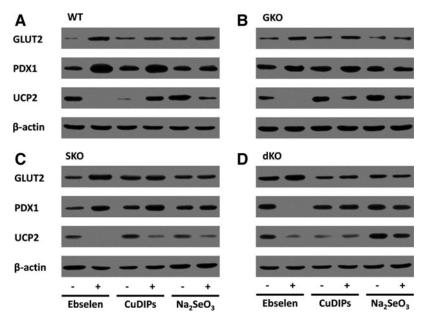
Supplementary Data



SUPPLEMENTARY FIG. S1. Impacts of the GPX and SOD mimics and inorganic selenium on protein production of key GSIS regulators in islets. The islets were isolated from WT (A), GKO (B), SKO (C), and dKO (D) mice and pre-treated with ebselen ($50\,\mu\text{M}$ in DMSO), CuDIPs ($10\,\mu\text{M}$ in ethanol), and sodium selenite ($100\,\text{nM}$ in saline) or the respective solvent controls for 5 h. Thereafter, the islets were stimulated by $16.7\,\text{mM}$ glucose for $1\,\text{h}$. The blots are representatives of five independent Western-blot analyses for GLUT2, PDX1, and UCP2. + represents treated and - represents respective solvent control groups. CuDIPs, copper diisopropylsalicylate; dKO, double knockout of GPX1 and SOD1; DMSO, dimethyl sulfoxide; GKO, GPX1 knockout; GLUT2, glucose transporter type 2; GSIS, glucose-stimulated insulin secretion; PDX1, pancreatic and duodenal homeobox 1; SEM, standard error of the mean; SKO, SOD1 knockout; UCP2, uncoupling protein 2; and WT, wild type.