

# Treponemal Infection in Nonhuman Primates as Possible Reservoir for Human Yaws

## Technical Appendix

### Additional references cited in the Figure

11. Lovell N, Jurmain R, Kilgore L. Skeletal evidence of probable treponemal infection in free-ranging African apes. *Primates*. 2000;41:275–90. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/BF02557597>
12. Felsenfeld O, Wolf RH. Serological reactions with treponemal antigens in nonhuman primates and the natural history of treponematosi s in man. *Folia Primatol (Basel)*. 1971;16:294–305. [PubMed](http://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/101159000155411/) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1159/000155411>
13. Wallis J, Lee DR. Primate conservation: the prevention of disease transmission. *Int J Primatol*. 1999;20:803–26. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1023/A:1020879700286>
14. Baylet R, Thivolet J, Sepetjian M, Bert J. Seroepidemiological studies on primate treponematosi s in Senegal [in French]. *Bull Soc Pathol Exot*. 1971;64:836–41.