

Supplemental MATERIALS AND METHODS

RT-PCR

The total RNA was extracted from HeLa cells, untreated or treated with Lorenzo's oil, using NucleoSpin RNA II kit (Macherey-Nagel, Düren, Germany) according to the manufacturer's instructions. *ELOVL1* and *GAPDH* cDNAs were amplified from the total RNA using SuperScript One-Step RT-PCR with Platinum *Taq* kit (Life Technologies, Carlsbad, CA) following the manufacturer's instructions. The primers for *ELOVL1* and *GAPDH* were described previously (1).

Supplemental REFERENCES

1. Ohno, Y., S. Suto, M. Yamanaka, Y. Mizutani, S. Mitsutake, Y. Igarashi, T. Sassa, and A. Kihara. 2010. ELOVL1 production of C24 acyl-CoAs is linked to C24 sphingolipid synthesis. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A.* **107**: 18439-18444.

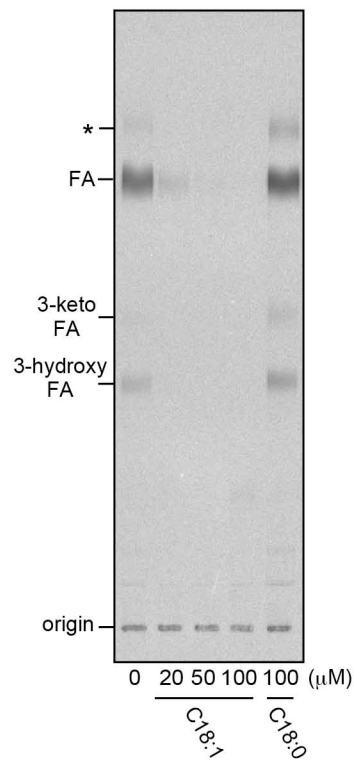


Fig. S1. Stearic acid does not inhibit ELOVL1 activity. The total membrane fraction (10 μg protein) of HEK 293T cells transiently expressing the WT 3xFLAG-ELOVL1 protein was incubated with 50 μM C22:0-CoA and 0.075 μCi (27.3 μM) [2-¹⁴C]malonyl-CoA at 37 °C for 30 min in the presence of the indicated concentration of stearic acid (C18:0), oleic acid (C18:1), or ethanol alone (vehicle control). Each FA was dissolved in 2 μl ethanol and used in the assay. After a sequential work-up (see Materials and Methods), lipids were separated by normal-phase TLC and detected by a bioimaging analyzer BAS-2500. *, a possible decarboxylation product of 3-keto-FA formed during saponification.

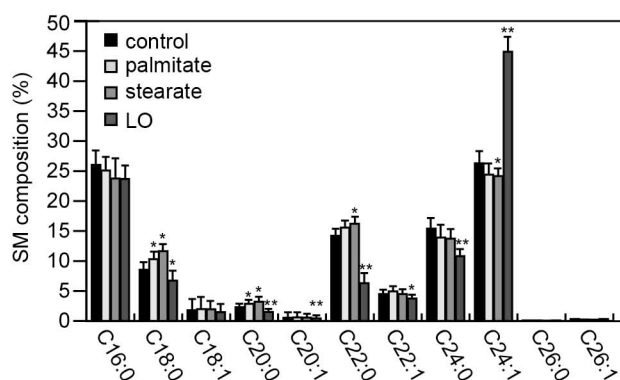


Fig. S2. Neither palmitic nor stearic acid reduces the cellular level of SM with a saturated VLCFA. HeLa-*ELOVLI* cells were treated with palmitic acid (C16:0), stearic acid (C18:0), or a 4:1 mixture of oleic (C18:1) and erucic (C22:1) acids at a concentration of 20 μ M. A proper amount of FA or FA mixture was dissolved in 2 μ l ethanol and added to the culture media. Control cells received an equal volume of ethanol only. Cells were cultured for 6 days, during which the media were replaced every 2 days with fresh media containing either the corresponding FA or ethanol only. Lipids were extracted from the cells and sphingomyelin (SM) composition was determined by UPLC-MS on a Xevo G2 QToF LC/MS system. The data were analyzed by MassLynx software. Each bar represents the percent of the amount of each SM species relative to the total amount of SM and the mean \pm SD from three independent assays. Statistically significant differences from vehicle (ethanol)-treated control cells are indicated (* $p < 0.05$ and ** $p < 0.01$, Student's t-test). LO, 4:1 mixture of oleic and erucic acids.

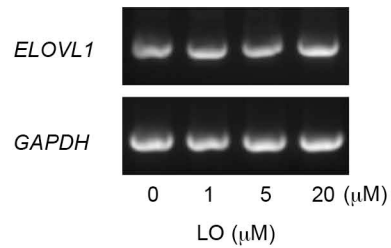


Fig. S3. A 4:1 mixture of oleic and erucic acids does not alter the level of *ELOVL1* mRNA. HeLa cells were treated with an ethanol solution of a 4:1 mixture of oleic and erucic acids in a total concentration of 1, 5, or 20 μM . Control cells received an equal volume of ethanol only. Cells were cultured for 6 days, during which the media were replaced every 2 days with fresh media containing either the 4:1 mixture in ethanol or ethanol only. The total RNA was prepared from the cells and subjected to RT-PCR using primers specific for either *ELOVL1* or *GAPDH*. LO, 4:1 mixture of oleic and erucic acids.