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Table S1. Summary of Affymetrix 6.0 microarray CNV data for 420 schizophrenia cases of European ancestry

	All (n=420) Caucasian probands						
	Non-genic			Genic			All ¹
	Gain	Loss	Mixed	Gain	Loss	Mixed	
Total number of stringent CNVs for all samples with results	2,485	5,400	19	3,759	5,088	173	16,924
% of total stringent CNVs	14.69	31.91	0.11	16.30	30.06	1.02	100.00
Average number of CNVs per genome ² (N=420)	5.92	12.86	0.05	8.59	12.11	0.41	40.30
Median size (range)	31,810 (10,086-1,620,721)	24,086 (10,022-1,156,392)	111,225 (45,159-251,551)	83,941 (10,072-6,498,447)	52,393 (10,033-3,687,431)	83,941 (26,147-900,917)	39,394 (10,022-6,498,447)
Median size (range) for rare ³ CNVs	45,840 (11,231-1,073,381)	37,363.5 (10,115-626,127)	0	98,494 (10,904-6,498,447)	45,417 (10,033-3,687,431)	0	49,657.5 (10,033-6,498,447)
Number of >100kb CNVs	339	649	15	1,805	1,632	83	4,523
% of total CNVs, of same type, that are >100kb	13.64	12.02	78.95	65.42	32.08	47.98	26.73
Number of rare ³ CNVs	188	318	0	316	299	0	1,121
% of total CNVs, of same type, that are rare ³	7.57	5.89	0.00	11.45	5.88	0.00	6.62
Average number of rare ³ CNVs per genome ⁴	0.45	0.76	0.00	0.75	0.71	0.00	2.67
Average number of rare ³ CNVs per genome ⁵	0.49	0.83	0.00	0.83	0.78	0.00	2.94
Number of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs	144	213	0	211	214	0	382
% of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs	34.29	50.71	0.00	50.24	50.95	0.00	90.95
Number of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs ⁶	131	205	0	199	210	0	376
% of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs ⁶	31.19	48.81	0.00	47.38	50.00	0.00	89.52

This table accounts for stringent CNVs 10kb-6.5Mb; no restriction on chromosome (i.e., includes X chromosome except where indicated)

¹ “All” category comprises genic and non-genic CNVs

² Average number of CNVs per genome = total number of CNVs in each column divided by total number of subjects

³ Rare CNVs defined as CNVs present in <0.1% of population controls

⁴ Average number of rare CNVs per genome = total number of rare CNVs in each column divided by the total number of subjects (include subjects with no rare CNV)

⁵ Average number of rare CNVs per genome = total number of rare CNVs in each column divided by the total number of subjects (only include subjects with 1 or more rare CNVs)

⁶ Excluded CNVs on X chromosome

Table S2. Summary of Affymetrix 6.0 microarray CNV data for 416 OPGP control individuals of European ancestry*

	All (n=416) Caucasian OPGP controls						
	Non-genic			Genic			All ¹
	Gain	Loss	Mixed	Gain	Loss	Mixed	
Total number of stringent CNVs for all samples with results	2,129	5,774	64	3,472	5,056	225	16,720
% of total stringent CNVs	12.73	34.53	0.38	20.77	30.24	1.35	100.00
Average number of CNVs per genome ² (N=416)	5.117788462	13.87980769	0.153846154	8.346153846	12.15384615	0.540865385	40.19230769
Median size (range)	29,851 (10,103-1,654,909)	22,754 (10,022-2,041,019)	58,168 (12,803-409,887)	76,846 (10,022-2,605,726)	46,286 (10,016-1,855,636)	83,936 (26,147-1,354,407)	39,394 (10,016-2,605,726)
Median size (range) for rare ³ CNVs	39,821.5 (10,178-672,304)	37,586 (10,134-2,041,019)	0	92,828 (10,037-2,605,726)	39,536 (10,016-1,430,916)	0	47,466.5 (10,016-2,605,726)
Number of >100kb CNVs	366	646	25	1,633	1,481	106	4,254
% of total CNVs, of same type, that are >100kb	17.19	11.19	39.06	47.03	29.29	47.11	25.44
Number of rare ³ CNVs	168	325	0	273	256	0	1022
% of total CNVs, of same type, that are rare ³	7.89	5.63	0	7.86	5.06	0	6.11
Average number of rare ³ CNVs per genome ³	0.40	0.78	0	0.66	0.62	0	2.46
Average number of rare ³ CNVs per genome ⁴	0.44	0.85	0	0.71	0.67	0	2.68
Number of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs	138	220	0	186	205	0	382
% of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs	33.17	52.88	0	44.71	49.28	0	91.83
Number of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs ⁶	118	211	0	181	203	0	372
% of subjects with one or more rare ³ CNVs ⁶	28.37	50.72	0	43.51	48.80	0	89.42

This table accounts for stringent CNVs 10kb-6.5Mb; no restriction on chromosome (i.e., includes X chromosome except where indicated)

¹ “All” category comprises genic and non-genic CNVs

² Average number of CNVs per genome = total number of CNVs in each column divided by total number of subjects in each category

³ Rare CNVs defined as CNVs present in <0.1% of population controls

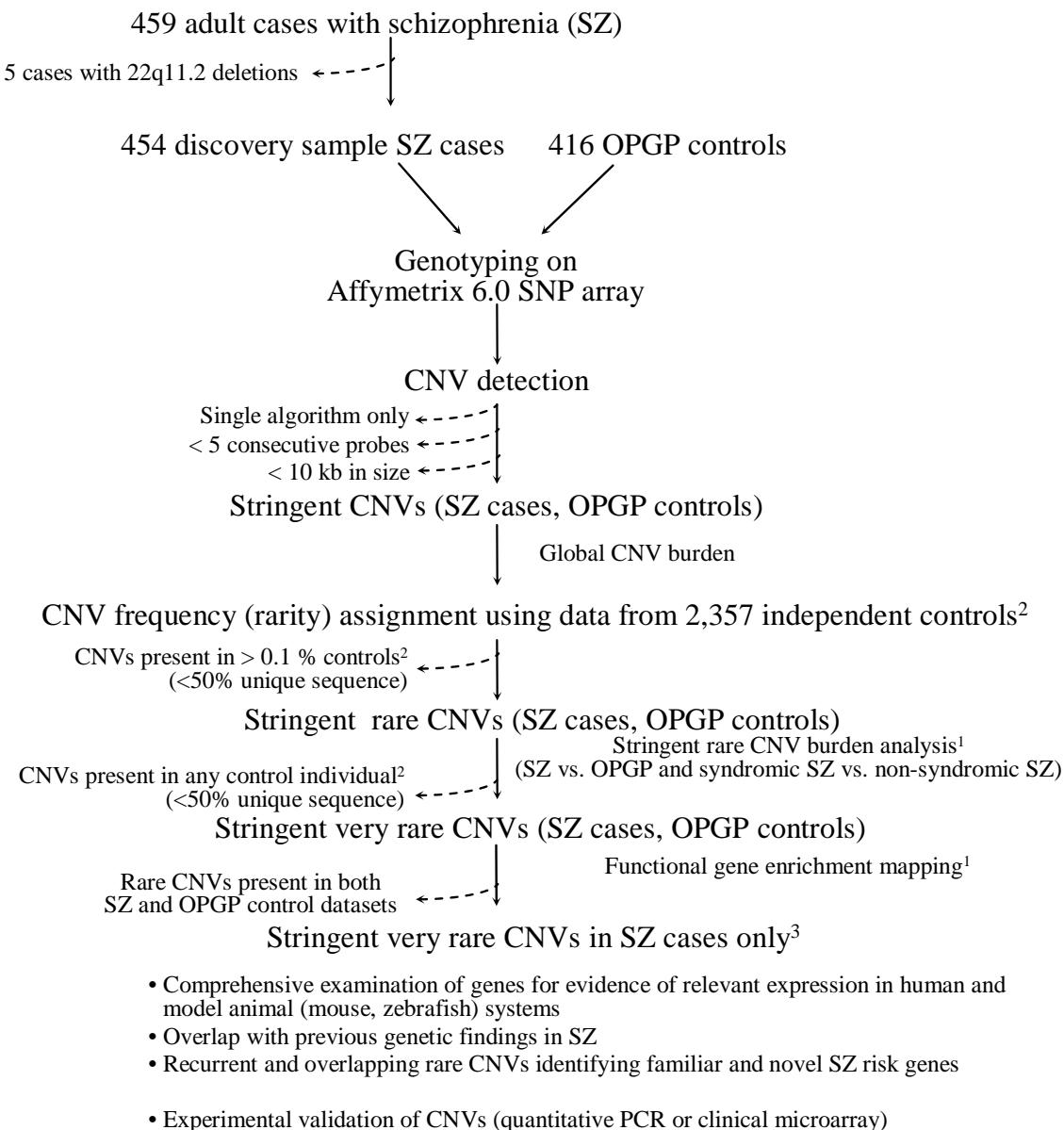
⁴ Average number of rare CNVs per genome = total number of rare CNVs in each column divided by the total number of subjects (include subjects with no rare CNV)

⁵ Average number of rare CNVs per genome = total number of rare CNVs in each column divided by the total number of subjects (only include subjects with 1 or more rare CNVs)

⁶ Excluded CNVs on X chromosome

Table S3. Frequency of typical large gains/losses at chromosome 2q13 in 23,838 population-based controls.

Dataset	N	Array type	Geographic origin	Reference	Typical large gains/losses at chromosome 2q13 (chr2:111,105,101-112,832,463)
POPGEN controls	1,123	Affymetrix 6.0	Germany	(1)	0
Ottawa Heart Institute controls	1,234	Affymetrix 6.0	Ontario, Canada	(2)	0
HapMap (Phase 3) controls	1,056	Affymetrix 6.0	HapMap populations across the world	(3)	0
Wellcome Trust Case Control Consortium (WTCCC) controls	4,783	Affymetrix 6.0	UK	(4)	0
Ontario Population Genomics Platform (OPGP) controls	416	Affymetrix 6.0	Ontario, Canada	(5)	0
Starr County Diabetes cases & controls	1,794	Affymetrix 6.0	USA	(6)	2 (gains; chr2:111,105,101-112,832,463)
Geneva NHS/HPFS Diabetes cases & controls	5,966	Affymetrix 6.0	USA	(7)	0
SAGE consortium controls	1,287	Illumina 1M	USA	(8)	1 (loss; chr2:111,078,231-112,816,485)
Health, Aging, and Body Composition (Health ABC) Study controls	2,566	Illumina 1M-Duo	USA	(9)	1 (gain; chr2:111,078,231-112,816,485)
Ontario ARCTIC controls	1,120	Affymetrix 500k	Ontario, Canada	(10)	0
Itsara et al. controls	2,493	Illumina Hap550, Hap650Y and Hap300	Various	(11)	0
Total	23,838	-	-	-	4

Figure S1. Overview of study design and CNV analysis workflow

¹CNV burden analysis and functional gene enrichment mapping focused on comparing the subset of unrelated SZ cases of European ancestry (n = 420) with ancestry-matched unrelated adult OPGP controls (n=416).

²Population-based adult controls of European ancestry (n=2,357), used in previous studies of autism and attention deficit disorder and independent to OPGP controls, were genotyped on the Affymetrix 6.0 platform and analyzed for CNVs in an identical manner to the SZ cases and OPGP controls.

³Included CNVs 4–10 kb in size (n=7) that overlapped CNVs > 10kb in size overlapping SZ candidate genes

Figure S2. Large rare pathogenic CNVs (see Table 1) and smaller rare CNVs overlapping putative candidate genes for schizophrenia.

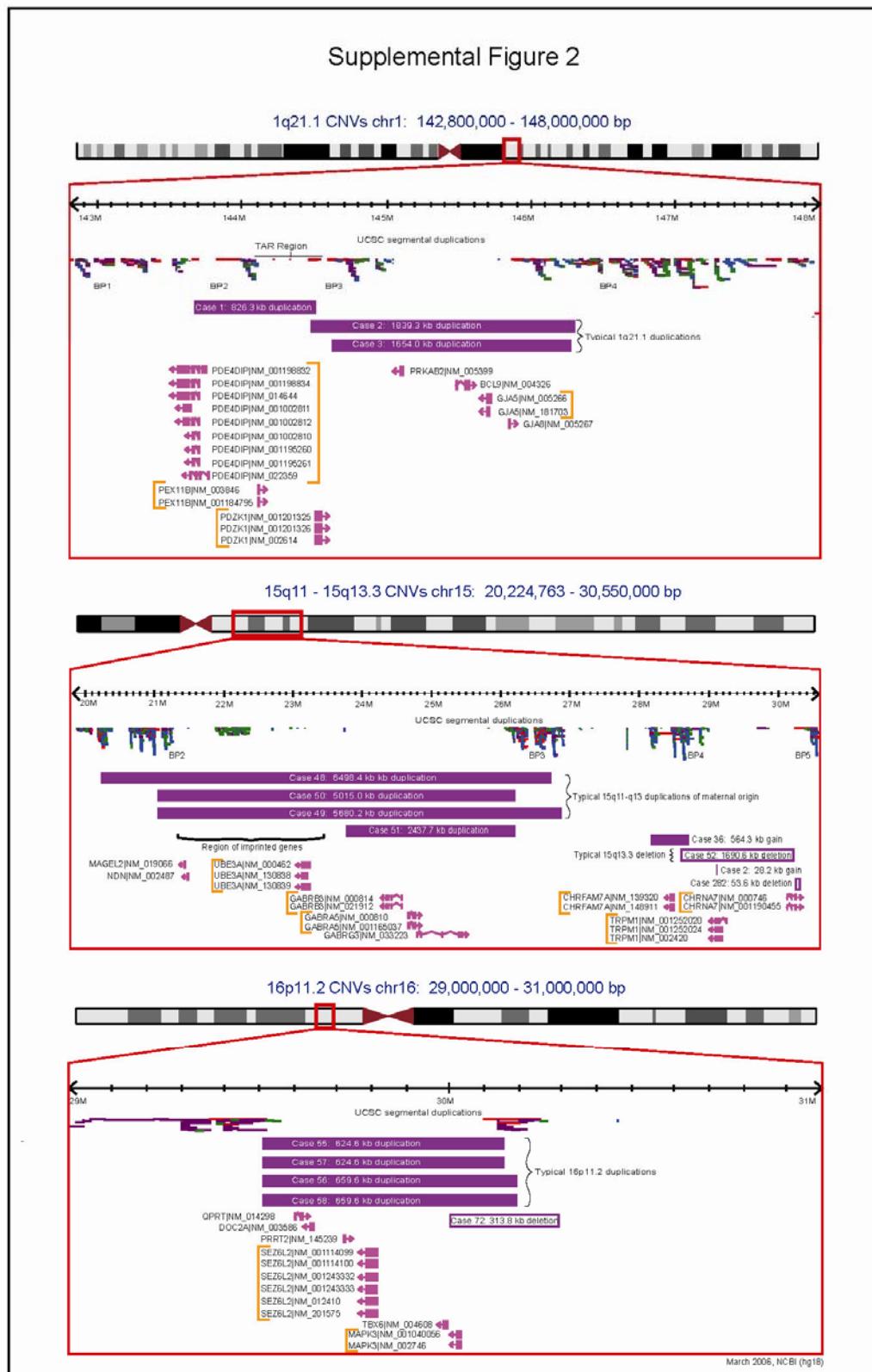


Figure S3. Large rare CNV at 7q22.3-q31.2 overlapping *FOXP2* in an adult with schizophrenia.

Supplemental Figure 3

7q22.3 - q31.2 CNV chr 7: 104,803,075 - 115,844,430 bp

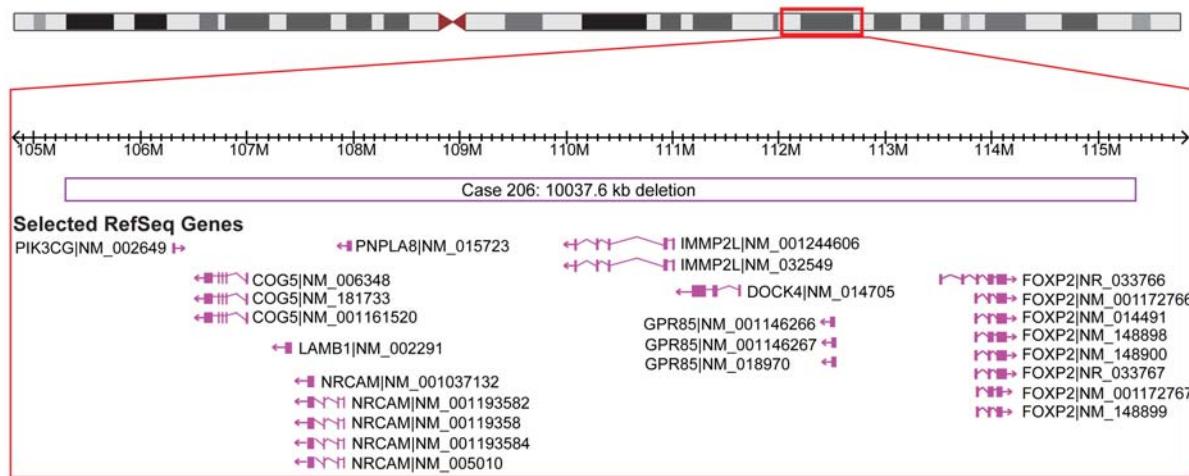


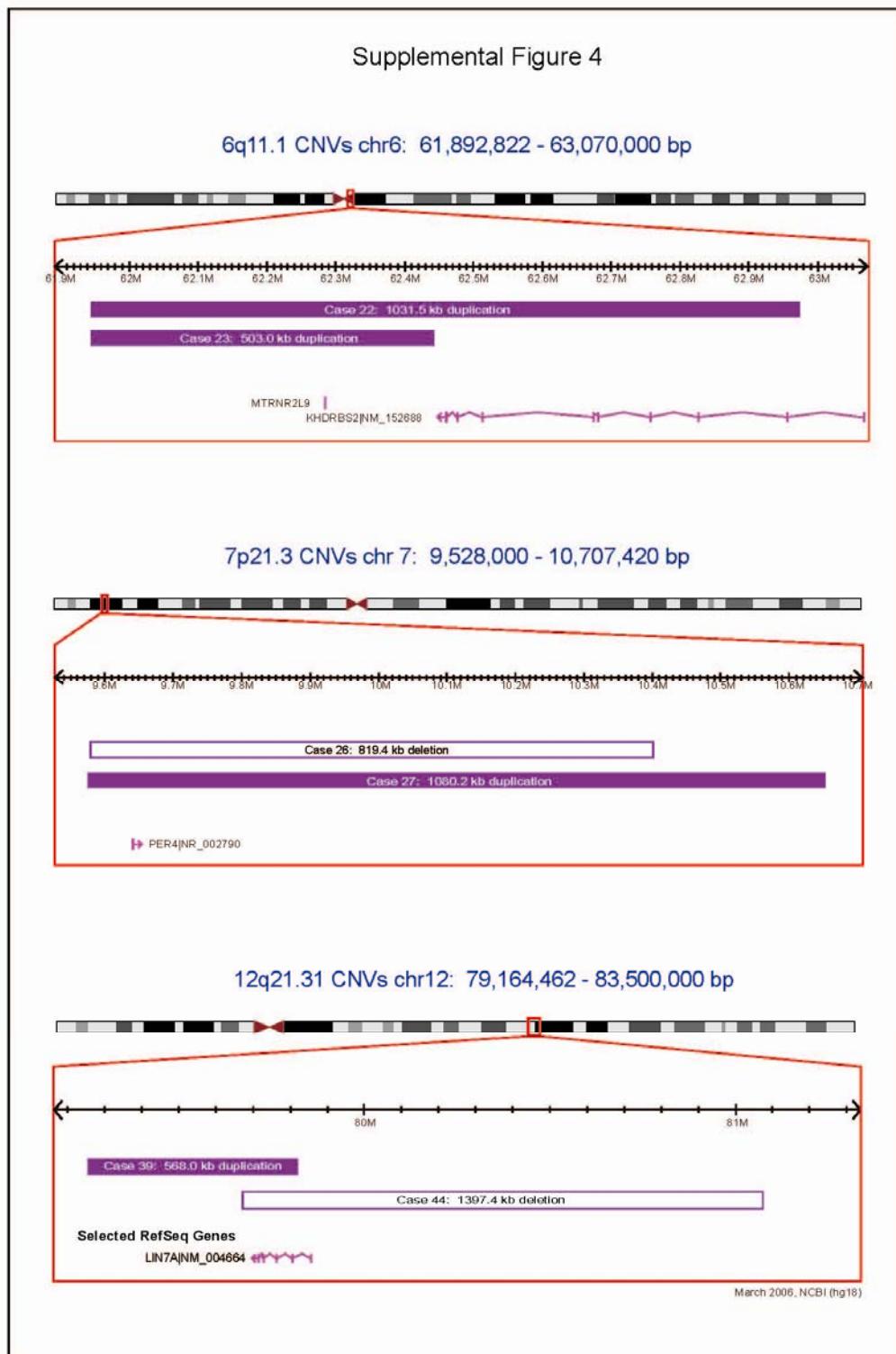
Figure S4. Overlapping large rare CNVs at three novel loci for schizophrenia.

Figure S5. Detailed gene-set association results and clusters.

Supplementary Figure 5

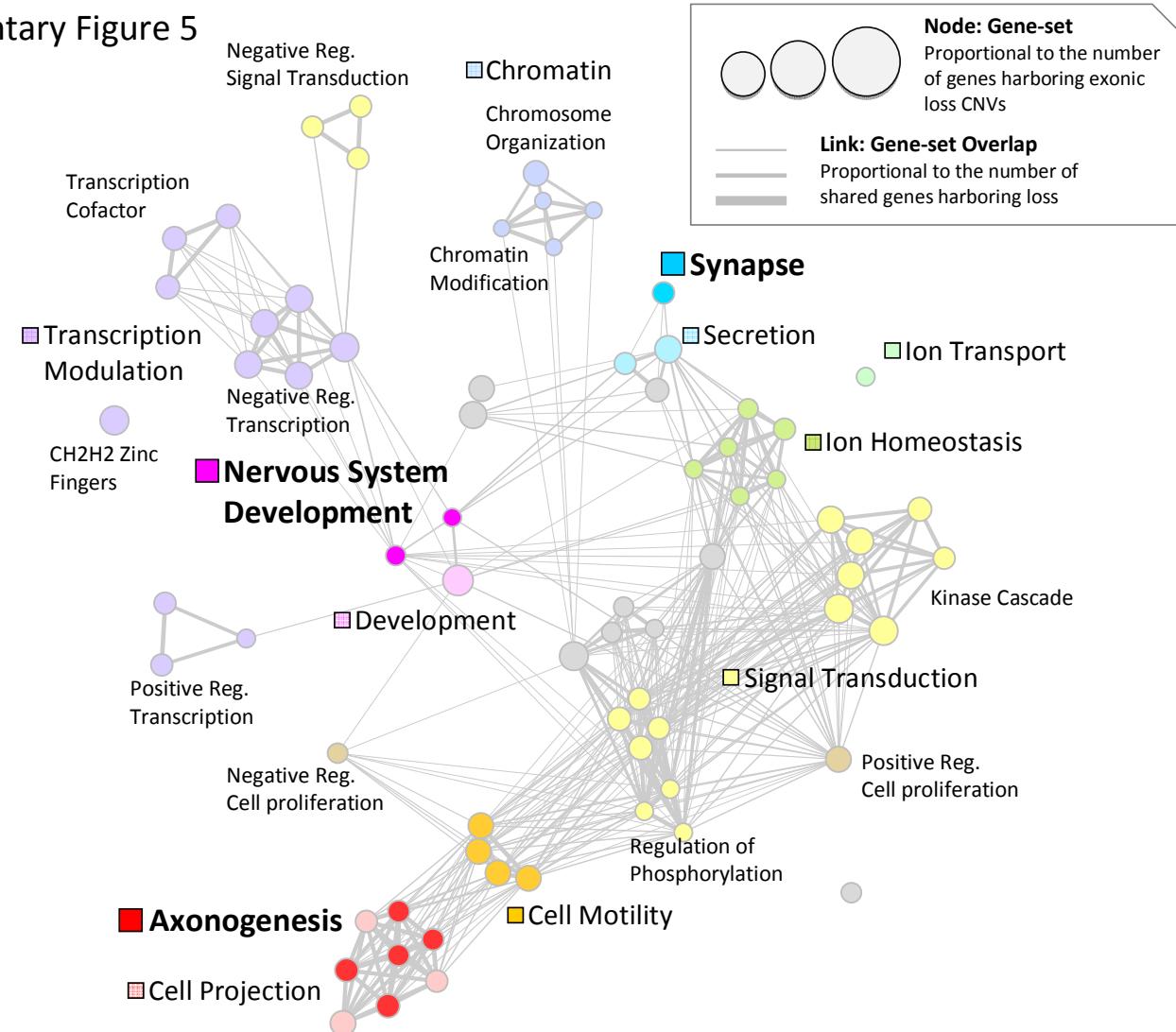


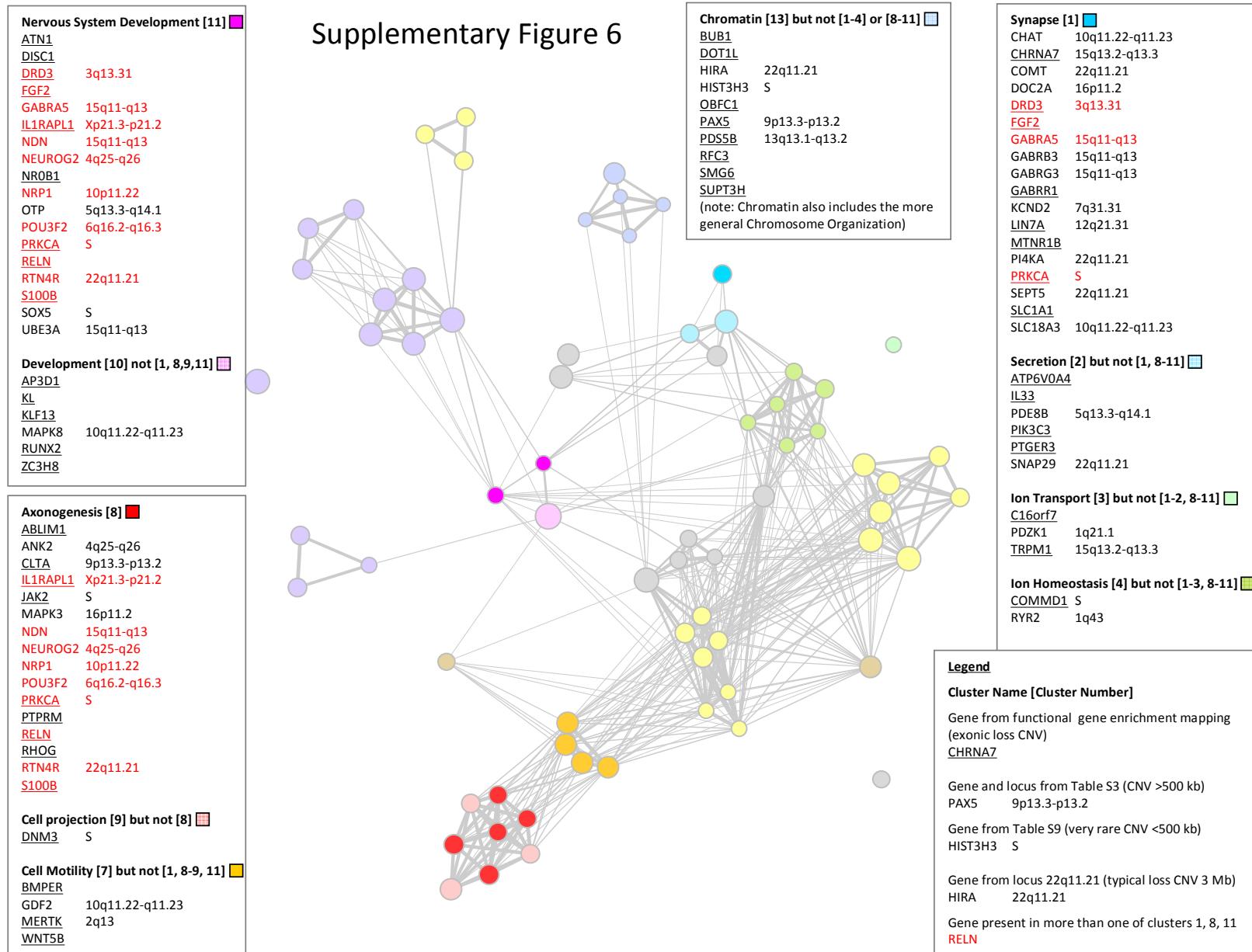
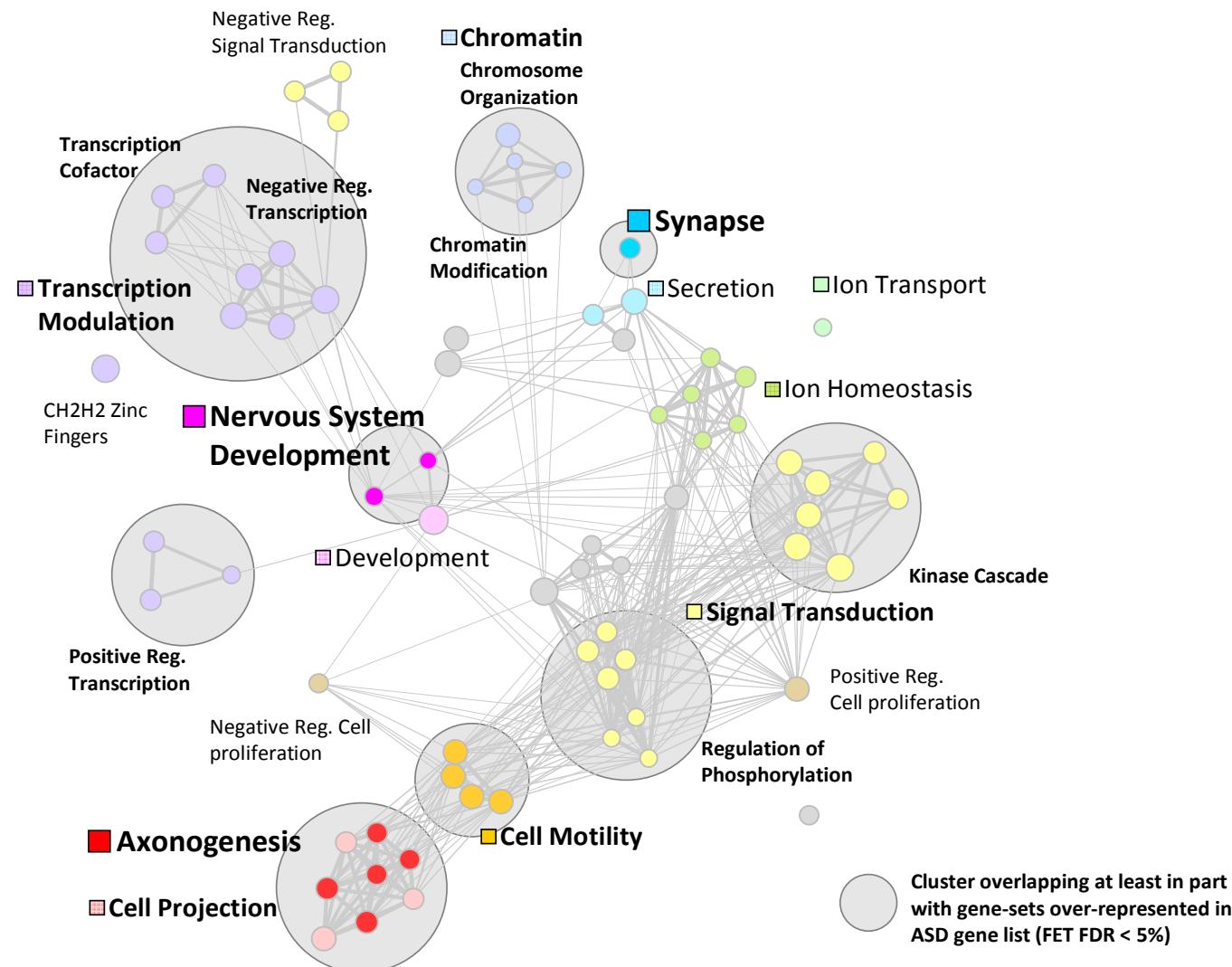
Figure S6. Detailed gene-set association results, clusters and genes.

Figure S7. Overlap of gene-set association results with ASD genes. Functional map of schizophrenia (see Figure 2 for details), highlighting the clusters of the gene-sets significantly associated to schizophrenia for which at least half the gene-sets were also significantly over-represented in known ASD genes.(12) Over-representation was tested using Fisher's Exact Test (FET) and Benjamini-Hochberg FDR for multiple test correction, with a significance threshold of 5% FDR.

Supplementary Figure 7



Supplemental References

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