

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Discovery of Cryptic Polyketide Metabolites from Dermatophytes using Heterologous Expression in *Aspergillus nidulans*

Wen-Bing Yin¹, Yit Heng Chooi¹, Ralph A. Cacho^{1,2}, Youcai Hu¹, Adam R. Smith³, Theodore C. White³, Yi Tang^{1,2}

¹Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, ²Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, Los Angeles, CA 90095, USA, ³School of Biological Sciences, University of Missouri at Kansas City, Kansas City, Missouri, USA.
yitang@ucla.edu

Running Title: Dermatophyte Polyketide Metabolite

Table of Contents

Supplementary Figures

Figure S1. Strategies for assembling of DNA fragment in yeast and transformation of *A. nidulans*

Figure S2. Backside phenotypes of control strain and dermatophyte cluster transformants in *A. nidulans*

Figure S3. LC-MS analysis of *A. nidulans* mutants

Figure S4. UV absorption and masses of neosartoricins C and D

Figure S5. RT-PCR analysis of dermatophyte gene transcription in *A. nidulans* mutants

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Fungal strains and plasmids used in this study

Table S2. PCR primer sets utilized in this study

Table S3. Genes and enzymes predicted through deep bioinformatic annotation of the putative *nrc*-like cluster in fungi

Table S4. NMR assignment for neosartoricin B in CDCl₃

Table S5. NMR assignment for neosartoricin C in CDCl₃

Table S6. NMR assignment for neosartoricin D in CDCl₃

Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin B

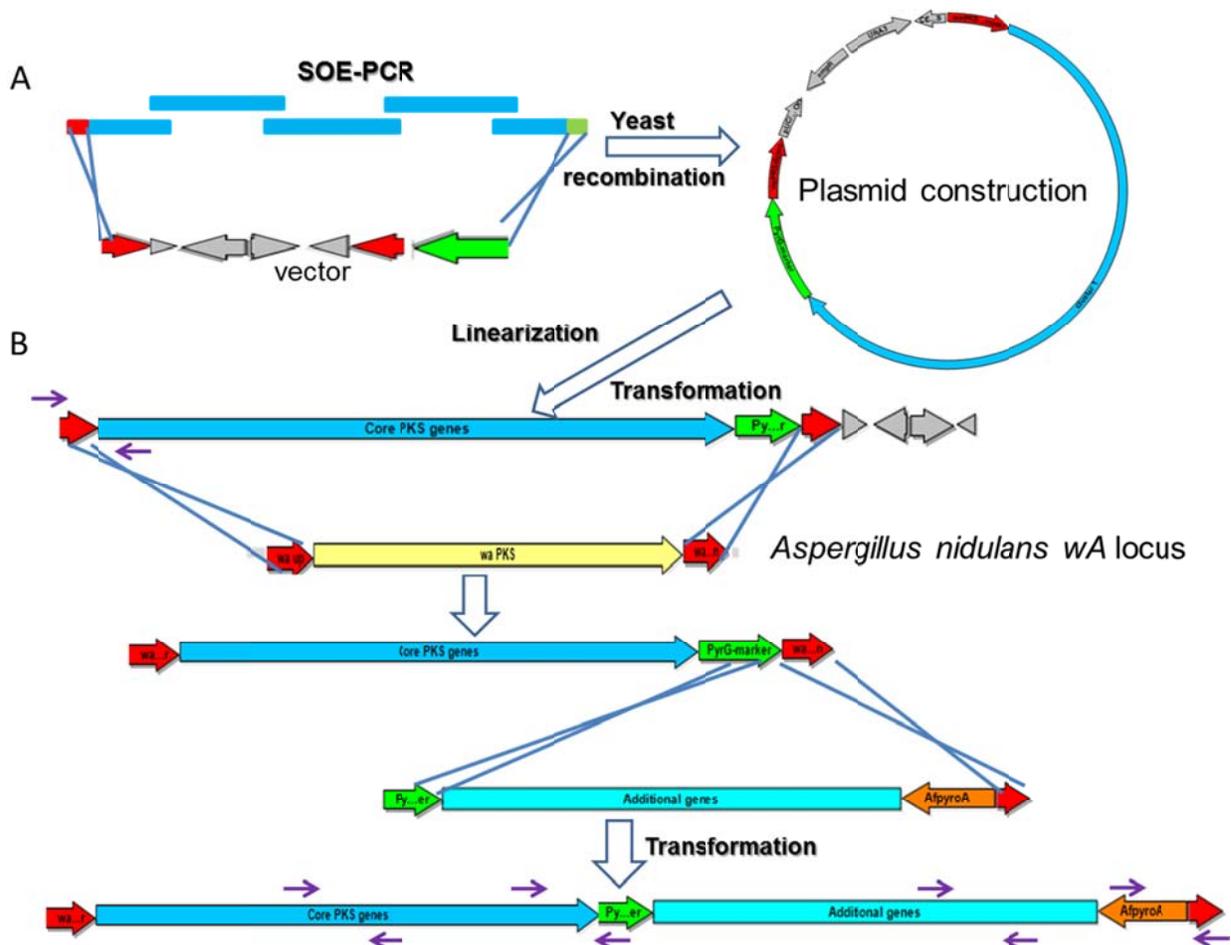
Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin C

Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin D

Supplementary References

37 **Supplementary Figures**

38



39

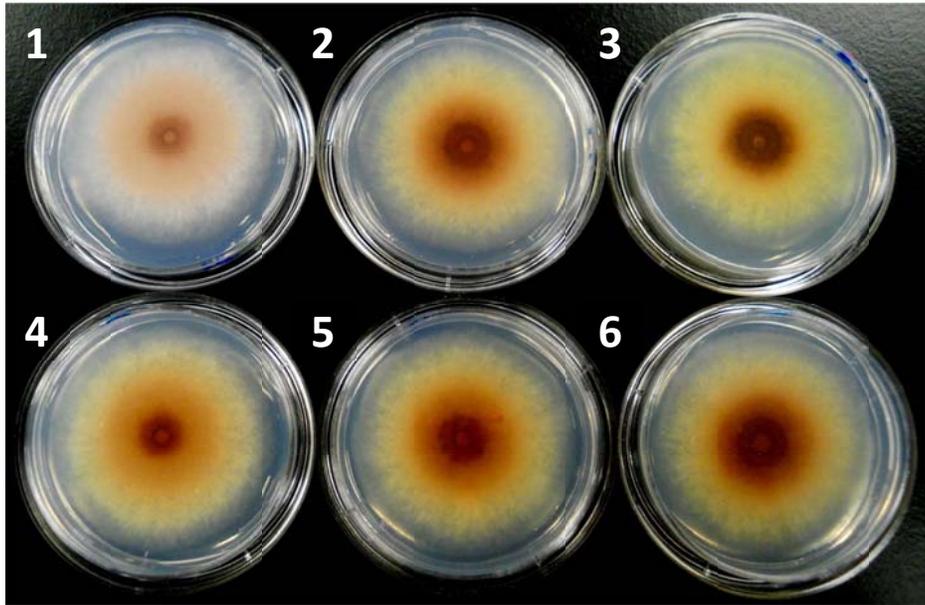
40

41

42 **Figure S1. Strategies for assembling of DNA fragment in yeast and transformation**
 43 **of *A. nidulans***

44 (A) SOE PCR and yeast homologous recombination were used for assembling of large DNA
 45 fragments as described previously (1). (B) Transformation was performed by replacing of *A.*
 46 *nidulans* wA PKS gene with targeted core PKS genes plus *A. fumigatus* pyrG (AfpyrG) marker
 47 for the first part of DNA fragment integration. The second integration of DNA fragment with *A.*
 48 *fumigatus* pyroA (ApyroA) was inserted to the same wA locus with 1 kb flanking regions of
 49 AfpyrG and wA. The recipient strain is RJMP1.49 (*pyrG89*, *pyroA4*, Δ *nkuA::argB*, *veA*). The
 50 screening of transformants is performed by picking white spore strains in combination with
 51 diagnostic PCR using primers as shown in purple arrows.
 52

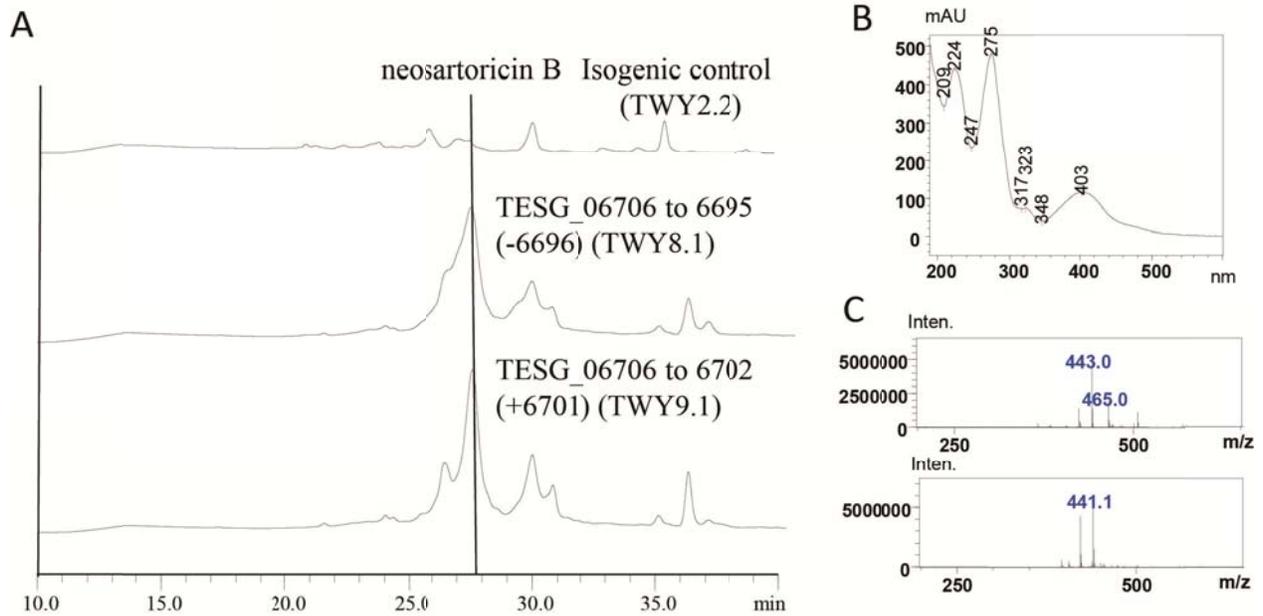
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72



73 **Figure S2. Phenotypes of control strain and dermatophyte cluster transformants**
74 **in *A. nidulans*.**

75 Strains were point-inoculated and grown on minimal medium for 3 days at 37 °C. 1: CK
76 (TWY2.2), 2: TESH_06695 to 6702 (TWY1.1), 3: MCFG_03596 to 3602 (TWY3.3), 4:
77 TESH_06695 to 6706 (TWY7.1), 5: TESH_06695-6706 (-6696) (TWY8.1), 6: TESH_06695 to
78 6702 (+6701) (TWY9.1).
79

80



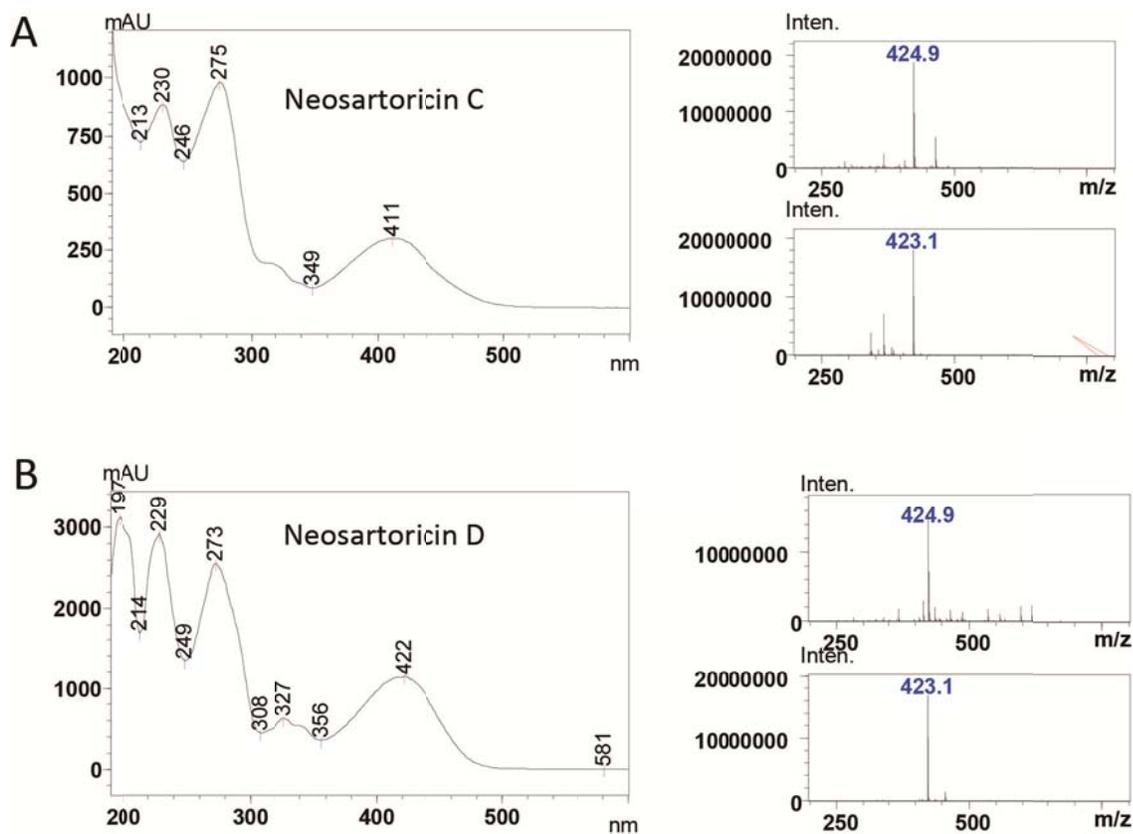
81
82

83 **Figure S3. LC-MS analysis of *A. nidulans* mutants.**

84 (A) HPLC traces (400 nm) of organic extracts from different strains. Trace 1: isogenic control
85 (TWY2.2); Trace 2: TSWG_06706 to 6695 (-6696) (TWY8.1); Trace 3: TSWG_06706 to 6702
86 (+6701) (TWY9.1); (B) UV absorption of neosartoricin B; (C) Positive and negative masses of
87 neosartoricin B, m/z 443.0 [M+H]⁺, 465.0 [M+Na]⁺, 441.1 [M-H]⁻.

88

89
90
91



92

93 **Figure S4. UV absorption and masses of neosartoricins C and D.**

94 (A) UV absorption, positive and negative masses of neosartoricin C, m/z 424.9 [M+H]⁺, 423.1

95 [M-H]⁻; (B) UV absorption, positive and negative masses of neosartoricin D, m/z 424.9 [M+H]⁺,

96 423.1 [M-H]⁻.

97

98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121

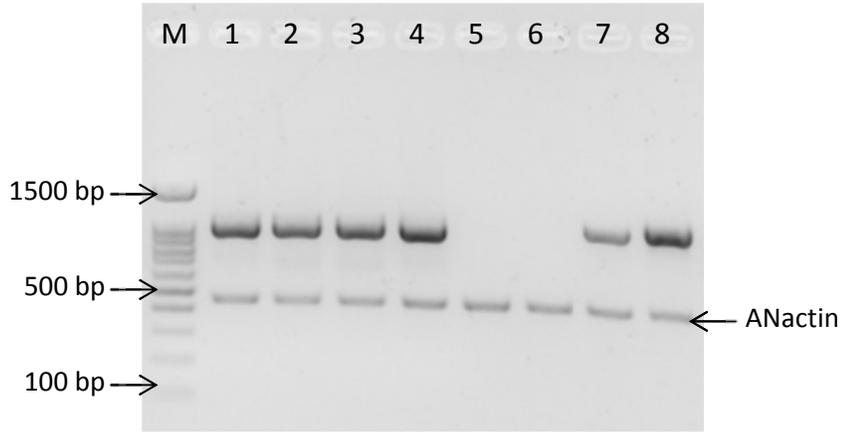


Figure S5. RT-PCR analysis of dermatophyte gene transcription in *A. nidulans* mutants

RT-PCR products were loaded into 1.5 % agarose gel. ANactin from *A. nidulans* was used for the relative quantification of the cDNA template. Lane M: 100 bp DNA Ladder (lambda Biotech); lane 1 and 2: TF1 (TESG_06706) and NR-PKS (TESG_06702) from TWY1.1; lane 3 to 6: TF1, NR-PKS, TEGS_06698 and TEGS_06701 from TWY7.1; lane 7 and 8: MCYG_03602 and MCYG_03598 from TWY3.3.

122 **Supplementary Tables**123 **Table S1. Fungal strains and plasmids used in this study**

Strain/plasmid	Description	Reference
RJMP1.49	<i>pyrG89, pyroA4, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	Yin <i>et al.</i> (2)
TWY1.1	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::gpdA(p)::TESG_06706 to 6702::AfpYrG, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
TWY2.2	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::AfpYrG, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
TWY3.3	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::gpdA(p)::gpdA::MCYG_03602 to 3596::AfpYrG, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
TWY7.1	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::gpdA(p)::TESG_06706 to 6702::AfpYrG::TESG_06701 to 6695::AfpYroA, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
TWY8.1	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::gpdA(p)::TESG_06706 to 6702::AfpYrG::TESG_06701 to 6695(-6696)::AfpYroA, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
TWY9.1	<i>pyroA4, pyrG89, ΔwApks::gpdA(p)::TESG_06706 to 6702::AfpYrG::TESG_06701::AfpYroA, ΔnkuA::argB, veA</i>	This study
pYH-WA-pyrG	<i>URA3, WA flanking, AfpYrG, Amp</i>	This study
pWY13.2	<i>gpdA::TESG_06706 to 6702 in pYH-WA-pyrG</i>	This study
pWY14.1	<i>gpdA::MCYG_03602 to 3596 in pYH-WA-pyrG</i>	This study
pWY15	<i>TESG_06701 to 6695 in pYH-WA-pyrG</i>	This study
pWY16	<i>TESG_06701 to 6695(-6696) in pYH-WA-pyrG</i>	This study
pWY17.1	<i>TESG_06701AfpYroA in pYH-WA-pyrG</i>	This study

124 pXX = plasmid, TXX = original transformant

125

126 **Table S2. PCR primer sets utilized in this study**

Name of the primer	Oligonucleotide sequence (5'-3')	Uses
pYUCA-wAup-F	GATACGAGGCGCGTGTAAGTTACCTCTGGAACAGT CTCGCCGT	Wapks upstream amplification
pyrG-wAup-R	CATATTTTCGTGACACACAGAATAACTCTCGCTAGCG ATCAGGAGAAGGAGAGTCAAGTC	
wAup-pyrG-R	GACTTGACTCTCCTTCTCCTGATCGCTAGCGAGAG TTATTCTGTGTCTGACGAAATATG	AfpyrG amplification
wAdn-pyrG-R	TGTCATAGTAAAGTGATTCGCGTCATGCGGCCGCA TTCTGTCTGAGAGGAGGCACTG	
pyrG-wAdn-F	CAGTGCCTCCTCTCAGACAGAATGCGGCCGCATGA CGCGAATCACTTTACTATGACA	wAPKS downstream amplification
pEamp-wAdn-R	GTTCTTTCCTGCGTTATCCCCTGTGCTGTCAGTACG CGAAGATCT	
wAdn-pEamp-F	AGATCTTCGCGTACTGACAGCACAGGGGATAACGC AGGAAAGAAC	pMB1 Ori + AmpR amplification
pYUCA-pEamp-R	TGGACCCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGGCTCATG AGACAATAACCCTGA	
pEamp-pYUCA-F	TCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCCATACATTATACGA AGTTATCAGGGTCCA	CEN/ARS + ura3 amplification
wAup-pYUCA-R	ACGGCGAGACTGTTCCAGAGGTAACCTACACGCGC CTCGTATC	
pgpdA_F	GTCTGCTCATAGAAGATCGC	gpdA amplification
pgpdA_R	TTTGGTTTCGTTTCTCCATGTCCGGTTCTGTGCTGA ATAGCGATTAAGGTTCTTGGATG	
p1MCY_F	CTATTCAGCACAGAACCGGAC	SOE PCR for MCYG_03602 to 3596 amplification
p1MCY_R	CGGCTGTGTTTGAGAATAAGGC	
p2MCY_F	GCATCCACAGCTACAGAGCAG	
p2MCY_R	GTGTAGCACTTGTCGGTAGTTG	
p3MCY_F	GAGGATGCGGAAGCTGACAATG	
p3MCY_R	GCCTCATGTTCCAGAGCATGAC	
p4MCY_F	CGCTGCAGAAACCTGTCTGAG	
p4MCYpyrG_R	ACACAACATATTTTCGTGACACAGAATAACTCTCG CTAGCCTATGTCTTACCGATCTGC	
pScr1_F	CAACCTGAGGAAACTGCGTC	MCYG_03602 to 3596 screening
pScr1_R	CTATCTCGATCTTTTCCGCG	
pScr2_F	CTCTGGCCCGTCATTCAATC	
pScr2_R	GCTTTCTGAAGCGCTGGAATG	
pgpdAttr_R	GAGCAGCTTGCTGCCGTCGTTTTGGGCCTCGTTTC TCCATCGATTAAGGTTCTTGGATG	SOE PCR for TEGS_06706 to 6702 amplification
p1TTR_F	ATGGAGAAACGAGGCCCAAAC	
p1TTR_R	CAAGAGGCTGTTTCGACGGTC	
p2TTR_F	GGAAGTGTGTATGACTTGGGAG	
p2TTR_R	CGATGGTAGCAAGAATCCGATC	
p3TTR_F	CATGCTGTTCCAAATGGCGAAC	
p3TTR_R	GCATTCGACGAGAAGACGTAG	
p4TTR_F	GCACGGAAGATCGTATCACTC	
p4TTRpyrG_R	CACAACATATTTTCGTGACACAGAATAACTCTCG TAGCGATGATATCAATCACTCTGC	
p5TTR_F	TTGGCATCACGCATCAGTGCCTCCTCTCAGACAGA	SOE PCR for

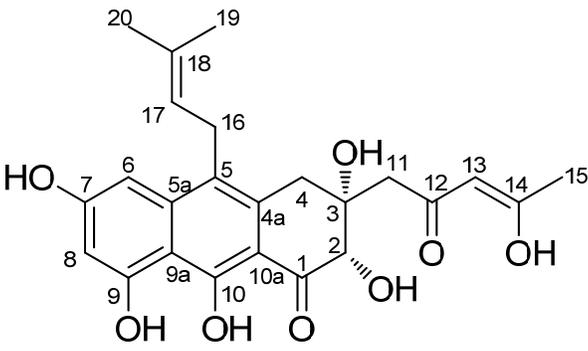
p5TTR_R	ATGCATCGGGATTGATTATCAAATG	TESG_06701 to
p6TTR_F	GCATACTTGCCAGAATTTGCAG	6695 amplification
p6TTR_R	CTTACTACAAAAGTCCCTTGC	
p6AbTv_R	GTTTCAGTTAATTCTCCCTTTC	
	AGGATGCTGATAACTAGTTAACGTAACGGCATGCT	SOE PCR for
	GGAGTTTCAGTTAATTCTCCCTTTC	TESG_06701 to
p7TTR_F	GATATTTATCGTCCGCTGTAAG	6695(-6696)
p7AbTv_F	GCTCTTCTCGCAGCGGGAAAGGGAGAATTAAGTGA	amplification
	AACTCCAGCATGCCGTTACGTTAAC	
p7TTR_R	CGTTTATTTACAAACGCCGAAGTTGAATACACACCC	
	TGGTCTCGCTAACTAACTAACCAG	
pAfpYRO_A_F	CGGAGCATCTAGCTAGCTGGTTAGTTAGTTAGCGA	<i>A fumigatus</i> pyroA
	GACCAGGGTGTGTATTCAAGTTCGG	amplification
pAfpYRO_A_R	CCTTTTCGCCCTTTGTCATAGTAAAGTGATTCCGCGT	
	CATGAGTGTTCCGCTTGGCATGCG	
ppyrscr_F	CCAGTCATCTAGCAAGTGAG	screening and
p5Ttscr_R	GGCAAGTGGACAATCTGTTC	sequencing
ppyroscr_F	GTAACATCCTCTTCTGAGATCG	
ppyroscr_R	GATGTCCCTATGAATAAACCCG	
ppyroseq_R	CTGAGACCACTACCCAGTTG	sequencing
pTtDo_F	TGGCATCACGCATCAGTGCCTCTCTCAGACAGAA	TESG_06701
	TGCCATTGCCAGGGATTCTATTTT	amplification
pTtDo_R	ACGTTTATTTACAAACGCCGAAGTTGAATACACACC	
	CTGGTTTCCTAGAGGTAAGTATTG	
pAfpYRO_Ado_F	TACTTTACTTAACAGATCAATAGTTACCTCTAGGAA	
	ACCAGGGTGTGTATTCAAGTTCGG	
pWAscr_F	GAGTTACGACCGGCCGAATG	transformant
pgpdAscr_R	CACACCAGCCTTTCCAATTC	screening
pWY15Scr_F	GATGCGACATTAGCTCGTG	transformant
pWY15Scr_R	CAGGATCTCGCAGAGAGC	screening
pWY16Scr_R	CGCATCATAATCGTGGAC	
AfpYrG_F	GAGAGTTATTCTGTGTCTGAC	<i>A fumigatus</i> pyroA
AfpYrG_R	CTGTCTGAGAGGAGGCACTG	screening
Tt6698_F	CCCTTTGTCTCCTTGATC	RT-PCR
Tt6698_R	ATGCGCGTCTCGATCATC	RT-PCR
Tt6701_F	CCTTGGGTGATATTCCAG	RT-PCR
Tt6701_R	CAGATGATGTGAAGGAGC	RT-PCR
Tt6702_F	CCAGGACAGAGTGTTCTC	RT-PCR
Tt6702_R	GTCTGTGTTGCGTTTTCCG	RT-PCR
Tt6706_F	GAGGTCAGAGGATCCAAG	RT-PCR
Tt6706_R	GCTGTCTGTTCCAAGACCAG	RT-PCR
Mc3598_F	GTTCCATCGCGAAGTGTG	RT-PCR
Mc3598_R	CCTGCATCAAAATAGCCTG	RT-PCR
Mc3602_F	CGTATGGACGTTAATGGC	RT-PCR
Mc3602_R	GTGAAAGCTCTGTTGCTG	RT-PCR
ANactin_F	GATCGGTATGGGTGAGAAGGAC	RT-PCR
ANactinM_R	CTTCATCAGGTAGTCCGTCAGG	RT-PCR

Table S3. Genes and enzymes predicted through deep bioinformatic annotation of the putative *nrc*-like cluster in fungi

Protein	Identity (%) to genes of								putative function
<i>Trichophyton tonsurans</i> CBS 112818	<i>Trichophyton equinum</i> CBS 127.97	<i>Arthroderma benhamiae</i> CBS 112371	<i>Trichophyton verrucosum</i> HKI 0517	<i>Arthroderma gypseum</i> CBS 118893	<i>Trichophyton rubrum</i> CBS 118892	<i>Arthroderma otae</i> CBS 113480	<i>Neosartorya fischeri</i> NRRL 181	<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i> Af293	
TESG_06706	TEQG_05350 (100 %)	ARB_00534 (88%)	TRV_00390 (83%)	MGYG_0659 2 (75%)	TERG_08361 (90%)	MCYG_0360 2 (77 %)	NFIA_1122 00 (57%)	AFUA_7G0 0200 (52%)	C6 transcription factor
TESG_06705	TEQG_05349 (100 %)	ARB_00535 (91%)	TRV_00389 (75%)	MGYG_0659 1 (79%)	TERG_08360 (91%)	MCYG_0360 1 (79 %)	NFIA_1122 10 (66%)	AFUA_7G0 0190 (65%)	metallo- β -lactamase-like thioesterase
TESG_06704	TEQG_05348 (41 %)*	ARB_00536 (90%)	TRV_00388 (91%)	MGYG_0659 0 (80%)	TERG_08359 (89%)	MCYG_0360 0 (83 %)	NFIA_1122 20 (67%)	AFUA_7G0 0180 (67%)	flavin-dependent monooxygenase
TESG_06703	TEQG_05347 (99 %)	ARB_00537 (96%)	TRV_00387 (95%)	MGYG_0658 9 (92%)	TERG_08358 (94%)	MCYG_0359 9 (90 %)	NFIA_1122 30 (64%)	AFUA_7G0 0170 (65%)	prenyltransferase
TESG_06702	TEQG_05346 (98 %)	ARB_00538 (94%)	TRV_00386 (93%)	MGYG_0658 8 (88%)	TERG_08357 (94%)	MCYG_0359 8 (89 %)	NFIA_1122 40 (77%)	AFUA_7G0 0160 (76%)	non-reducing polyketide synthase
TESG_06701	TEQG_05345 (71 %)	ARB_00539 (93%)	TRV_00385 (93%)	MGYG_0658 7 (90%)	TERG_08356 (74%)	-	-	-	dioxygenase
TESG_06700	TEQG_05344 (95 %)	ARB_00540 (88%)	TRV_00384 (88%)	MGYG_0886 7 (90%)	-	-	-	-	hypothetical protein
TESG_06699	TEQG_05343 (91 %)	ARB_00541 (88%)	TRV_00383 (88%)	MGYG_0886 6 (76%)	-	-	-	-	major facilitator superfamily transporter
TESG_06698	Poor sequence*	ARB_00542 (97%)	TRV_00382 (96%)	MGYG_0886 5 (95%)	-	-	-	-	asp/glu racemase
TESG_06697	TEQG_05342 (100 %)	ARB_00543 (95%)	TRV_00381 (96%)	MGYG_0886 4 (92%)	-	-	-	-	dioxygenase
TESG_06696	TEQG_05341 (99 %)	-	-	MGYG_0886 1 (42%)	-	-	-	-	glycoside hydrolase
TESG_06695	TEQG_05340 (99 %)	ARB_00544 (90%)	TRV_00380 (90%)	MGYG_0886 0 (91%)	TERG_08355 (94%)	-	-	-	alcohol dehydrogenase

* Poor sequencing in the genome database to lead to TEQG_05348 shorter coding region than other FMO homologs.

Table S4. NMR assignment for neosartoricin B in CDCl₃ (500 MHz)



no.	δ_{H} , mult. (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{C}	HMBC
1		200.4	
2	4.45, s	76.6	C-1
3		75.5	
4	3.04, d (17.2) 3.37, d (17.5)	36.4	C-3, C-4a, C-5
4a		140.8	
5		130.2	
5a		125.8	
6	6.61, d, 1.6	100.5	C-5a, C-8
7		160.7	
8	6.32, brs	101.6	C-6, C-7, C-9a
9		160.2	
9a		106.6	
10		163.1	
10a		107.6	
11	2.78, d (15) 2.93, d (15)	46.7	C-3, C-4, C-12 C-3, C-4, C-12
12		193.2	
13	5.68, s	102.2	C-14, C-15, C-11
14		190.4	
15	2.11, s	24.5	C-13, C-14
16	3.42, d (6.3) 3.36, d (6.7)	27.3	C-4a, C-5, C-5a, C-17
17	4.98, s	121.6	C-20, C-19, C-5
18		132.8	
19	1.81, s	18.2	C-17, C18, C-20
20	1.69, s	25.8	C-17, C-19, C18
2-OH	2.31 (1H, s)		C-1, C-2
3-OH	6.04 (1H, brs)		
7-OH	n.a		
9-OH	9.79 (1H, s)		C-9, C-8, C-9a
10-OH	14.9 (1H, s)		C-10, C-9a, C-9
14-OH(a)	15.37 (1H, brs)		

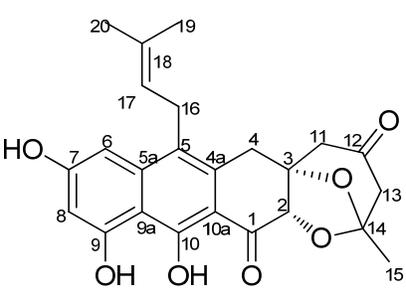
n.a: not assigned

Table S5. NMR assignment for neosartoricin C in CDCl₃ (500 MHz)

no.	δ_{H} , mult. (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{C}	HMBC
1		199.2	
2	4.45, s	76.2	C-1
3		84.6	
4	2.69, d (17.0)	32.4	C-5, C-4a
	3.86, d (17.0)		C-3, C-2, C-10a, C-5, C-4a
4a		129.3	
5		125.0	
5a		140.8	
6	6.75, d (2.1)	100.5	C-8, C-9a, C-7, C-5
7		160.6	
8	6.52, d (2.1)	102.0	C-6, C-9a, C-9
9		161.0	
9a		107.8	
10		163.0	
10a		106.5	
11	2.43, d (16.4)	41.8	C-12, C-4
	3.44, d (16.4)		C-12, C-4, C-3, C-2
12		191.3	
13	5.34, s	103.9	C-11, C-14, C-15
14		172.1	
15	1.73, s	21.1	C-14, C-13
16	3.38, m	27.2	C-18, C-4a, C-17, C5, C5a
17	4.82, m	121.1	C-5, C-19, C-20
18		133.4	
19	1.78, s	18.3	
20	1.66, s	25.7	
10-OH	14.86, s		C-10, C-10a, C-9a
9-OH	9.85, s		C-9, C9a, C-8

n.a: not assigned

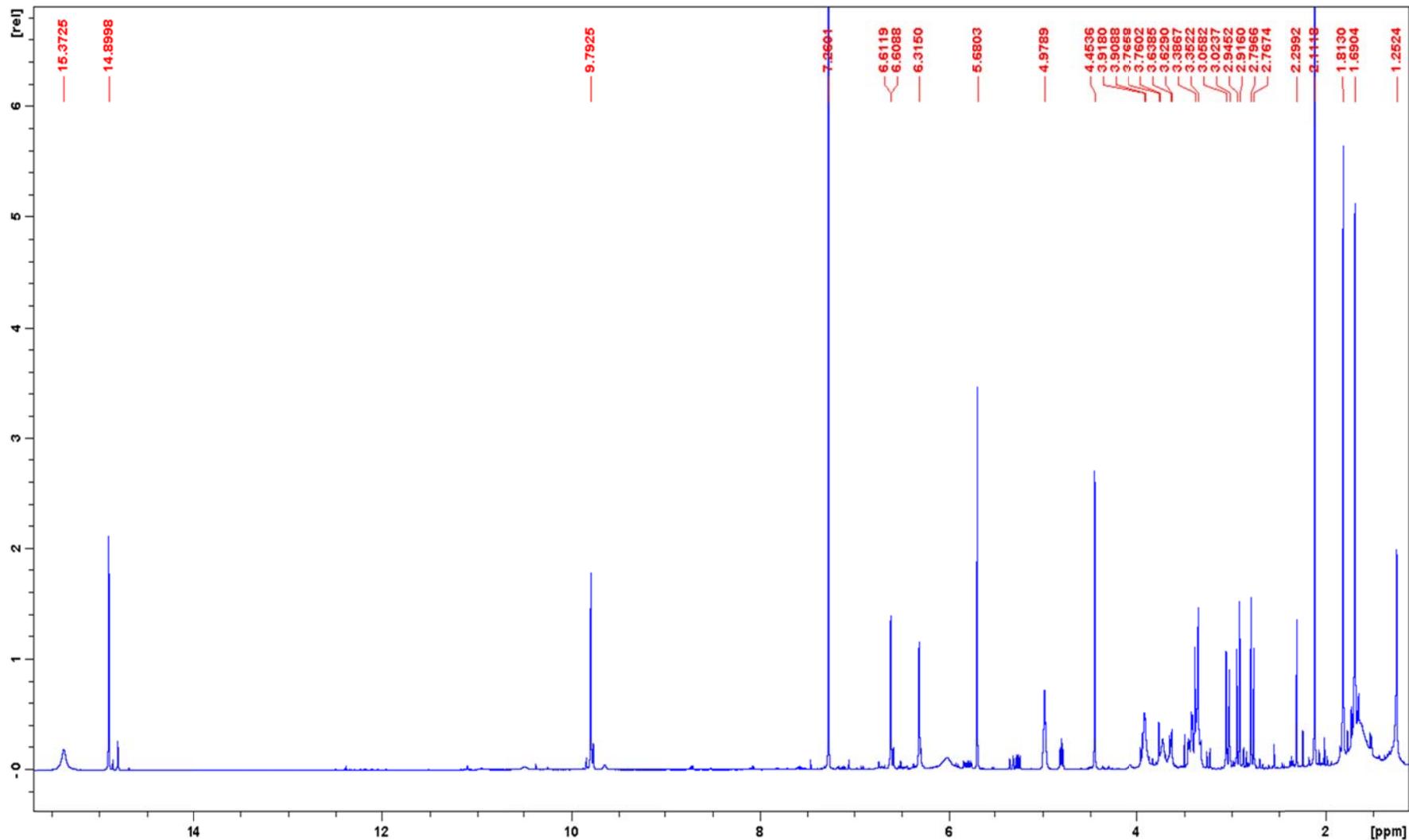
Table S6. NMR assignment for neosartoricin D in CDCl₃ (500 MHz)



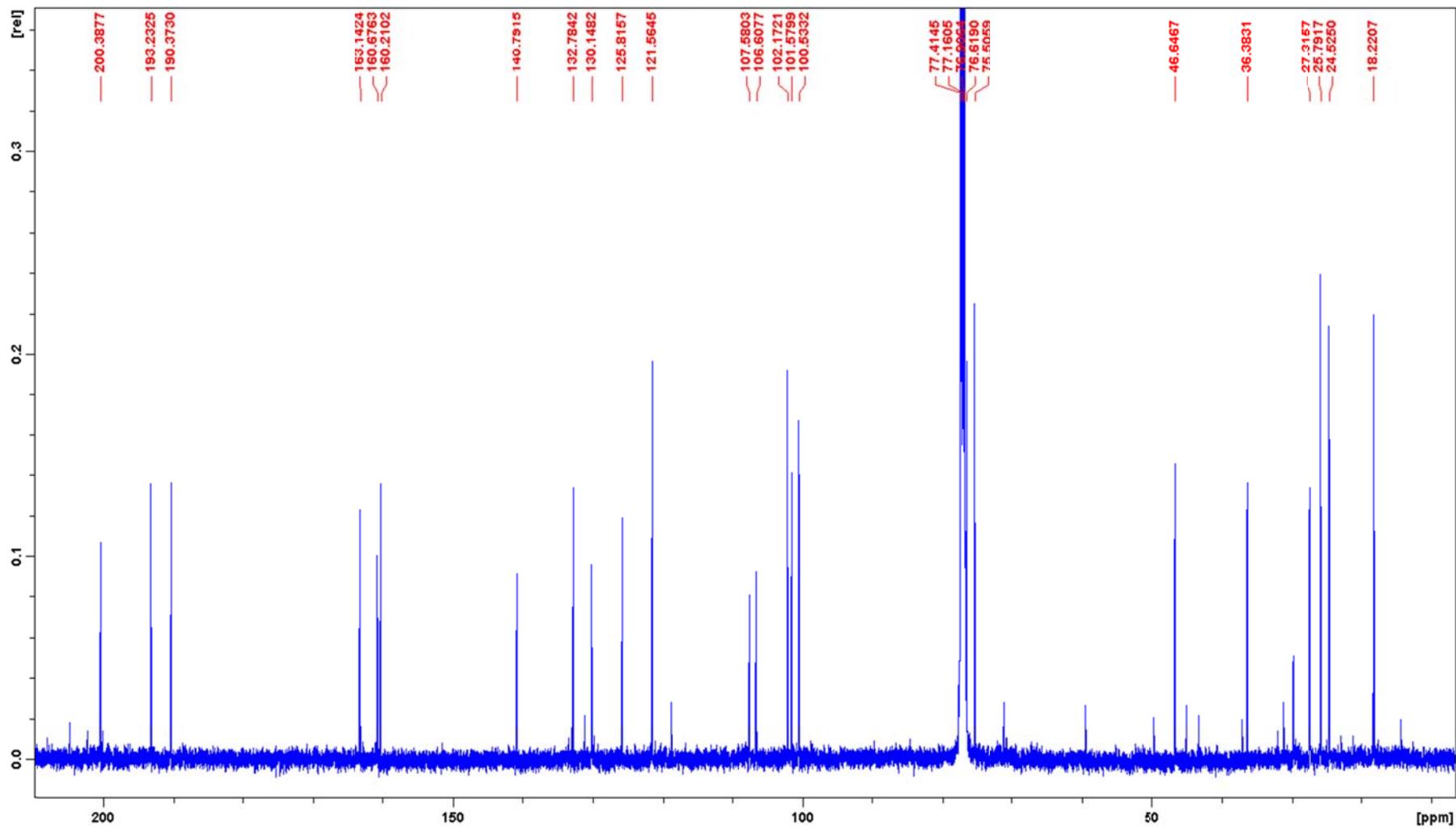
no.	δ_{H} , mult. (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{C}
1		203.6
2	4.46, s	80.5
3		78.3
4	2.99, d (17.6) 3.63, d (17.6)	32.2
4a		128.9
5		125.2
5a		141.5
6	6.69, d (2.1)	100.9
7		160.9
8	6.46, d (2.1)	101.7
9		162.0
9a		108.2
10		168.9
10a		106.2
11	2.59, d (16.8) 2.76, d (16.8)	51.1
12		196.3
13	2.70, s	50.1
14		108.6
15	1.72, s	24.6
16	3.48, m	27.4
17	4.99, t (6.7)	121.2
18		133.4
19	1.85, s	18.4
20	1.51, s	25.8
10-OH	n.a	
9-OH	10.4, s	
7-OH	5.46, s	

n.a: not assigned

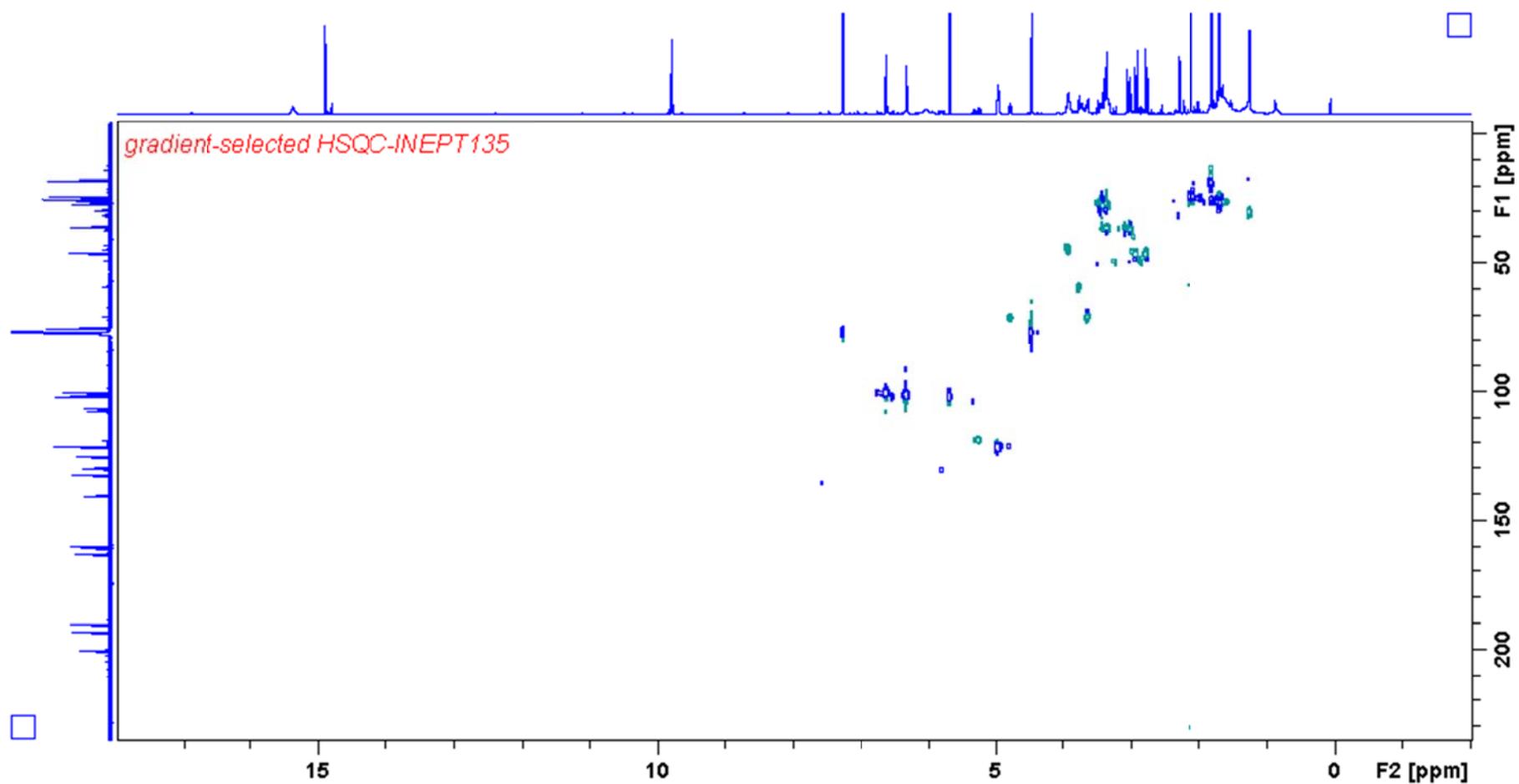
Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin B



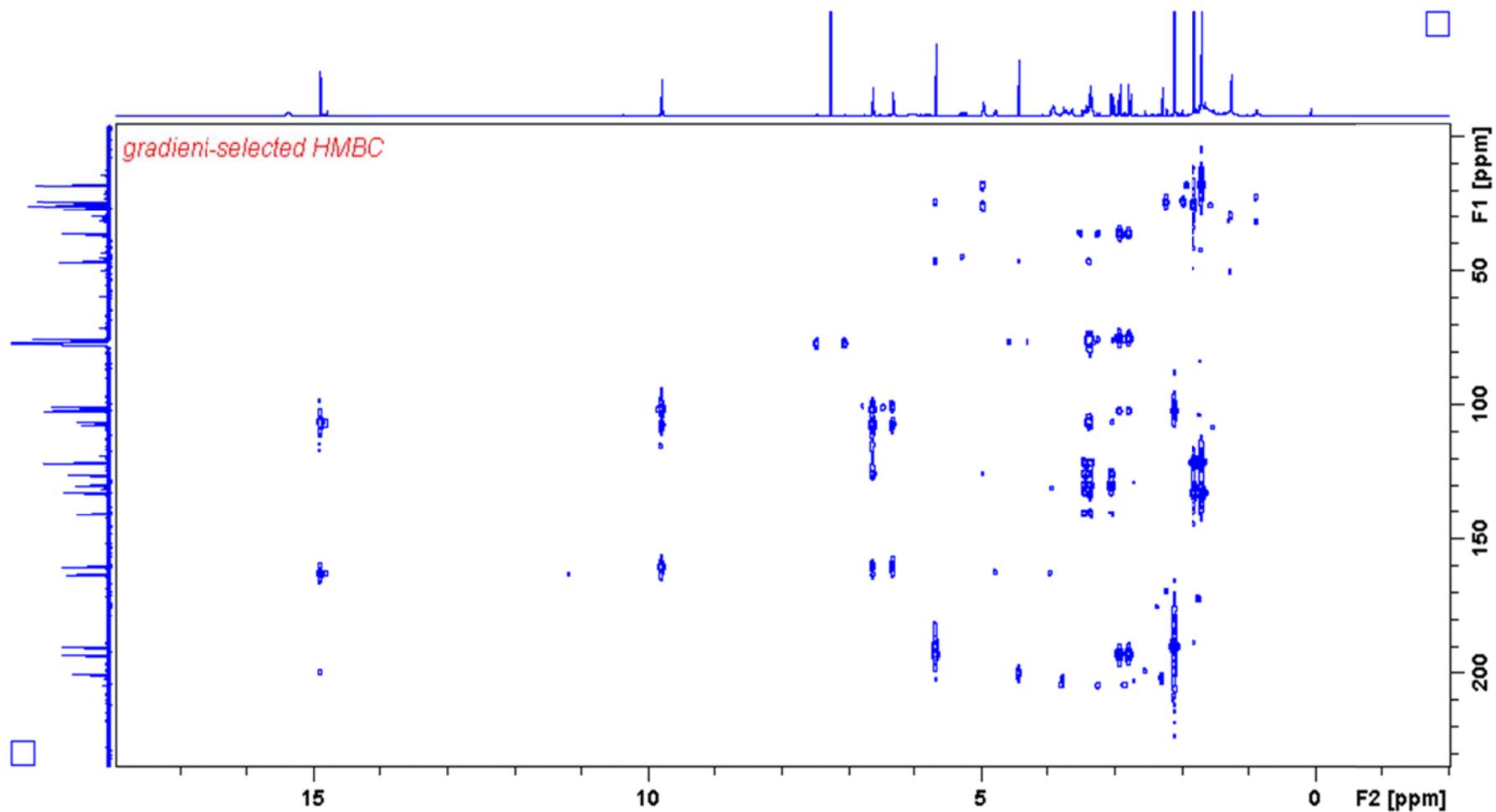
¹H-NMR spectrum of neosartoricin B in CDCl₃ measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S4 for peak assignments)



¹³C-NMR spectrum of neosartoricin B in CDCl₃ measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S4 for peak assignments)

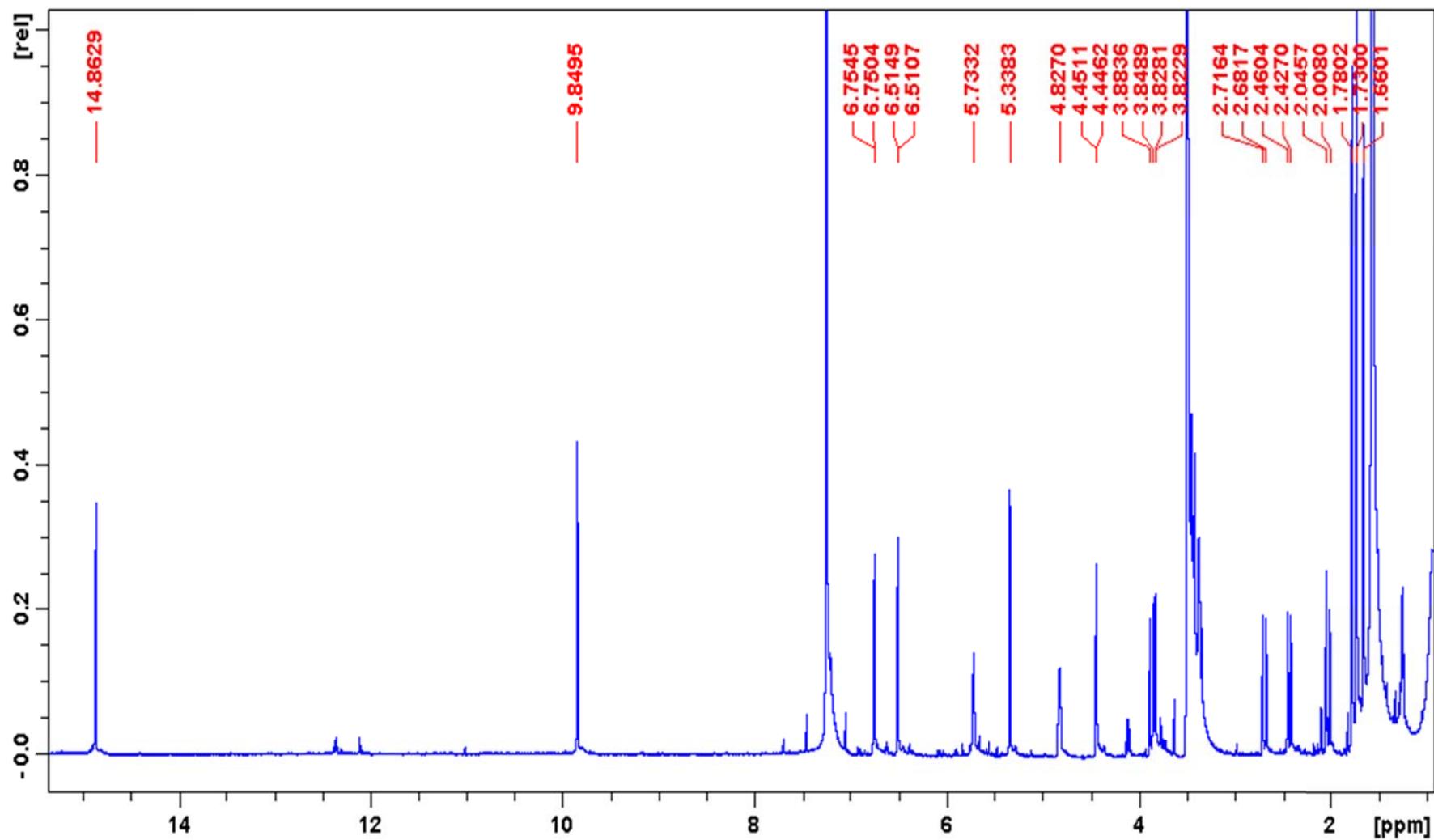


^1H - ^{13}C HSQC spectrum of neosartoricin B in CDCl_3 measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S4 for peak assignments)

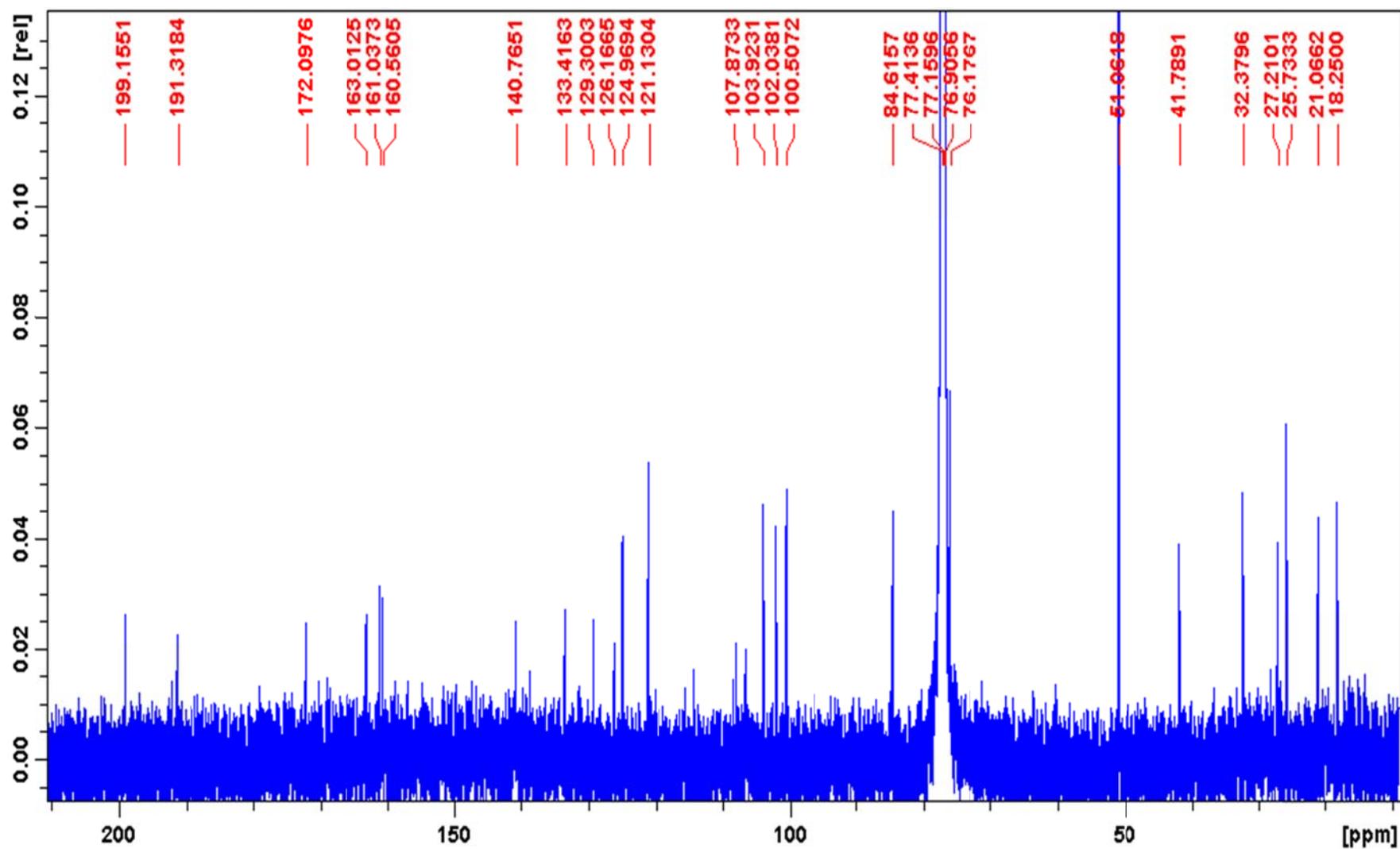


^1H - ^{13}C HMBC spectrum of neosartoricin B in CDCl_3 measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S4 for peak assignments)

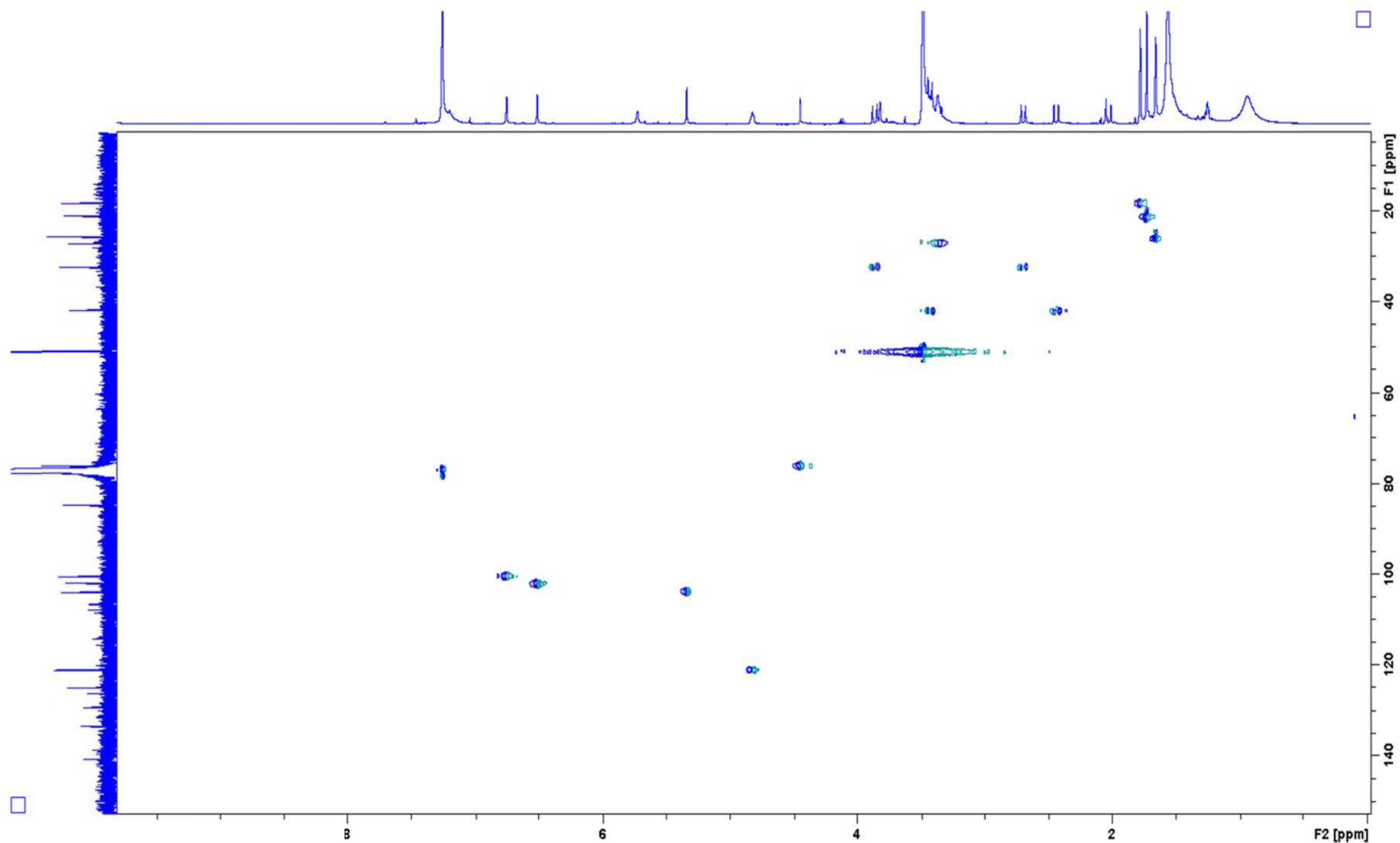
Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin C



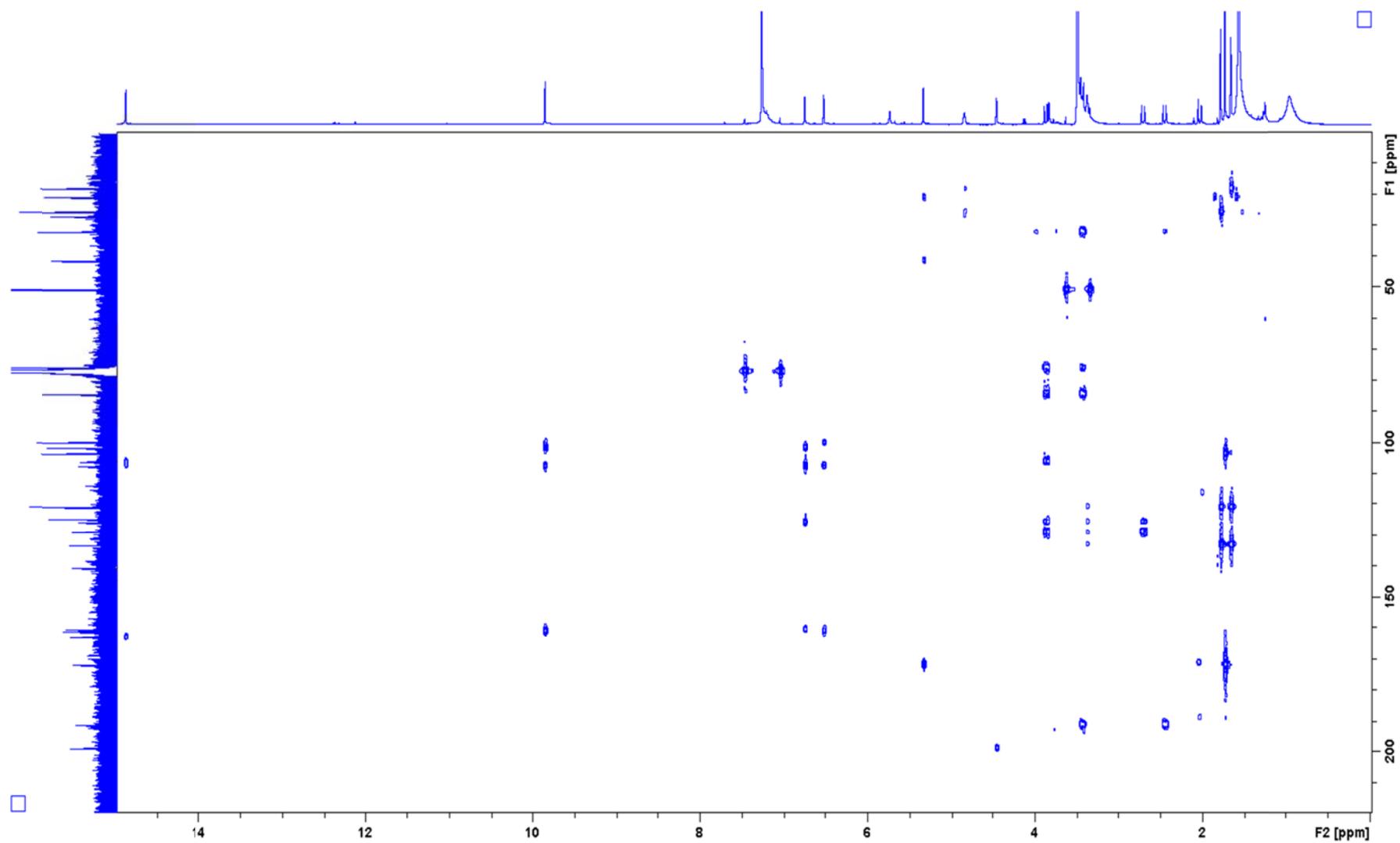
¹H-NMR spectrum of neosartoricin C in CDCl₃ measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S5 for peak assignments)



¹³C-NMR spectrum of neosartoricin C in CDCl₃ measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S5 for peak assignments)

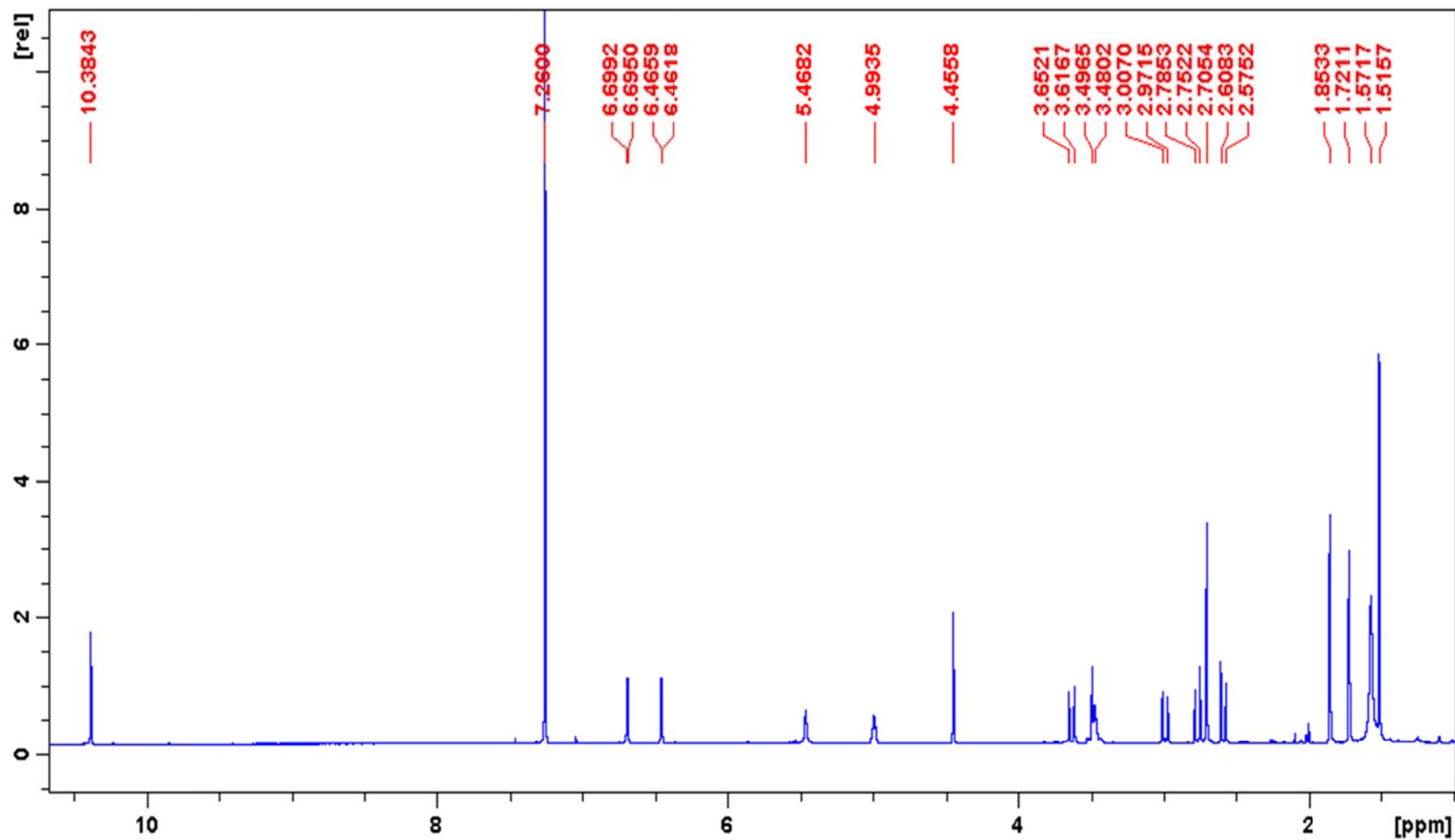


^1H - ^{13}C HSQC spectrum of neosartoricin C in CDCl_3 measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S5 for peak assignments)

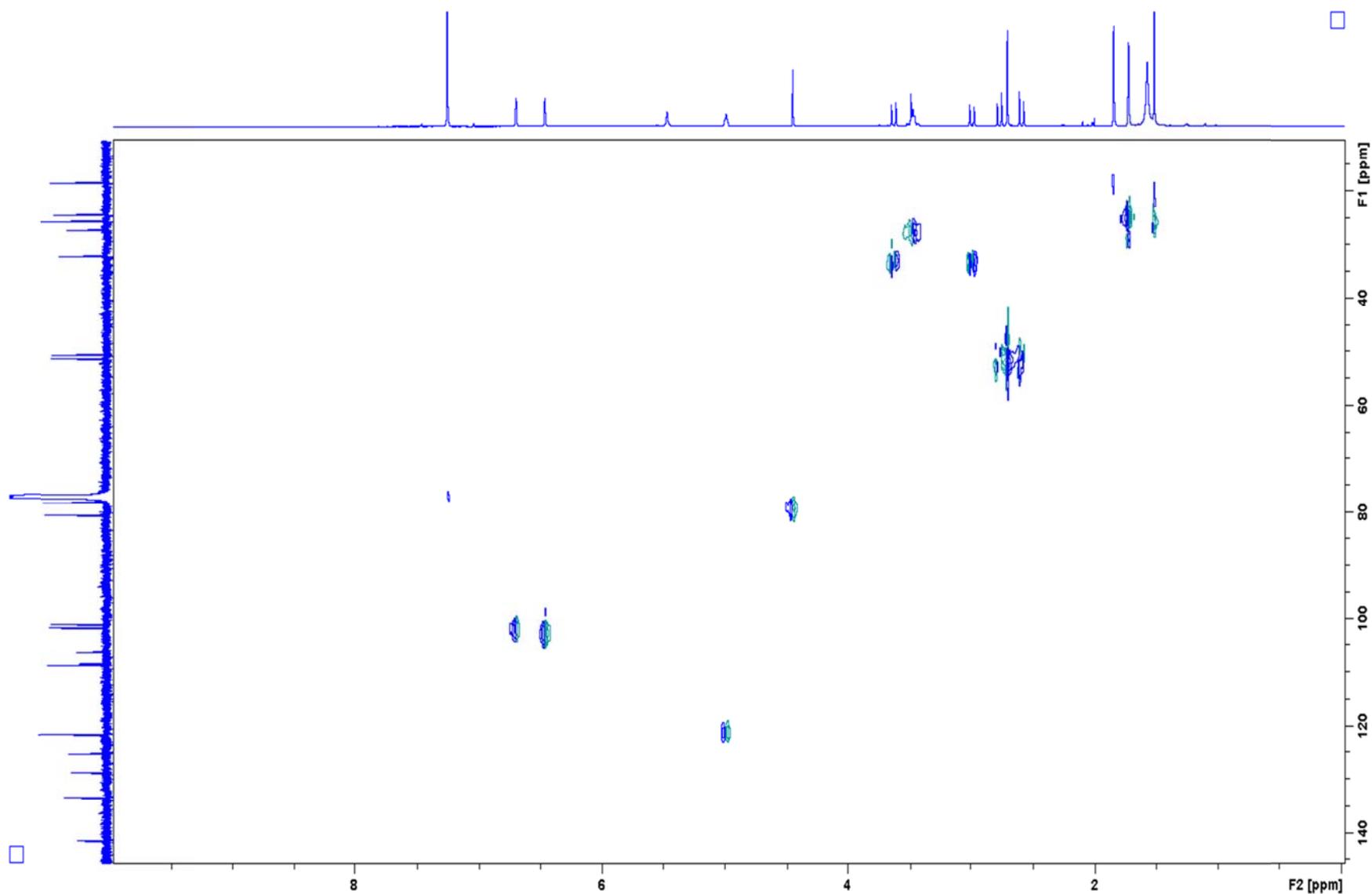


^1H - ^{13}C HMBC spectrum of neosartoricin C in CDCl_3 measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S5 for peak assignments)

Supplementary NMR spectra for neosartoricin D



¹H-NMR spectrum of neosartoricin D in CDCl₃ measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S6 for peak assignments)



^1H - ^{13}C HSQC spectrum of neosartoricin D in CDCl_3 measured on 500 MHz Bruker NMR spectrometer (see Table S6 for peak assignments)

Supplementary References

1. Colot, H. V., Park, G., Turner, G. E., Ringelberg, C., Crew, C. M., Litvinkova, L., Weiss, R. L., Borkovich, K. A., and Dunlap, J. C. (2006) A high-throughput gene knockout procedure for *Neurospora* reveals functions for multiple transcription factors, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 103, 10352-10357.
2. Yin, W. B., Amaike, S., Wohlbach, D. J., Gasch, A. P., Chiang, Y. M., Wang, C. C., Bok, J. W., Rohlf, M., and Keller, N. P. (2012) An *Aspergillus nidulans* bZIP response pathway hardwired for defensive secondary metabolism operates through *aflR*, *Mol. Microbiol.* 83, 1024-1034.