

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES HENDERSON ET AL.,

Sequence 5' to 3'	G4 DNA			
	Structure	Cation	Name	Reference
d [TGGGGG(TTAGGG) ₂ T]	Tetramer	1 M NaCl	Ver-3	(12)
d (TTTTGGGG) ₂	Tetramer	1 M NaCl	Oxy-2	(9)
d (CGCGCGCGTTTCGCGCGCG)	GC hairpin	none	GC Hair	(55)
d (TTTTGGGG) ₄	Basket	100 mM NaCl	Oxy-4	(56)
d (TTGGGG) ₄	Mixture	100 mM NaCl	Tet-4	(56)
d [AGGG(TTAGGG) ₃]	Basket	100 mM NaCl	Ver-4	(11)
d (TTAGGGGGTTA)	Tetramer	1 M NaCl	G5 G4	(56)
d (GGTTGGTGTGGTTGG)	Monomeric chair	100 mM KCl	M.Chair	(57)
d [AGGG(TTAGGG) ₃]	Monomeric basket	100 mM NaCl	M.Bask	(11)
d [AGGG(TTAGGG) ₃]	Propeller	150 mM KCl	Prop	(58)
d (GGGGTTTTGGGG)	Dimeric basket	100 mM NaCl	D.Bask	(10)
r (UGGGGU)	RNA tetramer	1 M NaCl	RNA G4	(59)
d (TTTCTTTTTCTTCTTTTCTTTCTTTTCT)	Triplex	100 mM NaCl	TC30W	(47)
d (AGAAAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAAAGAAA)	Triplex	100 mM NaCl	TC30C	(47)
d (TCTTTTCTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTT)	Triplex	100 mM NaCl	C30	(47)

Table S1. Oligonucleotides used in this study to synthesize DNA or RNA G4 structures. Sequences used for generating DNA or RNA secondary structures. The cation concentration used to generate specific structures is listed; following purification structures were stored in PBS and maintained at -20 °C until use. Assigned G4 molecular structure is derived from native PAGE, CD experiments and referenced material. Soluble competitors included: *Oxytricha* intermolecular G4 (Oxy-2), vertebrate intermolecular G4 (Ver-3), poly d(G), previously designed GC hairpin (55), G5 intermolecular parallel stranded quadruplex (G5 G4), *Oxytricha* intramolecular G4 (Oxy-4), vertebrate intramolecular G4 (Ver-4), *Oxytricha* unfolded monomer, *Oxytricha* duplex and biotin.

Heavy Chain																															
	CDRH-1				CDRH-2				CDRH-3																						
	27	30	35	38	56	59	62	65	105																						
8H2	G	Y	T	F	T	S	Y	G	I	Y	P	R	S	G	N	T	A	R	V	R	G	G	Y	Y	G	S	S	S	H	W	Y
4E11	G	Y	T	F	T	D	Y	Y	I	F	P	G	S	G	S	T	A	R	G	G	E	L	W	S	S	Y	Y	A	M	D	Y
5E11	G	F	A	F	S	S	F	G	I	T	S	G	G	T	Y	T	A	R	H	W	A	Y	Y	S	N	Y	L	F	A	Y	
5C10	G	Y	T	F	T	S	Y	W	I	D	P	N	S	G	G	T	A	R	S	P	E	I	Y	Y	P	A	W	F	A	Y	
1H6	G	F	T	F	R	N	Y	W	I	R	L	K	S	D	N	Y	A	T	T	N	W	Y	Y	F	D	Y					
mevlB4	G	F	T	F	S	S	F	G	I	S	S	G	S	S	T	L	T	S	V	T	V	S	S	A	K	T	T	P			
Light Chain																															
	CDRL-1				CDRL-2		CDRL-3																								
	27	32	34	38	56	65	105																								
8H2	E	S	V	D	N	Y	G	I	S	F	A	A	S	Q	Q	S	K	E	V	P	A	R	T								
4E11	S	S	V	S	S	S	S	H	S	T	S	T	S	Q	Q	Y	S	G	Y	P	L	N	T								
5E11	Q	S	L	V	H	S	N	G	N	T	Y	K	V	S	S	Q	S	T	H	V	P	P	T								
5C10	K	R	I	S	K	Y	S	K	Y	S	G	S	S	Q	Q	H	N	E	F	P	L	T									
1H6	Q	S	L	L	Y	S	N	G	K	T	Y	L	V	S	V	Q	G	T	H	F	P	L	T								
mevlB4	K	S	V	S	T	S	G	Y	S	Y	L	V	S	Q	H	I	R	E	L	Y	T										

Table S2. Variable heavy and light chain amino acid composition of purified monoclonal antibodies. Amino acid composition of CDRs for purified monoclonal antibodies illustrates variability of amino acids. CDRs contain the contact points between antibodies and target ligands. Light grey shading highlights conserved amino acids in at minimum four antibodies. Red highlighted amino acids (basic residues) have been previously shown to directly interact with nucleic acid molecules.

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