Picomolar Inhibitors of HIV Reverse Transcriptase Featuring Bicyclic Replacement of a Cyanovinylphenyl Group

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1. General Information

NMR spectra were recorded on a Agilent (800 MHz), and Bruker Avance DRX-500 (500 MHz) and DRX-400 (400 MHz) instruments. Column chromatography was carried out using CombiFlash over redisep column cartridges employing Merck silica gel (Kieselgel 60, 63-200 μ m). Precoated silica gel plates F-254 were used for thin-layer analytical chromatography. Mass determination were performed using electrospray ionization on water Micromass ZQ (LC-MS) and on an Agilent Technologies 6890N (GC-MS). HRMS (ESI-TOF) analyses were performed on Waters Xevo QTOF equipped with Z-spray electrospray ionization source. HPLC analyses were performed on a Waters 2487 dual λ abosrbance detector with a Waters 1525 binary pump and a Phenomenex Luna 5 μ C18(2) 250 x 4.6 mm column.

2. 1. Synthesis of Compounds 8 a-c

Scheme 1.1



Step 1¹

A solution of indole (1.0 equiv), phenol (1.3 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (1.5 euqiv), CuI (0.1 equiv) and *N*,*N*-dimethylglycine hydrochloride (0.3 equiv) in dry dioxane (5.0 mL per indole intermediate) was stirred at 90–100 °C under N₂ atmosphere in a sealed tube for 48 h. The reaction was cooled down, quenched with brine, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **14a**–**c**.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole (14a) (42%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (s, br, 1H), 7.24 (s, 4H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.03 (m, 4H), 6.93 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.56 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₁₇NO₂ [M]⁺ 315.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)-4-chlorophenoxy)-1H-indole (14b) (23%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (s, br, 1H), 7.24 (s, 4H), 7.22 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (t, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₁₆CINO₂ [M]⁺ 349.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole (14c) (23%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (s, br, 1H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.17 – 6.16 (m, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₁₉NO₂ [M]⁺ 329.

<u>Step 2^2 </u>

To a solution of phenoxyindole (1.0 equiv) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (1.5 equiv) in dry THF (5.0 mL per mmol phenoxyindole) at 0 °C was added a solution of Boc₂O (1.5 equiv) in dry THF (3.0 mL per mmol Boc₂O). After addition, the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched with brine and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **15a–c**.

tert-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (15a) (21%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.20 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 1.69 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₆H₂₅NO₄ [M]⁺ 415.

tert-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)-4-chlorophenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (15b) (53%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.18 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 1.68 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₆H₂₄ClNO₄ [M]⁺ 449. *tert*-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (15c) (42%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.90 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₇H₂₇NO₄ [M]⁺ 429.

Step 3

To a solution of *t*-butyl phenoxyindole carboxylate (1.0 equiv) in dry MeOH: THF (1:1, 8.0 mL per mmol indole) was added Pd over carbon (0.15 equiv). The reaction mixture was purged with N_2 three times, then a H_2 ballon was attached, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature until completion. The crude was filtered, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **16a–c**.

tert-butyl 4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (16a) (53%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.83 – 6.77 (m, 3H), 6.55(d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (s, 1H), 1.68 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₉H₁₉NO₄ [M]⁺ 325.

tert-butyl 4-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (16b) (77%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79 – 6.75 (m, 3H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 1.68 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₉H₁₈ClNO₄ [M]⁺ 359.

tert-butyl 4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (16c) (90%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.78 – 6.75(m, 2H), 6.28 (s, 1H), 5.68 (s, 1H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 1.68 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₂₁NO₄ [M]⁺ 339.

Step $4^{2,3}$

A solution of phenol (1.0 equiv) and K_2CO_3 (1.2 equiv) in dry DMF (4.0 mL per mmol phenol) were stirred at room temperature for 1 h. After this period, a solution of 1-(2-bromoethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (1.2 equiv) in dry DMF (4.0 mL per mmol phenol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h and then at room

temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with brine and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in dry THF and TBAF (5.0 equiv, 1.0M solution in THF) were added and stirred at reflux under N₂ atmosphere overnight. The crude was cooled down, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated in vacuo and the crude was taken to the next reaction. To a solution of crude product in dry MeOH (3.0 mL) was added 3.0 mL of NH₄OH and the reaction was stirred at room temperature until completion. The crude reaction was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **8a–c**. Further purification was performed by HPLC (5-100% of water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (A) and 10:1 acetonitrile:water with 0.1% TFA(B)).

1-(2-(2-((1H-indol-4-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (8a) (10%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.82 (s, br, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.17 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.91, 150.82, 149.85, 148.98, 145.81, 125.40, 124.93, 122.56, 122.26, 114.50, 114.28, 109.79, 107.52, 105.88, 103.82, 103.58, 101.19, 66.80, 48.14. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 364.1219 found 364.1255.

1-(2-(2-((1H-indol-4-yl)oxy)-5-chlorophenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (**8b**) (30 %) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.0Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.6 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 152.53, 152.36, 150.99, 147.41, 127.54, 126.38, 125.98, 124.23, 123.09, 116.42, 111.01, 110.68, 108.41, 106.68, 104.85, 101.50, 68.16. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₀H₁₆ClN₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 398.0829 found 398.0851

1-(2-(2-((2-methyl-1H-indol-4-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (8c) (30 %) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.72 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.99 – 6.93 (m, 3H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 8.0, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 151.91, 151.71, 151.46, 147.59, 146.25, 139.70, 138.26, 126.55, 124.69, 123.31, 123.12, 116.10, 111.22, 108.75, 105.38, 101.43, 68.08, 17.28. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 378.1454 found 378.1470.

Synthesis of Compound 17

Step 1

Triethylamine (4.5 mmol) and benzoyl chloride (4.5 mmol) were added to a solution of uracil (3.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (15 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 2 h. The reaction mixture was poured into brine (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The organic layer was sequentially washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and concentration by rotary evaporation. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **28**.

3-benzoylpyrimidine-2,4(1*H***,3***H***)-dione (28) (43%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.61 (s, 1H), 7.96 (dd,** *J* **= 8.3, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (t,** *J* **= 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d,** *J* **= 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t,** *J* **= 7.9 Hz, 2H), 5.75 (d,** *J* **= 7.7 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₁H₉N₂O₃ [M+1]⁺ 316.98.**

Step 2

1,2-dibromoethane (3.3 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (2.0 mmol) were added to a solution of **28** (1.3 mmol) in dry DMF (10 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C to complete the reaction. The reaction mixture was poured into brine (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 25 mL). The organic layer was sequentially washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **17**.

3-benzoyl-1-(2-bromoethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1*H***,3***H***)-dione (17) (37%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) \delta 8.00 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.73 – 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.57 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d,** *J* **= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d,** *J* **= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (t,** *J* **= 5.7 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t,** *J* **= 5.7 Hz, 2H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₃H₁₁BrN₂O₃ [M+1]⁺ 323.90.**

2. 2. Representative synthesis of Compounds 8 d-f

Scheme 1.2



Step 1

A solution of benzylaldehyde (1.0 equiv), 2-benzyloxyphenol (1.0 equiv), and K_2CO_3 (1.5 equiv) in dry DMF (3.0 mL per mmol benzyaldehyde) were stirred at 100–110 °C under N₂ atmosphere overnight. The reaction was cooled down, quenched with 1N HCl, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layer was

dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **18a–c**.

2-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)benzaldehyde (18a) (69%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.65 (s, 1H), 7.91 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.10 (m, 4H), 7.08 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₁₆O₃ [M]⁺ 304.

2-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-4-methylbenzaldehyde (18b) (46%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.58 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₁₈O₃ [M]⁺ 318.

2-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-4-chlorobenzaldehyde (18c) (60%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.56 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₁₅ClO₃ [M]⁺ 338.

Step 2⁴

To a stirred solution of (benzyloxy)phenoxybenzaldehyde (1.0 equiv) and methyl 2azidoacetate (4.0 equiv) in dry MeOH (4.0 mL per mmol benzaldehyde) under N₂ atmosphere at -40 °C, was added a solution of 25% sodium methoxide (4.0 equiv) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at -40 °C for 2 h, and then to 0 °C for 2 h. After this time, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred overnight. The crude reaction was concentrated in vacuo, quenched with water, and extracted with dry xylenes (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The above solution was added dropwise to a stirring solution of dry xylene and stirred at reflux for 4 h under N₂ atmosphere. The crude reaction was cooled down, quenched with water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **19a–c**. methyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carboxylate (19a) (62%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.84 (s, br, 1H), 7.31 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 – 6.93 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₃H₁₉NO₄ [M]⁺ 373.

methyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-indole-2-carboxylate (19b) (46%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.06 (s, br, 1H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.18 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 7.00 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₄H₂₁NO₄ [M]⁺ 387.

methyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxylate (19c) (47%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.84 (s, br, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.15 – 7.14 (m, 5H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 6.99 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₃H₁₈ClNO₄ [M]⁺ 407.

Step 3⁵

A solution of the methyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carboxylate (1.0 equiv) in dry THF was added to a solution of LAH (3.0 equiv) in dry THF at 0 °C and stirred for 30 min at 0 °C. The reaction was quenched by adding water (3.0 mL) dropwise (very slowly), then aq. 20% NaOH (3.0 mL), and water (5.0 mL) dropwise. Afterwards, a solution of DCM: MeOH (8:1, 25 mL) was added and the slurry was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The crude reaction was filtered and the organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **20a–c**.

(4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indol-2-yl)methanol (20a) (51%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, br, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 4H), 7.08 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 7.05 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.92 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 6.56 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.78 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₉NO₃ [M]⁺ 345.

(4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)metanol (20b) (37%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (s, br, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 3H), 7.14 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.03 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₃H₂₁NO₃ [M]⁺ 359.

(4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-chloro-1H-indol-2-yl)metanol (20c) (43%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (s, br, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 7.03 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.97 – 6.93 (m, 1H), 6.39 – 6.38 (m, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.76 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₈ClNO₃ [M]⁺ 379.

<u>Step 4^5 </u>

To a solution of (4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indol-2-yl)methanol (1.0 equiv) in dry DCM (5.0 mL per mmol indole) was added MnO_2 (5.0 equiv) and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 24 h under N₂ atmosphere. The crude was filtered through celite and the organic layer was concentrated in vacuo to yield **21a–c**.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carbaldehyde (21a) (82%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, br, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.16 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.09 (m, 3H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₇NO₃ [M]⁺ 343.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbaldehyde (21b) (86%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.71 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, br, 1H), 7.26 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₃H₁₉NO₃ [M]⁺ 357.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-chloro-1H-indole-2-carbaldehyde (21c) (66%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.76 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, br, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 2.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.12 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.09 (t, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (td, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₆ClNO₃ [M]⁺ 377.

Step 5⁶

A solution of 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carbaldehyde (1.0 equiv) in dry MeOH (7.5 mL per mmol indole) and hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (2.0 equiv) was stirred at room temperature for 15 min and then heated at reflux for 30 min. The reaction mixture was cooled down and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with water, filtered, and the slurry was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Afterwards, the crude product was diluted in dry CH₃CN (10 mL per mmol indole) and anhydrous Cu(OAc)₂ (0.1 equiv) was added to the above solution and stirred at reflux for 1 h. The crude reaction was then cooled down and concentrated in vacuo. After that, the crude product was extracted with ether (3 x 15 mL) and the organic layer was washed with aq. 5% H₂SO₄ (3 x 10 mL), washed with water, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **22a–c**.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carbonitrile (22a) (38%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.50 (s, br, 1H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 7.14 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₆N₂O₂ [M]⁺ 340.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbonitrile (22b) (19%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (s, br, 1H), 7.23 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₃H₁₈N₂O₂ [M]⁺ 354.

4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-chloro-1H-indole-2-carbonitrile (22c) (40%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.51 (s, br, 1H), 7.24 – 7.22 (m, 5H), 7.13 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.07 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.04 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₅ClN₂O₂ [M]⁺ 374.

Step 6

To a solution of 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2-carbonitrile (1.0 equiv) and 4-Dimethylamino pyridine (1.5 equiv) in dry THF (20 mL per mmol indole) at 0 °C was

added a solution of Boc_2O (1.5 equiv) in dry THF (10 mL per mmol indole). After addition, the crude reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with brine and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **23a–c**.

tert-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-cyano-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (23a) (80%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 7.05 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (td, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 1.74 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₇H₂₄N₂O₄ [M]⁺ 440.

tert-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-cyano-6-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (23b) (74%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.24 – 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.73 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₈H₂₆N₂O₄ [M]⁺ 454.

tert-butyl 4-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-6-chloro-2-cyano-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (23c) (80%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.24 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.19 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.06 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 1.73 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₇H₂₃ClN₂O₄ [M]⁺ 474.

<u>Step 7</u>

To a solution of *t*-butyl phenoxyindole carboxylate (1.0 equiv) in dry MeOH: THF (1:1, 25 mL per mmol indole) was added Pd over carbon (0.2 equiv). The reaction mixture was purged with N_2 three times, then a H_2 balloon was attached, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature until completion. The crude was filtered, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **24a–c**.

tert-butyl 2-cyano-4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (24a) (71%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.11 – 7.08

(m, 2H), 6.88 - 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (s, br, 1H), 1.73 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₄ [M]⁺ 350.

tert-butyl 2-cyano-4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (24b) (60%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.11 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 5.47 (s, br, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.73 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₄ [M]⁺ 364.

tert-butyl 6-chloro-2-cyano-4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (24c) (74%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 1.74 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₁₇ClN₂O₄ [M]⁺ 384.

Step 8

A solution of phenol (1.0 equiv) and K₂CO₃ (1.2 equiv) in dry DMF (4.0 mL per mmol phenol) were stirred at rt for 1 hr. Then, a solution of 1-(2-bromoethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (1.2 equiv) in dry DMF (4.0 mL per mmol phenol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h and then at room temperature. After overnight, the crude reaction was quenched with brine and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in dry THF and TBAF (5.0 equiv, 1.0M solution in THF) was added and stirred at reflux under N₂ atmosphere overnight. The crude was cooled down, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude was taken to next reaction. To a solution of crude product in dry MeOH (3.0 mL) was added 3.0 mL of a NH₄OH and the crude reaction was stirred at room temperature until reaction completion. The crude reaction was by rotary evaporation and purified column chromatography to give 8d-f. Further purification was performed by HPLC (5-100% of water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (A) and 10:1 acetonitrile:water with 0.1% TFA(B)) to afford final product.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-1H-indole-2carbonitrile (8d) (10%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.50 (s, 1H), 11.12 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.14 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (200 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.36, 157.74, 157.59, 150.71, 150.12, 145.55, 143.03, 138.85, 129.38, 126.42, 126.13, 122.53, 121.84, 117.26, 114.59, 114.53, 110.27, 106.41, 105.16, 103.74, 99.83, 66.12, 46.99. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₆N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 389.1250 found 389.1247.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-6-methyl-1H-

indole-2-carbonitrile (8e) (10%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.34 (s, 1H), 11.15 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.23 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (td, *J* = 5.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (s, 1H), 4.78 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (200 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.39, 157.81, 157.67, 151.34, 150.74, 150.19, 145.55, 139.17, 136.51, 126.13, 122.53, 121.89, 115.37, 114.73, 144.66, 110.31, 106.06, 104.42, 99.81, 66.16, 47.13, 21.69. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 403.1407 found 403.1395.

6-chloro-4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-1H-

indole-2-carbonitrile (8f). (8%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 12.70 (s, 1H), 11.12 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 7.09 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (200 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.27, 157.85, 157.70, 152.28, 150.67, 150.07, 145.38, 142.04, 138.48, 130.64, 126.93, 122.85, 121.99, 115.93, 114.67, 110.54, 106.10, 99.73, 66.07, 47.05. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅ClN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 423.0861 found 423.0847.

3. Synthesis of Compounds 9a-b

Scheme 1.3



Step 1

7-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-indole (25a) Following step 1 in the synthetic scheme 1.1, **25a**, from 7-bromo-5-methyl-1*H*-indole, was obtained after column chromatography. (47%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (s, br, 1H), 7.42 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 4H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (s, 1H), 6.47 (t, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₂H₁₉NO₂ [M]⁺ 329.

7-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole (25b) Following step 1 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 **25b**, from 7-bromo-2-methyl-1*H*-indole, was obtained after column chromatography. (84%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (s, br, 1H), 7.28 – 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.93 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.89 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₁H₁₉NO₂ [M]⁺ 329.

Step 2

tert-butyl 7-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (26a) Following step 2 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 26a, from 25a, was obtained after column chromatography. (53%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 5H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.98 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 6.87 (t, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for $C_{27}H_{27}NO_4 [M]^+ 429$.

tert-butyl 7-(2-(benzyloxy)phenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (26b) Following step 2 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 26b, from 25b, was obtained after column chromatography. (61%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.04 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.96 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₇H₂₇NO₄ [M]⁺ 429.

Step 3

tert-butyl 7-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-5-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (27a) Following step 3 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 27a, from 26a, was obtained after column chromatography. (21%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.18 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 9.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (td, J = 8.3, 1.5Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₂₁NO₄ [M]⁺ 339.

tert-butyl 7-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-2-methyl-1H-indole-1-carboxylate (27b) Following step 3 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 27b, from 26b, was obtained, after column chromatography. (63%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.75, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (td, J = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (td, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 9H). GC-MS (ES) for C₂₀H₂₁NO₄ [M]⁺ 339.

Step 4

1-(2-(2-((5-methyl-1H-indol-7-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

(9a) Following step 4 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 9a, from 27a, was obtained after column chromatography. Further purification was performed by HPLC (5-100% of water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (A) and 10:1 acetonitrile:water with 0.1% TFA (B)) to afford final product. (8%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.20 (s,br, 1H), 7.28 (d,

J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (td, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.52 (s, br, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 5.26 (dd, J = 7.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 152.73, 150.83, 149.26, 145.84, 145.62, 144.37, 136.61, 134.35, 129.40, 124.34, 121.73, 120.08, 119.73, 116.16, 114.88, 100.33, 66.38, 20.53. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 378.1454 found 378.1470.

1-(2-(2-((2-methyl-1H-indol-7-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

(9b) Following step 4 in the synthetic scheme 1.1 9b, from 27b, was obtained after column chromatography. Further purification was performed by HPLC (5-100% of water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (A) and 10:1 acetonitrile:water with 0.1% TFA) to afford final product. (20 %). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 10.23 (s, br, 1H), 9.84 (s, br, 1H), 7.15 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.96 (m, 1H), 6.80 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.27 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.23 – 6.22 (m, 1H), 4.91 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (d, *J* = 0.5 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (125 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 163.80, 151.15, 146.33, 145.67, 144.35, 125.84, 122.63, 122.22, 119.98, 115.46, 114.64, 114.61, 106.45, 101.17, 67.59, 48.52, 13.44. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 378.1454 found 378.1456.

4. 1. Synthesis of Compounds 10a-n

Scheme 2.1



Step A1

A mixture of SeO₂ (16 mmol) in dioxane (20 mL) was pre-heated over 80 °C, then a solution of 3-bromo-5-chloro-2-methylpyridine (4.0 mmol) in dioxane (5.0 mL) was added. After stirring at 80 °C for 16 h, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **29b**.

3-bromo-5-chloropicolinaldehyde (**29b**) (76%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.20 (s, 1H), 8.81 (s, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₆H₃BrClNO [M+1]⁺ 220.99.

Step B1

A mixture of the corresponding 3-bromopicolinic acid (1.0 equiv) and sulfonic acid (10 equiv) in MeOH (2.0 mL per mmol pyridine) was heated at reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was cooled in ice bath and neutralized with 2N aq. Na₂CO₃ solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic solution was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **30a–b**.

methyl 3-bromo-5-fluoropicolinate (30a) (76%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 4.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₇H₅BrFNO₂ [M+1]⁺ 235.06.

methyl 3-bromo-5-methylpicolinate (30b) (92%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 – 8.33 (m, 1H), 7.77 (dd, J = 1.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₈BrNO₂ [M+1]⁺ 230.98.

Step B2

A solution of the corresponding methyl picolinate (1.0 equiv) in THF (1.0 mL per mmol picolinate) was cooled to -78 °C. After 10 min, diisobutylaluminum hydride (1.5 equiv, 1.0 M in THF) was added dropwise over 40 min and stirred for an additional 2.5 h at -78 °C. After which it was quenched by MeOH and diluted with 1N aq. NaHCO₃ solution. The aqueous solution was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic solution was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **29a** and **29c**.

3-bromo-5-fluoropicolinaldehyde (**29a**) (86%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.78 – 7.70 (m, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₆H₃BrFNO₂ [M+1]⁺ 220.33.

3-bromo-5-methylpicolinaldehyde (**29c**) (89%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.15 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₇H₆BrNO [M+1]⁺ 201.01.

Step 2

A mixture of the corresponding pyridine-2-carbaldehydes (1.0 equiv), acrylonitrile (10 equiv) and 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane (DABCO) (1.1 equiv) was stirred for 1.5 h at room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate, and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **31a–d**.

2-((3-bromopyridin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylonitrile (**31a**) (82%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.61 (dd, J = 4.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.0, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (dd, J = 22.0, 0.6 Hz, 2H), 5.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₆BrClN₂O [M+1]⁺ 238.98.

2-((3-bromo-5-fluoropyridin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylonitrile (**31b**) (86%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, J = 4.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (s, 2H), 5.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₆BrFN₂O [M+1]⁺ 258.97.

2-((3-bromo-5-chloropyridin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylonitrile (**31c**) (64%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.51 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 2H), 5.47 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₆BrClN₂O [M+1]⁺ 274.94.

2-((3-bromo-5-methylpyridin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylonitrile (**31d**) (86%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 2H), 5.42 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (S, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₀H₉BrN₂O [M+1]⁺ 253.00.

<u>Step 3^7 </u>

A solution of the corresponding pyridine intermediate (1.0 equiv) in acetic anhydride (1.0 mL per mmol of pyridine intermediate) was heated at 100 °C for 2 h. After this time, the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C for 7 h or overnight. The solution was cooled to room temperatura, then a solution of sodium bicarbonate was added at 0 °C, and stirred for 30 min. Ethyl acetate was added and the organic layer was extracted and washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified

column by chromatography to give 32a-d.

8-bromoindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**32a**) (86%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 - 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.61 - 6.30 (m, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₅BrN₂ [M+1]⁺ 220.12.

8-bromo-6-fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**32b**) (48%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₄BrFN₂ [M+1]⁺ 240.07.

8-bromo-6-chloroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**32c**) (48%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetoned₆) δ 8.61 – 8.58 (m, 1H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₄BrClN₂ [M+1]⁺ 256.22.

8-bromo-6-methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**32d**) (65%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₀H₇BrN₂ [M+1]⁺ 236.04.

Step 4

A mixture of the corresponding indolizine intermediate (1.0 equiv), the corresponding catechol (2.5 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (2.2 equiv), CuI (0.2 equiv) and 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-3,5-heptanedione (0.4 equiv) in dioxane (1.0 mL per mmol indolizine) in a sealed tube was heated at 120 °C under nitrogen atmosphere for 18 h. The cooled mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **33a-n**.

8-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-2-methylindolizine (**33a**) (87%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.09 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.93 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.17 – 6.10 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₅NO₂ [M+1]⁺ 254.12.

8-(2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (33b) (40%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.47 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (3H, s). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 265.24

8-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-6-methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33c**) (84%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.19 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 5.65 (s 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₇H₁₄N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 279.11.

6-fluoro-8-(2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33d**) (51%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 4.0, 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 7.00 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 5.71 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 283.10.

6-chloro-8-(2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (33e) (57%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 7.61 – 7.59 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.91 (m, 4H), 6.79 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁ClN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 299.06.

8-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33f**) (76%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 283.07.

8-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-6-methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33g**) (79%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (ddd, J = 8.8, 7.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₇H₁₃FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 297.10.

6-fluoro-8-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33h**) (51%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (ddd, J = 4.1, 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, J = 1.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (ddd, J = 8.8, 7.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀F₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 301.09. 6-chloro-8-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (33i) (50%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.04 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.78 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 5.68 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₀ClFN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 317.05.

8-(5-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33j**) (41%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 283.06.

8-(4,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33k**) (50%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 10.2, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 11.6, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀F₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 301.08.

8-(4,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-6-fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**331**) (55%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (ddd, J = 4.1, 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 10.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.83 (dd, J = 11.5, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, J = 9.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₉F₃N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 319.08.

8-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33m**) (74%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉ClN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 285.49.

6-chloro-8-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**33n**) (73%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 1.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J = 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.34 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀Cl₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 334.10.

Step 5

A solution of BBr₃ (2.5 equiv, 1.0M in DCM) was added dropwise to a solution of the corresponding diether intermediate (1.0 equiv) in anhydrous DCM (1.0 mL per mmol

diether intermediate) under N₂ atmosphere at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 3h at 0 °C. After this period, the solution was quenched with ice water, and the organic layer washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentration by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **34a-n**.

2-((2-methylindolizin-8-yl)oxy)phenol (**34a**) (64%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 6.92 (m, 4H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.17 – 6.09 (m, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₃NO₂ [M+1]⁺ 240.01.

8-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34b**) (94%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.47 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₀N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 250.21

8-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34c**) (40%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.02 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 5.79 (s 1H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 265.20.

6-fluoro-8-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34d**) (57%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (ddd, J = 4.0, 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.95 (td, J = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.86 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 5.87 (dd, J = 9.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 269.02.

6-chloro-8-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34e**) (41%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 7.60 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.91 (m, 4H), 6.82 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (s, 1H), 5.53 (br, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉ClN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 285.25.

8-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34f**) (52%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.86 – 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.77 (dd, J = 9.4, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 269.00.

8-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34g**) (45%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.60 – 6.56 (m, 2H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 5.43(s, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 283.09.

6-fluoro-8-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34h**) (52%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (ddd, J = 4.0, 1.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 1.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (ddd, J = 8.8, 7.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, J = 10.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₈F₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 287.03.

6-chloro-8-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (34i) (49%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dt, J = 9.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (ddt, J = 8.9, 7.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (br, 1H). LC-MS (ES) calcd for C₁₅H₈ClFN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 303.29.

8-(5-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34j**) (61%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (q, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.76 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 269.08.

8-(4,5-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34k**) (68%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 6.85 – 6.69 (m, 3H), 6.40 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀F₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 301.09.

8-(4,5-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34l**) (76%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 5.98 (dd, J = 9.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (S, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₇F₃N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 305.05.

8-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34m**) (33%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.4 Hz,

1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 6.84 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.47 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₄H₇ClN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 271.57.

6-chloro-8-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**34n**) (39%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 1.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₈Cl₂N₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 320.09.

Step 6

17 (1.2 equiv) and K_2CO_3 (2.0 equiv) were added to a solution of the corresponding catechol aryl ether intermediate (1.0 equiv) in anhydrous DMF (1.0 mL per mmol catechol aryl ether intermediate) and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C to complete the reaction. The reaction mixture was poured into brine and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was sequentially washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentration by rotary evaporation. The crude product was dissolved in DCM (0.5 mL per mmol catechol diether intermediate) and NH₄OH (0.5 mL per mmol catechol aryl ether intermediate) mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **10a-n**.

1-(2-(2-((2-methylindolizin-8-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

(10a) (36%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.89 – 9.70 (m, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 5.69 – 5.56 (m, 1H), 4.84 – 4.64 (m, 1H), 4.30 – 4.17 (m, 2H), 4.04 – 3.87 (m, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.29, 158.44, 150.60, 149.95, 145.73, 143.75, 140.21, 134.36, 125.50, 122.62, 122.25, 119.35, 115.10, 111.53, 101.12, 96.83, 66.26, 47.98, 21.24. HRMS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₄ [M+1]⁺ 378.1271, found 378.1270.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)indolizine-2carbonitrile (**10b**) (51 %) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.02 (m, 4H), 7.02 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.56 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.33 – 4.19 (m, 2H), 4.07 - 3.95 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 163.67, 151.51, 150.91, 146.29, 143.16, 128.41, 127.75, 123.89, 122.75, 120.99, 120.49, 116.66, 115.16, 113.59, 101.06, 100.68, 99.57, 97.52, 67.16, 48.58. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₆N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 389.1245, found 389.1247.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-6-

methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (10c) (36%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.83 – 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.70 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.27, 150.65, 150.08, 148.71, 145.56, 141.48, 126.90, 125.68, 122.82, 122.03, 121.86, 119.63, 117.58, 116.54, 114.50, 101.68, 100.04, 99.46, 95.02, 65.86, 47.26, 17.91. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₂H₁₈N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 403.1406, found 403.1368.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-6-

fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (10d) (65%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.62, 154.69, 152.84, 151.02, 150.24, 146.01, 141.29, 127.91, 125.01, 123.23, 122.29, 116.43, 114.89, 107.42, 107.07, 102.12, 99.76, 96.43, 93.04, 66.20, 47.55. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 407.1156, found 407.1114.

8-(4-chloro-2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-

yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10e) (41%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.11, 150.82, 150.65, 150.09, 145.33, 140.59, 133.02, 125.91, 124.53, 123.08, 121.85, 119.71, 118.03, 115.80, 115.42, 110.54, 102.68, 101.10, 98.40, 66.76, 48.85. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅ClN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 423.0860, found 423.0862.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-

fluorophenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10f) (33%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.16 (s, 1H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (ddd, *J* = 26.6, 9.7, 4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.97 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.54 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.25, 158.88, 150.95, 150.64, 149.32, 145.55, 137.78, 126.64, 123.84, 120.32, 120.22, 116.40, 112.63, 107.67, 102.72, 100.11, 99.52, 98.58, 95.57, 66.31, 46.83. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 407.1156, found 407.1139.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-fluorophenoxy)-6-

methylindolizine-2-carbonitrile (10g) (50%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.82 – 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.30 (ddd, J = 19.4, 9.7, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.04 – 6.86 (m, 3H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.66 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.64, 161.43, 159.50, 151.51, 151.02, 149.13, 145.84, 138.09, 125.95, 124.18, 122.43, 120.02, 116.91, 108.11, 103.18, 101.87, 100.42, 99.86, 95.43, 66.68, 47.43, 18.28. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₂H₁₇FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 421.1312, found 421.1277.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-fluorophenoxy)-6-

fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (10h) (46%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.82 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (ddd, J = 4.6, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (ddd, J = 10.1, 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 1.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, J = 10.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 163.19, 153.59, 151.05, 150.87, 145.84, 141.98, 127.94, 125.75, 123.44, 122.40, 121.48, 115.84, 114.77, 107.17, 106.83, 102.09, 100.09, 93.08, 92.86, 66.58, 48.17. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄F₂N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 425.1061, found 425.1058.

6-chloro-8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-

fluorophenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10i) (41%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.08 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 6.72 (ddt, *J* = 12.3, 6.5, 2.8 Hz, 3H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (ddt, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.8 (ddt, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 1H), 7.8 (ddt, J = 1.2 Hz), 1H), 1H), 4.60 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.55, 162.00, 150.70, 150.17, 150.00, 144.98, 137.46, 125.63, 124.00, 121.52, 119.26, 117.50, 115.48, 108.92, 102.58, 102.27, 100.64, 100.44, 97.94, 66.23, 48.45. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄ClFN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 441.0766, found 441.0755.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-5-

fluorophenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10j) (37%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 6.3, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 6.86 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, J =7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.15, 158.39,156.42, 150.56, 149.47, 146.46, 145.21, 127.08, 120.03, 119.00, 115.91, 115.15, 112.94, 112.62, 111.03, 100.96, 100.77, 99.16, 97.37, 67.05, 48.42. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 407.1156, found 407.1134.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4,5-

difluorophenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**10k**) (48%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSOd₆) δ 11.20 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (ddd, *J* = 28.5, 11.6, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.25, 150.63, 148.90, 146.83, 146.76, 145.53, 126.44, 120.68, 120.31, 116.35, 112.55, 112.48, 112.32, 104.30, 104.12, 100.09, 99.57, 99.13, 95.64, 66.83, 46.83. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 425.1061, found 425.1044.

8-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2*H*)-yl)ethoxy)-4,5-difluorophenoxy)-6fluoroindolizine-2-carbonitrile (10l) (48%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.92 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (t *J* = 4.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 106.44, 104.35, 104.17, 102.34, 100.79, 97.89, 93.16, 92.91, 67.09, 48.39. HR-MS (ES) calcd for $C_{21}H_{13}F_3N_4O_4 [M+1]^+$ 443.0967, found 443.0935.

8-(4-chloro-2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-

yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10m) (39%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSOd₆) δ 10.96 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 163.27, 150.71, 150.65, 148.91, 145.55, 140.64, 130.50, 126.60, 123.98, 121.46, 120.56, 120.28, 116.36, 114.82, 112.60, 100.13, 99.59, 99.19, 95.62, 66.35, 46.83. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅CIN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 423.0860, found 423.0838.

6-chloro-8-(4-chloro-2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-

yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (10n) (38%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSOd₆) δ 11.22 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 5.90 – 5.78 (m, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (t, J =4.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 164.08, 151.31, 150.51, 146.90, 146.68, 130.19, 125.72, 124.02, 123.65, 122.11, 120.45, 119.70, 115.88, 115.79, 113.13, 113.01, 105.32, 100.81, 97.71, 67.17, 47.31. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄Cl₂N₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 458.0470, found 458.0438.

Synthesis of Compound 35



8-bromo-2-methylindolizine (**35**). A mixture of cloroacetone (17 mmol), LiBr (17 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 15 min. Then, a solution of 2-bromo-3-methylpyridine (19 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL) was added and

the resulting mixture was heated at reflux for 24 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduce pressure. The residue was diluted with water extracted with diethylether. The aqueous was treated with K₂CO₃ (96 mmol) and heated at 80 °C for 2 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **35**. (34 %) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (dt, *J* = 6.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.83 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 6.25 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₈BrN [M+1]⁺ 209.11.

5. Synthesis of Compound 11a



Step 1

6-bromopicolinaldehyde (36) Following step A1 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from 2bromo-6-methylpyridine was obtained **36** after column chromatography. (71%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.84 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₆H₄BrNO [M+1]⁺ 187.37.

Step 2

2-((6-bromopyridin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylonitrile (**37**) Following step 2 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from **36** was obtained **37** after column chromatography. (84%) ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 4.37 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₇BrN₂O [M+1]⁺ 240.04.

Step 3

5-bromoindolizine-2-carbonitrile (**38**) Following step 2 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from **37** was obtained **38** after column chromatography. (84%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 4.37 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₇BrN₂O [M+1]⁺ 240.04.

Step 4

5-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**39**) Following step 3 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from **38** was obtained **39** after column chromatography. (30%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.75 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.63 (m, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.56 (td, *J* = 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 283.01.

Step 5

5-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**40**) Following step 4 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from **39** was obtained **40** after column chromatography. (37%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (dd, J = 1.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.71 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 6.56 (td, J = 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉FN₂O₂ [M+1]⁺ 269.07.

Step 6

5-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-

fluorophenoxy)indolizine-2-carbonitrile (**11a**) Following step 6 in the synthetic scheme 2.1 from **40** was obtained **11a** after column chromatography. (29%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J*

= 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.67 (m, 3H), 6.66 – 6.56 (m, 1H), 6.24 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.85, 159.79, 157.87, 156.65, 151.38, 151.15, 146.46, 144.08, 142.41, 139.81, 134.98, 128.86, 121.44, 120.34, 116.37, 116.09, 106.46, 101.82, 101.10, 68.89, 48.72. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅FN₄O₄ [M+1]⁺ 407.1156, found 407.1129.

6. Synthesis of Compounds 12 a-h

Scheme 3.1



Step1

The mixture of the corresponding aniline (1.0 equiv), and 50% aq. HCl (30%) in acetonitrile was cooled to 0 °C, then a solution of NaNO₂ (1.5 equiv) in H₂O (5.0 mL per

mmol aniline) was added and stirred for 20 min. Then, a solution of KI (2.0 equiv) in H_2O (2.0 mL per mmol KI) was added dropwise to the above solution. After addition, the dark brown solid was started to precipitate and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for an additional 3 h. The result solid was filtered, washed with 1N aq. HCl solution, and dried to give the corresponding iodobenzene intermediate **41a-b**.

1-bromo-5-chloro-2-iodo-3-methoxybenzene (**41a**) (91%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₇H₅BrClIO [M+1]⁺ 348.06.

1-bromo-2-iodo-3-methoxy-5-methylbenzene (**41b**) (83%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (s, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₈BrIO [M+1]⁺ 327.44.

Step 2

A solution of the corresponding iodobenzene intermediate (1.0 equiv) in toluene (5.0 mL per iodoaryl intermediate) was cooled to a temperature of -30 °C. Then, a solution of isopropyl magnesium chloride (1.5 equiv, 2.0 M in THF) was added slowly over 0.5 h. A clear brown solution was obtained. Stirring was continued for 1 h. Anhydrous DMF (4.0 equiv) was added slowly over 5 min, the temperature of the reaction mixture increased to -19 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to 0 °C over 1 h. The reaction was quenched into saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and allowed to warm to room temperature. Ethyl acetate and water were added and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with brine, concentrated by rotary evaporator, and purified by column chromatography to give **42a-b**.

2-bromo-4-chloro-6-methoxybenzaldehyde (**42a**) (91%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.05 (s, 1H), 10.19 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 1.9, 0.6 Hz, 2H). LC-MS (ES) for C₇H₄BrClO₂ [M+1]⁺ 235.98.

2-bromo-6-hydroxy-4-methylbenzaldehyde (**42b**) (86%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 9.72 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 4H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₇BrO₂ [M+1]⁺ 215.83.

Step 3

A solution of BBr₃ (2.5 equiv, 1.0M in DCM) was added dropwise to a solution of the corresponding benzaldehyde intermediate (1.0 equiv) in DCM (5.0 mL per mmol bezaldehyde intermediate) under N₂ at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 3 h at 0 °C. After this period, the solution was quenched with ice water, and the organic layer was washed with water. The organic solvent was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **43a-b**.

2-bromo-4-chloro-6-hydroxybenzaldehyde (**43a**) (73%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.05 (s, 1H), 10.19 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, J = 1.9, 0.6 Hz, 2H). LC-MS (ES) for C₇H₄BrClO₂ [M+1]⁺ 235.98.

2-bromo-6-hydroxy-4-methylbenzaldehyde (**43b**) (88%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 9.72 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 4H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₇BrO₂ [M+1]⁺ 215.83.

<u>Step 4^8 </u>

The mixture of the corresponding aldehyde intermediate (1.0 equiv) and CBr₄ (3.0 equiv) in DCM (5.0 mL per mmol aldehyde intermediate) was cooled to 0 °C. After 20 min, PPh₃ (3.0 equiv) in DCM (5.0 mL per PPh₃) was added dropwise over 30 min and stirred for an additional 1 h at 0 °C. After which it was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for an additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution. The phases were then separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM. The combined organic layer was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **44a-c**.

3-bromo-2-(2,2-dibromovinyl)phenol (**44a**) (62%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₅Br₃O [M+1]⁺ 357.27
3-bromo-5-chloro-2-(2,2-dibromovinyl)phenol (**44b**) (43%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₄Br₃ClO [M+1]⁺ 392.00.

3-bromo-2-(2,2-dibromovinyl)-5-methylphenol (**44c**) (46%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₇Br₃O [M+1]⁺ 371.46.

Step 5⁸

 K_3PO_4 (2.0 equiv) and CuI (0.1 equiv) were added to a solution of the corresponding gem-dibromoolefin (1.0 equiv) in THF (3.0 mL per mmol of gem-dibromoolefin intermediate). The flask was flushed with nitrogen for 5 min and the vial sealed and placed in a pre-heated oil bath at 80 °C. The vial was stirred for 4 h, after which it was allowed to cool to room temperature. The contents were filtered over a pad of silica gel, washing with ethyl acetate. The resulting solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **45a-c**.

2,4-dibromobenzofuran (**45a**) (85%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.06 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₄Br₂O [M+1]⁺ 276.71.

2,4-dibromo-6-chlorobenzofuran (**45b**) (90%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 6.69 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₈H₃Br₂ClO [M+1]⁺ 311.12.

2,4-dibromo-6-methylbenzofuran (**45c**) (85%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₆Br₂O [M+1]⁺ 290.64.

Step 6⁹

Sodium cyanide (1.5 equiv) was added to a solution of the corresponding dibromobenzofuran intermediate (1.0 equiv) in dry DMSO (3.0 mL per mmol of Benzofuran intermediate) under N_2 at 100 °C for 24 h, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated and washed with

water, dried by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **46a**-**c**.

4-bromobenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**46a**) (35%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.32 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.7 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₄BrNO [M+1]⁺ 222.90.

4-bromo-6-chlorobenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**46b**) (29%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₃BrClNO [M+1]⁺ 257.31.

4-bromo-6-methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (46c) (38%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₀H₆BrNO [M+1]⁺ 236.88.

<u>Step 7</u>

A mixture of the corresponding benzofuran intermediate (1.0 equiv), the corresponding catechol (2.5 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (2.2 equiv), CuI (0.2 equiv), *N*,*N*-dimethyl glycine hydrochloride (0.4 equiv) in dioxane (5.0 mL per mmol benzofuran intermediate) in a sealed tube was heated to 90 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 18 h. The cooled mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **47a-e** and **47g-h**.

4-(2-methoxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (47a) (53%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.99 (td, J = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (td, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁NO₃ [M+1]⁺ 266.08.

4-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-6-methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**47b**) (71%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H) 6.64 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₇H₁₃NO₃ [M+1]⁺ 280.07.

6-chloro-4-(2-methoxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**47c**) (59%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 7.06 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.45 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀ClNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 300.52.

4-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (47d) (67%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.02 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀FNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 284.10.

4-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-6-methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (47e) (34%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (ddd, J = 8.7, 7.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₇H₁₂FNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 297.74.

4-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)-2-methylbenzofuran (**47g**) (48%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.91 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.63 (dd, J = 7.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.39 – 6.18 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₃ClO₃ [M+1]⁺ 289.21.

4-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**47h**) (52%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dt, J = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (ddd, J = 8.8, 7.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀ClNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 390.12.

Step 8

A solution of BBr₃ (2.5 equiv, 1.0M in DCM) was added dropwise to a solution of the corresponding diether intermediate (1.0 equiv) in DCM (3.0 mL per mmol diether intermediate) under N₂ at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 3 h or overnight at 0 °C. After this period, the solution was quenched with ice water, the organic layer washed with water and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic solvent was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give **48a-h**.

4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**48a**) (87%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.73 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₉NO₃ [M+1]⁺ 252.02.

4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**48b**) (61%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.02 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 6.75 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₁NO₃ [M+1]⁺ 265.82.

6-chloro-4-(2-hydroxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**48c**) (60%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (td, J = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₈ClNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 286.29.

4-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**48d**) (69%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.02 – 6.94 (m, 3H), 6.66 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₈FNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 270.08.

4-(4-fluoro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)-6-methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (48e) (72%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (ddd, J = 8.9, 8.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₆H₁₀FNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 283.96.

2-(benzofuran-4-yloxy)-5-chlorophenol (48f) (43%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 6.79 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₄H₉ClO₃ [M]⁺ = 260.

5-chloro-2-((2-methylbenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)phenol (48g) (82%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.85 – 6.64 (m, 3H), 6.21 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.55 – 2.29 (m, 3H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₁ClO₃ [M+1]⁺ 275.11.

4-(4-chloro-2-hydroxyphenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**48h**) (64%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.27 (dt, *J* = 8.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 2.1, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.73 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₈ClNO₃ [M+1]⁺ 285.73.

Step 9

17 (1.5 equiv) and K_2CO_3 (2.0 equiv) were added to a solution of the corresponding catechol aryl ether intermediate (1.0 equiv) in DMF (1.0 mL per mmol aryl ether intermediate) and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C to complete the reaction. The reaction mixture was poured into brine and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was sequentially washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product was dissolved in DCM (1.0 mL per mmol catechol diether intermediate) and aq. NH₄OH (30%) (0.5 mL per mmol catechol aryl ether intermediate) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified by column chromatography to give 12a-h.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)benzofuran-2-

carbonitrile (12a) (41%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.11 (ddd, J = 7.9, 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.31 – 4.23 (m, 2H), 3.99 – 3.93 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.30, 160.57, 156.62, 152.69, 150.69, 150.01, 145.27, 143.78, 127.22, 126.14, 122.60, 122.52, 118.49, 114.19, 108.06, 106.09, 104.81, 101.36, 99.99, 66.69, 48.21. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₅N₃O₅ [M+1]⁺ 390.1090, found 390.1093.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)-6-

methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (12b) (47%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.87 (m, 3H), 6.82 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 5.22 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.81, 153.42, 151.79, 150.46, 149.38, 145.37, 130.51, 127.55, 125.09, 124.02, 122.76, 120.75,

118.14, 114.82, 113.66, 111.79, 107.64, 106.33, 101.35, 66.92, 48.31, 17.37. HR-MS (ES) calcd for $C_{22}H_{17}N_3O_5 [M+1]^+$ 404.1168, found 404.1163.

6-chloro-4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-

yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (12c) (53%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 6.94 (m, 4H), 6.60 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.44, 153.86, 149.72, 149.39, 145.20, 144.95, 134.16, 127.27, 127.15, 126.43, 125.21, 119.45, 117.12, 114.71, 114.44, 111.72, 110.79, 109.79, 100.56, 66.79, 47.15. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄ClN₃O₅ [M+1]⁺ 424.0700, found 424.0682.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-

fluorophenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (**12d**) (52%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Acetoned₆) δ 9.81 (br, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.60 – 6.56 (m, 1H), 5.01 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 163.07, 157.41, 152.91, 151.70, 150.99, 145.48, 142.50, 131.39, 130.00, 126.90, 124.12, 122.17, 116.82, 116.62, 115.50, 110.56, 108.63, 106.46, 100.70, 67.26, 47.78. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄FN₃O₅ [M+1]⁺ 408.0996, found 408.0977.

4-(2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)ethoxy)-4-fluorophenoxy)-6-

methylbenzofuran-2-carbonitrile (12e) (63%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.70 – 6.61 (m, 3H), 5.16 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.24, 161.84, 152.75, 150.56, 149.43, 149.23, 143.99, 131.00, 127.60, 126.32, 124.60, 122.91, 121.03, 117.04, 112.66, 110.74, 107.61, 105.32, 100.43, 65.80, 47.12, 16.35. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₂H₁₆FN₃O₅ [M+1]⁺ 422.1074, found 422.1066.

1-(2-(2-(benzofuran-4-yloxy)-5-chlorophenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (**12f)** (10%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.66 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 7.06 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 2.3, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 158.12, 153.53, 152.8, 152.44, 147.41, 145.89, 131.78, 125.94, 124.38, 123.05, 116.21, 108.49, 107.07, 104.59, 101.41, 67.98. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₀H₁₅ClN₂O₅ [M+1]⁺ 399.0669, found 399.0630.

1-(2-(5-chloro-2-((2-methylbenzofuran-4-yl)oxy)phenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-

2,4(1H,3H)-dione (**12g**) (78%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.90 (m, 1H), 7.63 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 4.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.02 (m, 3H), 7.02 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.63 – 6.32 (m, 2H), 5.06 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, J = 8.7, 4.7 Hz, 2H), 4.16 – 3.89 (m, 2H), 2.45 (2, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.40, 149.95, 145.27, 140.79, 126.13, 122.71, 122.68, 122.25, 119.17, 114.54, 111.33, 101.30, 97.12, 77.29, 77.03, 76.78, 66.70, 48.27, 21.34. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₇ClN₂O₅ [M+1]⁺ 413.0826, found 413.0808.

4-(4-chloro-2-(2-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-

yl)ethoxy)phenoxy)benzofuran-2-carbonitrile (12h) (47%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.80 (br, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 10.4, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (ddd, J = 8.8, 8.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 157.42, 153.28, 145.45, 129.99, 128.05, 126.81, 126.78, 124.07, 123.69, 116.65, 115.67, 108.16, 107.42, 106.19, 104.96, 103.09, 101.14, 100.67, 99.94, 67.17, 47.76. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₁H₁₄ClN₃O₅ [M+1]⁺ 424.0700, found 424.0696.

Synthesis of Compounds 46g and 47f



Step A1

To a solution of 3-bromophenol (23 mmol), propargyl bromide (27 mmol) in acetone (40 mL), K_2CO_3 (27 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at reflux for 24 h. After this period, the mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, the solid was filtered, the acetone was concentrated by rotary evaporation, and purified by column chromatography to give **49**.

Synthesis of 1-bromo-3-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)benzene (49) (92%) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.40 (t, *J* = 5 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.33 (s, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₇BrO [M+1]⁺ 212.93.

Step A2

To a solution of **49** (21 mmol) in *N*, *N*-diethylaniline (30 mL), cesium fluoride (11 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated at 190 °C for 24 h. After cooling, the suspension was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and washed with dil HCl (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by rotary evaporation and purified column chromatography to give 4-bromo-2-methylbenzofuran (**46g**, 87%) and 6-bromo-2-methylbenzofuran (13%). The resulting mixture was purified by reverse phase HPLC using 10:1 acetonitrile: water with 0.1% TFA (B) for 22 min followed by 3 min at 100% B, to give compound **46g** (26 %).

4-bromo-2-methylbenzofuran (**46g**) ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.30 (s, 3H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H). LC-MS (ES) for C₉H₇BrO [M+1]⁺ 212.33.

Step B1

To a solution of 6,7-Dihydro-4(5*H*)-benzofuranone (11 mmol), 1-dodecene (14 mmol), Pd/C (1.0 g) in dry decalin (20 mL) was stirred at reflux under N_2 atmosphere for 24 h. The reaction was cooled down, quenched with EtOH (15 mL), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography to give **50**.

benzofuran-4-ol (50) (32%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J = 2.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 1H). GC-MS (ES) for C₈H₆O₂ [M]⁺ 134.

Step B2

To a solution of benzofuran-4-ol (2.0 mmol), 2-bromo-5-chloroanisole (2.6 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (3.0 mmol), CuI (0.2 mmol) and *N*,*N*-dimethylglycine hydrochloride (0.6 mmol) in dry dioxane were stirred at 90-100 °C under N₂ atmosphere for 24 h. The reaction was cooled down, quenched with brine, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography to give **47f**.

4-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)Benzofuran (47f) (33%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.17 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 - 6.88 (m, 2H), 6.72 - 6.71 (m, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₁ClO₃ [M]⁺ = 274.

7. Synthesis of Compound 13a

Scheme 3.2



Step1

To a stirred solution of 7-methoxybenzofuran (3.3 mmol)) in dry DCM (5.0 mL) at -78 °C under N₂ atmosphere was added BBr₃ (3.0 mmol) (1.0M solution in DCM) and then the reaction was allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The crude reaction was quenched with ice water and extracted with DCM (3 x 5.0 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography to give **51**.

benzofuran-7-ol (51) (42%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H). GC-MS (ES) for C₈H₆O₂ [M]⁺ 134.

Step 2

Synthesis of 7-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)Benzofuran (52). Following step A2 in the synthetic scheme 1.2 from 51 to give 52 (20%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.88 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₅H₁₁ClO₃ [M]⁺ = 274.

Step 3

To a stirred solution of 7-(4-chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)benzofuran (**52**, 0.2 mmol) in dry DCM (5.0 mL) at -78 °C under N₂ atmosphere was added BBr₃ (3.0 mmol, 1.0M solution in DCM) and then the reaction was allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The crude reaction was quenched with ice water and extracted with DCM (3 x 5.0 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography to give **53**.

2-(benzofuran-7-yloxy)-5-chlorophenol (53) (100%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 5.86 (s, 1H). GC-MS (ES) for C₁₄H₉ClO₃ [M]⁺ = 260.

Step 4

A solution of 2-(benzofuran-7-yloxy)-5-chlorophenol (**53**, 1.0 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (1.1 mmol) in dry DMF (2.0 mL) were stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Then, a solution of 1-(2-bromoethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (**17**, 1.1 mol) in dry DMF (2.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h and then at room temperature for overnight. The crude reaction was quenched with brine and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in dry MeOH (3.0 mL) and then 3.0 mL of NH₄OH was added. The crude reaction was stirred at room temperature until completion. Then, the crude reaction was concentrated in vacuo and the product purified by column chromatography to give **13a**. Further purification was performed by HPLC (5-100% of water with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (A) and 10:1 acetonitrile:water with 0.1% TFA(B)).

1-(2-(2-(benzofuran-7-yloxy)-5-chlorophenoxy)ethyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

(13a) (10%) ¹H NMR (800 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.75 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.87 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d,

7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (200 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 166.48, 152.52, 152.18, 147.98, 146.9, 144.26, 131.6, 131.5, 124.49, 123.6, 122.97, 116.73, 116.29, 111.55, 108.14, 101.39, 68.10. HR-MS (ES) calcd for C₂₀H₁₅ClN₂O₅ [M+1]⁺ 399.0785, found 399.0663.

8. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra
































































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10. Protein Crystallography

Materials and Methods

Recombinant RT52A enzyme was expressed and purified to homogeneity using methods described previously.^{1,2} Crystals of RT52A in complex with **10b** (aka **JLJ555**) were prepared using similar methods as the catechol diether complexes.¹ The final optimized condition for crystal growth consisted of 12.5% (w/v) PEG 8,000, 100 mM ammonium sulfate, 15 mM magnesium sulfate, 5 mM spermine, and 50 mM MES pH 6.0. Crystals were transferred to a cryo-solution containing 27% (v/v) ethylene glycol and flash cooled with liquid nitrogen.

Diffraction data for the best crystals were collected at Brookhaven NSLS on beam line X29A. High-resolution data sets for the best diffracting crystals were collected, indexed, integrated, and scaled into the C2 space group using HKL2000.³ In order to obtain phases, molecular replacement was performed with Phaser⁴ using a previously determined RT:3 (PDB code: **4H4M**) as the search model.² The program Coot⁵ was used for model building into the electron density. Maximum-likelihood restrained refinement in Phenix⁶ was used to refine the structure after each cycle of model building until acceptable *R*-factors, geometry statistics (ideal rmsd for bonds and angles), and Ramachandran statistics were achieved. Iterative build, composite omit electron density maps were generated using Phenix Autobuild.⁷

Complex	RT: 10b (JLJ555)
PDB Code	4MFB
Resolution Limit, Å	2.88
X-Ray Source	NSLS X29A
Wavelength, Å	1.075
Space group	C2
No. molecules in asymmetric unit	1
Unit cell, a,b,c in Å	a=223.56, b=69.39,
$(\alpha,\beta,\gamma, \text{ in }^{\circ})$	c=104.79
	(α=90, β=106.04, γ=90)
Resolution range, Å	36.6-3.10
Last Shell, Å	2.93-2.88
R-sym (last shell)	0.067 (0.479)
Completeness, % (last shell, %)	99.0 (91.2)
No. of Reflections (Unique Reflections)	130654 (35128)
Redundancy (last shell)	3.7 (3.4)
Avg. I/ σ (last shell)	28.3 (2.2)
Total Number of Atoms (Protein/Inhibitor/Solvent)	7877 (7831/29/17)
R-free, R-factor	0.2694, 0.2368
RMS deviation bond lengths, Å (angles, °)	0.003 (0.770)
Avg. B-factor, $Å^2$ (Total/Protein/Inhibitor/Solvent, $Å^2$)	63.46 (76.0/53.08/48.82)
Ramachandran Favored, Allowed, Outliers, %	97, 2.7, 0.3

Data Collection and Refinement Statistics



Figure S1. Stereoview of the final $2F_o$ - F_c electron density (contour level of 1.0 σ) showing the non-nucleoside binding pocket for the RT:**10b** complex.

11. References – Protein Crystallography

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