

## Supplementary information

### **The use of polyimide-modified aluminum nitride fillers in AlN@PI/Epoxy composites with enhanced thermal conductivity for electronic encapsulation**

Yongcun Zhou<sup>1,2</sup>, Yagang Yao<sup>2,3</sup>, Chia-Yun Chen<sup>2</sup>, Kyoungsik Moon<sup>2</sup>, Hong Wang<sup>\*.1</sup>,  
& Ching-ping Wong<sup>\*.2,4</sup>

[\*] Prof. Hong Wang, Yongcun Zhou  
Electronic Materials Research Laboratory, Key Laboratory of Ministry of Education  
& International Center for Dielectric Research,  
Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an 710049, (P.R. China)  
E-mail: hwang@mail.xjtu.edu.cn

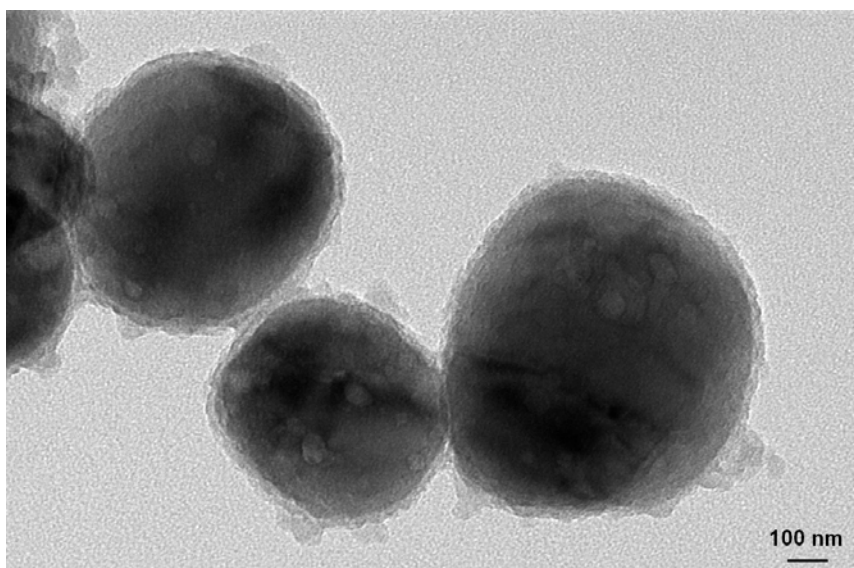
Prof. C. P. Wong, Mr. Yongcun Zhou, Dr. Yagang Yao, Dr. Chia-Yun Chen,  
Dr. Kyoungsik Moon  
School of Materials Science and Engineering  
Georgia Institute of Technology  
Atlanta 30332 (USA)  
E-mail: cp.wong@mse.gatech.edu

Dr. Yagang Yao  
Suzhou Institute of Nano-tech and Nano-bionics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,  
Suzhou 215123, (P.R. China)

Prof. C. P. Wong  
Department of Electronic Engineering, Faculty of Engineering  
The Chinese University of Hong Kong  
ShaTin, Hong Kong

**Table S1.** Basic properties of the aluminum nitride, BTDA/ODA (PI) and epoxy.

	<b>AlN</b>	<b>BTDA/ODA (PI)</b>	<b>Epoxy</b>
Average particle size ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	1	—	—
Density ( $\text{g cm}^{-3}$ )	3.26	1.33	2.75
Thermal conductivity ( $\text{W mK}^{-1}$ )	210	0.22	0.19
Coefficient of thermal expansion ( $^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$ )	$4 \times 10^{-6}$	$80 \times 10^{-6}$	$65 \times 10^{-6}$
Dielectric constant (1 MHz)	8.7	3.4	5.3
Electrical resistivity ( $\Omega \text{ cm}$ )	$>10^{14}$	$>10^{16}$	$>10^{15}$



**Figure S1.** TEM image of PI modified AlN particles.