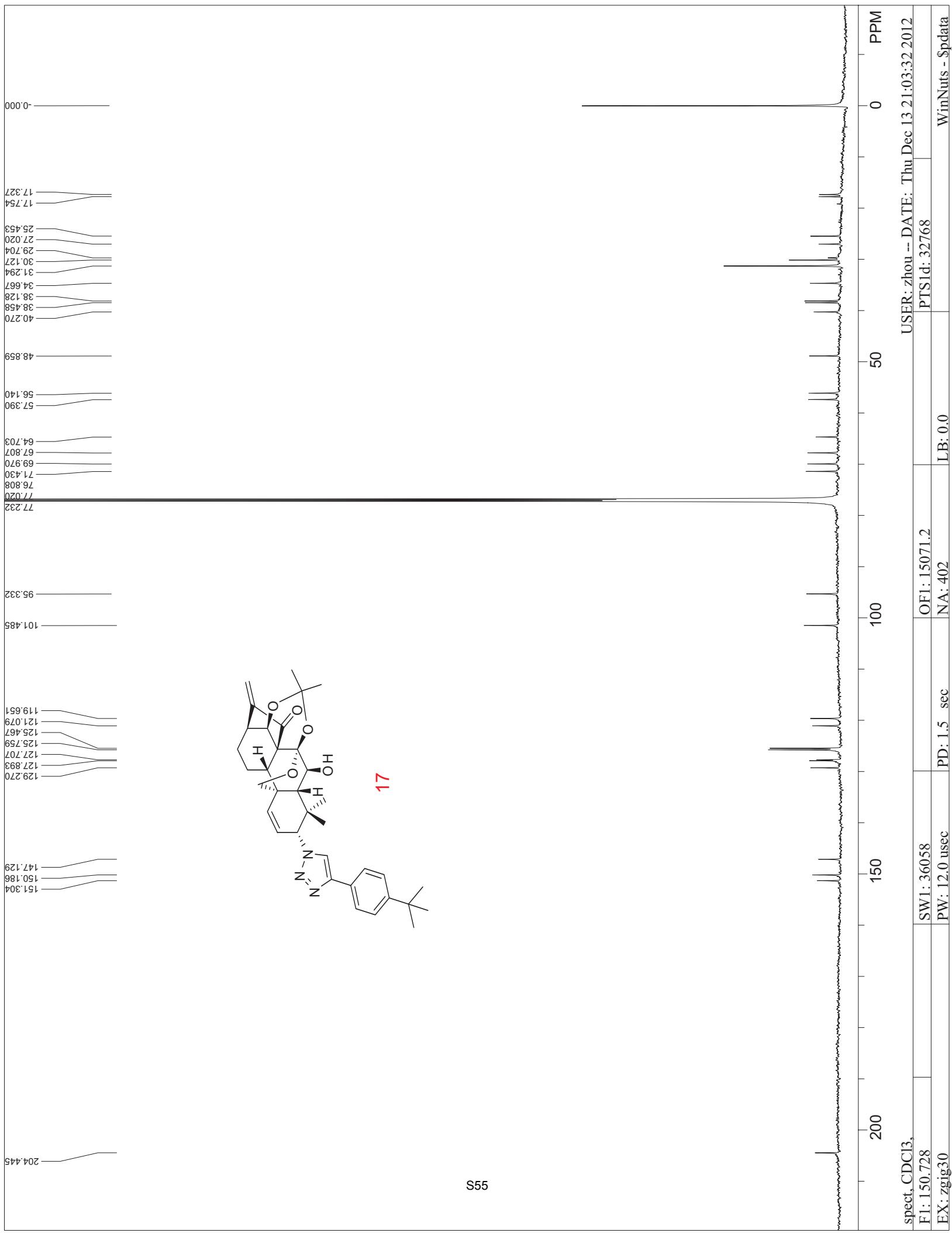


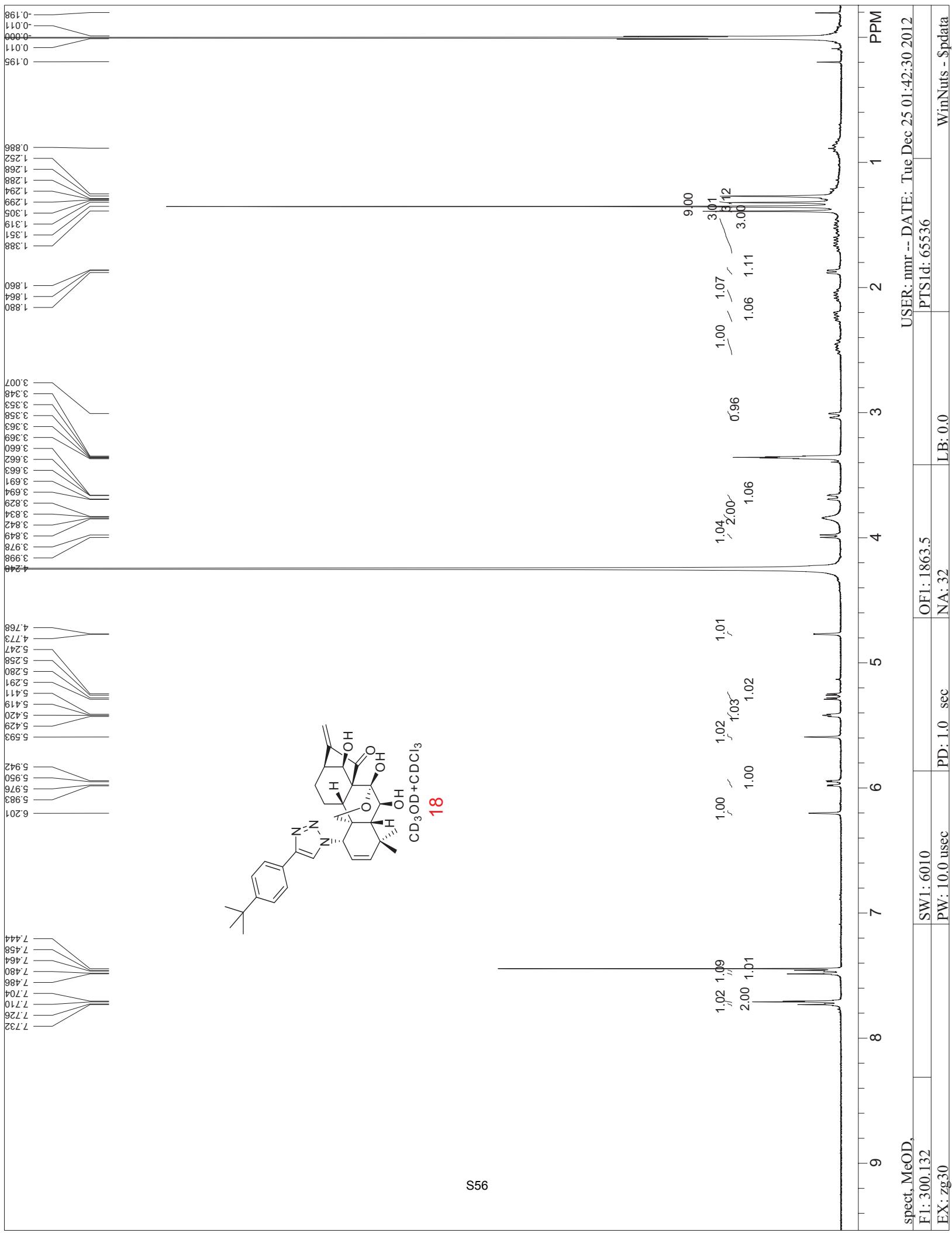


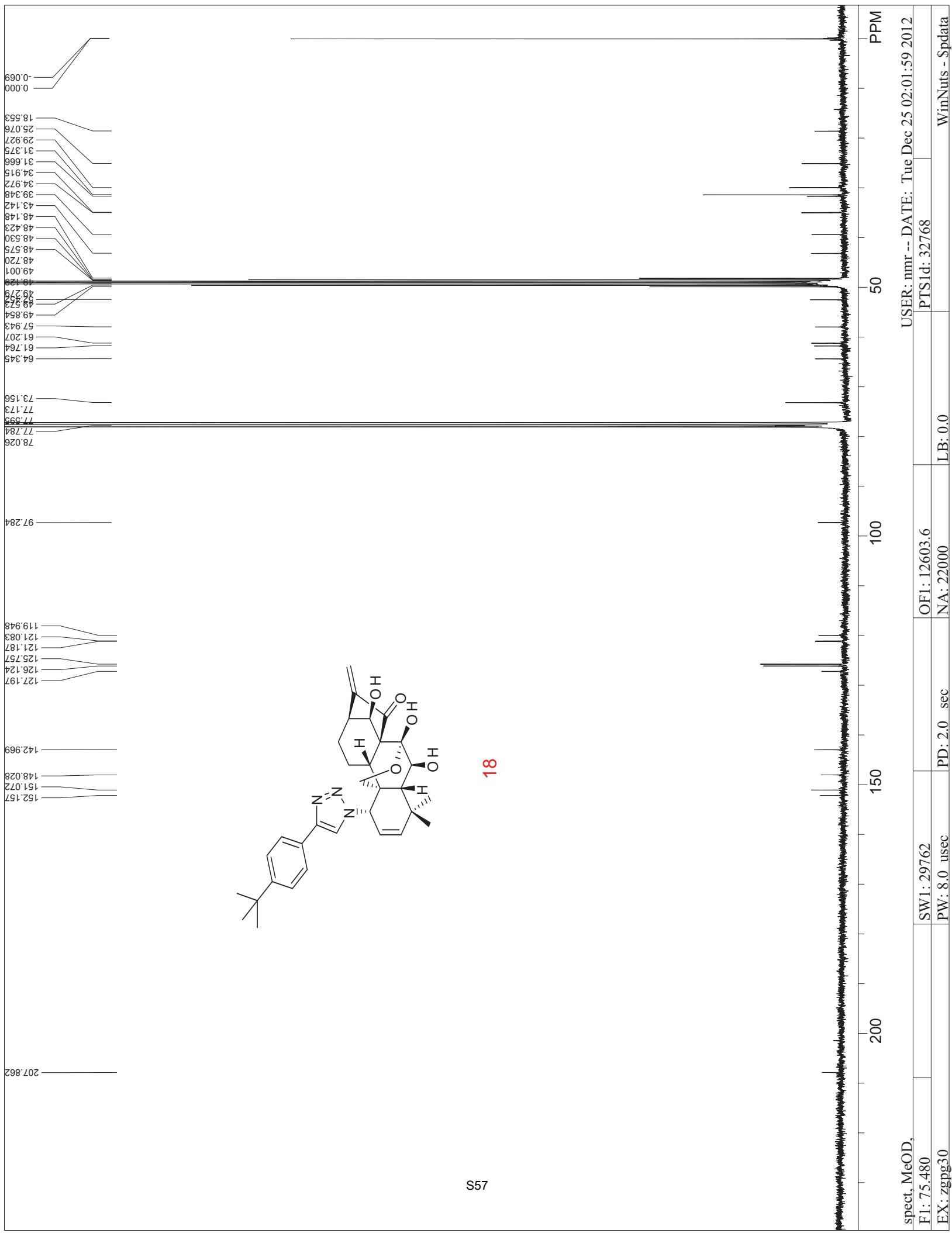


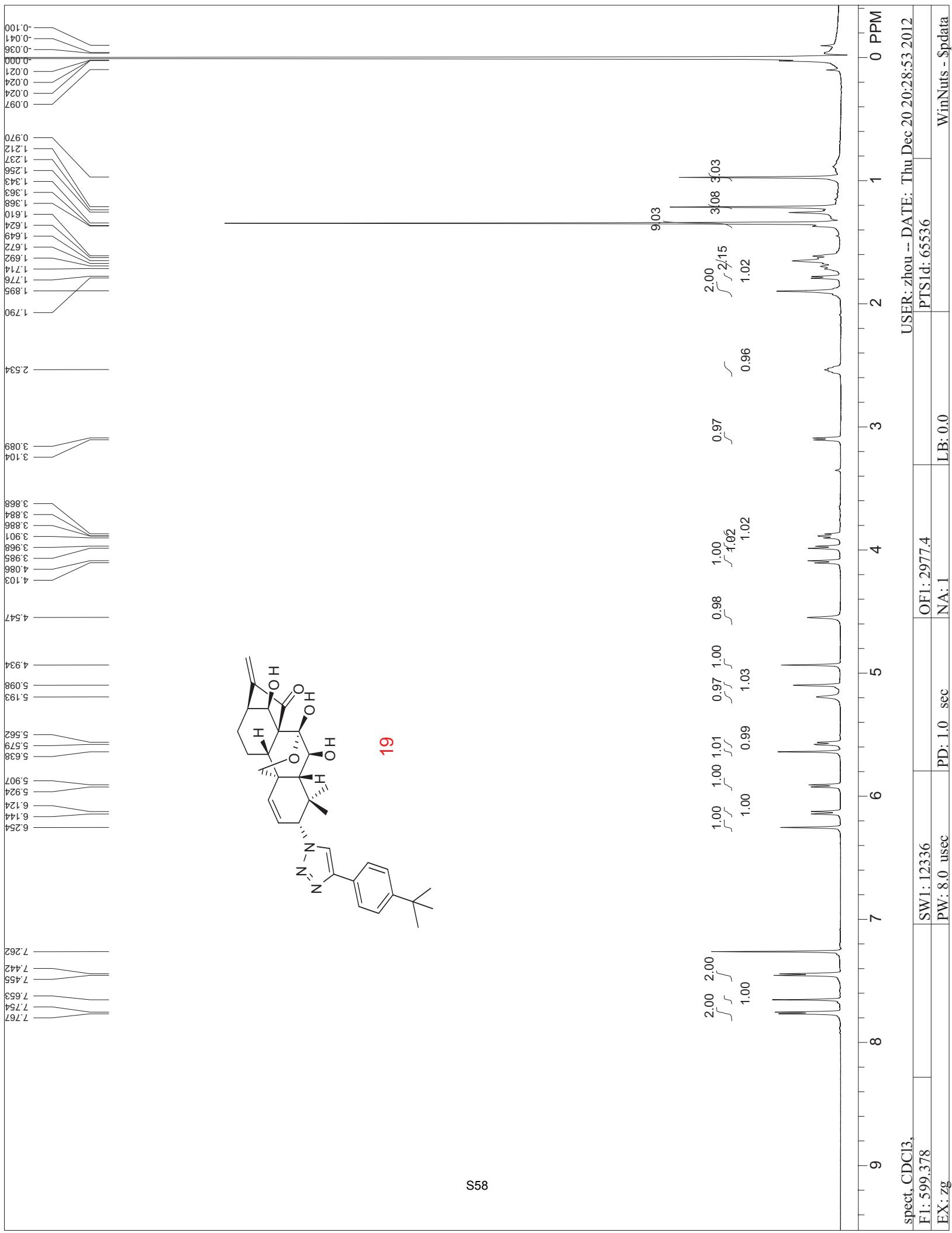
S53

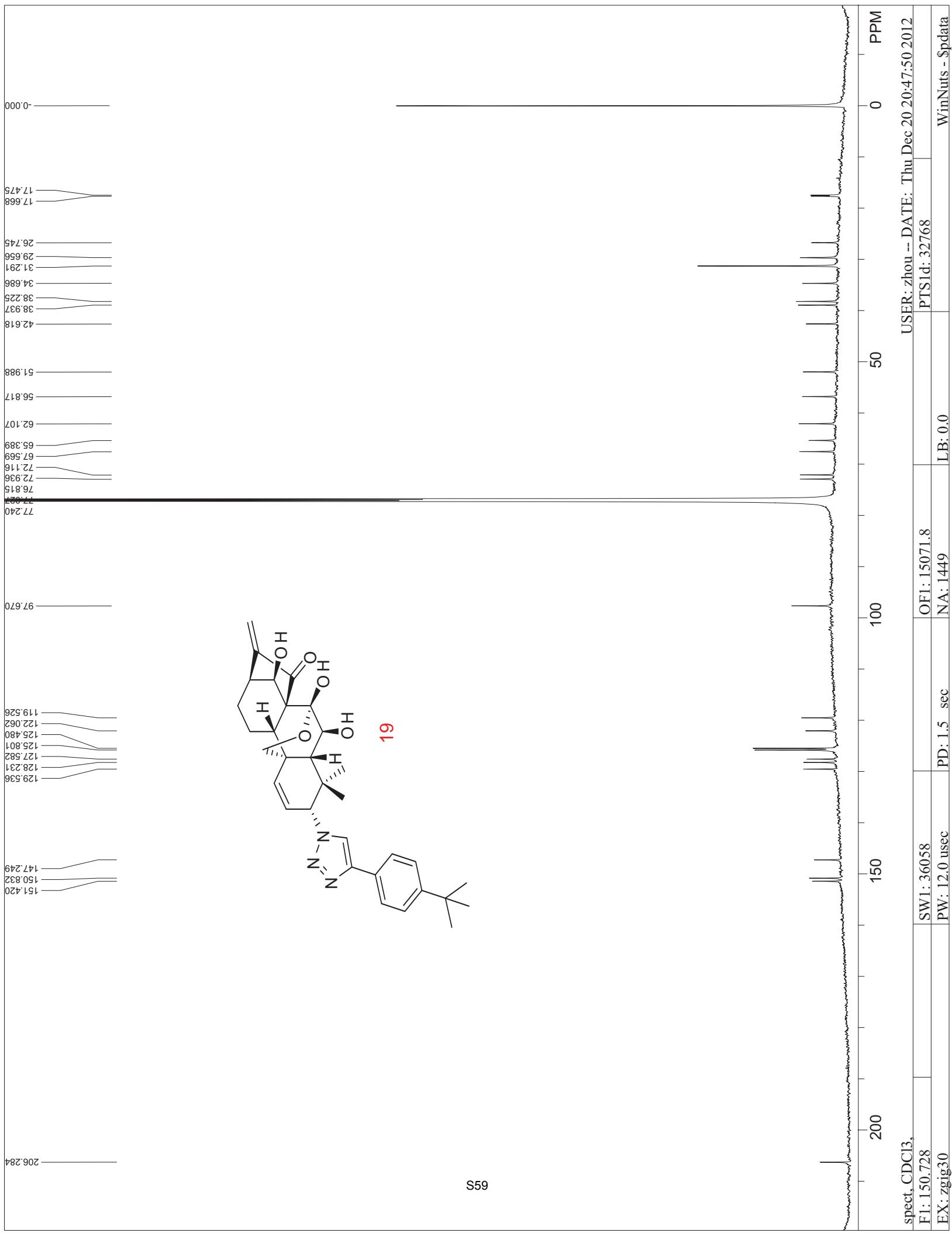


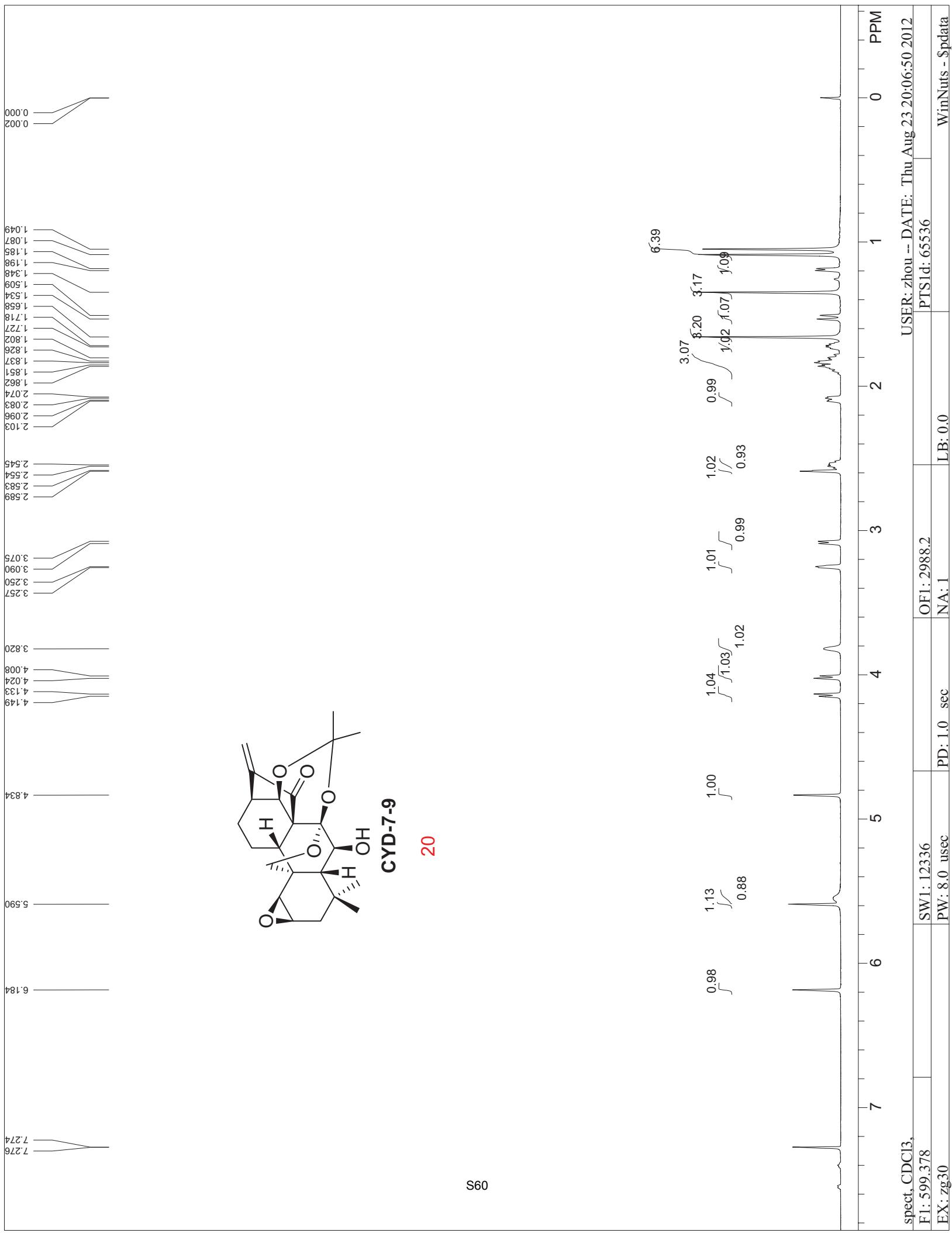


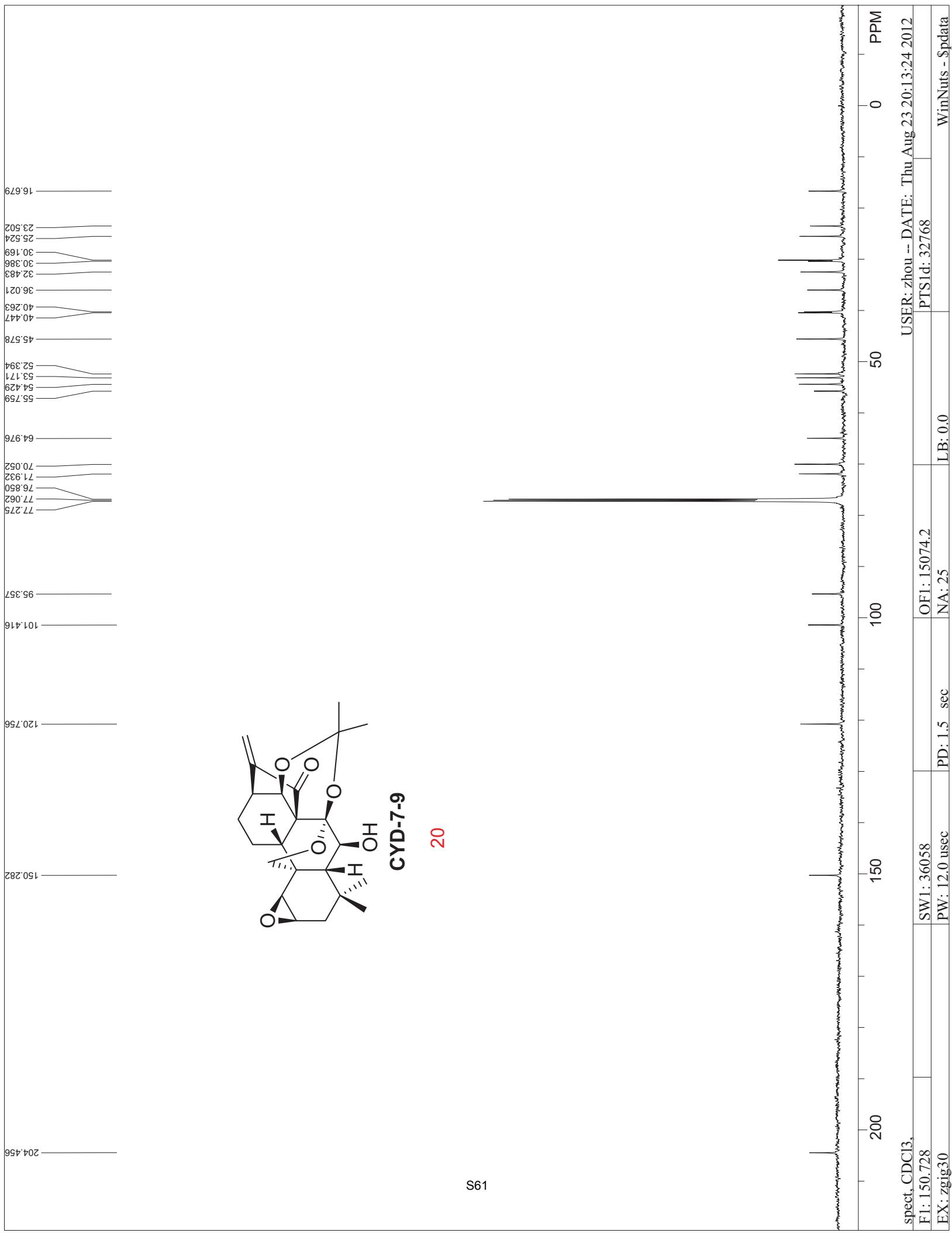


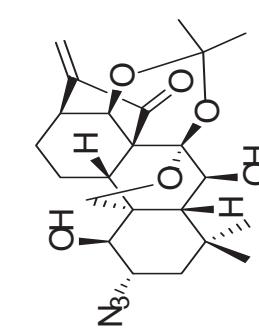
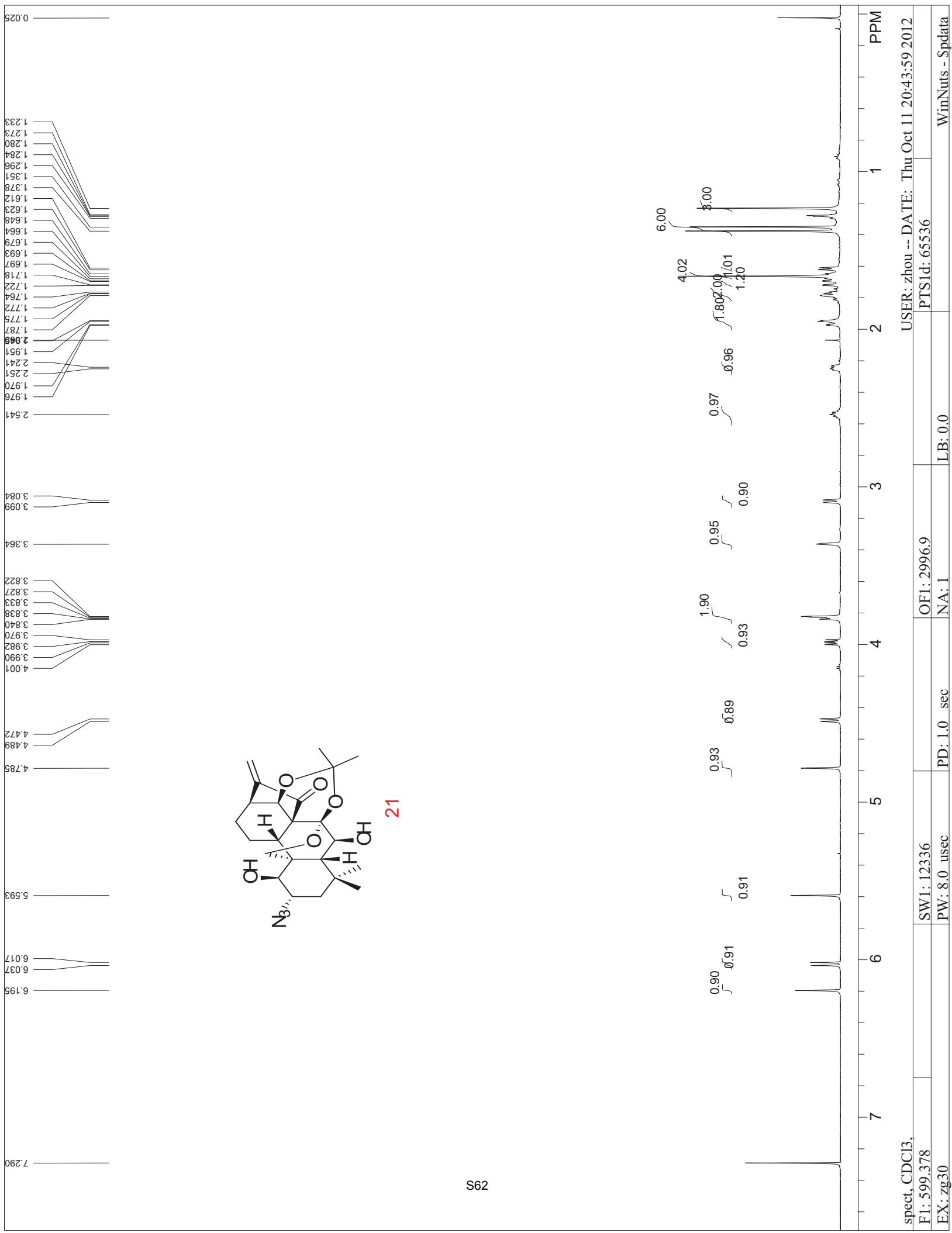




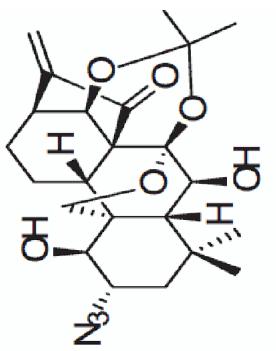
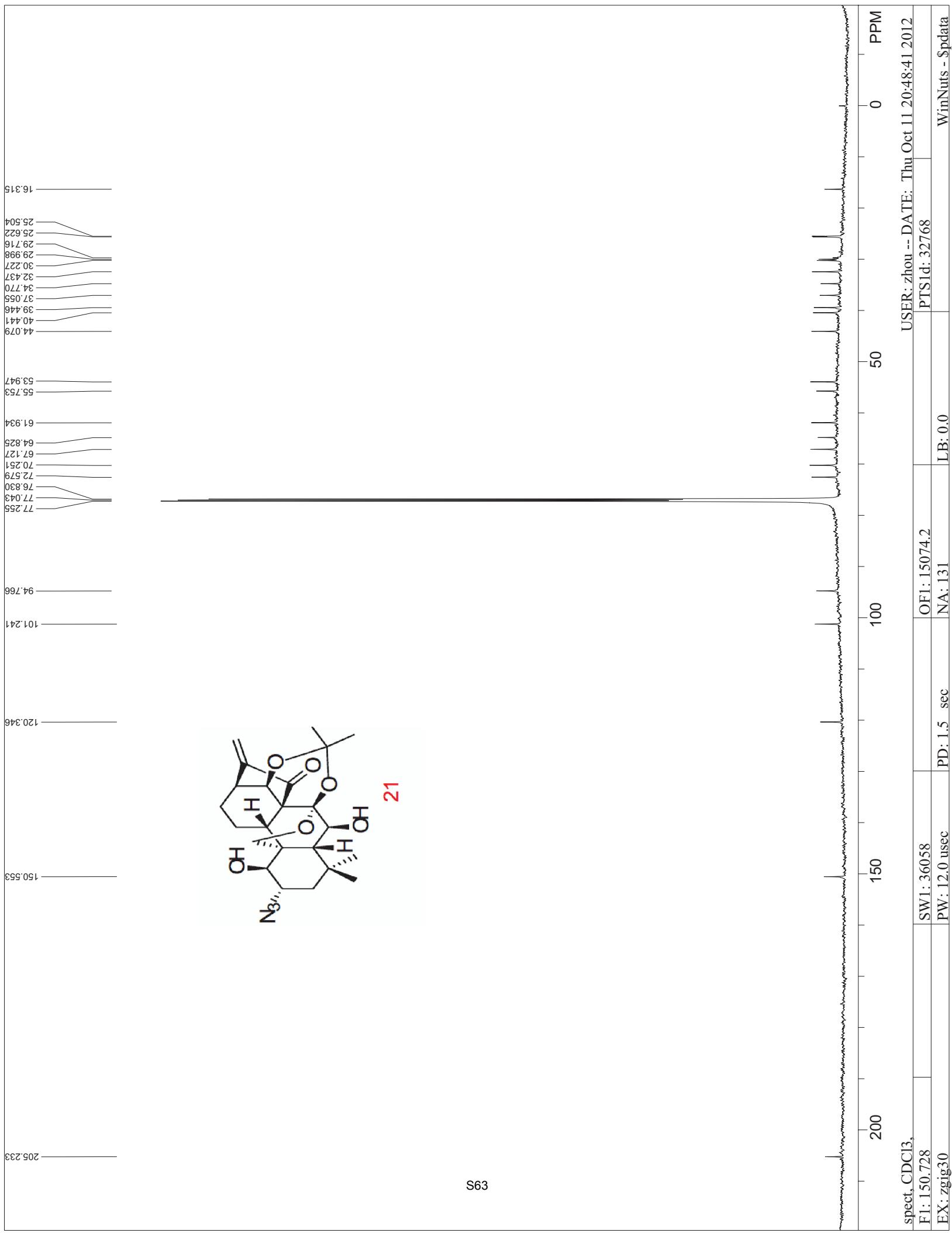








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