

Appendix Tables

Appendix Table 1: Sample Characteristics by Casewise Inclusion and Exclusion of Missing Values for Accelerometry, TV, and Non-TV Sitting samples.

<i>Categorical variables^a</i>	Accelerometry-Measured Sedentary Time Models							<i>% missing</i>
	Excluded			Included			<i>p</i>	
	<i>%</i>	<i>N</i>		<i>%</i>	<i>N</i>			
Sex (% male)	47.92	192		46.51	587		0.734	0.0
Limiting longstanding illness (% with LLI)	8.9	192		6.8	587		0.598	0.0
Household income (% in highest quintile)	8.5	71		13.45	587		0.014	15.53
Social class (% managerial technical or professional)	45.45	165		43.61	587		0.900	3.5
Area deprivation (% in most affluent quintile)	21.35	192		23.00	587		0.157	0.0
<i>Continuous variables^b</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>% missing</i>
Age	10.41	3.0	192	10.11	3.0	587	0.245	0.0
BMI	19.70	5.0	158	18.76	3.4	587	0.005	4.4
Sedentary time per day (Acc) (mins)	462.46	101.62	192	446.02	100.47	587	0.050	0.0
TV time per day (SR) (mins)	120.72	73.52	192	117.93	76.45	587	0.658	0.0
Non-TV sitting time per day (SR) (mins)	107.78	65.27	192	111.31	70.46	587	0.540	0.0
Active transportation time to and from School (mins)	12.26	15.11	192	13.35	16.29	587	0.414	0.0
Sporting and informal activities time per day (SR) (mins)	75.99	94.80	192	54.69	53.06	587	0.000	0.0
MVPA time per day (Acc) (mins)	62.21	40.39	192	66.91	39.44	587	0.155	0.0
<i>Categorical variables^a</i>	TV Time models							<i>% missing</i>
	Excluded			Included			<i>p</i>	
	<i>%</i>	<i>N</i>		<i>%</i>	<i>N</i>			
Sex (% male)	48.33	1765		50.05	3822		0.231	0.0
Limiting longstanding illness (% with LLI)	9.2	1765		7.8	3822		0.116	0.0
Household income (% in highest quintile)	10.82	869		15.10	3822		0.000	16.04

quintile)

	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD	N	<i>p</i>	% missing
Social class (% managerial technical or professional)	43.72		1505	45.05	3822	0.433	4.7	
Area deprivation (% in most affluent quintile)	20.34		1765	22.58	3822	0.000	0.0	
Age	10.29	3.2	1765	10.01	3.1	3822	0.002	0.0
BMI	19.62	5.0	1137	18.79	3.46	3822	0.000	11.2
TV time per day (SR) (mins)	127.33	86.22	1765	113.23	62.8	3822	0.000	0.0
Non-TV sitting time per day (SR) (mins)	111.12	73.79	1765	111.09	70.43	3822	0.987	0.0
Active transportation time to and from School (mins)	12.54	18.16	1765	12.07	15.08	3822	0.310	0.0
Sporting and informal activities time per day (SR) (mins)	67.17	84.42	1765	55.52	51.80	3822	0.000	0.0

Non-TV Sitting Time Models

<i>Categorical variables^a</i>	Excluded			Included			<i>p</i>	% missing
	%	N		%	N			
Sex (% male)	49.46	1767		49.53	3820		0.963	0.0
Limiting longstanding illness (% with LLI)	9.1	1767		7.9	3820		0.117	0.0
Household income (% in highest quintile)	11.48	871		14.95	3820		0.000	16.04
Social class (% managerial technical or professional)	44.46	1507		44.76	3820		0.714	4.7
Area deprivation (% in most affluent quintile)	20.66	1767		22.44	3820		0.000	0.0
	Mean	SD	N	Mean	SD	N	<i>p</i>	% missing
Age	10.33	3.2	1767	9.99	3.1	3820	0.000	0.0
BMI	19.63	5.0	1139	18.79	3.5	3820	0.000	11.24
TV time per day (SR) (mins)	119.46	75.63	1767	116.86	69.22	3820	0.206	0.0
Non-TV sitting time per day (SR) (mins)	119.28	87.62	1767	107.32	62.32	3820	0.000	0.0
Active transportation time to and from School (mins)	12.72	18.24	1767	11.98	15.03	3820	0.114	0.0

Sporting and
informal activities
time per day (SR)
(mins)

67.16	84.36	1767	55.51	51.82	3820	0.000	0.0
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a Chi Square was used to test significance of association between categorical variables and casewise exclusion

b Anova was used to test significance of association between continuous variables and casewise exclusion

Appendix Table 2: Characteristics of Self-Reported TV time and Accelerometer-Measured Sedentary Time Samples

	Sample		<i>p</i>
	TV* (N=3245)	Accelerometer* (N=587)	
Categorical variables^a	%	%	
Sex (% male)	50.7	46.5	<i>0.062</i>
Limiting longstanding illness (% with LLI)	8.0	6.8	<i>0.433</i>
Continuous variables^b	M (SD)	M (SD)	<i>p</i>
Age	10.00 (3.1)	10.11 (3.0)	<i>0.419</i>
<i>BMI</i>	18.80 (3.5)	18.76 (3.4)	<i>0.806</i>
TV time per day (SR) (mins)	113.29 (62.7)	117.93 (76.45)	<i>0.112</i>
Non-TV sitting time per day (SR) (mins)	111.27 (70.81)	111.31 (70.46)	<i>0.990</i>
Active transportation time to and from School (mins)	11.83 (14.84)	13.35 (16.29)	<i>0.025</i>
Sporting and informal activities time per day (SR) (mins)	55.65 (51.55)	54.69 (53.06)	<i>0.681</i>

* TV sample comprises individuals who have valid TV time data, but do not have valid accelerometer ST data. Accelerometer sample comprises individuals with valid accelerometer ST data.

^a Chi Square was used to test significance of association between categorical variables and TV/accelerometer sample.

^b Anova was used to test significance of association between continuous variables and TV/accelerometer sample.

Appendix Table 3: Multivariable-adjusted Associations between Socioeconomic Position (SEP) Score and Sedentary Time in Children

<i>SEP score</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometer Sedentary Time (mins/day) (N=587)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	5.14 (-10.58, 20.88)	6.35 (-9.24, 21.94)	7.01 (-6.51, 20.54)
3	15.12 (-0.93, 31.18)	15.36 (-0.67, 31.41)	12.28 (-0.59, 25.17)
4	24.14 (10.09, 38.18)	24.15 (10.27, 38.03)	13.08 (0.92, 25.24)
5 (highest)	29.42 (14.26, 44.59)	29.55 (14.44, 44.66)	17.08 (4.74, 29.41)
<i>Trend p</i>	<0.000	<0.000	<0.0001
TV Time (mins/day) (N=3822)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-13.85 (-24.63, -3.07)	-13.4 (-24.03, -2.76)	-13.2 (-23.77, -2.62)
3	-2.66 (-13.5, 8.17)	-0.95 (-11.62, 9.71)	-2.07 (-12.62, 8.47)
4	-11.65 (-22.14, -1.16)	-11.66 (-22.06, -1.25)	-12.96 (-23.35, -2.56)
5 (highest)	-15.53 (-25.01, -6.06)	-13.64 (-23.08, -4.2)	-15.74 (-25.15, -6.33)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.005	0.016	0.003
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins/day) (N=3820)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-3.4 (-12.39, 5.58)	-3.33 (-12.34, 5.67)	-3.08 (-12.04, 5.87)
3	-0.35 (-10.1, 9.39)	-0.17 (-10.02, 9.67)	-1.37 (-11.13, 8.39)
4	11.2 (1.76, 20.64)	11.01 (1.47, 20.55)	9.48 (-0.13, 19.1)
5 (highest)	9.44 (0.77, 18.11)	9.6 (0.77, 18.43)	7.11 (-1.77, 15.99)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.001	0.001	0.010

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI and limiting long term illness; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school, time spent in sporting or informal activities, and MVPA time (accelerometer models only). Models with accelerometer sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days.

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in daily sedentary time) between the reference category (SEP 1) and each of the other SEP scores, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that a specific category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.

Appendix Table 4: Multivariable-adjusted associations between socioeconomic position (SEP) score and sedentary time in children, on week and weekend days

Weekdays			
<i>SEP score</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=582)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	7.99 (-8.51, 24.49)	9.67 (-6.65, 25.99)	8.12 (-5.99, 22.24)
3	16.79 (0.41, 33.16)	17.24 (0.85, 33.64)	13.15 (0.24, 26.07)
4	29.37 (14.45, 44.29)	29.52 (14.79, 44.26)	15.22 (2.62, 27.83)
5 (highest)	31.58 (15.51, 47.65)	31.73 (15.7, 47.76)	17.89 (4.9, 30.88)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.000	0.000	0.002
TV Time (mins) (N=3818)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-15.49 (-26.34, -4.63)	-14.8 (-25.51, -4.1)	-14.83 (-25.5, -4.17)
3	-5.45 (-16.4, 5.5)	-3.46 (-14.23, 7.3)	-4.28 (-14.94, 6.37)
4	-16.27 (-27.13, -5.41)	-15.8 (-26.59, -5.02)	-16.76 (-27.53, -5.99)
5 (highest)	-17.91 (-27.56, -8.27)	-15.59 (-25.18, -6)	-17.19 (-26.8, -7.58)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.001	0.003	0.001
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3816)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-5.21 (-14.55, 4.12)	-4.99 (-14.32, 4.32)	-4.86 (-14.14, 4.41)
3	-1.95 (-12.07, 8.17)	-1.27 (-11.49, 8.94)	-2.3 (-12.45, 7.84)
4	9.18 (-0.66, 19.04)	9.13 (-0.82, 19.1)	7.73 (-2.3, 17.77)
5 (highest)	7.18 (-1.97, 16.35)	8.02 (-1.27, 17.33)	5.73 (-3.64, 15.11)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.006	0.004	0.025
Weekend days			
<i>SEP score</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=455)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-7.36 (-29.32, 14.59)	-7.38 (-29.4, 14.62)	7.36 (-11.06, 25.79)
3	10.95 (-12.07, 33.98)	11.61 (-11.39, 34.62)	9.87 (-9.14, 28.9)
4	2.13 (-18.97, 23.25)	2.79 (-18.09, 23.67)	0.48 (-16.7, 17.67)
5 (highest)	11.31 (-10.23, 32.87)	12.62 (-8.68, 33.94)	16.52 (-1.12, 34.16)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.178	0.168	0.197
TV Time (mins) (N=3874)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-4.85 (-19.37, 9.66)	-4.56 (-18.98, 9.85)	-3.77 (-17.72, 10.17)
3	-0.9 (-15.35, 13.55)	0 (-14.46, 14.45)	-1.64 (-15.79, 12.49)
4	-4.28 (-17.75, 9.17)	-4.98 (-18.4, 8.42)	-6.26 (-19.48, 6.96)
5 (highest)	-11.42 (-24.06, 1.21)	-10.3 (-23.11, 2.5)	-13.58 (-26.08, -1.08)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.114	0.129	0.032
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3841)			
1 (lowest) (reference)			
2	-2.01 (-13.69, 9.67)	-2.13 (-13.85, 9.57)	-1.74 (-13.5, 10.01)
3	-0.16 (-12.51, 12.19)	-0.74 (-13.12, 11.63)	-1.39 (-13.74, 10.95)

4	14.56 (2.23, 26.89)	14.04 (1.67, 26.4)	13.5 (1.12, 25.87)
5 (highest)	20.16 (8.37, 31.96)	19.37 (7.51, 31.23)	18.03 (6.18, 29.88)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.000</i>

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI and limiting longstanding illness; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school (weekday models only), time spent in sporting or informal activities (on week or weekend days), and MVPA time (accelerometer models only, on week or weekend days). Models with accelerometry sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days (week and weekend days).

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in daily sedentary time) between the reference category (SEP 1) and each of the other SEP scores, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that a specific category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.

Appendix Table 5: Multivariable-adjusted associations between area deprivation and sedentary time in children, on week and weekend days

Weekdays			
<i>Index of Multiple Deprivation Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=582)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	9.99 (-6.6, 26.59)	8.71 (-7.45, 24.88)	0.97 (-13.36, 15.31)
Q3	7.44 (-8.28, 23.16)	3.34 (-12.48, 19.16)	2.09 (-11.45, 15.64)
Q4	21.67 (5.75, 37.58)	17.25 (1.15, 33.34)	8.54 (-5.66, 22.74)
Q5 (most deprived)	28.25 (14.2, 42.3)	22.01 (7.57, 36.44)	9.62 (-3.55, 22.8)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.000	0.007	0.127
TV Time (mins) (N=3818)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-5.37 (-15.88, 5.13)	-4.3 (-14.77, 6.15)	-4.55 (-14.9, 5.79)
Q3	-7.26 (-17.51, 2.99)	-2.04 (-12.38, 8.3)	-2.54 (-12.86, 7.77)
Q4	-5.64 (-15.71, 4.42)	2.74 (-7.84, 13.34)	2.17 (-8.34, 12.69)
Q5 (most deprived)	-5.82 (-15.8, 4.16)	2.98 (-7.76, 13.74)	3.23 (-7.43, 13.91)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.285	0.300	0.289
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3816)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-4.82 (-14.19, 4.54)	-6.92 (-16.48, 2.63)	-7.03 (-16.56, 2.5)
Q3	-0.65 (-10.03, 8.73)	-3.28 (-12.75, 6.18)	-3.67 (-13.1, 5.76)
Q4	7.84 (-1.65, 17.34)	4.99 (-4.9, 14.9)	4.5 (-5.33, 14.34)
Q5 (most deprived)	4.34 (-4.98, 13.67)	1.69 (-8.08, 11.47)	2.14 (-7.66, 11.95)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.048	0.319	0.294
Weekend days			
<i>Index of Multiple Deprivation Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=455)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-6.71 (-26.31, 12.89)	-8.83 (-28.08, 10.4)	0.11 (-15.54, 15.77)
Q3	-7.22 (-28.89, 14.45)	-10.41 (-32.29, 11.45)	-1.5 (-19.25, 16.24)
Q4	0.25 (-21.46, 21.98)	-2.86 (-23.85, 18.12)	8.88 (-8.8, 26.57)
Q5 (most deprived)	-2.36 (-24.01, 19.27)	-12.31 (-35.24, 10.61)	-4.68 (-23.98, 14.62)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.470	0.495	0.820
TV Time (mins) (N=3874)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	4.19 (-10.08, 18.48)	3.95 (-10.22, 18.14)	5.33 (-8.44, 19.11)
Q3	-2.9 (-15.58, 9.77)	0.64 (-12.39, 13.69)	2.58 (-10.39, 15.55)
Q4	-1.9 (-14.6, 10.8)	4.57 (-9.01, 18.16)	5.98 (-7.43, 19.4)
Q5 (most deprived)	2.89 (-10.21, 16)	10.28 (-3.66, 24.22)	9.91 (-3.91, 23.74)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.994	0.175	0.190
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3841)			

Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-9.16 (-20.31, 1.98)	-11.14 (-22.28, 0)	-10.51 (-21.68, 0.65)
Q3	2.43 (-9.51, 14.39)	-1.17 (-13.02, 10.67)	-0.35 (-12.21, 11.5)
Q4	14.67 (1.93, 27.4)	8.04 (-4.85, 20.94)	8.55 (-4.28, 21.38)
Q5 (most deprived)	12.56 (1.35, 23.76)	5.15 (-6.43, 16.73)	4.99 (-6.6, 16.59)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.065</i>	<i>0.071</i>

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI, limiting longstanding illness, household income, and social class; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school (weekday models only), time spent in sporting or informal activities (on week or weekend days), and MVPA time (accelerometer models only, on week or weekend days). Models with accelerometer sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days (week and weekend days).

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in daily sedentary time) between the reference category (quintile 1) and each of the other deprivation quintiles, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that a specific category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.

Appendix Table 6: Multivariable-adjusted associations between equivalised household income and sedentary time in children, on week and weekend days

Weekdays			
<i>Household Income Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=582)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	-11.91 (-28.04, 4.21)	-12.8 (-28.93, 3.31)	-9.16 (-22.37, 4.05)
£17789-£27316	3.1 (-11.24, 17.45)	-1.15 (-16.19, 13.88)	-5.89 (-19.61, 7.82)
£27317-£44199	14.39 (-1.13, 29.92)	3.97 (-13.55, 21.51)	2.78 (-12.2, 17.76)
>£44199	13.86 (-3.82, 31.54)	-4.2 (-22.85, 14.44)	-3.45 (-18.94, 12.03)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.002</i>	<i>0.813</i>	<i>0.926</i>
TV Time (mins) (N=3818)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	-11.39 (-21.85, -0.92)	-9.16 (-19.64, 1.31)	-9.2 (-19.62, 1.21)
£17789-£27316	-13.73 (-23.97, -3.49)	-9.49 (-20.49, 1.51)	-10.33 (-21.26, 0.6)
£27317-£44199	-13.88 (-24.23, -3.53)	-5.99 (-17.92, 5.93)	-7.26 (-19.11, 4.57)
>£44199	-21.27 (-31.58, -10.96)	-12.27 (-24.57, 0.01)	-14.24 (-26.65, -1.84)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.118</i>	<i>0.054</i>
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3816)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	5.9 (-3.19, 14.99)	6.43 (-2.57, 15.43)	6.11 (-2.82, 15.05)
£17789-£27316	11.61 (2.06, 21.16)	11.03 (0.8, 21.25)	9.54 (-0.62, 19.71)
£27317-£44199	7.57 (-1.46, 16.62)	5.71 (-4.21, 15.64)	3.69 (-6.17, 13.57)
>£44199	8.96 (-0.62, 18.55)	7.28 (-3.69, 18.26)	4.28 (-6.77, 15.35)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.075</i>	<i>0.696</i>	<i>0.861</i>
Weekend days			
<i>Household Income Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=455)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	-28.36 (-52.39, -4.34)	-24.61 (-48.4, -0.81)	-16.44 (-34.74, 1.86)
£17789-£27316	-16.18 (-40.16, 7.78)	-6.72 (-31.81, 18.37)	-9.51 (-30.49, 11.46)
£27317-£44199	6.1 (-16.24, 28.46)	16.04 (-9.15, 41.24)	15.5 (-5.41, 36.43)
>£44199	0.11 (-24.71, 24.95)	10.83 (-16.65, 38.31)	5.14 (-18.26, 28.56)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.087</i>	<i>0.107</i>	<i>0.181</i>
TV Time (mins) (N=3874)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	-7.33 (-20.73, 6.05)	-6.25 (-19.79, 7.27)	-5.73 (-18.81, 7.35)
£17789-£27316	-8.93 (-22.1, 4.23)	-7.47 (-21.69, 6.74)	-9.57 (-23.52, 4.38)
£27317-£44199	-5.14 (-18.03, 7.74)	0.51 (-14.07, 15.09)	-1.84 (-16.11, 12.41)
>£44199	-23.1 (-36.02, -10.19)	-15.75 (-31.15, -0.35)	-17.86 (-33.13, -2.59)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.017</i>	<i>0.114</i>	<i>0.039</i>
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3841)			
<£10671 (reference)			
£10671-£17788	12.69 (1.45, 23.92)	13.33 (2.06, 24.61)	13.53 (2.28, 24.79)
£17789-£27316	9.18 (-2.63, 21.01)	9.97 (-2.31, 22.26)	9.19 (-3.12, 21.51)
£27317-£44199	27.25 (14.61, 39.89)	26.42 (13.05, 39.79)	25.53 (12.13, 38.93)

>£44199	26.28 (13.84, 38.72)	26.12 (11.9, 40.34)	25.25 (10.88, 39.62)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.001</i>

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI, limiting longstanding illness, social class, and area deprivation ; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school (weekday models only), time spent in sporting or informal activities (on week or weekend days), and MVPA time (on week or weekend days). Models with accelerometry sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days (week and weekend days).

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in daily sedentary time) between the reference category (>£39,000) and each of the other household income quartiles, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that a specific category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.

Appendix Table 7: Multivariable-adjusted associations between social class and sedentary time in children, on week and weekend days

Weekdays			
<i>Social Class of Head of Household</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=582)			
Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			
Skilled manual	-10.53 (-25.13, 4.07)	-11.56 (-26.68, 3.55)	-8.72 (-21.01, 3.56)
Skilled non-manual	11.18 (-7.24, 29.61)	8.01 (-10.77, 26.8)	2.77 (-11.69, 17.23)
Managerial technical and professional	18.73 (6.38, 31.09)	9.85 (-3.52, 23.24)	3.64 (-8.46, 15.74)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.000	0.009	0.082
TV Time (mins) (N=3818)			
Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			
Skilled manual	-6.44 (-17, 4.11)	-5.3 (-16.17, 5.56)	-5.17 (-15.96, 5.62)
Skilled non-manual	-10.16 (-20.71, 0.37)	-9.04 (-19.7, 1.62)	-8.46 (-19.08, 2.15)
Managerial technical and professional	-18.2 (-26.65, -9.75)	-16.03 (-25.96, -6.1)	-16.26 (-26.12, -6.41)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.000	0.001	0.001
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3816)			
Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			
Skilled manual	-1.73 (-10.57, 7.09)	-3.77 (-13.14, 5.6)	-3.38 (-12.72, 5.94)
Skilled non-manual	16.28 (6.09, 26.47)	15.18 (4.9, 25.46)	15.8 (5.58, 26.03)
Managerial technical and professional	7.72 (-0.18, 15.63)	3.35 (-5.9, 12.61)	3.09 (-6.05, 12.25)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.009	0.072	0.085
Weekend days			
<i>Social Class of Head of Household</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=455)			
Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			
Skilled manual	-30.3 (-51.54, -9.06)	-29.28 (-49.84, -8.73)	-22.61 (-39.93, -5.29)
Skilled non-manual	-2.18 (-27.69, 23.32)	-3.94 (-29.03, 21.14)	-4.36 (-22.71, 13.97)
Managerial technical and professional	-3.33 (-21.27, 14.6)	-13.45 (-33.04, 6.13)	-11.17 (-27.61, 5.27)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.275	0.778	0.795
TV Time (mins) (N=3874)			
Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			

Skilled manual	4.06 (-9.51, 17.63)	3.2 (-10.54, 16.95)	2.43 (-11.05, 15.93)
Skilled non-manual	8.76 (-5.37, 22.9)	7.96 (-6.12, 22.05)	9.31 (-4.44, 23.07)
Managerial technical and professional	-10.76 (-21.9, 0.38)	-10.64 (-23.36, 2.07)	-11.62 (-24.2, 0.94)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.016</i>	<i>0.084</i>	<i>0.065</i>

Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3841)

Unskilled and semi-skilled manual (reference)			
Skilled manual	-6.24 (-18.19, 5.69)	-11.24 (-23.7, 1.21)	-11.62 (-24.09, 0.83)
Skilled non-manual	0.6 (-11.67, 12.89)	-3.13 (-15.7, 9.44)	-2.52 (-15.2, 10.16)
Managerial technical and professional	6.01 (-4.54, 16.57)	-10.21 (-22.3, 1.88)	-10.64 (-22.82, 1.53)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.067</i>	<i>0.386</i>	<i>0.364</i>

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI, limiting longstanding illness, household income, and area deprivation ; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school (weekday models only), time spent in sporting or informal activities (on week or weekend days), and MVPA time (accelerometer models only, on week or weekend days). Models with accelerometry sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days (week and weekend days).

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in social class) between the reference category (non-manual) and manual, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that the manual category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.

Appendix Table 8: Multivariable-adjusted associations between area deprivation and sedentary time in children, on week and weekend days

Weekdays			
<i>Index of Multiple Deprivation Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=582)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	9.99 (-6.6, 26.59)	8.71 (-7.45, 24.88)	0.97 (-13.36, 15.31)
Q3	7.44 (-8.28, 23.16)	3.34 (-12.48, 19.16)	2.09 (-11.45, 15.64)
Q4	21.67 (5.75, 37.58)	17.25 (1.15, 33.34)	8.54 (-5.66, 22.74)
Q5 (most deprived)	28.25 (14.2, 42.3)	22.01 (7.57, 36.44)	9.62 (-3.55, 22.8)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.000	0.007	0.127
TV Time (mins) (N=3818)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-5.37 (-15.88, 5.13)	-4.3 (-14.77, 6.15)	-4.55 (-14.9, 5.79)
Q3	-7.26 (-17.51, 2.99)	-2.04 (-12.38, 8.3)	-2.54 (-12.86, 7.77)
Q4	-5.64 (-15.71, 4.42)	2.74 (-7.84, 13.34)	2.17 (-8.34, 12.69)
Q5 (most deprived)	-5.82 (-15.8, 4.16)	2.98 (-7.76, 13.74)	3.23 (-7.43, 13.91)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.285	0.300	0.289
Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3816)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-4.82 (-14.19, 4.54)	-6.92 (-16.48, 2.63)	-7.03 (-16.56, 2.5)
Q3	-0.65 (-10.03, 8.73)	-3.28 (-12.75, 6.18)	-3.67 (-13.1, 5.76)
Q4	7.84 (-1.65, 17.34)	4.99 (-4.9, 14.9)	4.5 (-5.33, 14.34)
Q5 (most deprived)	4.34 (-4.98, 13.67)	1.69 (-8.08, 11.47)	2.14 (-7.66, 11.95)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.048	0.319	0.294
Weekend days			
<i>Index of Multiple Deprivation Quintiles</i>	Model 1 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 2 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)	Model 3 ^a Coefficient ^b (95% CI)
Accelerometry Sedentary Time (mins) (N=455)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-6.71 (-26.31, 12.89)	-8.83 (-28.08, 10.4)	0.11 (-15.54, 15.77)
Q3	-7.22 (-28.89, 14.45)	-10.41 (-32.29, 11.45)	-1.5 (-19.25, 16.24)
Q4	0.25 (-21.46, 21.98)	-2.86 (-23.85, 18.12)	8.88 (-8.8, 26.57)
Q5 (most deprived)	-2.36 (-24.01, 19.27)	-12.31 (-35.24, 10.61)	-4.68 (-23.98, 14.62)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.470	0.495	0.820
TV Time (mins) (N=3874)			
Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	4.19 (-10.08, 18.48)	3.95 (-10.22, 18.14)	5.33 (-8.44, 19.11)
Q3	-2.9 (-15.58, 9.77)	0.64 (-12.39, 13.69)	2.58 (-10.39, 15.55)
Q4	-1.9 (-14.6, 10.8)	4.57 (-9.01, 18.16)	5.98 (-7.43, 19.4)
Q5 (most deprived)	2.89 (-10.21, 16)	10.28 (-3.66, 24.22)	9.91 (-3.91, 23.74)
<i>Trend p</i>	0.994	0.175	0.190

Non-TV Sitting Time (mins) (N=3841)

Q1 (least deprived) (reference)			
Q2	-9.16 (-20.31, 1.98)	-11.14 (-22.28, 0)	-10.51 (-21.68, 0.65)
Q3	2.43 (-9.51, 14.39)	-1.17 (-13.02, 10.67)	-0.35 (-12.21, 11.5)
Q4	14.67 (1.93, 27.4)	8.04 (-4.85, 20.94)	8.55 (-4.28, 21.38)
Q5 (most deprived)	12.56 (1.35, 23.76)	5.15 (-6.43, 16.73)	4.99 (-6.6, 16.59)
<i>Trend p</i>	<i>0.000</i>	<i>0.065</i>	<i>0.071</i>

^a Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; model 2: further adjustments for BMI, limiting longstanding illness, household income, and social class; model 3: further adjustments for time spent in active transportation to and from school (weekday models only), time spent in sporting or informal activities (on week or weekend days), and MVPA time (accelerometer models only, on week or weekend days). Models with accelerometry sedentary time as the outcome were also adjusted for average accelerometer wear time on valid days (week and weekend days).

^b Generalised linear model coefficients; coefficients indicate mean differences (in daily sedentary time) between the reference category (quintile 1) and each of the other deprivation quintiles, e.g. a value of 5 indicates that a specific category had an average daily sedentary time that is 5 minutes higher than the referent group.