

Table S1: Overview of used Hyb-designs and ratio calculations (2nd series)

Hyb Design	Array	Cy3	Cy5	Unlabelled
SelfSelf	13	A	A	-
ComRef	14	A	REF	-
	15	REF	A	-
OneColor	16	A	-	-
	17	-	A	-
Unlabelled	18	-	A	A

Table S2: Pearson correlation coefficients of raw Cy3 or Cy5 signal intensities from sample A, hybridised using different designs

SelfSelf-3							
SelfSelf-5	0.99						
ComRef-3	0.927	0.915					
ComRef-5	0.904	0.886	0.929				
OneColor-3	0.906	0.880	0.860	0.861			
OneColor-5	0.925	0.895	0.888	0.905	0.959		
Unlabeled-5	0.924	0.911	0.882	0.864	0.939	0.950	
	SelfSelf-3	SelfSelf-5	ComRef-3	ComRef-5	OneColor-3	OneColor-5	Unlabeled-5

Pearson correlation coefficients are coloured according to strength. Dark-grey: $R > 0.95$; Light-grey: $0.90 < R < 0.95$; White: $R < 0.90$.

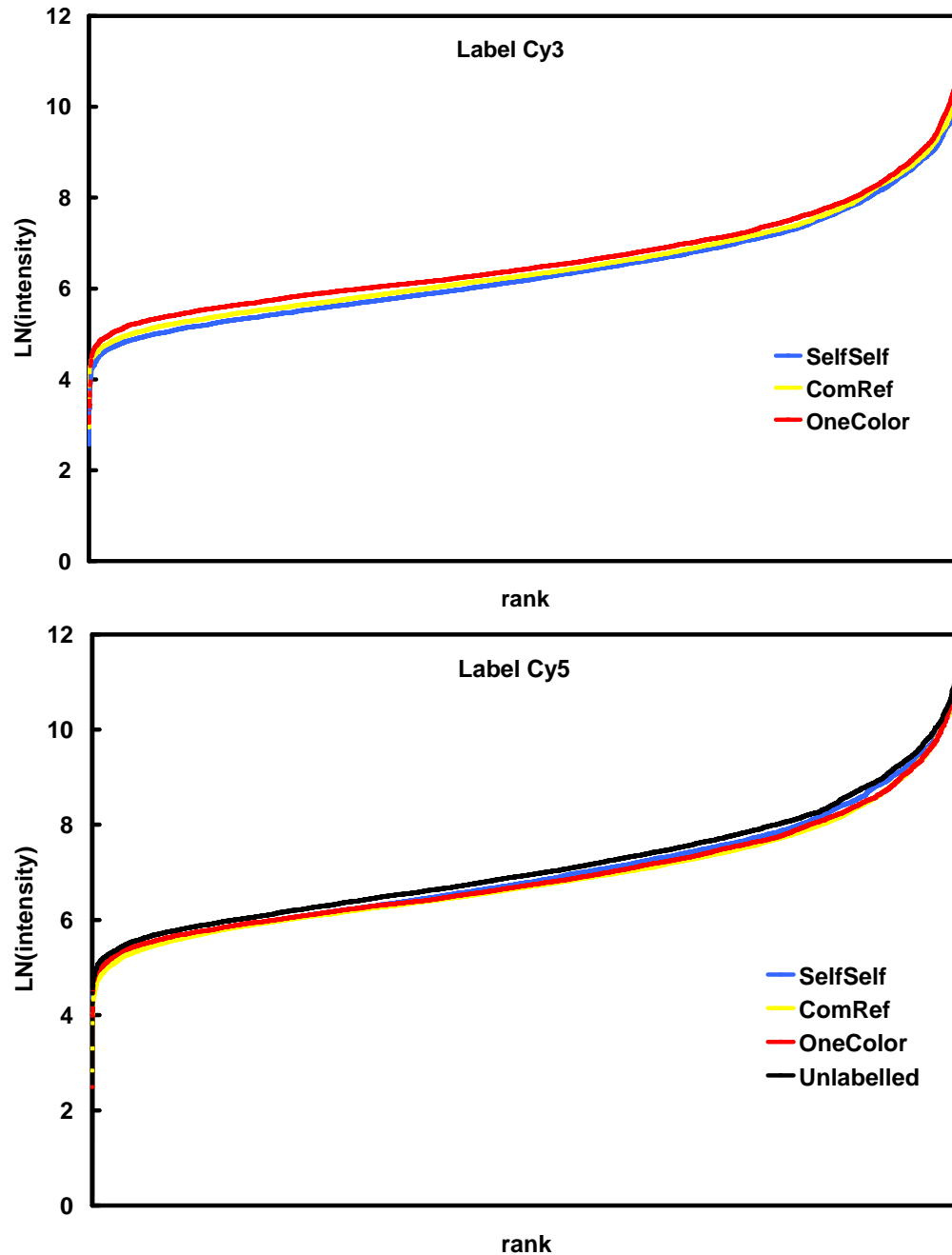


Figure S1: Effect of hybridisation design on signal intensity distributions.

The LN-transformed background-corrected Cy3 and Cy5 signal intensities from sample A, observed in a self-self hybridisation (SelfSelf, array 13, blue), hybridisations with the common reference (ComRef, array 14 and 15, yellow), one-colour hybridisations (OneColour, array 16 and 17, red) and hybridisation in presence of unlabelled target (Unlabelled, array 18, black), were ranked in rising order and plotted.