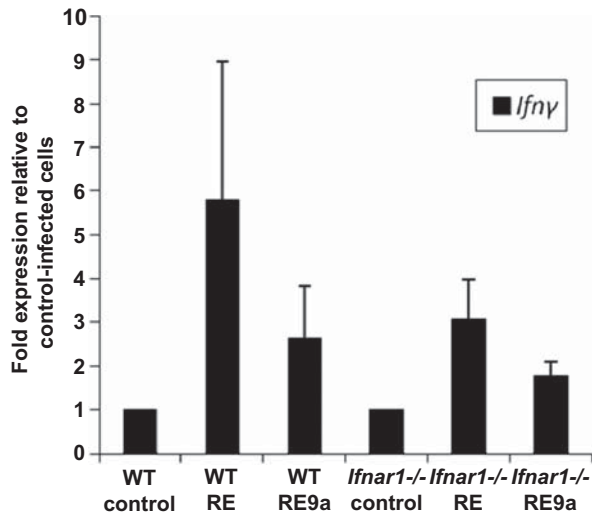


Supplementary material for DeKelder RC, et al., RUNX1-ETO induces a type I interferon response which negatively effects t(8;21)-induced increased self-renewal and leukemia development, *Leukemia & Lymphoma*, 2013; doi: 10.3109/10428194.2013.815351.

Supplementary Table I. List of interferon-stimulated genes upregulated by RUNX1-ETO and RUNX1-ETO-W692A in murine lineage-negative, Sca-1⁺ c-Kit⁺ cells [14]. The raw data from which this values were extracted are contained in Supplementary Tables I & II of reference 14.

Gene Symbol	Fold Change in RUNX1-ETO	Fold Change in RUNX1-ETO-W692A	Ratio RE/RE9a
<i>Ifi44</i>	18.64	0.95	19.57
<i>Ifit1</i>	39.49	1.29	30.61
<i>Oasl1</i>	8.57	1.28	6.70
<i>Ifit2</i>	2.36	0.76	3.12
<i>Cxcl10</i>	8.22	1.48	5.55
<i>Oasl2</i>	3.75	0.88	4.28
<i>Irf7</i>	2.51	0.91	2.76
<i>Ddx58</i>	4.24	0.90	4.71
<i>Irf9</i>	2.98	0.98	3.04



Supplementary Figure 1. Expression of RUNX1-ETO and RUNX1-ETO9a induces *IFN-g* expression in murine bone marrow cells Expression of *IFN-g* in retrovirally transduced wildtype or *Ifnar1*^{-/-} murine bone marrow cells. Expression levels were normalized to *Gapdh* with control-transduced cells of each genotype set to 1. Data show averages and standard deviations of 3 independent experiments.