Independent signalling mechanisms can transduce the life-cycle differentiation signal in *Trypanosoma brucei*

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Supplementary Data



Glucose depletion does not stimulate the differentiation of stumpy form trypanosomes. Stumpy forms were incubated with 10% serum (approximately 0.5mM glucose final concentration) plus 0mM, 2.5mM, 5.0mM, 7.5mM or 10mM glucose in the presence (+CA) or absence (-CA) of 6mM *cis*-aconitate. In low glucose, no differentiation was observed, though the cells underwent efficient differentiation in the presence of CA. Without serum, the cells rapidly underwent cell death (not shown). Procyclin expression was monitored after 4h and 24h. Control assays were carried out also with stumpy form cells (red, right hand panel; negative control) or procyclic form cells (blue, right hand panel, positive control).



Western blots detecting *Tb*PIP39 from samples derived from *Tb*PIP39-RNAi stumpy cells, induced or uninduced with doxycycline during *in vivo* growth, and then exposed to cis-aconitate, mild acid, and pronase. Induction was retained after differentiation was stimulated by inclusion of tetracycline in the cell culture medium, with samples being prepared at the indicated times (in hours) thereafter. Western blots were reacted with the antibody against α -tubulin (Tub) to show the relative loading in each case, and with antibody detecting *Tb*PIP39.



Trypanosomes in tsetse midgut extracts treated (+STI) or untreated (-STI) with Soybean trypsin inhibitor and probed for EP procyclin expression after 4 h. Controls of cultured procyclic forms and bloodstream forms are also shown. Exposures in the EP procyclin panels in each case were identical to allow comparison of relative staining. Bar= 10 μ m.

PIP39	ATGGTGAGGACGACACGCTTTTCACGCAACAGTTCCAAACCACTGTTTCAGCAATTACAG	60
5189A2	A V R T T R F S R N S S K P L F Q Q L Q .	20
IP39 IP39s	CTTATTACATCGTATGGACTCTTTCAGGAGTATCCACCCATTTGGTCACTTCCCCTTCCA ctgattacgagctacggtctttttcaagagtaccccccaatttggagccttccaattcca	120
2	L I T S Y G L F Q E Y P P I W S L P L P	40
PIP39 PIP39s	CCTCAACAACCTCGTGATACGGGAAAACCCACACTGGTGCTTGATATTGATGAAACACTG ccacagcagccacgcgatacaggcaagccaacacttgtgctg <u>gac</u> atc <u>gac</u> gagacactt	180
	P Q Q P R D T G K P T L V L D I D E T L	60
PIP39 PIP39s	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{ATTCATACTGTGGGGATGCGGAATGAGGGGGTCGGATTCTGTCTCCTTCAGTTTCTTCCTG} & \\ \text{attcac} \underline{acagtg} \\ \text{ggcatgcgcaacgagggtagtgatagtgtcgtttagctttttctg} \\ \text{I} & \text{H} & \underline{\textbf{T}} & \underline{\textbf{V}} & \text{G} & \text{M} & \text{R} & \text{N} & \text{E} & \text{G} & \text{S} & \text{D} & \text{S} & \text{V} & \text{S} & \text{F} & \text{S} & \text{F} & \text{L} \\ \end{array}$	240 80
PIP39 PIP39s	CGTCCACATGCGAAGGAATTTCTCGCGGAGGTACGTGAACTGTACGAAGTTGTGTTCTGG	300
	R P H A K E F L A E V R E L Y E V V F W	100
PIP39 PIP39s	ACGGCTGGTACCGCATCCTACTGCTCAGCTGTTATGGATGCACTGGAGGTGCAGGTGTTA	360
	TAGTASYCSAVMDALEVQVL	120
PIP39 PIP39s	CAACTCCCACGATCATTTTTACAATATTGATGAACTCCGCGTAGAGGCACGTGGTGGAATC cagcttccacgcagcttctacaacattgatgagcttcgtgtggaagcgcgggtgtatt Q L P R S F Y N I D E L R V E A R G G I	420 140
PIP39	TCCACCAAGAATGTTAACTTCTATGCCCTTTCCCGAACTCAAACGTTACAAGGGCATAAT	480
PIP39s	agtacgaagaacgtgaacttttacgcgcttagccgcacacagacacttcagggtcacaac S T K N V N F Y A L S R T Q T L Q G H N	160
PIP39	TACATGAAATACCTTCCAATGCTTGGCAGACCATTGAATCGTGTCATAGTGATCGACAGT	540
11 5 5 5	Y M K Y L P M L G R P L N R V I V I D S	180
PIP39 PIP39s	GATGTACGCAGCTTTCCTCTTCATCCACGTAACGGTGTTAAGATCGAACCCTTCCTACCG gacgtgcgcagttttccattgcacccacgtaatggcgtgaagattgagccatttcttcca	600
	D V R S F P L H P R N G V K I E P F L P 2	200
PIP39 PIP39s	AATGAACGTGTTTTATCCGAATATGCCCGCGTAGTAACCGATGAGGTGAAATATGGTCAA aacgagcgcgtgttgagcgagtacgcacgtgtggttacggatgaagtgaagtacggtcaa	660 220
ртр39	GTTGGTCAGCGGCAGTATGAAGGCGAAAAGTCATTGAGCGTGGTGAGGAGGAG	720
PIP39s	gtgggacaacgccagtacgaggggggagatggcgaaagtgattgaacgcggagaggaagag V G Q R Q Y E G E M A K V I E R G E E E	240
PIP39 PIP39g	GTAGCGCGATTGCAAGCGGATCATGCCCTTATGGATCTGATTCCAATGCTACGCTCTGCG	780
11555	V A R L Q A D H A L M D L I P M L R S A	260
PIP39 PIP39s	GCTTCTTCAACTGATTTGACTCACGAATTAGACCATTGGCGTACGGATGAGTACACAAAG gcaagcagcacagatcttaccacagagcttgatcactggcgcacagacgagtacacgaa	840
	A S S T D L T H E L D H W R T D E Y T K :	280
PIP39 PIP39s	tgtgatgatttccgcgagacaatgaacagccttagtgtgacgcgccaaaagattctgggc C D D F R E T M N S L S V T R Q K I L G	300
PIP39	AATGTTCTTAAGGAGCGACGCAACGTACCGATTCCGCCTCTCAAGCAGCACGTGATGAAT	960
PIP39s	aacgtgctgaaagaacgccgtaacgtgccaattccaccgttgaagcaacatgtgatgaac N V L K E R R N V P I P P L K Q H V M N	320
PIP39 PIP39s	CATGGATTTATGGAGGAGGCAAATGCCGCTATGAAGTTGGAGCAGATGCGACACACTCCT cacggtttcatggaagaggcgaacgcagcaatgaagctcgagcaaatgcgtcacacacca	1020
	H G F M E E A N A A M K L E Q M R H T P	340
PIP39 PIP39s	TCAAGACTTTAG 1032 agtcgtctt S R L 343	

Gene sequence of *Tb*PIP39 and recoded *Tb*PIP39 mutants where predicted citrate binding residues (in bold and underlined) are mutated



Citrate and isocitrate allow interaction between TbPIP39 and TbPTP1.

- A. Purified *Tb*PTP1 and *Tb*PIP39wt used in these interaction assays
- B. 2-fold dilution of PIP39wt from 59 μ M 3.7 μ M in the absence of either citrate or iso-citrate subjected to surface plasmon resonance on a *Tb*PTP1 surface and analysed using a T200 BIAcore.
- C. 2-fold dilution of citrate alone from 2 mM 0.125 mM subjected to surface plasmon resonance on a *Tb*PTP1 surface and analysed using a T200 BIAcore.
- D. 2-fold dilution of *Tb*PIP39wt from 59 μ M 3.7 μ M in the presence of 2 mM citrate subjected to surface plasmon resonance on a *Tb*PTP1 surface and analysed using a T200 BIAcore.
- E. 2-fold dilution of iso-citrate alone from 2 mM 0.125 mM subjected to surface plasmon resonance on a *Tb*PTP1 surface and analysed using a T200 BIAcore.
- F. 2-fold dilution of PIP39wt in from 59 μ M 3.7 μ M in the presence of 2 mM iso-citrate subjected to surface plasmon resonance on a *Tb*PTP1 surface and analysed using a T200 BIAcore.



Calorimetric titration of citrate into recombinant TbPIP39 wt, D, DD and 6364 mutants.

*Tb*PIP39 wt, D, DD or 6364 mutants were desalted into *ITC buffer* (10 mM Hepes, pH7.3; 0.05% P20; 20 mM MgCl₂ and 2mM DTT) on a pre-equilibrated 5ml HiTrap desalting column (GE Healthcare). After a preliminary injection of 2 µl, nineteen 15 µl aliquots of 2 mM citrate in *ITC buffer* were injected into 1.41 ml of 5 µM *Tb*PIP39 wt, D, DD or 6364 mutants at 25 °C using an AutoITC instrument (MicroCal). The experimental parameters were as follows: injection time 30s; 200s inter-injection delay, stirring 250 rpm and power setting 5. Control experiments were carried out in which 2 mM citrate in ITC buffer. Each peak represents the injection of a 15 µl aliquot of 2 mM citrate into 1.41 ml of 5 µM *Tb*PIP39 at 25 °C in 10 mM Hepes, pH7.3; 0.05% P20; 20 mM MgCl₂ and 2mM DTT. No difference was observed in the presence of *Tb*PIP39 or buffer only, demonstrating an absence of detectable citrate binding.

For Figures S5 and S6 recombinant proteins were produced and purified as follows: Recombinant proteins were expressed and purified to homogeneity from BL21 (DE3) Star *E. coli* (Invitrogen), grown shaking (260 rpm) at 30 °C for 16 hrs in EnPresso Medium (BioSilta) containing carbenicillin (100 µg.ml⁻¹). Cell pellets of His-PTP1 were resuspended in 20 mM NaH₂PO₄, pH 7.4; 500 mM NaCl; 20 mM Imidazole; plus protease inhibitors at 10 % wt/vol, and lysed

by a single passage through a Constant Systems Cell Disruptor (1.1 kW TS Benchtop) set at 22 kpsi, followed by centrifugation at 50,000g for 1hr at 4 °C. The filtered (0.22 µm) supernatant was loaded onto an ÅKTA Purifier (GE Healthcare) fitted with a 1ml HiTrap IMAC FF column (GE Healthcare) and an HiPrep S200 16/60 HR (GE Healthcare), run with standard configuration and settings for a 2-step affinity-gel-filtration protocol. Buffers used for the purification were; IMAC Loading buffer: 20 mM NaH₂PO₄, pH 7.4; 500 mM NaCl; 20 mM Imidazole; 100 µM PMSF. IMAC Elution buffer: 20 mM NaH₂PO₄, pH 7.4; 500 mM NaCl; 500 mM Imidazole. Gel-Filtration Buffer: 10 mM HEPES, pH 7.5; 150 mM NaCl; 0.05% P20; 50 µM EDTA; 20 mM MgCl₂. GST-PIP39wt, GST-PIP39 D, GST-PIP39 DD and GST-PIP39 6364 were resuspended in 20 mM HEPES, pH7.5; 150 mM NaCl, 1mM DTT; 5 % glycerol plus protease inhibitors at 10 % wt/vol, and lysed by a single passage through a Constant Systems Cell Disruptor (1.1 kW TS Benchtop) set at 22 kpsi, followed by centrifugation at 50,000 x g for 1hr at 4 °C. The filtered (0.22 µm) supernatant was loaded onto an ÅKTA Purifier (GE Healthcare) fitted with a 1ml GSTrap FF column (GE Healthcare) and an HiPrep S200 16/60 HR (GE Healthcare), run with standard configuration and settings for a 2-step affinity-gel-filtration protocol. Buffers for used the purification were; GSTrap Loading buffer: 20 mM HEPES, pH7.5; 150 mM NaCl, 1mM DTT; 5 % glycerol. GSTrap Elution buffer 20 mM HEPES, pH7.5; 150 mM NaCl, 1mM DTT; 5 % glycerol; 20 mM reduced glutathione. Gel-Filtration Buffer: 10 mM HEPES, pH 7.5; 150 mM NaCl; 0.05% P20; 50 µM EDTA; 20 mM MgCl₂.