

Supplimentary Information for Study of the γ D-Crystallin Protein Using Two-Dimensional Infrared (2DIR) Spectroscopy : Experiment and Simulation

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The full-width at half-maximum (FWHM) node slopes were determined using the protocol in reference 1. First, the frequencies and FWHM of the diagonal peaks were determined. Next, the points of zero intensity between the positive and negative peaks were located across the FWHM of the diagonal peaks. Finally, we fit these points to a straight line, with the slope yielding the FWHM node slope.

Table S1: Diagonal peak frequencies (ω_{max}) and FWHM node slopes for simulated and experimental xxxx 2DIR spectra.

	Simulation		Experiment ¹		Assignment
	Node Slope	ω_{max} (cm ⁻¹)	Node Slope	ω_{max} (cm ⁻¹)	
¹² C-Ntd/ ¹² C-Ctd	1.38	1633	1.30	1642	Ntd+Ctd
¹³ C-Ntd/ ¹³ C-Ctd	1.45	1593	1.25	1598	Ntd+Ctd
¹² C-Ntd/ ¹³ C-Ctd	1.43	1594	1.09	1601	Ntd
	1.33	1634	1.32	1640	Ctd
¹³ C-Ntd/ ¹² C-Ctd	1.28	1633	1.26	1638	Ctd
	1.35	1595	1.14	1596	Ntd

References

- (1) Moran, S., Woys, A., Buchanan, L., Bixby, E., Decatur, S., and Zanni, M. Two-dimensional IR Spectroscopy and Segmental ¹³C Labeling Reveals the Domain Structure of human γ D-Crystallin Amyloid Fibrils. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 2012, *109*(9), 3329–3334