## Appendix A.

## Survey questionnaire about penicillin allergy management

(Select one best answer in the following clinical scenario questions: MPE = maculopapular exanthema,

DRESS = drug reaction with eosinophilia and systemic symptoms, SJS = Stevens-Johnson syndrome)

- Preferred management in patients with a history of penicillin-induced urticaria/angioedema when penicillin is indicated in the presence and absence of penicillin skin test reagent
  - a) Perform penicillin skin test
  - b) Avoid penicillin
  - c) Avoid penicillin and cephalosporins
  - d) Perform penicillin graded challenge
  - e) Perform penicillin desensitization
- Preferred management in patients with a history of penicillin-induced anaphylaxis when penicillin is indicated in the presence and absence of penicillin skin test reagent
  - a) Perform penicillin skin test
  - b) Avoid penicillin
  - c) Avoid penicillin and cephalosporins
  - d) Perform penicillin graded challenge
  - e) Perform penicillin desensitization
- Preferred management in patients with a history of penicillin-induced an immediate reaction when penicillin is indicated according to positive and negative penicillin skin test results
  - a) Prescribe penicillin normally

b) Avoid penicillin					
c) Avoid penicillin and cephalosporins					
d) Perform penicillin graded challenge					
e) Perform penicillin desensitization					
Preferred management in patients with a	history of penicillin-induced non-				
immediate reactions (MPE, DRESS, or SJS) when penicillin is indicated					
a) Avoid penicillin only					
b) Avoid penicillin and cephalosporins					
c) Perform penicillin graded challenge					
d) Perform penicillin desensitization					
Prescription of the following antibiotics in	n patients with unconfirmed allergic				
reaction to penicillin					
1. Aminopenicillins	2. Cloxa/dicloxacillin				
3. 1 <sup>st</sup> generation cephalosporins	4. 2 <sup>nd</sup> generation cephalosporins				
5. 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> generation cephalosporins	6. Carbapenem				
7. Monobactam					
a) Complete avoidance					
b) Prescribable with precaution					
c) Prescribable					

- The recommended penicillin skin test reagent (s) for the confirmation of patients with a history of an immediate reaction to penicillin
- a) Freshly prepared penicillin G solution

Aged penicillin G solution Penicilloyl-polylysine Minor determinant mixtures Penicilloyl-polylysine + minor determinant mixtures [correct answer] How to correctly interpret penicillin skin test as a positive intradermal test? Final wheal diameter at least 5 mm b) Final wheal diameter at least 2 times larger than negative (normal saline) control Final wheal diameter at least 2 times larger than the initial size Final wheal diameter increase at least 3 mm larger than the initial size [correct answer] The estimated actual allergic rate in patients with a history of penicillin allergy a) 0-20% b) 20-40% c) 40-60% d) 60-80% e) 80-100% Main reason for using alternative antibiotics without confirming penicillin allergic status in patients with a suspected history a) Convincing history b) No available diagnostic tests c) Patient preference

- d) Availability of alternative drugs
- e) Medico-legal issue
- Your opinion for the management of patients with a history of penicillininduced immediate reaction in Thailand
- a) Avoid penicillin
- b) Perform penicillin skin test
- c) Measure penicillin-specific IgE
- d) Perform penicillin graded challenge

Appendix B. P values of univariate and multivariate analysis of factors affecting penicillin allergy management among Thai physicians in different scenarios (NS = not significant)

Scenarios of penicillin allergy management	Areas of expertise		Medical practice settings		Medical pr	Medical practice duration	
	Univariate	Multivariate	Univariate	Multivariate	Univariate	Multivariate	
Immediate reactions							
(mild)	0.28	NS	0.66	NS	0.66	NS	
Unavailable skin test							
2. Immediate reactions							
(severe)	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.12	NS	0.94	NS	
Unavailable skin test							
3. Immediate reaction							
(mild)	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.51	NS	< 0.01	NS	
Available skin test							
4. Immediate reaction							
(severe)	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.30	NS	< 0.01	NS	
Available skin test							
5. Immediate reactions							
Positive skin test	0.12	NS	0.26	NS	0.38	NS	
6. Immediate reactions							
Negative skin test	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.21	NS	0.03	NS	
7. MPE	0.17	NS	0.38	NS	0.23	NS	
8. DRESS	0.17	NS	0.30	NS	< 0.01	< 0.01	

9. SJS	0.05	0.05	0.19	NS	0.18	NS
10. Aminopenicillin	0.19	NS	0.62	NS	0.21	NS
11. Cloxa/dicloxacillin	0.50	NS	0.83	NS	0.59	NS
12. 1 <sup>st</sup> gen cephalosporin	0.03	0.03	0.05	NS	0.03	NS
13. 2 <sup>nd</sup> gen cephalosporin	0.95	NS	0.75	NS	0.65	NS
14. 3 <sup>rd</sup> / 4 <sup>rh</sup> gen cephalosporin	0.01	0.02	0.10	NS	0.50	NS
15. Carbapenem	0.19	NS	0.04	NS	0.09	NS
16. Monobactam	0.35	NS	0.08	NS	0.40	NS
17. Correct test reagents	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	NS	< 0.01	NS
18. Correct interpretation	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	NS	0.17	NS
19. Reasons for use alternative drugs without confirm allergic status	0.47	NS	0.99	NS	0.08	NS
21. Preferred recommendation	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.33	NS	< 0.01	0.02