# Supplementary data

# Suppl. figure S1

Confirmation of knock-out *azi1* mutant by RT-PCR.

Total RNA was isolated from 14-day-old seedlings. cDNA samples were amplified with primers for *Actin2* (control) or for *AZI1*.

# Suppl. figure S2

### Lower AZI1 levels in 35S::AZI1/mpk3 lines are related to the mpk3 mutant background.

Proteins were extracted from 14-day-old seedlings originating from crossings of the *AZI1* overexpressing line 11.8 with *mpk3*. AZI1-myc protein was detected by immunoblot analysis after SDS-PAGE. Protein loading was visualised by Coomassie-blue staining. AZI1 X1 and X2 are wildtype for *MPK3*, while AZI1/*mpk3* (two independent lines shown) lack a functional *MPK3* allele. X1 and X2 have undergone the same crossing and seed propagation procedure as AZI1/*mpk3*.

# Suppl. figure S3

# The overall protein profiles in Arabidopsis wild-type, *azi1*, *mpk3*, 35S::*AZI1* and 35S::*AZI1/mpk3* plants look similar.

Proteins from 14-day-old seedlings of the indicated lines (independent duplicate samples) were extracted in standard extraction buffer B1. 15  $\mu$ g of the soluble protein fraction was separated by SDS-PAGE and visualised by Coomassie Blue staining.

### Suppl. figure S4

Hydrophathy profile of AZI1 and variants carrying dephosphomimetic (alanine, A) or phosphomimetic (aspartate, D) residues at putative MAPK phosphorylation sites (Ser33, Ser41, Ser59, Thr66, Thr70).

Data were computed for the full-length AZI1 protein sequence with or without one of the following replacements:

"AAA": S33A,S41A,S59A

"DDD": S33D,S41D,S59D

,,AAAAA":S33A,S41A,S59A,T66A,T70A

"DDDDD": D,S41D,S59D,T66D,T70D

The **black curve** is the actual profile; the superimposed green curve is a smoothed version of the profile.

Regions that have a favorable free energy of transfer (predicted membrane-located regions) are indicated with horizontal red bars.

# Suppl. figure S5

# Predicted stability of AZI1 and phosphovariant proteins.

Sequences were submitted to the ExpasyProtParam tool. The computed instability index (II) inversely correlates with protein stability. Proteins with II<40 are predicted as stable. Note the decline in II upon successive exchange of putative phosphorylation sites by phosphomimetic aspartate (D) but not by dephosphomimetic alanine (A) residues.

### Suppl. figure S6.

Predicted O-glycosylation sites in AZI1.

The full-length AZI1 protein sequence was analysed using the bioinformatic online tool NetOGlyc, according to which "scores higher than 0.5 are predicted as glycosylated and marked with the string "#POSITIVE" in the comment field". The relevant region comprising all predicted sites is displayed at the bottom. Nine candidate target sites for O-glycosylation (blue) are contained in the proline-rich domain of AZI1. Five of these (Ser33, Ser41, Ser59, Thr66, Thr70) overlap with putative MAPK target sites (red) (see also figure 1).

### Suppl. figure S7

Alignment of *Arabidopsis* AGP31 sequence of residues 98-129, a reportedly strongly glycosylated peptide (Hijazi et al., 2012), with the proline-rich domain of AZI1. Data were generated using the PRALINE software <u>http://www.ibi.vu.nl/programs/pralinewww/</u>.

# Table S1. Multiple stress-responsive LTPs

Arabidopsis *LTP* genes responding to 6 or more types of abiotic stress, as identified in a functional genomics-based screen (Kant et al. 2008).\*Corresponding subfamily of cysteine-rich proteins (CRPs). Members of CRP4820, the only subfamily with strong conservation between monocots and dicots (Silverstein et al. 2007) are highlighted.

# Table S2 Statistic evaluation of data from germination and seedling survival assays

#### Table S1. Multiple stress-responsive LTPs

Arabidopsis *LTP* genes responding to 6 or more types of abiotic stress, as identified in a functional genomics-based screen (Kant et al. 2008).

\*Corresponding subfamily of cysteine-rich proteins (CRPs). Members of CRP4820, the only subfamily with strong conservation between monocots and dicots (Silverstein et al. 2007) are highlighted.

LTP (PRD-8CM)	Subfamily*
AT5G59320	CRP3860
AT5G59310	CRP3860
AT3G51600	CRP3860
AT3G43720	CRP4540
AT3G22600	CRP4630
AT1G27950	CRP4640
AT2G37870	CRP4750
AT3G18280	CRP4920
AT1G62510	CRP4820
AT2G10940	CRP4820
AT2G45180	CRP4820
AT4G12470	CRP4820
AT4G22470	CRP4820

		Day 1			Day 2			Day 3			Day 4			Day 5	
Plant lines	Mean ± SD	p value*	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value*	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #
ColO	95.60±5.75	Х	NS	98.18±3.14	Х	NS	98.78± 2.09	Х	NS	98.78± 2.09	Х	NS	98.78±2.09	Х	Х
AZI1	96.26±3.06	NS	Х	98.44±1.99	NS	Х	99.48± 1.02	NS	Х	100.00±0.00	NS	Х	$100.00 \pm 0.00$	NS	Х
azi1	30.91±9.11	< 0.001	< 0.001	67.01±8.10	0.002	<0.001	78.81± 8.98	0.014	0.004	83.55±5.53	0.007	0.001	88.29± 3.59	0.007	0.001
mpk3	90.24±9.39	NS	NS	96.32±3.97	NS	NS	99.12±1.51	NS	NS	99.12±1.51	NS	NS	99.12±1.51	NS	NS
AZI1 /mpk3	92.61±7.23	NS	NS	100.00±0.00	NS	NS	100.00±0.00	NS	NS	$100.00 \pm 0.00$	NS	-	$100.00 \pm 0.00$	NS	-

Suppl. Table S2.1: Percentage germination of seeds of indicated plant lines on ½ MS+ 0.25% at various time points

### Suppl. Table S2.2: Percentage germination of seeds of indicated plant lines on ½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 150 mM NaCl at various time

	noir	ntc													
	Day 1			Day 2			Day 3			Day 4			Day 5		
Plant lines	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #
ColO	0.79±1.37	Х	NS	13.28±5.00	Х	0.037	37.70±2.67	Х	0.011	57.01 ± 7.14	Х	0.008	72.26 ± 2.00	Х	0.003
AZI1	3.24±2.29	NS	Х	26.03±6.42	0.037	Х	64.34 ± 11.16	0.011	Х	84.58 ± 9.18	0.008	Х	92.18 ± 6.05	0.003	Х
azi1	$0.00\pm0.00$	NS	0.030	$0.00\pm0.00$	0.003	< 0.001	0.71±1.42	< 0.001	< 0.001	$1.35 \pm 1.58$	< 0.001	< 0.001	6.53 ± 6.74	< 0.001	< 0.001
mpk3	$0.00\pm0.00$	NS	0.063	$0.00\pm0.00$	0.010	0.001	$1.04 \pm 1.80$	< 0.001	< 0.001	3.19±3.12	< 0.001	< 0.001	38.14±23.96	NS	0.007
AZI1/mpk3	$0.00\pm0.00$	NS	NS	$0.00\pm0.00$	0.038	0.006	4.72±0.39	< 0.001	0.002	20.41 ±10.01	0.016	0.001	53.19± 6.08	0.013	0.002

p value \* indicates the difference between means (by t-test) between *CoIO* and individual lines. p value <sup>#</sup> value indicates the difference between means (by t-test) between *AZI1* and individual line. '-' indicates that t test could not be computed as SD of both groups is 0.00, NS: Not significant, SD: Standard deviation

# Suppl. Table S2.3: p values indicating differences between means for mpk3 and AZI1 x mpk3 by t-test for percentage germination on ½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 150 mM NaCl at various time points.

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
<sup>1</sup> ∕₂ MS+ 0.25% sucrose	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 150 mM NaCl	-	-	NS (0.073)	Borderline (0.058)	NS

'-' indicates that t test could not be computed as SD of both groups is 0.00, NS: Not significant, SD: Standard deviation

# Suppl. Table S2.4 : Percentage survival of 3 day old seedlings of indicated plant lines after transfer to ½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 250 mM NaCl at various time points.

		12 hours			24 hours			36 hours			48 hours			60 hours			72 hours	
Plant lines	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #	Mean ± SD	p value *	p value #
ColO	100.00±0.00	Х	Х	90.00±11.5	Х	Х	26.25 ± 4.78	Х	Х	13.75 ± 4.78	Х	Х	6.25 ± 4.78	Х	Х	3.75 ± 4.78	Х	Х
AZI1	100.00±0.00	-	Х	100.00±0.00	NS	Х	61.25 ± 6.29	<0.001	Х	35.00 ± 12.24	0.018	Х	15.00 ± 11.54	NS	Х	8.75 ± 8.53		Х
azi1	100.00±0.00	-		62.50±5.00	0.005	< 0.001	10.00 ± 14.14	NS	0.001	10.00 ± 14.14	NS	0.037	2.5 ± 5.00	NS	NS	2.5 ± 5.00	NS	NS
mpk3	100.00±0.00		-	76.67±15.27	NS	0.025	15.00 ± 5.00	0.029	< 0.001	10.00 ± 10.00	NS	0.035	3.33 ± 5.7	NS	NS	0.00 ± 0.00	NS	NS
AZI1/mpk3	100.00±0.00	-		93.33±5.77	NS	NS	26.67 ± 5.77	0.001	0.001	13.33 ± 5.77	0.038	0.038	5.00 ± 8.666	NS	NS	1.67 ± 2.88	NS	NS

p value \* indicates the difference between means (by t-test) between *ColO* and individual lines. p value # indicates the difference between means (by t-test) between *AZI1* and individual line. '-' indicates that t test could not be computed as SD of both groups is 0.00, NS: Not significant, SD: Standard deviation

# Suppl. Table S2.5: p values indicating differences between means for mpk3 and AZI1 x mpk3 by t-test for percentage survival of 3 day old seedlings after transfer to on ½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 250 mM NaCl at various time points.

	12 hours	24 hours	36 hours	48 hours	60 hours	72 hours	
½ MS+ 0.25% sucrose + 250 mM NaCl	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	

'-' indicates that t test could not be computed as SD of both groups is 0.00, NS: Not significant, SD: Standard deviation

# Col-O azi1



AZI fo1/re7

# Suppl. figure S1

Confirmation of knock-out azi1 mutant by RT-PCR.

Total RNA was isolated from 14-day-old seedlings. cDNA samples were amplified with primers for *Actin2* (control) or for *AZI1*.



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# Lower AZI1 levels in 35S::AZI1/mpk3 lines are related to the mpk3 mutant background.

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1 Col-O wild type 2 *azi1* 3 35S::*AZI1* 4 35S::*AZI1/mpk3* 5 *mpk3* 

# Figure S3

The overall protein profiles in Arabidopsis wild-type, *azi1*, *mpk3*, 35S-AZI1 and 35S-AZI1/*mpk3* plants look similar.

Proteins from 14-day-old seedlings of the indicated lines (independent duplicate samples) were extracted in standard extraction bufferA. 15  $\mu$ g of the soluble protein fraction was separated by SDS-PAGE and visualised by Coomassie Blue staining.



# Figure S4

Hydrophathy profile of AZI1 and variants carrying dephosphomimetic (alanine, A) or phosphomimetic (aspartate, D) residues at putative MAPK phosphorylation sites (Ser33, Ser41, Ser59, Thr66, Thr70).

Data were computed for the full-length AZI1 protein sequence with or without one of the following replacements:

"AAA": S33A,S41A,S59A

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The black curve is the actual profile; the superimposed green curve is a smoothed version of the profile.

Regions that have a favorable free energy of transfer (predicted membrane-located regions) are indicated with horizontal red bars.



### Figure S5 Predicted stability of AZI1 and phosphovariant proteins.

Sequences were submitted to the ExpasyProtParam tool. The computed instability index (II) inversely correlates with protein stability. Proteins with II<40 are predicted as stable. Note the decline in II upon successive exchange of putative phosphorylation sites by phosphorimetic aspartate (D) but not by dephosphorimetic alanine (A) residues.



# NetOGlyc 4.0 Server - prediction results

### **Technical University of Denmark**

n NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13								
source feature start	end	score	strand	frame	comment			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	3	3	0.0237477	24		
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	6	6	0.0140939			
netOG1yc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	8	8	0.0154175			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	21	21	0.0422643			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	23	23	0.041661			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	26	26	0.0253381	-		
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	33	33	0.965155	34 L		#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	41	41	0.990921			#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	56	56	0.989681	•		#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	59	59	0.99397 .		#POS:	ITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	66	66	0.985554			#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	70	70	0.952655			#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	73	73	0.671541	1.1		#POSITIVE
netOG1yc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	74	74	0.790337			#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	77	77	0.615299			#POSITIVE
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	93	93	0.0288631			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	94	94	0.0537127			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	104	104	0.0352132	S+1		
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	105	105	0.0407821			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	110	110	0.0453348			
netOG1yc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	126	126	0.00905412	51		
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	142	142	0.0832123			
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	144	144	0.0126749	•		
netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	CARBOHY	D	156	156	0.0469291	3 I		
	n NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13 source feature start netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13     source feature start netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   CARBOHY     netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   CARBOHY	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13     source feature start netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   CARBOHYD cARBOHYD CARBOHYD CARBOHYD CARBOHYD netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   CARBOHYD CARBOHYD CARBOHYD netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   CARBOHYD CARBO	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13   source feature start netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHY	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13   source feature start end score strand frame netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 3 3 3 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 6 6 6 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 21 21 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 23 23 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 33 33 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 56 56 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 59 59 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 70 70 70 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 70 70 70 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 74 74 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 93 93 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 94 94 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 104 104 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 126 126 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 105 105 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 104 104 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 110 110 netOGlyc-4.0.0.13	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13 end score strand frame comment   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 3 3 0.0237477   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 6 6 0.0140939   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 8 8 0.0154175   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 21 21 0.0422643   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 23 23 0.041661   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 0.0253381   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 33 33 0.965155   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 56 56 0.989681   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 59 59 0.9397   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 70 70 0.952655   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 74 74 0.790337   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 74 74 0.790337   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 74 74 <	A NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13   source feature start netO score strand frame comment   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 3 3 0.0237477   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 6 6 0.0140939   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 21 21 0.0422643   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 23 23 0.041661   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 0.0253381   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 0.0253381   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 33 33 0.965155   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 56 56 0.989661   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 59 59 0.99397   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 70 70 0.952655   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 73 73 73   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 73 73 0.0286631   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 74 74 0.790377   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77	a NetOGlyc 4.0.0.13   source feature start netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 3 3 0.0237477 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 6 6 0.0140939 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 8 8 0.0154175 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 21 21 0.0422643 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 23 23 0.041661 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 26 26 0.0253381 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 33 33 0.965155 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 41 41 0.990921 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 56 56 0.989681 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 70 70 0.952655 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 73 73 0.671541 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299 .   netOGlyc-4.0.0.13 CARBOHYD 77 77 0.615299 .   netOGlyc-

# 30-KPSPKPKPVPSPKPKPVQCPPPPRPSVPSPNPRPVTPPRTPGSSGNSCPIDALKLGVCANVLSSLLNIQL-100 30-KPSPKPKPVPSPKPKPVQCPPPPRPSVPSPPRPVTPPRTPGSSGNSCPIDALKLGVCANVLSSLLNIQL-100

# Suppl. figure S6.

Predicted O-glycosylation sites in AZI1.

The full-length AZI1 protein sequence was analysed using the bioinformatic online tool NetOGlyc, according to which "scores higher than 0.5 are predicted as glycosylated and marked with the string "#POSITIVE" in the comment field". The relevant region comprising all predicted sites is displayed at the bottom. Nine candidate target sites for O-glycosylation (blue) are contained in the proline-rich domain of AZI1. Five of these (Ser33, Ser41, Ser59, Thr66, Thr70) overlap with putative MAPK target sites (red) (see also figure 1).

#### Results colour-coded for amino acid conservation

The current colourscheme of the alignment is for amino acid conservation.

The conservation scoring is performed by PRALINE. The scoring scheme works from 0 for the least conserved alignment position, up to 10 for the most conserved alignment position. The colour assignments are:

Unconserved 01 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Conserved



# Suppl. figure S7

Alignment of *Arabidopsis* AGP31 sequence of residues 98-129, a reportedly strongly glycosylated peptide (Hijazi et al., 2012), with the proline-rich domain of AZI1. Data were generated using the PRALINE software http://www.ibi.vu.nl/programs/pralinewww/.