## **Supplemental Figures**

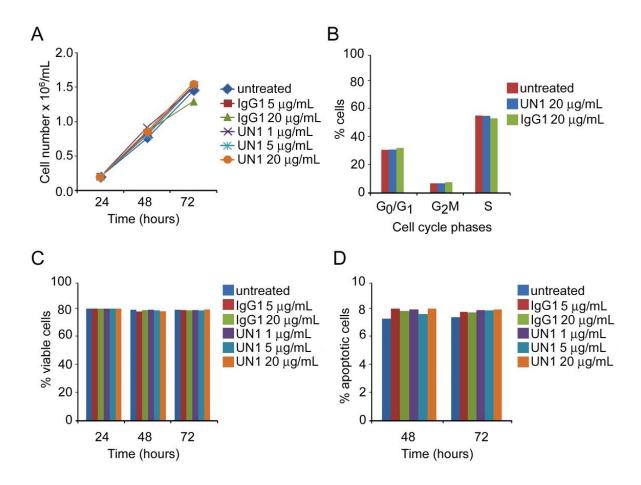
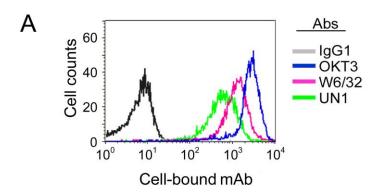


Figure S1. UN1 mAb did not affect the proliferation rate, cell cycle, viability and apoptosis of HPB-ALL cells.

HPB-ALL cells (2 x 10<sup>5</sup>/ml) were incubated with the indicated amounts of antibody and then analyzed for proliferation, cell-cycle profile, viability, and apoptosis. (A) Proliferation was measured at the indicated time by cell counting. The number of viable cells of a representative experiments out of three is shown. (B) Cell cycle phase distribution of HPB-ALL cells treated as described in A and harvested at 72 hours from treatment. Cell cycle phase distribution was obtained by performing a flow cytometric analysis of the DNA content. Representative histograms for cell-cycle profile of 1 out of 3 independent experiments with similar results are shown. (C) Viability of HPB-ALL cells treated as described in A, assessed by Trypan blue dye exclusion. (D) Percentage of sub-G1 (apoptotic) HPB-ALL cells treated as described in A and measured by propidium iodide staining and flow cytometry.



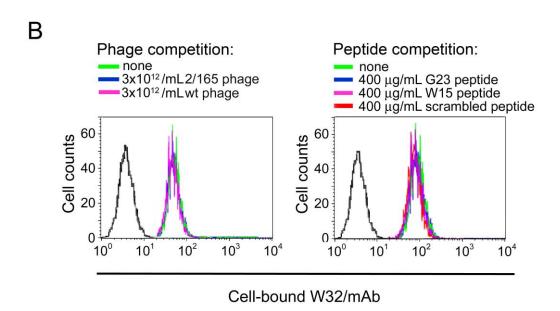
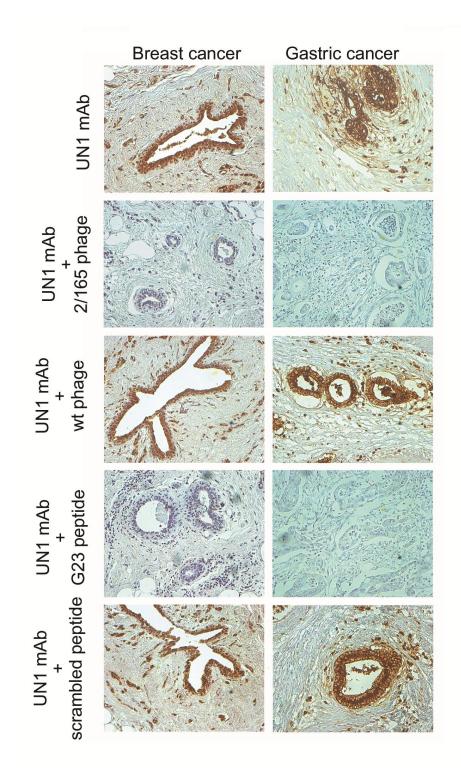


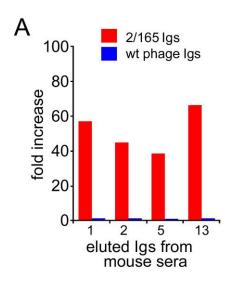
Figure S2. The 2/165 phage clone and synthetic peptides do not inhibit the binding of mAb W6/32 to HPB-ALL cells.

- (A) The indicated Abs were incubated with HPB-ALL cells  $(5x10^5)$  and cell-bound mAbs were revealed by flow cytometry. Histogram overlays of the mAbs fluorescence intensities are shown. The black histogram represents fluorescence associated to an isotype control IgG.
- (B) The mAb W6/32 (0.37  $\mu$ g/ml) was pre-incubated overnight with the indicated doses of phages (left panel), or synthetic peptides (right panel), and then added to HPB-ALL cells (5x10<sup>5</sup>). Cell-bound W6/32 mAb was revealed by flow cytometry. Histogram overlays of the W6/32 mAb fluorescence intensity are shown. The black histogram represents fluorescence associated to an isotype control IgG.



Supplementary Figure S3. Competition of the UN1 mAb-binding to UN1-positive breast and gastric cancer tissues by the 2/165 phage and G23 peptide.

Serial sections of surgical specimens derived from breast and gastric cancer tissues were stained with UN1 mAb, pre-incubated overnight at  $4^{\circ}$ C with the indicated phage  $(2.5x10^{13}$  phage particles/mL) or peptide (500  $\mu$ g/mL), according to peroxidase-antiperoxidase method. Original magnification x200.



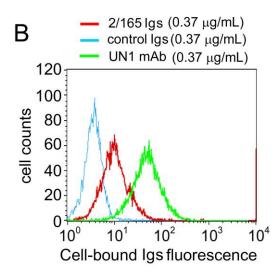


Figure S4. Characterization of affinity-purified antibodies from sera of 2/165 phagotope-immunized mice.

Antibodies from pre-immune or 2/165-immunized mice sera were affinity-purified by using 2/165 (2/165 Igs) or wild type phage (wt Igs) as ligand. (A) Reactivity of the affinity-purified Igs to G23 peptide analysed by ELISA. Each affinity purified Igs was tested in duplicate and the relative absorbance was calculated as the difference between  $OD_{405nm}$  and  $OD_{620nm}$ . Fold increase is ratio of the mean OD value of each immunized mouse to the mean OD value of the corresponding pre-immune serum.

(B) Binding of the affinity-purified Igs to HPB-ALL cells. The affinity-purified Igs from a representative serum (mouse 2) or from a pre-immune mouse serum (control Igs) were tested for reactivity against HPB-ALL cell line by flow cytometry. As control, a comparable amount of UN1 mAb is also shown.