



Figure S4. Multiple alignment of the potential GH5 family protein sequence identified from *D. v. virgifera* with four fungal GH5 proteins (A) and the maximum-likelihood phylogeny including other known GH5 family proteins (B). The potential amino acid residues for the catalytic nucleophile and catalytic proton donor are highlighted with magenta and green in the alignment, respectively (based on Larsson *et al.* 2006, *J Mol Biol* 357: 1500). Coleopteran proteins included in the phylogeny are found in Table S5. The *D. v. virgifera* sequence is shown in red. The GH5 protein sequences are classified into subfamilies according to Aspeborg *et al.* (2012, *BMC Evol Biol* 12: 186). Bacterial, plant, fungal, and nematode sequences are indicated by brown, green, cyan, and grey. The numbers at internal branches show the bootstrap support values (%) for the maximum-likelihood and neighbor-joining phylogenies in this order. Only bootstrap values higher than 70% are shown.