

**Table S1: Data collection and refinement statistics**

<b>Protein</b>	<b>TraI - TSA</b>
Cell	109.17, 109.17, 56.80
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$	90 90 90
Space group	P 4 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2
Wavelength	0.8726 Å
Resolution	48.82 (1.85)
I/ $\sigma$	26.3 (3.9)
R merge	0.073 (0.84)
CC 1/2	1 (0.86)
Completeness	100 (100)
Unique reflections	29933
Multiplicity	17.2 (17.5)
Anomalous multiplicity	9.2 (9.1)
FOM	0.45

<b>Refinement</b>	
R <sub>cryst</sub>	0.18
R <sub>free</sub>	0.22
Rms bond length	0.022
Rms Bond angles	2.209

<b>Ramachandran Plot</b>	
Number of residues	214
Preferred regions	208
Allowed regions	6
Outliers	0

Values in parentheses are for the highest resolution shell.

**Table S2: *E. coli* K12 strains used in this study**

<b>Strain</b>	<b>Description<sup>a</sup> and Reference</b>
<i>E. coli</i> MS411	<i>ilvG rfb-50 thi</i> (M. Schembri; DTU, Denmark)
<i>E. coli</i> CSH26Cm::LTL	Tc <sup>R</sup> , CSH26 <i>galK::cat::loxP-Tet-loxP</i> (Lang, 2010)
<i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) Star	F- ompT hsdSB (rB-mB-) gal dcm rne131 (DE3) (Life Technologies)

<sup>a</sup>antibiotic resistance: Tc, tetracycline.

**Table S3: Plasmids and primers used in this study**

<b>Plasmid</b>	<b>Description<sup>a</sup> and Reference</b>
<i>Cre-fusion plasmids</i>	
CFP B	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; <i>cre</i> from phage P1 cloned into the <i>NheI</i> and <i>Sall</i> site of pBR322 (Parker and Meyer, 2007)
CreTraI(309-992)	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CFP B with partial R1 <i>traI</i> encoding residue 309-992 (Lang 2010)
CreTraIDC1227	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CFP B with partial R1 <i>traI</i> encoding for TraI missing the last 1227 residues (Lang 2010)
CreTraIN992	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CFP B with partial R1 <i>traI</i> encoding residue 1-992 (this study)
CreTraIN992_A593V	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a A593V mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_H626L	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a H626L mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_D714A	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a D714A mutation (this study)

CreTraIN992_D714N	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a D714N mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_R717Q	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a R717Q mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_Q736A	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a Q736A mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_Q736N	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a Q736N mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_S739A	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a S739A mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_S739N	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a S739N mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_V746A	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a V746A mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_V746N	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a V746N mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992_S757T	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CreTraIN992 derivative encoding a S757T mutation (this study)
CreTraIN992 F	Amp <sup>R</sup> ; CFP B with partial F <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 (this study)

#### Expression Plasmids

pCG02	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 (Lang, 2010)
pGZTraIN992_A593V	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 and a A593V mutation (this study)
pGZTraIN992_H626L	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 and a H626L mutation (this study)
pGZTraIN992_D714 N	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 and a D714N mutation (this study)
pGZTraIN992_Q736 N	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 and a Q736N mutation (this study)
pGZTraIN992_S739N	Cm <sup>R</sup> ; pGZ119EH with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 1-992 and a S739N mutation (this study)

#### Overexpression Plasmids

pCDF_TSA	Spect <sup>R</sup> ; pCDF1b with partial R1 <i>tral</i> encoding residue 530-816 (this study)
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#### Conjugative Plasmids

R1-16	Km <sup>R</sup> ; IncFII, <i>fin-</i> (Goebel <i>et al.</i> , 1977)
R1-16D <i>tral</i>	Km <sup>R</sup> , Tc <sup>R</sup> ; IncFII, <i>tral::tetRA</i> (Lang, 2010)
pOX38	Km <sup>R</sup> , IncFI, derivative of F (Chandler & Galas, 1983)

<sup>a</sup>antibiotic resistance: Amp, ampicillin; Cm, chloramphenicol; Km, kanamycin; Spect, spectinomycin; Tc, tetracycline.

**Table S4: Primers used in this study**

Primer	Primer sequence 5'-3'
TraI_SFW1	CATGTAGGTACCAGTATCGCGCAGGTCAGA
TraI_SRev5	CATATTGGTACCTTACCCCTGTACCACCGTCAAAC
TraISeqFW2	ACCGTCGCTCGCAGAT
TraI530_FW	AGTCGGATCCCGTACAGGTCCTGATAACC
TraI816_Rev	AGTCAAGCTTCTAGGAATACAGCCGGACATC
Forward Primer with desired mutation	
TraI_V593FW	GCCAGCGTGAAAGTCGGAGAAGAGAGC
TraI_L626FW	CGTGCTCGGACTCCCTGAGGTGAC
TraI_A714FW	TGCCGGTGGCAGCCGGCGAGCGACTG
TraI_N714FW	TGCCGGTGGCAAACGGCGAGCGACTG
TraI_Q717FW	GCAGACGGCGAGCAACTGAGGGTGACAG
TraI_A736FW	GGTGACCGCCTGGCGGTGGCATCCGTCAGT
TraI_N736FW	GGTGACCGCCTGAACGTGGCATCCGTCAGT
TraI_A739FW	CTGCAGGTGGCAGCCGTCAGTGAAGATG
TraI_N739FW	CTGCAGGTGGCAAACGTCAGTGAAGATG
TraI_A746FW	AGATGCGATGGCGGTTGTTGTGCC
TraI_N746FW	AGATGCGATGAATGTTGTTGTGCC
TraI_T757FW	GGGCGGGCTGAACCGGCCACCCTGCCTGTGAGCGAT

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Reverse Primer with desired mutation

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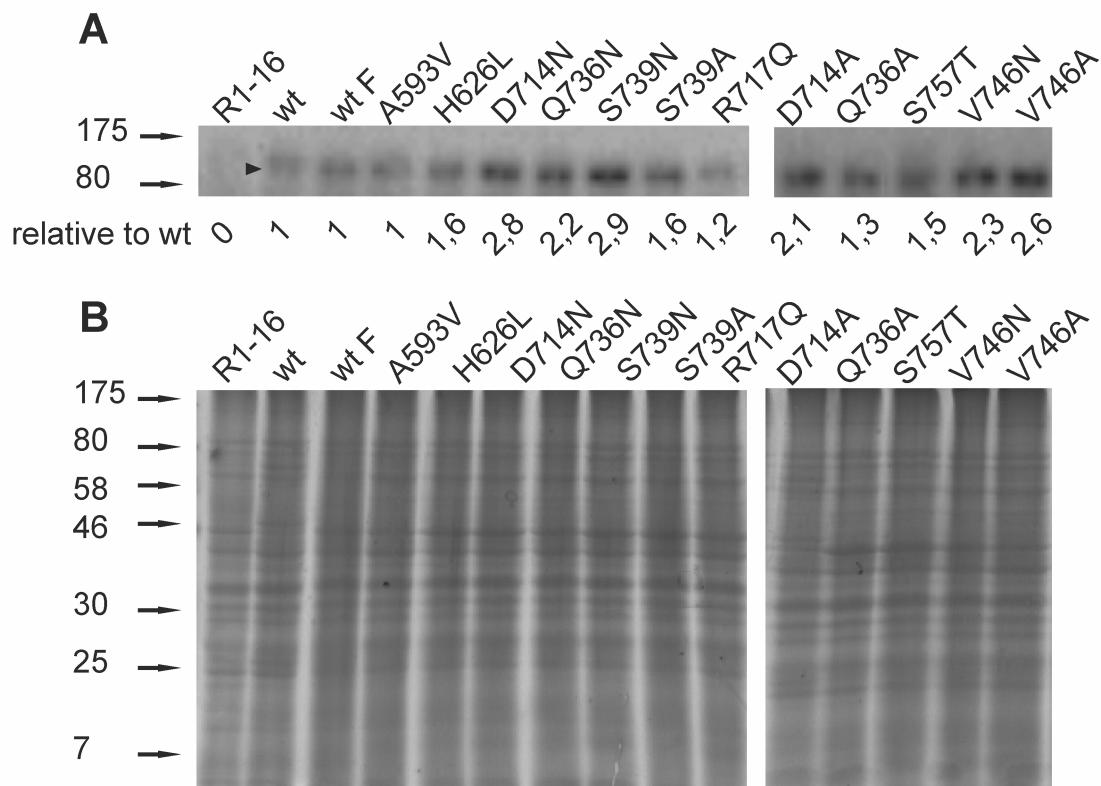
TraI\_V593Rev GCTCTTCTCCGACTTTCACGCTGGC  
TraI\_L626Rev GTCACCTCAGGGAGTCCGAGCACG  
TraI\_A714Rev CAGTCGCTCGCCGGCTGCCACCGCA  
TraI\_N714Rev CAGTCGCTCGCCGTTGCCACCGCA  
TraI\_Q717Rev CTGTCACCCTCAGTTGCTCGCCGTCTGC  
TraI\_A736Rev ACTGACGGATGCCACCGCCAGGCGGTCACC  
TraI\_N736Rev ACTGACGGATGCCACGTTTCAGGCGGTCACC  
TraI\_A739Rev CATCTTCACTGACGGCTGCCACCTGCAG  
TraI\_N739Rev CATCTTCACTGACGTTTGCCACCTGCAG  
TraI\_A746Rev GGCACAACAACCGCCATCGCATCT  
TraI\_N746Rev GGCACAACAACATTCATCGCATCT  
TraI\_T757Rev ATCGCTCACAGGCAGGGTGGCCGGTTCAGCCCGCC

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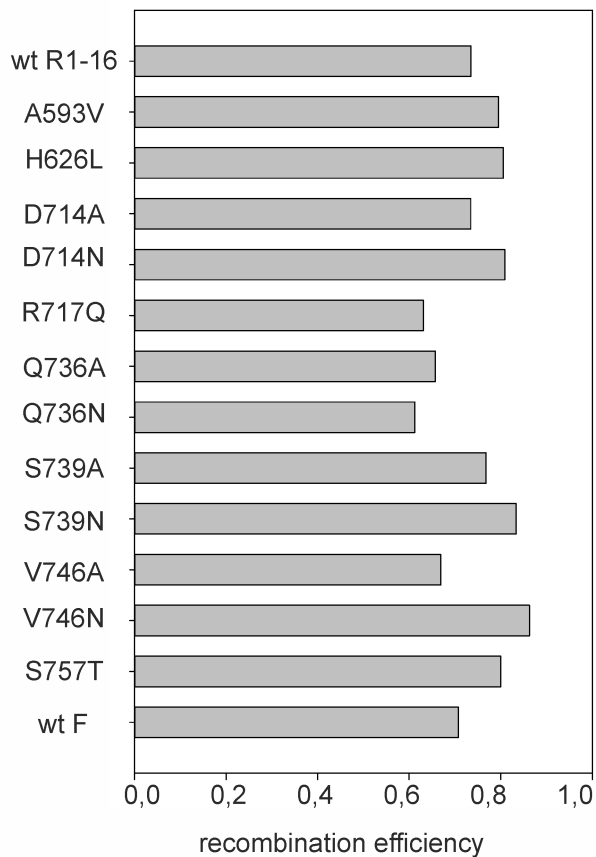
<sup>a</sup>italics: enzyme restriction site; bold: desired mutation

Accession numbers: F *tral* (AP001918), R1 *tral* (AY423546)

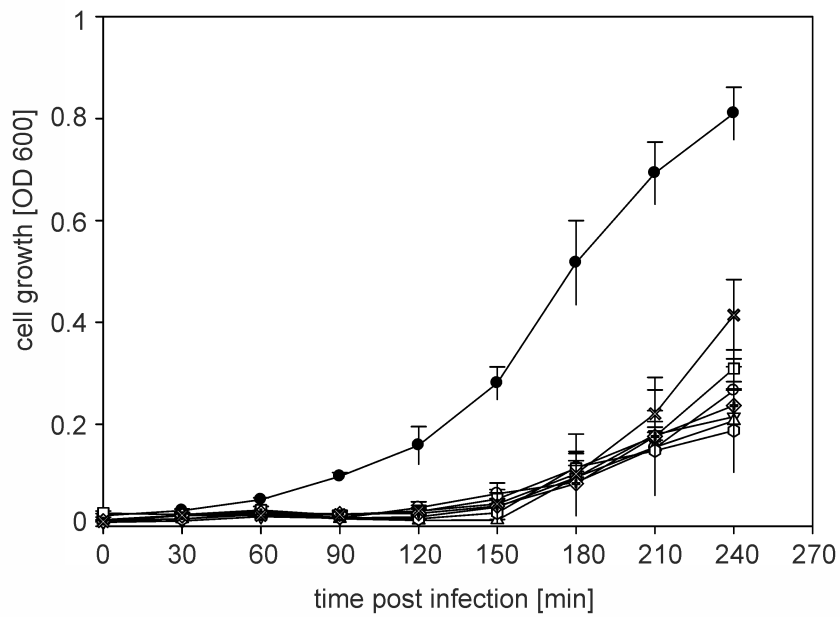
## Supplementary Figures



**Fig. S1: Western gel analysis of Cre fusion proteins.** The equivalent of 0,1 A600 units was applied to each well, resolved with 12.5% SDS-PAGE, and transferred to membranes as described in Experimental procedures. Proteins detected with rabbit anti-Cre antibody and peroxidase-conjugated anti-rabbit antibody are shown in (A). Relative protein abundance compared to wild type Cre-TraIN992 is indicated below. To compare the abundance of total protein loaded in each lane, the equivalent of 0,1 A600 units was subjected to SDS-PAGE analysis and visualized by Coomassie staining (B).



**Fig. S2: Cre-TraIN992 and mutants thereof catalyze recombination after transformation of the CRAfT indicator strain with each expression plasmid.** Approximately 50ng DNA of each construct (*right*) was introduced into the indicator strain. Selection for transformed cells was performed on 100  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  Amp LB agar plates and recombinants were detected with 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  Cm . Recombination efficiency was calculated as the number of CmR colonies divided by the number of AmpR colonies.



**Fig. S3:** The N-terminal activation domain TraI N<sub>1-992</sub> (▽) and variants thereof are sufficient to complement R1-16D*tral* (●) carrying MS411 host cells for R17 infection to levels equal to wild type MS411 [R1-16] (○). Phage infection was performed as described in Experimental procedures. Variants are indicated with the following symbols: A593V (×), H626L (△), D714N (◊), Q736N (◇), S739N (□)