High Capacity Nanoporous Silicon Carrier for Systemic Delivery of Gene Silencing Therapeutics

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The authors declare no competing financial interest.

All authors have given approval to the final version of this manuscript.

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Supporting Information:

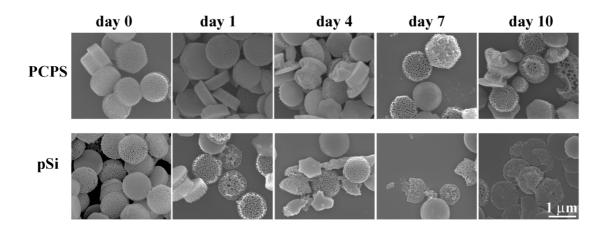


Figure S1. SEM images on degradation of PCPS and the oxidized pSi in PBS at different time points. To prepare the SEM samples, PCPS or oxidize pSi (300×10^6) were incubated in $100~\mu L$ PBS at $37^{\circ}C$. They were collected by centrifuged on days 1, 4, 7, and 10, washed 3 times with water, and resuspended in IPA. A drop of IPA particle suspension was directly placed on a clean silicon SEM sample stub and dried. The samples were loaded into the SEM chamber, and SEM images were measured at 7 kV and 5 mm working distance.

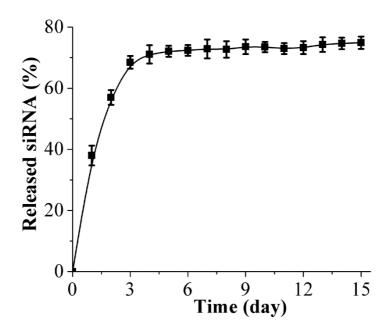


Figure S2. Release profile of siRNA polyplex from a mixture of pSi-APTES-Arg+PEI/siRNA. pSi-APTES-Arg and PEI/siRNA were mixed by sonication for 10 minutes. The particles were then incubated in 10% fetal bovine serum. Supernatant samples were taken at the indicated time points, and fluorescent intensity at Ex543/Em590 was measured. Results are presented as the mean of five measurements \pm standard deviation.

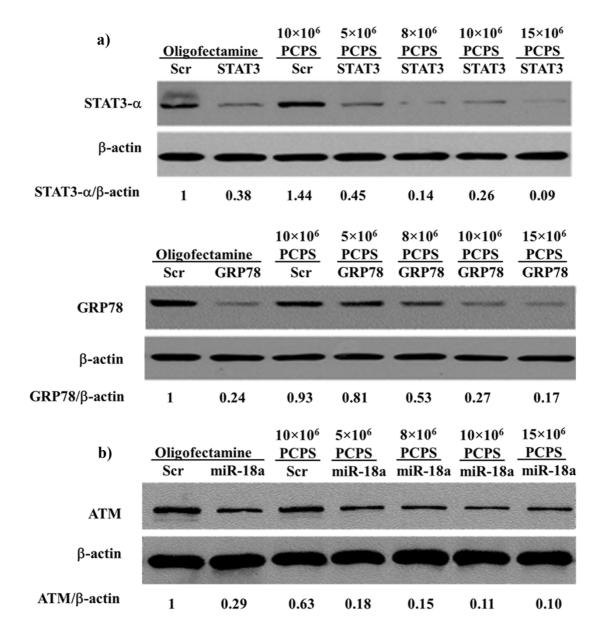


Figure S3. Optimization on knockdown of gene expression *in vitro*. (a) Knockdown of protein expression by PCPS/siRNA in MDA-MB-231 cells. PCPS was used to deliver siRNA oligos specific for STAT3- α and GRP78. Cells in each well were incubated with 1.4 μ g siRNA loaded into increasing amount of PCPS ($5x10^6$ - $15x10^6$ PCPS). In the control samples, cells were transfected with 1.4 μ g geen-specific siRNA or scramble siRNA with oligofectamine. Cells were harvested 72 hours later, and Western blot analysis was performed to measure expression of STAT3- α and GRP78. (b)

Knockdown of ATM protein expression by PCPS/miR-18a in MCF-7 cells. Total amount of miR-18a or scramble was 1.4 μ g/ well of cell culture.

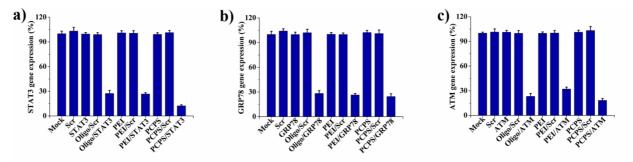


Figure S4. qRT-PCR analysis to evaluate the mRNA level. siRNA or microRNA were either transfected into cells with oligofectamine or PEI, or delivered in PCPS. Cells were harvested 48 h later, and mRNA levels were measured by qRT-PCR and normalized with β -actin. (a) MDA-MB-231 cells were treated with a STAT3 siRNA. (b) MDA-MB-231 cells were treated with a GRP78 siRNA. (c) MCF-7 cells were treated with a miR-18a mimic. All samples were analyzed in triplicates.

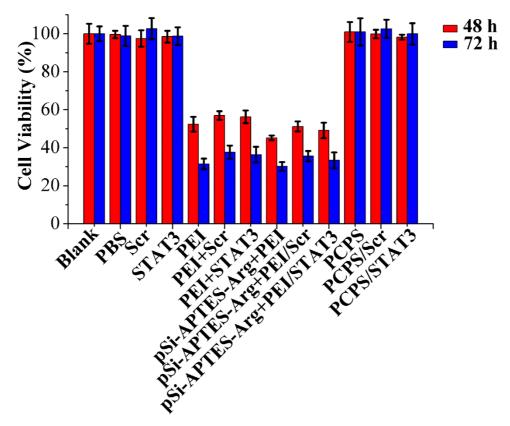
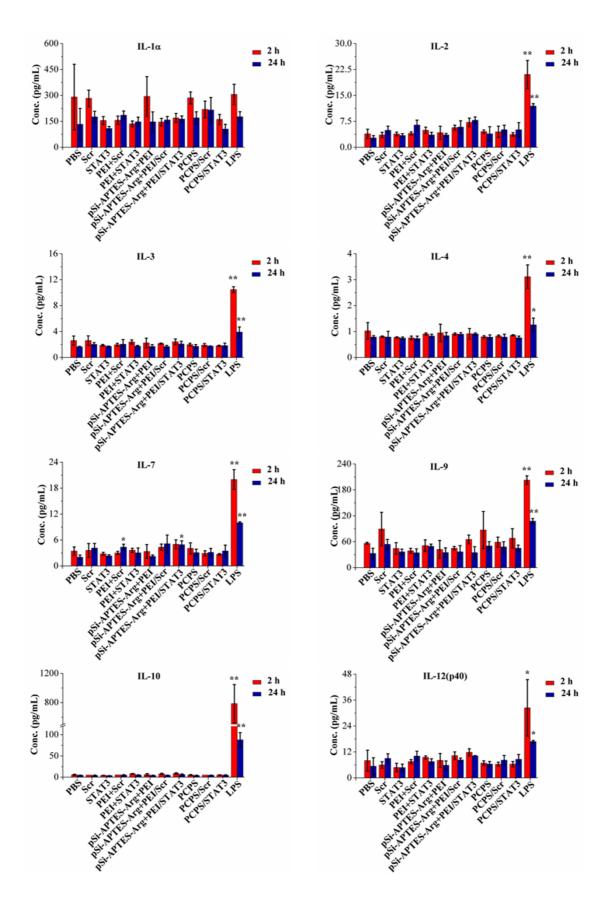


Figure S5. Cell viability assay to evaluate cytotoxicity. MDA-MB-231 cells were seeded in a 96-well tissue culture plate at 2 \times 10 4 cells/well with 100 μ L DMEM containing 10% FBS. They were treated with the indicated reagents for 48 to 72 hours, and cell viability was evaluated using the Promega's CellTiter 96 aqueous one solution cell proliferation assay kit. Percentage of cell viability was calculated by the ratio of absorbance of treated sample to that of untreated control sample. Results are presented as the mean of three measurements \pm standard deviation.



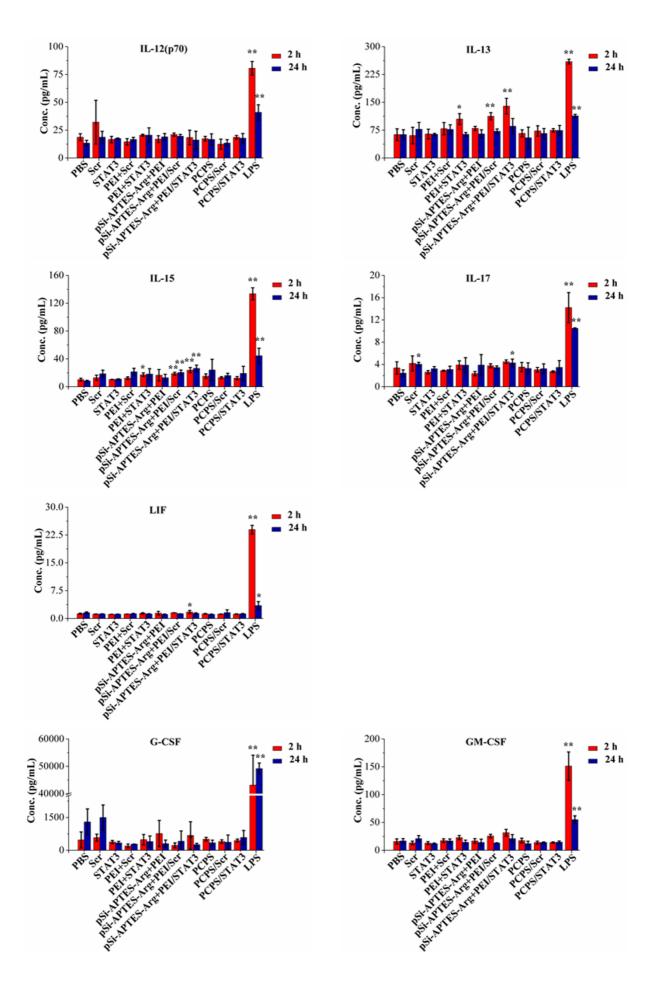


Figure S6. Changes in levels of selected serum cytokine/chemokine/colony-stimulating factors in post-treatment mice. Blood samples were collected 2 or 24 hours after intravenous dosing of treatment agents. A multiplexed bead-based immunoassay was used to measure levels of the cytokines/chemokines/colony-stimulating factors. Three mice per group was used in the study. Results are presented as the mean of three measurements \pm standard deviation. *p <0.05. **p <0.01.