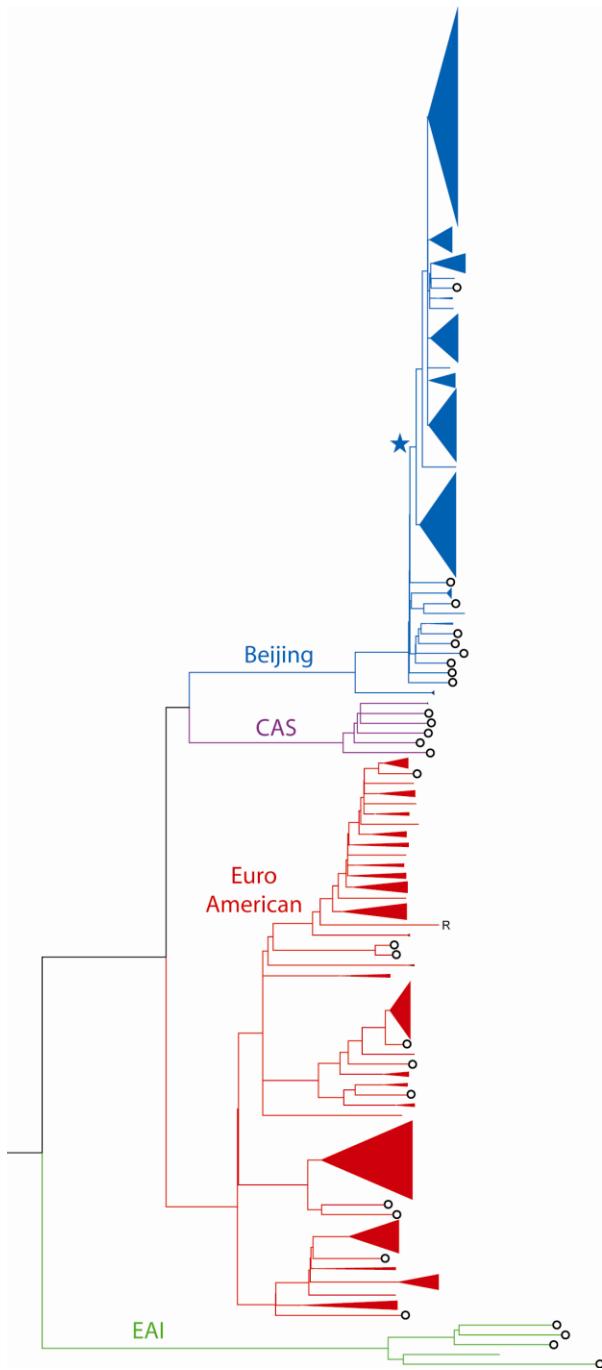


**Supplementary Data 1. Maximum likelihood phylogeny of 1,035 *M. tuberculosis* isolates based on 32,445 variable sites.**

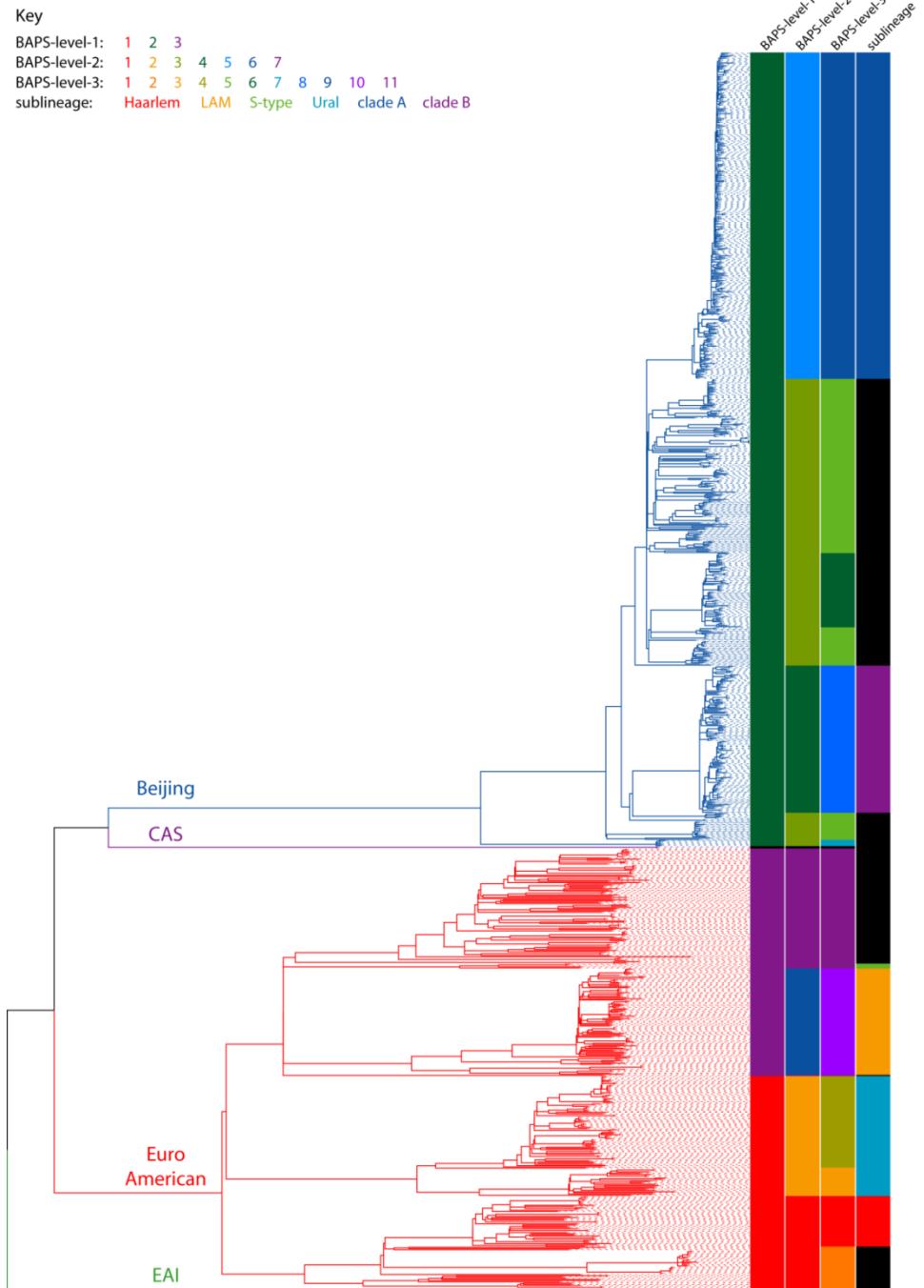
The phylogeny illustrated in Figure 2 is provided in Newick format to show branch bootstrap support values.

*see additional file*



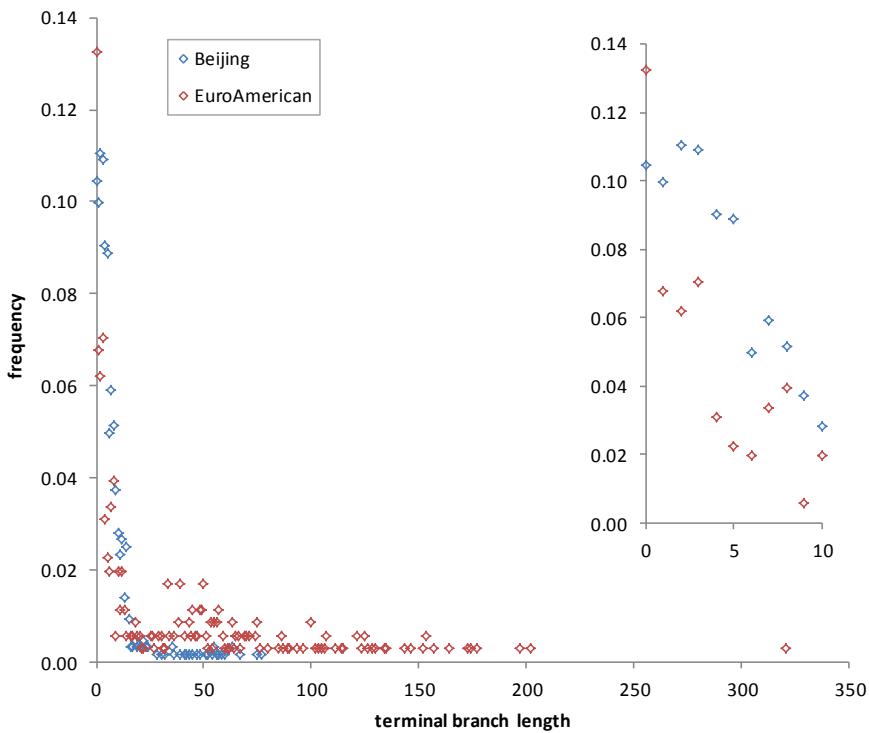
**Supplementary Figure 1. Distribution of Samara isolates relative to global collection**

The phylogeny in Figure 2 is illustrated with all clades that contained only Samaran or UK XDR isolates collapsed. The ancestral node of the Beijing East European sublineage is indicated with a star. Isolates from the UK, representing global diversity, are marked with white circles. The position of the reference sequence, H37Rv, is marked 'R'.



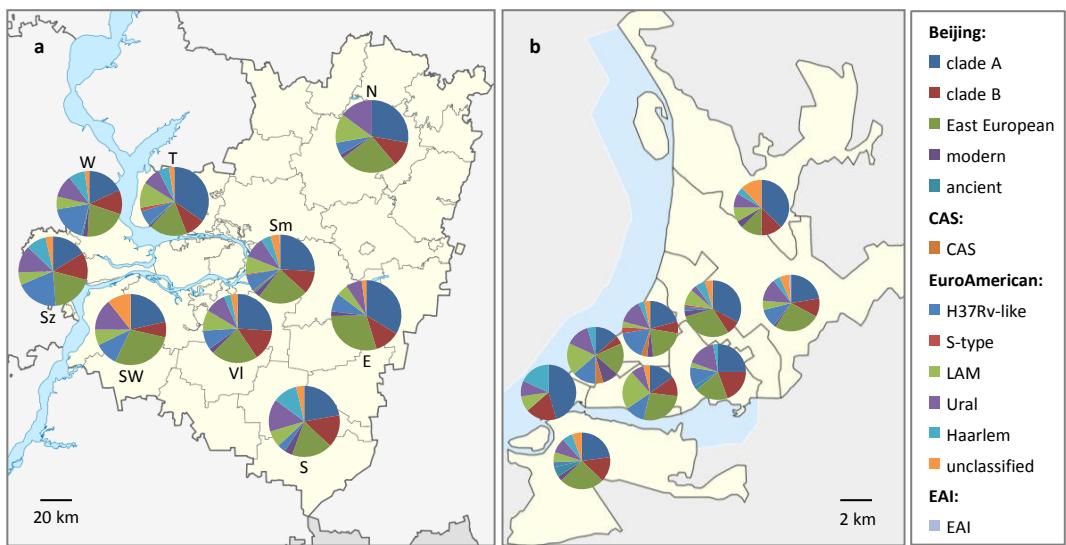
### Supplementary Figure 2. Population genetic analysis

Genetic structuring of the data was investigated using hierBAPS, which delineates the population using nested clustering. The estimated mode of the posterior distribution had 3, 7 and 11 clusters at levels 1-3 of the hierarchy, respectively. All clusters in the mode were significantly supported when compared against alternative partitions (posterior probability of any cluster at least 100-fold higher than for the alternative). Sublineages are defined in the text.



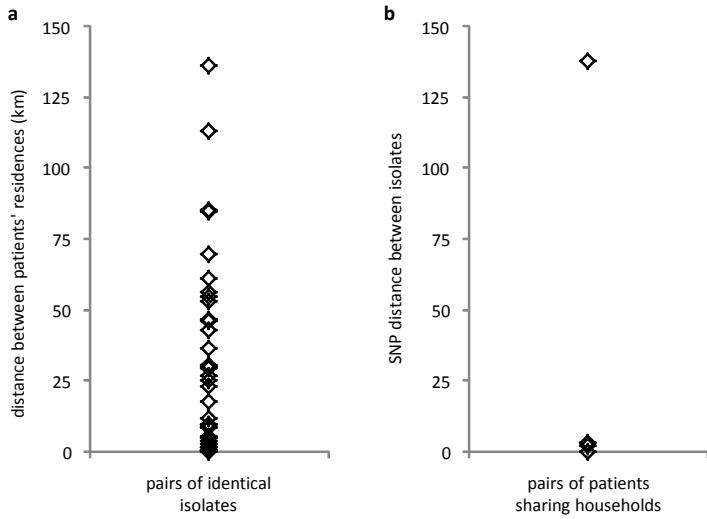
#### **Supplementary Figure 3. Terminal branch lengths of Beijing versus EuroAmerican isolates**

The number of SNPs between each isolate and its last common ancestor was determined from the phylogeny illustrated in Figure 2. The frequency of each distance was calculated and corrected for the number of isolates in the lineage. All branch lengths are shown in the main panel and those less than 10 SNPs in the inset.



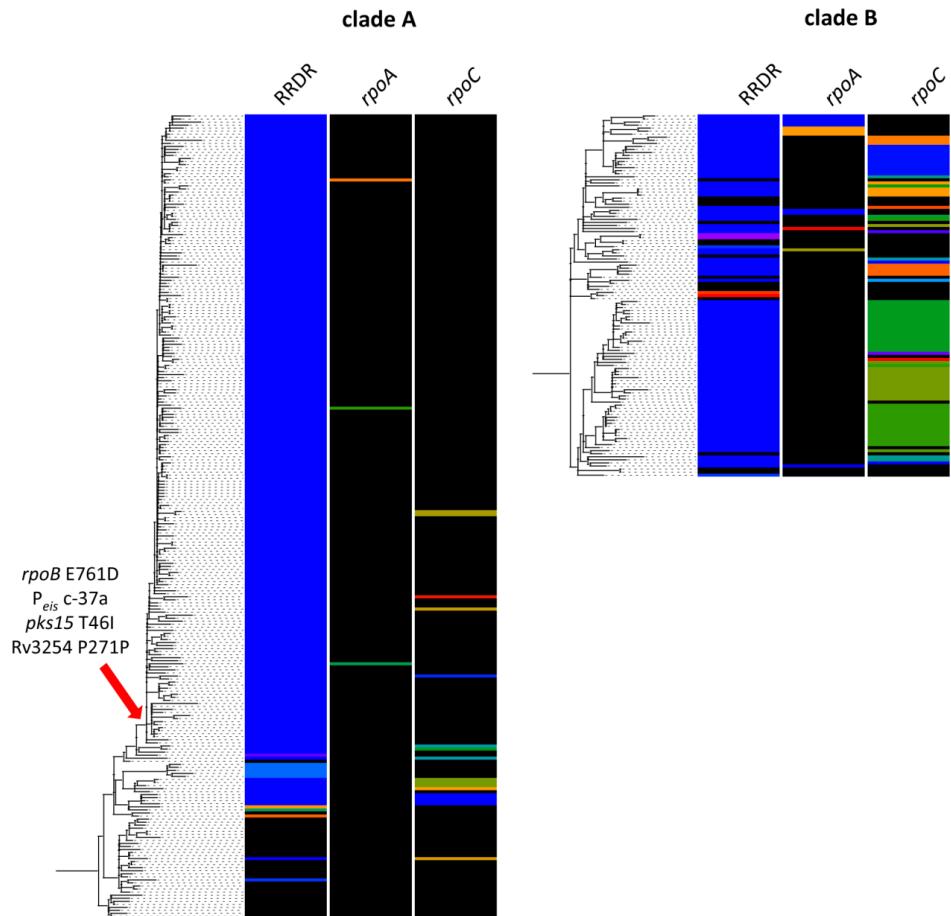
#### Supplementary Figure 4. Distribution of sublineages across Samara

The geographic origin of the sequenced patient isolates is illustrated. Samara (a) is divided into regions: North (N), South (S), East (E), Southwest (SW) and West (W, West of the river Volga); cities: Samara City (Sm), Togliatti (T) and Syzran (Sz); and the region surrounding Samara City (Volzhskyy, VI). Samara City (b) is divided into 9 districts.



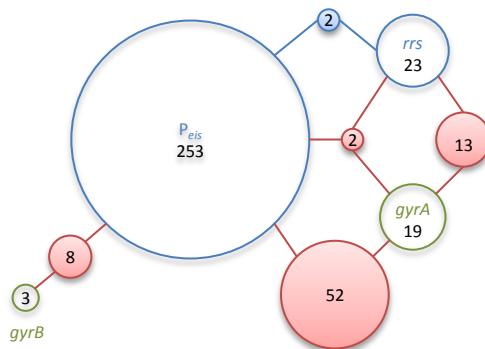
**Supplementary Figure 5. Geographic versus genetic distance between isolates**

a) The distance between the home addresses of patients sharing identical isolates. Where more than two isolates were identical, the distance to the geographically closest isolate is shown. b) The number of SNPs separating isolates from patients sharing households.



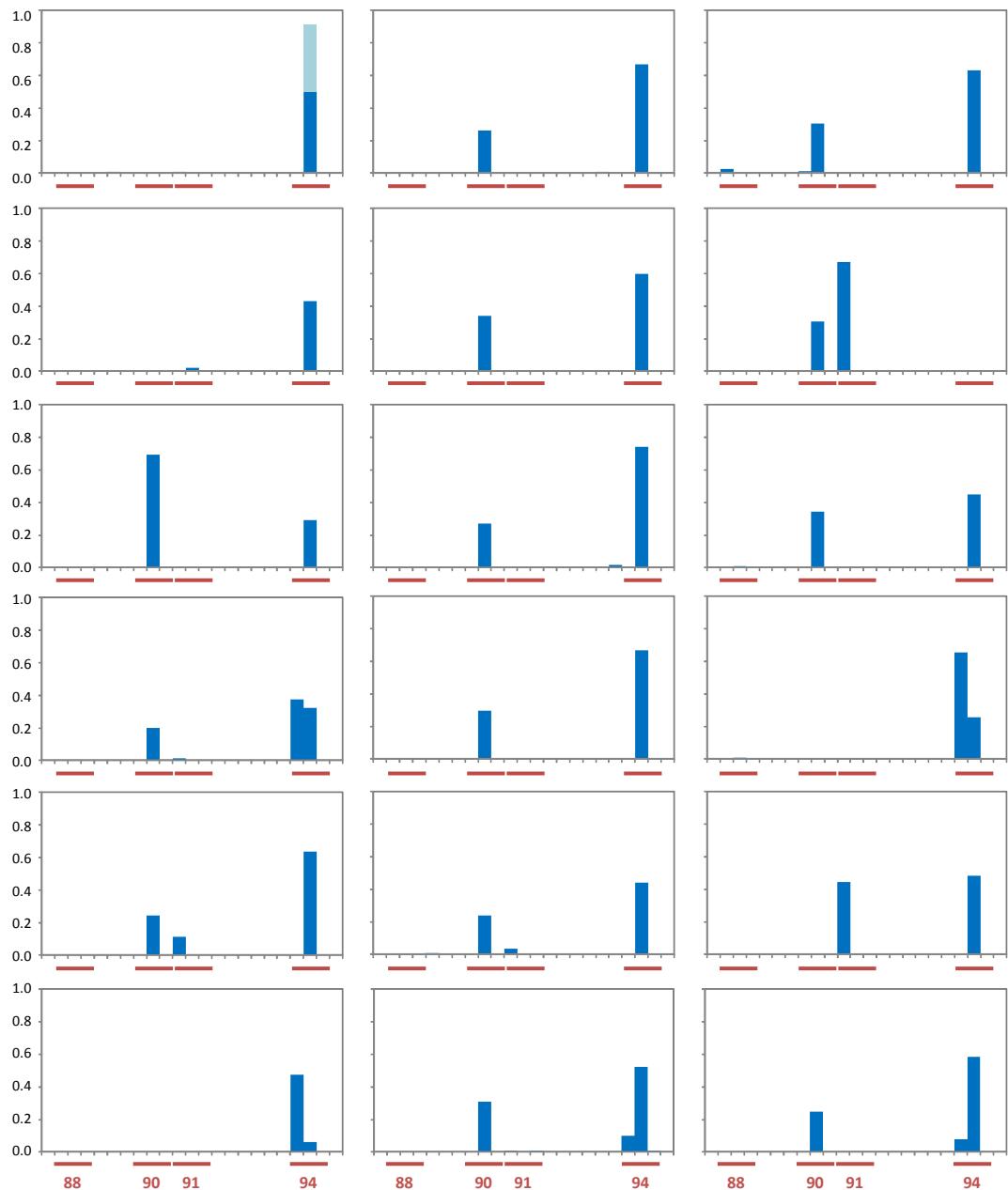
**Supplementary Figure 6. Distribution of *rpoAC* compensatory mutations in clades A and B**

The phylogenies of clades A and B are depicted on the left of each panel. Colored bands represent different polymorphisms. The first column shows nsSNPs in the rifampicin resistance determining region of *rpoB* and the right two columns nsSNPs in *rpoAC*. The genotypes illustrated are provided in full in Supplementary Table 4. The ancestral node of the clade with a significant absence of *rpoAC* nsSNPs is marked with an arrow. The four SNPs on this branch are shown.



**Supplementary Figure 7. Prevalence and co-occurrence of mutations conferring an XDR genotype**

The number of isolates harbouring genotypes conferring resistance to fluoroquinolones (green) or second-line injectables (blue) are depicted as empty circles. Filled circles show the number of isolates carrying more than one of these mutations. Red filled circles are XDR.



**Supplementary Figure 8. Heterogeneity at the *gyrA* QRDR locus**

Each graph represents an isolate with ambiguous base calls between codons 88 to 94 in GyrA. The proportion of reads with alternate basecalls at each site are shown. The isolate depicted in the top left graph had two alternate alleles at one site.

**PncA**

MRALIIIVDQNDFCCEGGS LAVTGGAA LARAISDYLA EADYHHV VATKDFHIDPGDHFSGTPDYS S WPPHCVSGTPGADFHP SLD T S AIEAVF YKGAYT  
 EW LGE P AS S P G VAEG Y L L P PG RR S SR P L ES P  
 T G R Q R Q C R A  
 P \*  
 Q

100

GAYSGFEGV DENGTPLLNWL RQRGV DEV D VVGIATDHCV RQTAEDAVRNGLATRVLV DLTAGVSADTTVA ALLEEMRTASVELVCS  
 TD E R P GY TVPG RGPPMT P GMP P I P L W  
 PC SY A V G G  
 V  
 R

180

**GidB**

MSPIEPAASA IFGPRLGLARRYAEALAGPGVERGLVGPVERGRLWDRHLLNC AVIGELLERGDRVV DIGSGAGLPGVPLAIARPDLQVVLLPEPLRRTEF  
 S D R I QS W \* R A \* R W R C  
 A G

100

LREMVTDLGAV EIVRGRGA EESWVQDQLGGSDAAV SRAVA ALDKLT KWSMPLIRPNGRMLAIKGERAHDEVREHRRVMIA SGAVDVRVVT CGAN YLRPPA  
 A W PV F C S K  
 E R

200

220

TVVFARRGKQIARG SARMASGGTA  
 T

**EthA**

MTEHLDVVIVGAGISGVSAWHLQDRCP TKS AILEKRES MGGT WDLFRYPGIRSDS DMYTLGFRFRPWTGRQAIADGKPILEYVKSTAAMYGIDRHIF  
 G \* D S C AR R R D \*

100

HHKVISADWSTAENRTVHIQSHGTLSALTCEFLFLCGSYNNYDEGYSPRFAGSED FVGPIIH P QHWPEDDDYDAKNIVVIGSGATAVTLVPALADSGAK  
 Y R S L A S T S  
 Y

200

HVTMLQRSP TYIVSQPDRDGIAEKLNRLP ETMAYTA VRWKNVRLQ AA VY SACQKWP RRMRKMFSLIQRQLPEGYDVRKHFGPHYNPWDQRLCLVPNGD  
 L P L G \* P L

300

LFRAIRHGKVEVVTDTIERFTATGIRLNSGRELPADIIITATGLNLQLF GGATATIDGQQV DITTTMAYKGMLMSGIPN MAYTVGYTNASWTLKADLVSE  
 I A A \*

400

FVCRLLN YMDDNGFD TVVVERPGSDVEERP FM EFTP GYV LRS LDELPKQGS RTPW RL NQNYL RD IRLIRR GKIDDEGLRFAKR PAPVGV  
 T P S G G

480

**Supplementary Figure 9. Distribution of non-synonymous and nonsense SNPs in three highly variable genes implicated in drug resistance: PncA, GidB and EthA**

The amino acid sequence of the reference is shown; amino acid substitutions are shown below the sequence and stop codons marked with an asterisk. In PncA, residues that comprise the iron binding site (D49, H51, H57, H71) and catalytic triad (C138, D8, K96) are underlined<sup>1</sup>.

**Supplementary Table 1. Comparison of patient data for sequenced sample with the remainder of the population**

**a) All patients <sup>a</sup>**

Parameter	Sequenced			Non-sequenced			P	$\chi^2$ -square	Attributive Risk	95% confidence interval
	Number	Total	%	Number	Total	%				
New case <sup>b</sup>	658	996	66%	1196	1766	68%	0.373	0.795	-0.017	-0.054 to 0.021
Male	739	996	74%	1366	1766	77%	0.062	3.493	-0.032	-0.066 to 0.003
Imprisonment	240	991	24%	423	1752	24%	0.965	0.002	0.001	-0.033 to 0.035
Recreational drug use <sup>c</sup>	159	976	16%	267	1744	15%	0.499	0.456	0.010	-0.020 to 0.039
Alcohol use <sup>c</sup>	180	962	19%	278	1683	17%	0.152	2.056	0.022	-0.009 to 0.053
Homelessness	61	994	6%	102	1766	6%	0.699	0.149	0.004	-0.016 to 0.023
Employment	516	993	52%	911	1748	52%	0.939	0.006	-0.002	-0.041 to 0.038
HIV-positive	189	996	19%	274	1766	16%	0.019	5.466	0.035	0.004 to 0.065
MDR	456	996	46%	748	1766	42%	0.081	3.043	0.040	0.000 to 0.079
XDR	47	996	5%	72	1766	4%	0.425	0.636	0.006	-0.010 to 0.023

**b) MDR and XDR TB sub-group <sup>d</sup>**

Parameter	Sequenced			Non-sequenced			P	$\chi^2$ -square	Attributive Risk	95% confidence interval
	Number	Total	%	Number	Total	%				
New case <sup>b</sup>	232	456	51%	390	748	52%	0.671	0.181	-0.013	-0.073 to 0.047
Male	339	456	74%	576	748	77%	0.294	1.102	-0.027	-0.079 to 0.025
Imprisonment	115	453	25%	213	745	29%	0.228	1.455	-0.032	-0.085 to 0.021
Recreational drug use <sup>c</sup>	85	444	19%	150	741	20%	0.646	0.211	-0.011	-0.059 to 0.037
Alcohol use <sup>c</sup>	65	439	15%	126	718	18%	0.223	1.486	-0.027	-0.073 to 0.018
Homelessness	24	455	5%	59	748	8%	0.083	3.007	-0.026	-0.056 to 0.004
Employment	236	455	52%	340	743	46%	0.040	4.217	0.061	0.001 to 0.121
HIV-positive	93	456	20%	130	748	17%	0.191	1.707	0.030	-0.017 to 0.078

**c) HIV-positive sub-group <sup>e</sup>**

Parameter	Sequenced			Non-sequenced			P	$\chi^2$ -square	Attributive Risk	95% confidence interval
	Number	Total	%	Number	Total	%				
New case <sup>b</sup>	122	189	65%	182	274	66%	0.677	0.174	-0.019	-0.111 to 0.074
Male	138	189	73%	214	274	78%	0.208	1.588	-0.051	-0.135 to 0.034
Imprisonment	66	189	35%	94	273	34%	0.914	0.012	0.005	-0.088 to 0.098
Recreational drug use <sup>c</sup>	117	179	65%	150	263	57%	0.079	3.089	0.083	-0.013 to 0.180
Alcohol use <sup>c</sup>	35	180	19%	38	261	15%	0.175	1.840	0.049	-0.028 to 0.125
Homelessness	17	187	9%	21	274	8%	0.584	0.299	0.014	-0.042 to 0.071
Employment	70	187	37%	89	274	32%	0.272	1.206	0.050	-0.044 to 0.143
MDR	93	189	49%	130	274	47%	0.709	0.139	0.018	-0.079 to 0.115
XDR	12	189	6%	15	274	5%	0.693	0.156	0.009	-0.040 to 0.057

<sup>a</sup> no significant differences in any patient characteristics apart from HIV positivity

<sup>b</sup> versus previously treated

<sup>c</sup> including using in the past

<sup>d</sup> no significant differences in any patient characteristics apart from employment status

<sup>e</sup> no significant differences

**Supplementary Table 2. Comparison of sublineage distribution between the isolated Western region and the rest of Samara**

Lineage	Sublineage/ Clade	West			Rest			Unknown	
		Number	Proportion	95% CI	Number	Proportion	95% CI	Number	P
Beijing	clade A	23	18.3%	12.0-26.1	226	27.7%	24.7-30.9	15	0.025
Beijing	clade B	15	11.9%	6.8-18.9	92	11.3%	9.2-13.7	12	1.055
Beijing	other East European	26	20.6%	13.9-28.8	194	23.8%	20.9-26.9	12	0.867
Beijing	other modern	3	2.4%	0.5-6.8	17	2.1%	1.2-3.3	2	1.141
Beijing	ancient	1	0.8%	0.02-4.3	4	0.5%	0.1-1.3	0	0.663
CAS	-	0	0.0%	0-2.9	2	0.2%	0.03-0.9	0	0.578
EuroAmerican	H37Rv-like <sup>a</sup>	23	18.3%	11.9-26.1	63	7.7%	6.0-9.8	4	<0.001
EuroAmerican	S-type	0	0.0%	0-2.9	4	0.5%	0.1-1.3	0	0.431
EuroAmerican	LAM	8	6.3%	2.8-12.1	73	9.0%	7.1-11.1	5	0.331
EuroAmerican	Ural	14	11.1%	6.2-17.9	79	9.7%	7.8-11.9	4	0.620
EuroAmerican	Haarlem	10	7.9%	3.9-14.1	29	3.6%	2.4-5.1	2	0.022
EuroAmerican	unclassified <sup>b</sup>	3	2.4%	-	31	3.8%	-	3	-
EAI	-	0	0.0%	0-2.9	1	0.1%	0-0.7	0	0.694
<b>Total</b>		<b>126</b>			<b>815</b>			<b>59</b>	

<sup>a</sup> The H37Rv-like sublineage refers to the clade containing the reference sequence (Figure 2)

<sup>b</sup> Diverse strains that are not part of any sublineage

**Supplementary Table 3. Genetic distance between UK XDR isolates**

UK Isolate	Patient country of birth	Closest related isolate		
		SNP distance	Patient country of residence	Phylogenetic group
114060062	Lithuania	16	Estonia	Beijing, East European sublineage, cladeB
112260020	Lithuania	35	Russia	Beijing, East European sublineage, cladeB
111880072	Latvia	13	Russia	Beijing, East European sublineage, clade A
112460232	Latvia	26	Russia	Beijing, East European sublineage
114540002	China	154	UK	Beijing

**Supplementary Table 4. Polymorphisms at drug resistance loci**

Isolates are listed in the order of the phylogenetic tree shown in Figure 3. Amino acid substitutions are shown in upper case. Nucleotide substitutions in intergenic regions and rRNA genes are in lower case. Ambiguous basecalls are marked 'n'. Nucleotide positions in promoter regions 'P', are given relative to the start codon. Insertions (ins) and deletions (del) are given with their position in the gene, followed by size in brackets. Where deletions span all or most of the locus they are marked 'lg' (large). Columns labelled RIF (rifampicin), INH (isoniazid), PZA (pyrazinamide), EMB (ethambutol), STR (streptomycin), CAP (capreomycin), AMI (amikacin), MOX (moxifloxacin), OFL (ofloxacin) and PRO (prothionamide) show phenotypic susceptibility results: resistant (R), sensitive (S).

*see additional file*

**Supplementary Table 5. Correlation of polymorphisms at drug resistance loci with resistance phenotypes <sup>a</sup>**

**a) Rifampicin**

<i>rpoB</i> RRDR	Sensitive	Resistant
L430P	10	0
L430P;D435G	0	1
L430P;M434V	1	0
Q432P	1	0
D435G	1	0
D435V	0	6
D435Y	2	0
D435Y;G456S	0	1
del1292(12)	0	2
H445D	0	4
H445L	0	4
H445N	1	0
H445N;L452P	0	3
H445R	0	1
H445Y	0	3
S450L	7	369
S450P	0	1
S450W	0	2
L452P	2	1
-	416	48
any RRDR	25	398

**b) Pyrazinamide**

<i>pncA</i>	<i>pncA</i>	Sensitive	Resistant
c-13a	-	1	0
t-11a	-	1	0
t-11c	-	3	7
t-11g	-	2	3
a-7g	-	0	3
-	A3E	0	1
-	L4W	0	1
-	I6L	120	8
-	I6T	0	1
-	V7G	1	4
-	D8E	0	2
-	Q10P	0	0
-	D12A	0	1
-	D12G	1	0
-	F13S	1	0
-	G17S	1	0
-	L27P	1	0
-	ins102(1)	0	1
-	ins122(1)	0	1
-	del127(131)	0	1
-	V44G	0	1
-	A46V	1	0
-	T47A	2	1
-	K48E	1	1
-	D49G	0	1
-	del150(1)	0	1
-	H51Y	0	0
-	H51P	1	1
-	H51R	2	0
-	H51Q	0	1
-	P54L	1	0
-	P54Q	0	3
-	F58L	2	0
-	del186(1)	0	3
-	ins193(7)	0	1
-	S65P	1	0
-	S67P	0	2
-	W68G	1	6
-	W68R	1	2
-	W68*	0	0
-	H71R	3	1
-	H71Q	0	1
-	C72R	0	1
-	G78S	0	0
-	ins234(1)	0	0
-	F81C	0	1
-	F81S	1	0
-	H82R	0	3
-	L85P	1	0
-	ins257(2)	1	1
-	F94L	1	1
-	F94C	1	0
-	K96E	0	3
-	K96R	0	1

<i>pncA</i>	<i>pncA</i>	Sensitive	Resistant
-	G97S	0	3
-	T100A	0	1
-	T100P	0	2
-	A102P	1	0
-	A102T	0	1
-	A102R	1	0
-	A102V	1	0
-	Y103D	0	1
-	Y103C	1	0
-	G108E	0	0
-	del333(1)	0	1
-	del342(1)	0	2
-	ins350(1)	0	2
-	W119R	0	1
-	R123P	0	0
-	ins383(2)	0	1
-	V128G	1	6
-	D129Y	0	1
-	ins392(1)	0	1
-	ins392(2)	0	4
-	I133T	0	1
-	A134V	0	1
-	T135P	0	2
-	T135S	1	0
-	D136Y	0	3
-	D136G	1	0
-	ins408(1)	1	3
-	C138R	0	2
-	V139A	6	1
-	V139G	1	0
-	R140P	0	1
-	Q141P	0	1
-	T142M	0	0
-	A143T	1	0
-	A146P	0	1
-	A146V	0	1
-	R154G	0	1
-	V155M	0	2
-	V155G	0	1
-	L156P	0	1
-	T160P	0	1
-	ins481(1)	0	0
-	T168I	2	0
-	del515(2)	0	0
-	L172P	1	1
-	V180L	0	0
-	V180G	0	4
-	L182W	1	0
-	del(lg)	1	3
-	any promoter SNP	7	14
-	any KO mutation <sup>b</sup>	3	26
-	nsSNP (excluding I6L)	44	82
537	46		

### Correlation of polymorphisms at drug resistance loci with resistance phenotypes (cont.)

#### c) Streptomycin

<i>rpsL</i>	<i>rrs<sub>str</sub></i>	<i>gidB</i>	Sensitive	Resistant	<i>rpsL</i>	<i>rrs<sub>str</sub></i>	<i>gidB</i>	Sensitive	Resistant
K43R	-	-	5	218	-	-	del142(1)	1	0
K43R	c517t	-	0	4	-	-	C52*	1	0
K43R	-	S149C	0	2	-	-	L59R	0	1
K88M	-	-	0	1	-	-	ins194(1)	1	0
K88R	-	-	0	48	-	-	V65A	2	0
-	a514c	-	2	13	-	-	G73R	1	0
-	a514c	L44Q	0	5	-	-	L79W	0	1
-	a514t	-	0	1	-	-	I81R	2	0
-	c517t	-	33	156	-	-	R96C;A205T	1	1
-	c517t	Y22S	0	1	-	-	G109A	2	0
-	c517t	del629(1)	0	1	-	-	R116W	1	1
-	a908c	-	0	1	-	-	del352(1)	0	1
-	a906g	-	0	1	-	-	del397(364)	0	1
-	a906g	G71*	1	3	-	-	R137P	0	1
-	-	del53(1)	2	3	-	-	A138V	1	0
-	-	Y22S	1	-	-	-	A138E	0	1
-	-	del88(1)	2	0	-	-	del414(1)	1	0
-	-	E32D	1	0	-	-	S149R	0	2
-	-	G34R	0	1	-	-	L152S	1	0
-	-	G34A	1	0	-	-	E170K	1	0
-	-	del103(1)	0	2	-	-	A205T	1	0
-	-	del116(1)	0	2	-	-		315	39
-	-	V41I	1	0	-	-	any <i>rpsL</i>	5	273
-	-	V41G	1	0	-	-	any <i>rrs</i>	36	186
-	-	W45S	1	0	-	-	any <i>gidB</i> KO mutation <sup>b</sup>	12	13
-	-	R47W	1	0	-	-	any <i>gidB</i> nsSNP	19	18

#### d) Ethambutol

<i>P<sub>embA</sub></i>	<i>embB</i>	Sensitive	Resistant	<i>P<sub>embA</sub></i>	<i>embB</i>	Sensitive	Resistant
c-16a	-	1	0	-	D1024N	0	2
c-16t	-	4	4	-	M306V;D354A	0	2
c-15g	-	1	0	-	M306I;Q497R	0	3
c-11a	-	0	1	-	M306V;D1024N	0	1
c-12t	-	2	2	c-16t	D354A	0	3
-	M306L	0	4	c-16t	M306I	0	2
-	M306V	34	63	c-16a	M306I	0	1
-	M306I	25	16	c-16a	D354A	0	4
-	Y319C	3	0	c-16g	D354A	0	1
-	Y319S	1	2	c-12t	M306V	0	1
-	D354A	83	78	c-12t	D354A	0	2
-	E378A	0	1	c-12t	G406A	0	1
-	G406A	2	10	c-12t	Q497R	0	1
-	Q497K	2	4	c-8a	D354A	1	5
-	G406D	11	2	-		443	46
-	Q497R	9	10	any single SNP	176	199	
-	H1002R	1	1	any double SNP	1	27	

#### e) Prothionamide

<i>P<sub>ethA</sub></i>	<i>ethA</i>	Sensitive	Resistant	<i>P<sub>ethA</sub></i>	<i>ethA</i>	Sensitive	Resistant
a-7g	-	116	56	-	del769(1)	0	3
-	del104(2627)	0	1	-	H281P	0	2
-	V17G	1	1	-	ins865(1)	0	1
-	W21*	0	1	-	del887(1)	2	0
-	del1111(1)	8	16	-	T314I	9	3
-	G43D	1	0	-	P334A	2	2
-	W45*	0	2	-	del1011(1)	11	15
-	P51S	0	3	-	G343A	0	2
-	M59R	3	4	-	Q347*	0	2
-	L62R	3	0	-	del1113(1)	1	0
-	W69R;P334A	0	1	-	T387I	8	6
-	A76D	2	1	-	W391*	0	1
-	K86*	1	0	-	del1182(1)	0	1
-	ins282(5)	0	1	-	ins1269(1)	1	0
-	C137R	1	3	-	ins1293(1)	0	1
-	C137Y	0	1	-	L440P	4	0
-	P149S	0	1	-	W455G	1	0
-	del480(1)	3	11	-	D464G	1	0
-	P164L	0	1	-	ins1429(2)	2	0
-	A199S;R239L	1	0	-		78	32
-	S208L	0	1	any <i>ethA</i> KO mutation <sup>b</sup>	34	62	
-	del704(1)	1	3	any nsSNP	37	32	
-	W256*	4	4	promoter SNP	116	56	

## Correlation of polymorphisms at drug resistance loci with resistance phenotypes (cont.)

### f) Amikacin and capreomycin

<i>rrs</i> <sub>ini</sub>	amiS capS	amiS capR	amiR capS	amiR capR
a1401g	2	0	4	27
c1402t	0	1	0	0
g1484t	0	0	0	1
-	367	26	14	16
any SNP	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28</b>

### g) Fluoroquinolones (moxifloxacin and ofloxacin)

<i>gyrA</i>	<i>gyrB</i>	moxS ofIS	moxR ofIS	moxS ofIR	moxR ofIR
A74S	-	1	0	0	1
A90V	-	2	0	1	6
S91P	-	0	0	0	5
D94A	-	2	1	0	6
D94G	-	1	0	1	26
D94N	-	0	0	0	6
D94Y	-	0	0	0	3
-	N499Y	0	0	0	1
-	N499S	2	0	0	0
-	E501D	1	0	0	2
-	D461N	1	0	0	1
-	A504V	1	0	0	0
-	A504T	1	0	0	0
-	-	261	24	24	13
any <i>gyrA</i> nsSNP		<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>53</b>
any <i>gyrB</i> nsSNP		<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

<sup>a</sup> Dashes indicate a wild-type sequence at that locus

<sup>b</sup> Knockout mutation: large deletion, frameshifting indel or nonsense SNP

**Supplementary Table 6. Summary statistics for correlation of drug resistance genotypes and phenotypes**

Drug	Resistance locus	Mutation		No mutation				Positive predictive value	Negative predictive value
		Sensitive	Resistant	Sensitive	Resistant	Sensitivity	Specificity		
Rifampicin	<i>rpoB</i> RRDR	25	398	416	48	94.1%	89.7%	89.2%	94.3%
Pyrazinamide	$P_{pncA}$	7	14	734	162	66.7%	81.9%	8.0%	99.1%
	<i>pncA</i> KO mutation	3	26	738	150	89.7%	83.1%	14.8%	99.6%
	<i>pncA</i> nsSNP (excluding I6L)	75	82	666	94	52.2%	87.6%	46.6%	89.9%
	<i>pncA</i> I6L	119	8	622	168	6.3%	78.7%	4.5%	83.9%
Ethambutol	$P_{embA}$	9	28	614	245	75.7%	71.5%	10.3%	98.6%
	<i>embB</i>	172	220	451	53	56.1%	89.5%	80.6%	72.4%
	$P_{embA}$ or <i>embB</i>	176	199	444	73	53.1%	85.9%	73.2%	71.6%
	$P_{embA}$ / <i>embB</i> double SNP	1	27	619	245	96.4%	71.6%	9.9%	99.8%
Streptomycin	<i>rpsL</i>	5	273	378	240	98.2%	61.2%	53.2%	98.7%
	<i>rrs</i> <sub>str</sub>	36	186	347	327	83.8%	51.5%	36.3%	90.6%
	<i>rpsL</i> or <i>rrs</i> <sub>str</sub>	41	455	342	58	91.7%	85.5%	88.7%	89.3%
	<i>gidB</i> KO mutation	9	13	374	500	59.1%	42.8%	2.5%	97.7%
	<i>gidB</i> nsSNP	19	18	364	495	48.6%	42.4%	3.5%	95.0%
Prothionamide	$P_{ethA}$	116	56	149	126	32.6%	54.2%	30.8%	56.2%
	<i>ethA</i> KO mutation	34	62	231	120	64.6%	65.8%	34.1%	87.2%
	<i>ethA</i> nsSNP	37	32	228	150	46.4%	60.3%	17.6%	86.0%
Amikacin/capreomycin <sup>a</sup>	<i>rrs</i> <sub>inj</sub>	2	33	367	56	94.3%	86.8%	37.1%	99.5%
Fluoroquinolones <sup>b</sup>	<i>gyrA</i>	6	56	267	65	90.3%	80.4%	46.3%	97.8%
	<i>gyrB</i>	6	4	267	117	40.0%	69.5%	3.3%	97.8%

<sup>a</sup> Classified as resistant if not susceptible to either amikacin or capreomycin

<sup>b</sup> Classified as resistant if not susceptible to either moxifloxacin or ofloxacin

**Supplementary Table 7: Association of mutations at drug resistance loci with Beijing and EuroAmerican lineages**

Locus	Beijing (n=642)			EuroAmerican (n=355)				P <sup>a</sup>
	Number	Proportion	95% CI	Number	Proportion	95% CI		
<i>katG</i>	478	0.74	0.71-0.78	107	0.30	0.25-0.35	<0.001	
<i>P<sub>inhA</sub></i>	33	0.05	0.04-0.07	37	0.10	0.07-0.14	0.002	
<i>rpoB</i>	430	0.67	0.63-0.71	67	0.19	0.15-0.23	<0.001	
<i>P<sub>pncA</sub></i>	19	0.03	0.02-0.05	2	0.01	0.00-0.02	0.012	
<i>pncA</i>	306	0.48	0.44-0.52	29	0.08	0.06-0.12	<0.001	
<i>P<sub>embA</sub></i>	35	0.05	0.04-0.08	6	0.02	0.01-0.04	0.004	
<i>embB</i>	408	0.64	0.60-0.67	50	0.14	0.11-0.18	<0.001	
<i>rpsL</i>	263	0.41	0.37-0.45	51	0.14	0.11-0.18	<0.001	
<i>rrs<sub>str</sub></i>	244	0.38	0.34-0.42	17	0.05	0.03-0.08	<0.001	
<i>gidB</i>	16	0.02	0.01-0.04	49	0.14	0.10-0.18	<0.001	
<i>rrs<sub>inj</sub></i>	33	0.05	0.04-0.07	7	0.02	0.01-0.04	0.015	
<i>P<sub>eis</sub></i>	299	0.47	0.43-0.51	18	0.05	0.03-0.08	<0.001	
<i>gyrA</i>	81	0.13	0.10-0.15	5	0.01	0.00-0.03	<0.001	
<i>gyrB</i>	11	0.02	0.01-0.03	0	0.00	0.00-0.01	0.010	
<i>P<sub>ethA</sub></i>	215	0.33	0.30-0.37	0	0.00	0.00-0.01	<0.001	
<i>ethA</i>	176	0.27	0.24-0.31	51	0.14	0.11-0.18	<0.001	

<sup>a</sup> Mutations at all loci are significantly associated with the Beijing lineage, except *P<sub>inhA</sub>* and *gidB* mutations which are significantly associated with the EuroAmerican lineage

**Supplementary Table 8. Co-occurrence of RpoABC nsSNPs with RRDR genotypes**

Gene	Substitution	Isolates/Cluster	RRDR Genotype of Isolates			Likelihood Compensatory Mutation <sup>a</sup>	
			WT	S450L	Other nsSNP		
<i>rpoA</i>	G31A/S	3,1	0	4	0	high	
	R153W	1	1	0	0	low	
	K177M	1	0	1	0	-	
	T181A	1	0	1	0	-	
	V183G	3	0	3	0	-	
	E184D	1	0	1	0	-	
	T187P/A	1,1,1,8,4,2,1	1	17	0	high	
	D190G	1,1	0	2	0	-	
	H270N	1	1	0	0	low	
	L304R	1	0	1	0	-	
	G305S	6	6	0	0	low	
	S307L	1	0	1	0	-	
	<i>rpoC</i>	G332S/R/C	1,1,1	0	3	0	high
	N416T/S	2,1	0	3	0	high	
	S428A	2	0	2	0	-	
	V431M	4,1	0	5	0	high	
	G435S/C	1,3	0	4	0	high	
	P434R/Q	1,1	0	2	0	high	
	K445R	1,14	0	15	0	high	
	L449V	1,3,1	0	5	0	high	
	F452C	1	0	1	0	-	
	V483G/A	3,8,1,2,1,4,2,1	0	22	0	high	
	W484G	3,1	0	4	0	high	
	D485Y/N	1,5,13	0	19	0	high	
	I491V/T	2,1,1,3,11	0	18	0	high	
<i>rpoB</i>	L516P	1	0	1	0	-	
	V517L	1,1	0	2	0	high	
	G519D	1,1,1	0	2	0	high	
	A521D	1,1	0	2	0	high	
	H525Q	2	0	2	0	-	
	L527V	1,17	0	18	0	high	
	R572H	1	0	1	0	-	
	G594E	75	61	10	4	low	
	P601L	1	1	0	0	low	
	T667M	3	3	0	0	low	
	P678R	4	0	4	0	-	
	H689R/H/S/K	1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	1	8	0	high	
	A734V	1	0	1	0	-	
	D747A	4	0	3	0	-	
	Q761R	1	0	1	0	-	
	R770H	10	0	10	0	-	
	E791Q	1	1	0	0	-	
	N826K	1	0	0	1	-	
	I832V	1	0	1	0	-	
	S838C	1	0	1	0	-	
	E842A	1	1	0	0	-	
	L847R	1	0	1	0	-	
	Y849C	1	0	1	0	-	
	I885V	3,1,1	0	4	1	high	
<i>rpoB</i>	D943G	3	0	3	0	-	
	G945V	1	0	1	0	-	
	P1040T/S/R	1,1,1,1,1,1	0	5	0	high	
	I1046M	1	0	1	0	-	
	E1092D	495	171	288	36	low	
	S1100A	6	3	1	2	low	
	V1130M	1	0	0	1	-	
	V1152L	1	0	1	0	-	
	S12T	5	5	0	0	low	
	L42F	1	0	1	0	-	
	P45S	1	0	1	0	-	
	E82G	1	0	1	0	-	
	D103E	1	0	0	1	-	
	V170F	1	1	0	0	-	
	D265G	1	0	0	1	-	
	T399A	1	0	1	0	-	
	P479T	1	0	1	0	-	
	N487S	1	0	0	1	-	
	I488V	1	0	1	0	-	
	I491V	1,1	0	2	0	high	
	V496M/L	2,7	0	9	0	high	
	F503S	3	0	3	0	-	
	D571A	1	0	1	0	-	
	M707T	1	1	0	0	low	
	H723Y	1	0	1	0	-	
	L731P	1	0	1	0	-	
	E761D	207	0	207	0	-	
	I783V	1	1	0	0	low	
	R827C	1	0	1	0	-	
	H835R/P	1,1,1	0	2	1	high	
	I925V	3	3	0	0	low	
	D1006G	1	0	0	1	-	
	S1124A	1	1	0	0	low	

<sup>a</sup> Codons were considered to have a high likelihood of compensatory function if they emerged independently multiple times in isolates with RRDR mutations and a low likelihood if they occurred in isolates with WT RRDR.

**Supplementary Table 9. Heterogeneity at drug resistance loci**

Locus	Isolates with resistance allele	Isolates with heterogeneous alleles	Rate of heterogeneity <sup>a</sup>	95% CI	p <sup>b</sup>
<i>katG</i>	585	0	0.000	0.000-0.006	
<i>rpsL</i>	314	0	0.000	0.000-0.012	
P <sub>inhA</sub>	70	0	0.000	0.000-0.051	
<i>gidB</i>	45	0	0.000	0.000-0.079	
<i>rrs<sub>str</sub></i>	261	1	0.004	0.000-0.021	
<i>embB</i>	457	2	0.004	0.001-0.016	
P <sub>eis</sub>	317	2	0.006	0.001-0.023	
P <sub>ethA</sub>	217	2	0.009	0.001-0.033	
<i>rpoB</i>	495	5	0.010	0.003-0.023	
<i>ethA</i>	113	2	0.017	0.002-0.061	
<i>pncA</i>	303	6	0.019	0.007-0.042	
P <sub>embA</sub>	41	1	0.024	0.001-0.126	0.015
<i>rrs<sub>inj</sub></i>	40	1	0.024	0.001-0.129	0.016
P <sub>pncA</sub>	21	2	0.087	0.011-0.280	0.527
<i>gyrA</i>	85	18	0.175	0.107-0.262	
<i>gyrB</i>	11	3	0.214	0.047-0.508	

<sup>a</sup> Proportion of isolates with a mutant allele that have heterogeneous alleles

<sup>b</sup> Pearson's chi-square test comparison to *gyrA*

**Supplementary Table 10. Homoplasies in the phylogeny of Samara isolates <sup>a</sup>**

Position in reference	Reference base	SNP base	Gene	Substitution	Position in reference	Reference base	SNP base	Gene	Substitution
698	G	A	dnaA	R233Q	764719	C	G	rpoC	L449V
6620	G	A	gyrB	D461N	764822	T	C,G	rpoC	V483A,G
6742	A	C	gyrB	E501D	764824	T	G	rpoC	W484G
7563	G	T	gyrA	G88C	764827	G	A	rpoC	D485N
7570	C	T	gyrA	A90V	764845	A	G	rpoC	I491V
7572	T	C	gyrA	S91P	764846	T	C	rpoC	I491T
7581	G	A,T	gyrA	D94N,Y	764930	G	A	rpoC	G519D
7582	A	C,G	gyrA	D94A,G	764936	C	A	rpoC	A521D
13624	G	A	intergenic	c -	764953	T	G	rpoC	L527V
13636	T	C	intergenic	c -	765466	A	C	rpoC	N698H
13638	T	C,G	intergenic	c -	765467	A	G	rpoC	N698S
18147	C	T	pknA	V206I	765468	C	A	rpoC	N698K
36853	G	C	acpA	G83R	766027	A	G	rpoC	I885V
55549	G	T	ponA1	P629P	766492	C	T	rpoC	P1040S
75233	C	A	intergenic	-	766493	C	G	rpoC	P1040R
113793	C	G	nrp	A1265G	781692	A	G	rpsL	K43R
122334	T	C	Rv0104	F7L	781827	A	G	rpsL	K88R
128620	C	T	ctpl	A641T	817532	G	T	sppA	R622L
147250	C	T	fusA2	P174P	841331	T	C	vapC31	A33A
160817	C	T	intergenic	-	841382	G	A	vapC31	L50L
164315	T	C	cyp138	V317A	841383	G	A	vapC31	A51T
218599	T	C	intergenic	-	841453	C	A	vapC31	T74N
222486	C	T	Rv0191	A66A	841487	T	C	vapC31	G85G
244552	A	G	mmpL3	R923R	841634	G	T	vapC31	S134S
255980	G	A	intergenic	-	841655	G	A	vapC31	P141P
284783	G	A	aftD	R691W	841656	C	A	vapC31	L142I
300817	C	T	intergenic	-	842049	A	C	Rv0750	I4I
304904	C	T	nirB	R679R	842056	G	A	Rv0750	D7N
332737	A	C	vapC25	S134S	842061	C	T	Rv0750	C8C
332918	T	G	vapC25	N74T	842062	G	T	Rv0750	V9F
333046	A	G	vapC25	L31L	842063	T	A	Rv0750	V9D
333088	A	G	vapC25	H17H	842068	C	G	Rv0750	H11D
333211	A	G	vapB25	V70A	842070	C	G	Rv0750	H11Q
342091	T	C	intergenic	-	842116	C	G	Rv0750	L27V
390986	C	T	Rv0323c	c G90S	902554	G	A	purF	A147T
448551	C	T	Rv0371c	R29Q	908191	T	C	sseC2	T100A
471671	A	G	ndhA	M325T	911522	C	T	Rv0818	D182D
479779	C	T	intergenic	-	916768	C	T	Rv0823c	G295D
485307	G	T	fadB30	c R442S	941757	C	T	Rv0845	A188V
497388	C	T	glnH	T306T	972799	G	A	Rv0874c	L305L
506572	C	T	lpqM	A494A	974009	C	T	Rv0875c	Q97Q
569846	C	T	intergenic	-	1041451	C	T	pstB	T61M
612556	G	A	Rv0520	P99P	1048110	A	C	ligD	S657R
617698	G	C	ccdA	W67C	1094544	T	C,G	intergenic	-
631400	A	G	Rv0538	P452P	1094713	T	C	Rv0979c	D53G
631403	G	C	Rv0538	T453T	1103338	T	G	Rv0987	L264R
684381	T	C,G	intergenic	-	1164577	A	G	intergenic	-
690172	C	T	mce2C	P370L	1254138	T	C	Rv1129c	c E135G
731903	T	G	intergenic	-	1338071	T	C	Rv1194c	I151V
761100	T	C	rpoB	L430P	1340665	A	G	intergenic	-
761114	G	T	rpoB	D435Y	1340675	A	G	esxK	S3S
761115	A	T,G	rpoB	D435V,G	1341072	A	T	esxL	Q20L
761144	C	A,T,G	rpoB	H445N,Y,D	1341081	T	C	esxL	L23S
761145	A	T,G	rpoB	H445L,R	1341168	G	A	esxL	G52E
761160	C	T	rpoB	S450L	1341182	T	C	esxL	L57L
761166	T	C	rpoB	L452P	1341262	G	A	esxL	A83A
761282	A	G	rpoB	I491V	1341303	A	T,G	intergenic	-
762315	A	G	rpoB	H835R	1342728	T	C,G	intergenic	-
764665	G	A	rpoC	V431M	1349383	T	G	fadD6	I15S
764708	A	G	rpoC	K445R	1357122	C	T	intergenic	-

**Homoplasies in the phylogeny of Samara isolates (cont.)**

<b>Position in reference</b>	<b>Reference base</b>	<b>SNP base</b>	<b>Gene</b>	<b>Substitution</b>	<b>Position in reference</b>	<b>Reference base</b>	<b>SNP base</b>	<b>Gene</b>	<b>Substitution</b>
1380580	T	A	sugB	S240T	2289112	T	C	pncA	T47A
1404177	T	G	cyp130	K145N	2289231	A	C	pncA	V7G
1441541	C	G	Rv1288	D62E	2289240	A	C	pncA	L4W
1472367	A	C,T	rrs	514	2289261	T	A,C,G	intergenic	-
1472370	C	T	rrs	517	2296051	G	C	pks12	P3649A
1472759	A	G	rrs	906	2300246	A	G	pks12	A2250A
1473254	A	G	rrs	1401	2300561	T	G	pks12	P2145P
1490812	C	T	glgB	P503P	2300564	A	G	pks12	D2144D
1552555	G	A	Rv1378c	R37W	2306315	A	G	pks12	A227A
1576489	T	G	lipI	T106P	2338686	T	C	intergenic	-
1614824	A	G	pgk	K163R	2338688	C	T	intergenic	-
1673433	C	T	intergenic	-	2338921	A	C	Rv2082	R68R
1673440	T	A,C,G	intergenic	-	2339269	C	T	Rv2082	P184P
1674056	G	A	fabG1	L203L	2339308	T	G	Rv2082	S197S
1674489	T	G	inhA <sup>c</sup>	S94A	2339309	A	C	Rv2082	M198L
1675181	C	T	hemZ	P53S	2339310	T	C	Rv2082	M198T
1761773	G	A	mmpL6	G8S	2363691	C	A	Rv2102	P98T
1774087	G	T	Rv1566c	P181Q	2372502	C	G	dop	R26P
1791608	T	C	Rv1591	S11P	2372559	G	C	dop	P7R
1813611	C	T	lgt	L145F	2381038	G	T	intergenic	-
1840310	A	G	Rv1634	I379V	2439213	A	G	intergenic	-
1841444	T	G	Rv1635c	I269I	2444629	T	G	Rv2182c	D237A
1902386	T	C	intergenic	-	2531618	A	G	Rv2258c	R96R
1934022	C	T	intergenic	-	2563472	C	T	sseB	D97D
2030363	A	G	esxM	S3S	2625836	C	T	intergenic	-
2030529	T	C	esxM	*59Q	2625932	T	C	esxO	A83A
2030856	A	G	esxN	E52G	2626113	A	G	esxO	L23S
2030950	G	A	esxN	A83A	2626116	C	G	esxO	G22A
2074466	G	C	intergenic	-	2626118	G	C	esxO	A21A
2108611	C	G	apa	P290A	2626686	A	C	Rv2348c	I101M
2122403	C	T	IldD2	V253M	2643278	G	A	Rv2361c	L67L
2123141	C	T	IldD2	V7M	2700247	G	A	Rv2402	V571M
2123153	C	T	IldD2	V3I	2703923	C	T	intergenic	-
2123154	C	T	IldD2	A2A	2703959	G	A	intergenic	-
2123168	C	T	intergenic	-	2703971	C	T	intergenic	-
2123170	A	T	intergenic	-	2703980	T	C	intergenic	-
2123177	T	G	intergenic	-	2715350	C	T	intergenic	-
2123189	C	T	Rv1873	S3L	2715352	G	A	intergenic	-
2123190	A	C	Rv1873	S3S	2715354	G	A	intergenic	-
2132768	C	T	Rv1882c	A148A	2715355	G	C	intergenic	-
2142407	C	T	intergenic	-	2715377	C	A	intergenic	-
2155176	C	T,G	katG	S315N,T	2726149	C	T	intergenic	-
2158913	C	A	fadB5	G63*	2726153	G	A	intergenic	-
2174224	A	G	Rv1922	V50V	2747159	T	C	folC <sup>c</sup>	S150G
2187314	G	A	intergenic	-	2747203	T	G	folC <sup>c</sup>	D135A
2195930	T	C	Rv1944c	T5A	2747479	A	G	folC <sup>c</sup>	I43T
2195931	A	C	Rv1944c	D4E	2747488	T	C	folC <sup>c</sup>	E40G
2207533	C	T	intergenic	-	2765896	G	A	lipP	T78T
2212447	T	G	mce3C	A271A	2778964	G	A	gdh	L1103L
2277281	A	G	Rv2030c	Y405Y	2828497	C	G	intergenic	-
2288736	A	G	pncA	L172P	2828498	G	A	intergenic	-
2288748	G	A	pncA	T168I	2828501	G	A	intergenic	-
2288848	T	G	pncA	T135P	2829926	T	C,G	intergenic	-
2288868	A	C	pncA	V128G	2863716	C	T	aroF	G235G
2288947	C	T	pncA	A102T	2867764	T	C	IppB	I211I
2288953	T	G	pncA	T100P	2881463	A	G	Rv2561	Y16C
2288971	A	G	pncA	F94L	2881480	T	G	Rv2561	W22G
2289039	T	C	pncA	H71R	2886547	G	A	Rv2566	R56H
2289049	A	C	pncA	W68G	2932443	G	A	tesB2	D236D
2289109	T	C	pncA	K48E	2953260	G	A	intergenic	-

## Homoplasies in the phylogeny of Samara isolates (cont.)

Position in reference	Reference base	SNP base	Gene	Substitution	Position in reference	Reference base	SNP base	Gene	Substitution
2982964	A	C,G	Rv2665	P86P,P	3691013	A	G	intergenic	-
2986835	G	A	Rv2670c	A5V	3691069	A	C	intergenic	-
2995856	G	A	echA15	G245E	3700229	G	A	Rv3312c	T37I
3034771	T	C	Rv2722	Y43Y	3774269	C	T	Rv3363c	V82M
3035380	G	A	Rv2723	S155N	3793110	G	A	Rv3378c	D49D
3074238	T	C	thyA	D81G	3798070	G	T	idsB	T143K
3075294	G	A	Rv2765	A217A	3823870	A	G	Rv3403c	M1T
3089259	G	A	pepR	R371W	3831629	G	A	intergenic	-
3095501	T	C	Rv2787	I128T	3855220	T	C	glmS	I560V
3098318	A	G	fadE21	L210P	3877946	T	C	rpoA	D190G
3112885	G	A	Rv2804c	A73V	3877956	T	C,G	rpoA	T187A,P
3130012	C	T	Rv2823c	L590L	3895891	G	T	Rv3479	G22V
3135644	T	C	intergenic	-	4001629	T	C	intergenic	-
3136343	G	A	Rv2828A	R89W	4016427	A	G	intergenic	-
3173115	G	A	intergenic	-	4030699	G	C	mutY	V67L
3175449	G	A	intergenic	-	4060596	T	C	esxW	T2A
3177552	T	C	relF	I3T	4087503	A	G	intergenic	-
3189531	C	T	intergenic	-	4214150	T	C	Rv3768	L25P
3224892	G	T	ffh	R468S	4243197	G	C	intergenic	-
3247324	C	G	ppsA	D624E	4243224	C	A,T,G	intergenic	-
3248082	G	A	ppsA	R877H	4243228	C	T	intergenic	-
3248083	C	T	ppsA	R877R	4247436	A	C,G	embB	M306L,V
3251428	G	A	ppsB	A117T	4247438	G	A,C,T	embB	M306I,J,I
3253560	G	A	ppsB	E827E	4247476	A	G	embB	Y319C
3266777	A	C	ppsD	I1508L	4247581	A	C	embB	D354A
3297348	G	A	pks15 <sup>c</sup>	T167T	4247653	A	C	embB	E378A
3343419	C	T	hupB	R137K	4247737	G	A,C	embB	G406D,A
3430088	G	A	Rv3064c	A57A	4248009	C	A	embB	Q497K
3446707	C	G	Rv3081	F220L	4248010	A	G	embB	Q497R
3448009	T	C	virS	G142G	4249525	A	G	embB	H1002R
3477274	T	C	Rv3108	R69R	4249590	G	A	embB	D1024N
3500157	G	A	Rv3134c	L201L	4252886	C	T	intergenic	-
3534196	G	A	Rv3165c	L70F	4269096	C	T	ubiA <sup>c</sup>	A249T
3538160	G	A	Rv3169	K305K	4269305	A	G	ubiA <sup>c</sup>	I179T
3555465	G	A	Rv3190c	P411S	4313163	G	A	Rv3839	R131Q
3568767	T	G	intergenic	-	4322607	G	A	Rv3848	S92N
3600338	G	A	Rv3224	T160T	4327072	A	G	ethA	C137R
3625949	G	A	mtrB	L225L	4327487	A	G	intergenic	-
3640324	A	G	intergenic <sup>c</sup>	-	4338372	A	G	whiB6 <sup>c</sup>	C53R
3640416	T	G	intergenic <sup>c</sup>	-	4338607	A	C	intergenic <sup>c</sup>	-
3679971	C	T	lhr	G1063G	4338609	T	A	intergenic <sup>c</sup>	-
3680940	G	A	lhr	P1386P	4359172	G	C	espK	T206T
3681535	G	A	nei	G70S	4371255	G	A	eccD2	A146V
3690955	A	G	intergenic	-	4398755	G	A	Rv3910	G718S
3691011	C	A	intergenic	-					

<sup>a</sup> Sites for which >5% isolates had an ambiguous basecall were excluded.

<sup>b</sup> Novel regions putatively associated with drug resistance identified by Farhat et al.<sup>14</sup>

<sup>c</sup> Novel regions putatively associated with drug resistance identified by Zhang et al.<sup>15</sup>

**Supplementary Table 11: Comparison of clustering rate of drug resistance SNPs**

Locus	Number of isolates		P
	unclustered	clustered	
<i>katG</i>	27	558	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>P<sub>inhA</sub></i>	19	51	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>rpoB</i>	62	448	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>P<sub>pncA</sub></i>	11	10	0.758
<i>pncA</i>	67	238	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>P<sub>embA</sub></i>	16	25	0.047 <sup>a</sup>
<i>embB</i>	49	415	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>rpsL</i>	19	295	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>rrs<sub>str</sub></i>	7	255	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>gidB</i>	17	30	0.007 <sup>a</sup>
<i>rrs<sub>inj</sub></i>	18	22	0.371
<i>P<sub>eis</sub></i>	38	284	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>gyrA</i>	52	34	0.006 <sup>b</sup>
<i>gyrB</i>	7	4	0.395
<i>P<sub>ethA</sub></i>	0	216	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>
<i>ethA</i>	20	95	<0.001 <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> SNPs were significantly more likely to be found in phylogenetic clusters

<sup>b</sup> SNPs were significantly less likely to be found in phylogenetic clusters

## References

1. Petrella, S. et al. Crystal structure of the pyrazinamidase of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*: insights into natural and acquired resistance to pyrazinamide. *PLOS ONE* **6**, e15785 (2011).