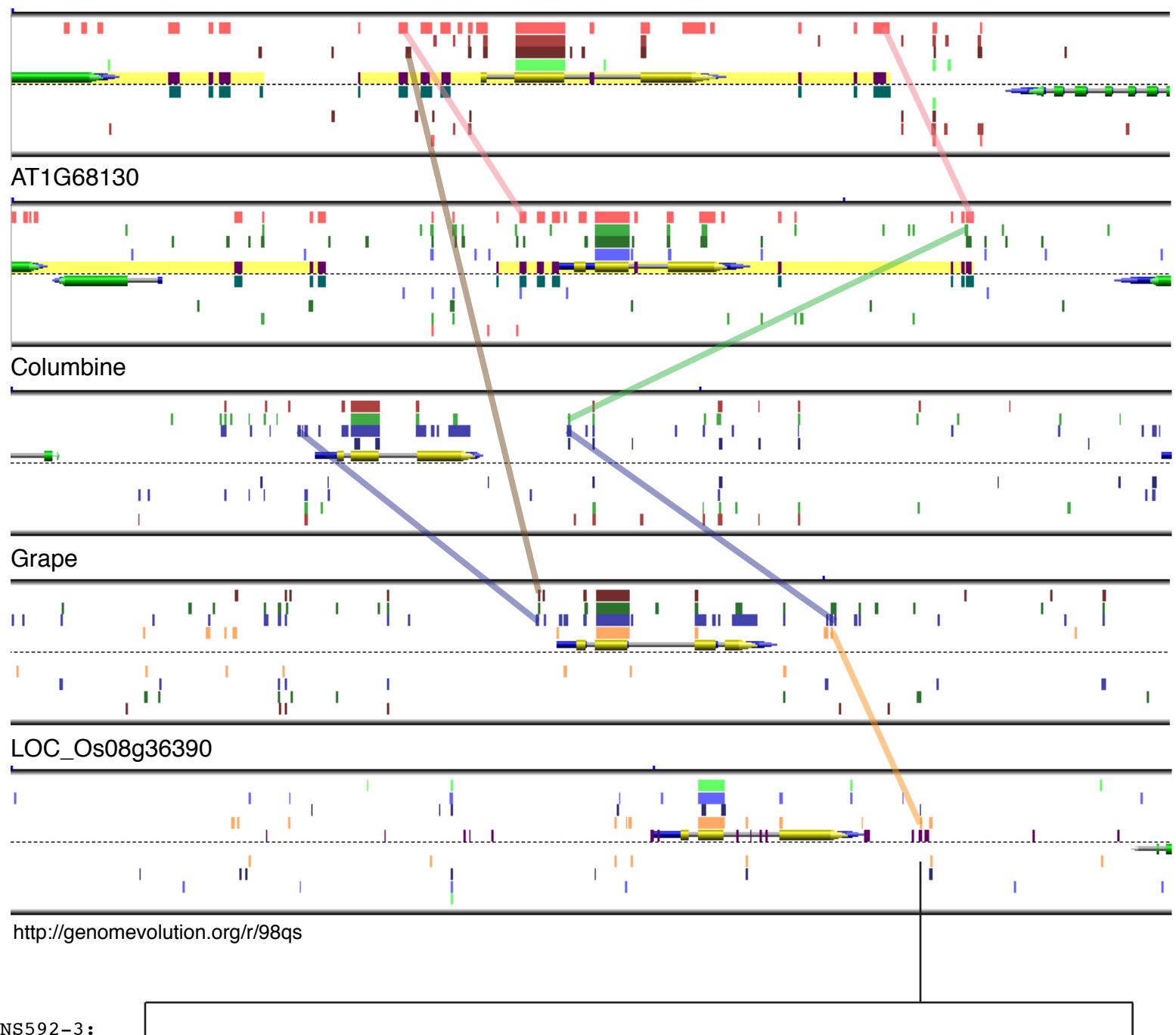


## AT1G25250

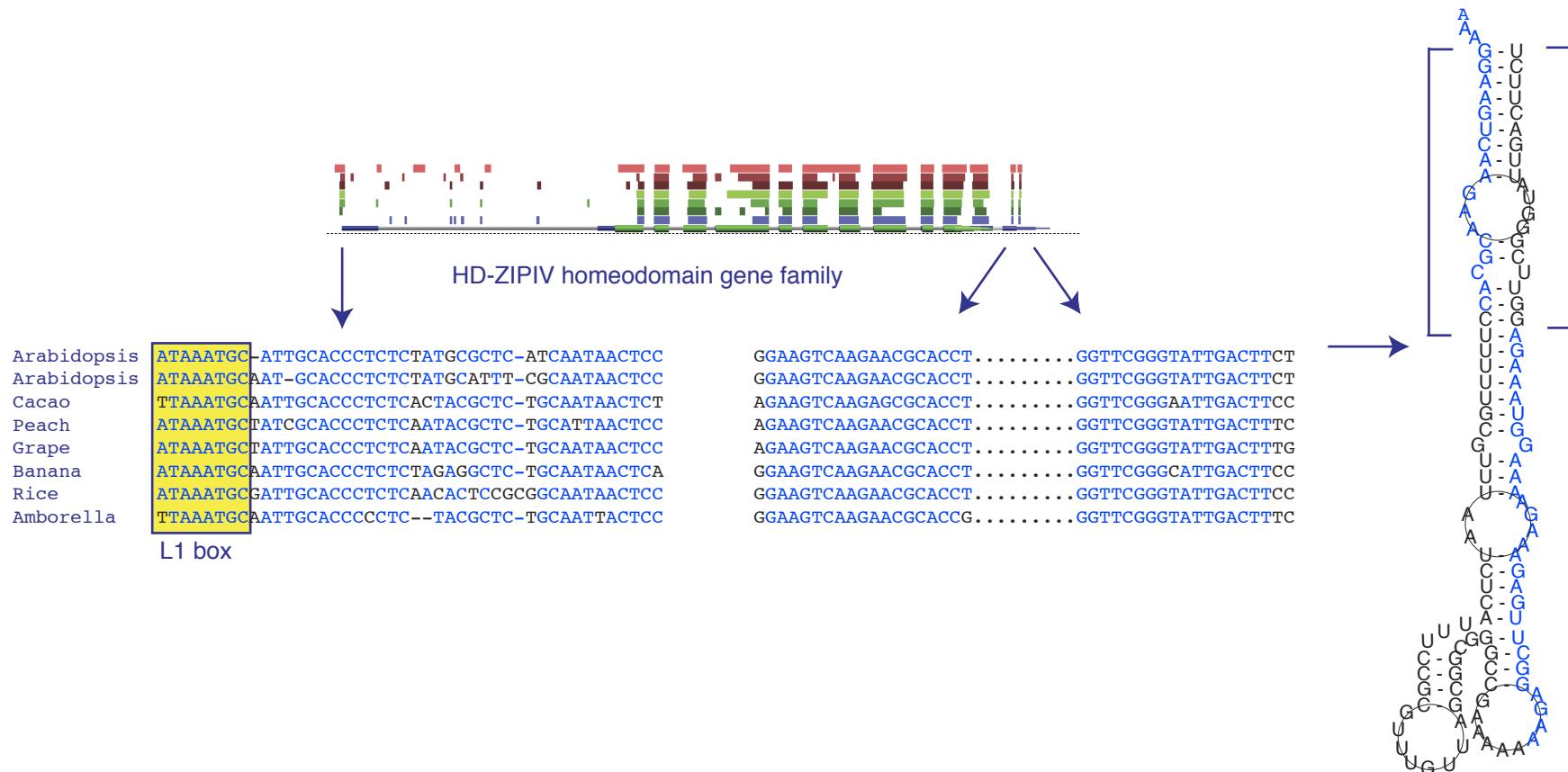


CNS592-3:

AT1G25250	AACGA <b>CATGAATTTCAGTGCCA</b> AAAAGATTGAAATGGTGGTTAGGAGTCAGGCTTCAGTCTCTCAC
AT1G68130	AAACG <b>CCATGGATTTCAGTGCCA</b> AA--GTTTGAAA---TGGTTAGGAGTCAGGCATCAGTCTCTCAC
Columbine	TAAATGCGTATAAAAACA <b>CCATGGTTTCAGTGCCA</b> TG---ATTCTAA
Grape	TAAATGTTATAAAAACA <b>CCATGGTTTCAGTGCCA</b> CA---GTTGAAA---TGGTTAAGA--CAGGCACTCGTCTCTCAA
LOC_Os08g36390	<b>CATGGTTTCAGTGCCA</b> CA--G

**Supplemental Figure 1. Use of GEvo panels to detect deeply conserved CNSs.** This panel (<http://genomevolution.org/r/98qs>) shows two deep CNSs detected between orthologous *Arabidopsis* and columbine zinc finger, C2H2-type transcription factors. Orthologous genes are shown in yellow, with 5'- and 3'-UTR regions colored blue. Dark green rectangles below and purple rectangles adjacent to the *Arabidopsis* gene structure depict pre-annotated  $\alpha$ -CNSs (Thomas et al., 2007; Turco et al., 2013). Colored rectangles above the gene structure represent blastn high scoring segment pairs (HSPs) between genomic regions, with HSPs in each panel organized from top to bottom as blastn hits to the corresponding panels. Regions shaded in yellow delineate the gene space, the CNS-associated region surrounding each *Arabidopsis* homologous gene pair. Only two of the  $\alpha$ -CNSs shown in this figure are conserved in other eudicots. 592-1, the 5' proximal CNS, is conserved in all dicots examined including columbine. Although no direct blastn hit can be seen between *Arabidopsis* and columbine, HSPs between *Arabidopsis* and grape are visually connected to HSPs between grape and columbine. The second CNS, 592-3, is also conserved in rice and illustrates that not all CNSs are located 5' to their associated gene. The sequences retrieved for the 3' CNS from overlapping HSPs are shown below. The deep CNS sequence is in blue, which is the aligned region that is conserved between columbine and *Arabidopsis*. In this example, 15 out of 17 deep CNS positions are conserved.





**Supplemental Fig 3. ATML1 and PDF2 have a 5' proximal experimentally-validated L1 box (Abe et al. 2001; Abe et al. 2003; Takada and Jurgens 2007) and a 3' UTR CNS with a potential RNA-fold.** G-Evo panel showing blastn hits (colored rectangles) between *Arabidopsis* PDF2 and (from top to bottom) orthologous genes from *Arabidopsis* (ATML1), cacao, peach, grape, banana, rice, and amborella (<http://genomevolution.org/r/97su>). The sequences of the three deep CNSs associated with this gene family are shown below the corresponding blastn hits. Nucleotides conserved in at least 6 of the 8 sequences are colored blue. The 5' proximal CNS has an experimentally-verified epidermis-specific transcription factor binding site, the L1 box, which is boxed in yellow. The two CNSs present in the 3' UTR have the potential to form RNA secondary structure. The RNAfold-predicted optimal secondary structure for ATML1, with a minimal free energy of -42.90 kcal/mol, is shown to the right of the sequences, with bases colored blue corresponding to dsRNA reads. The bracketed region is deeply conserved throughout angiosperms and includes nucleotides present in looped-out regions. HD-ZIPIV homeodomain genes: *Arabidopsis* AT4G04890 (PDF2), *Arabidopsis* AT4G21750 (ATML1), cacao Tc02\_g17643801, peach PAC:17643801, grape GSVIVG01012643001, banana GSMUA\_Achr8G07310\_001, rice LOC\_Os04g53540 and amborella evm.TU.AmTr\_v1.0\_scaffold00004.843.

**Supplemental Table 1.** Genes associated with deep CNS sequences described in Figure 3.

NGA1-4	AcoGoldSmith_v1.017991m, AT2G46870, AT3G61970, PAC:17653345, Tc03_g022470, GSMUA_Achr1G03600_001, GSMUA_Achr4G24970_001, GSMUA_Achr2G10230_001, LOC_Os03g02900, Sb01g049150, GSVIVG01027463001, GSMUA_Achr4G30170_001, LOC_Os04g49230, Sb06g026370, LOC_Os02g45850, PAC:17648747, Tc00_g048490, AT1G01030 and AT4G01500, evm.TU.amTr_v1.0_scaffold00018.22
PAR2	AcoGoldSmith_v1.016845m, grape, PAC_17664766, Tc01_g014560, AT3G58850
polygalacturonase	AT1G60590, AcoGoldSmith_v1.002735m, AT1G10640, Tc02_g023950, PAC:17665277, GSVIVG01013772001, AcoGoldSmith_v1.003611m
bZIP	GSMUA_Achr3G31390_001, GSMUA_Achr3G03550_001, GSMUA_Achr7G25310_001, LOC_Os01g11350, Sb03g002050, LOC_Os02g14910, Sb04g008840, GSVIVG01020658001, AcoGoldSmith_v1.026203m, AT3G58120, PAC:17652691, Tc00_g087150
AT-hook motif	AcoGoldSmith_v1.009502m, PAC:scaffold_1_4872201_4872989, GSVIVG01036210001, AT4G14465, Tc04_g025020

**Supplemental Table 2.** Genes associated with deep CNS sequences used to derive the RNAz-predicted consensus RNA structures depicted in Figure 4.

(B) bHLH	<i>Arabidopsis</i>	AT4G29100
	peach	PAC:17643560
	grape	GSVIVG01015353001
	columbine	AcoGoldSmith_v1.007621m
	banana	GSMUA_Achr2G15350
	<i>Amborella</i>	evm.TU.AmTr_v1.0_scaffold00109.1
(C) DEAD box RNA helicase	<i>Arabidopsis</i>	AT3G01540, AT5G14610
	rice	LOC_Os01g36860
	banana	GSMUA_Achr8G31890
	<i>Amborella</i>	evm.TU.AmTr_v1.0_scaffold00096.5

**Supplemental Table 3.** CNSs with predicted RNA-folds

<i>Arabidopsis genes</i>	<i>Rice genes</i>	<i>Gene description</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>dsRNA reads present<sup>a</sup></i>
<b>AT4G04890</b>	LOC_Os04g53540			
<b>AT4G21750<sup>b</sup></b>	LOC_Os08g08820 <sup>c</sup>	HD-ZIPIV transcription factor	3' UTR	Yes
<b>AT2G20100</b>				
<b>AT4G29100</b>	LOC_Os02g17680	bHLH	3' UTR	Yes
<b>AT2G29630</b>	LOC_Os03g47610 LOC_Os02g10700	THIC	3' UTR	Yes
<b>AT5G25350</b>	LOC_Os06g40360	F-box and LRR	3' UTR	Yes
<b>AT3G09050</b>				
<b>AT5G01175</b>	LOC_Os01g63410	thylakoid membrane protein	3' UTR	Yes
<b>AT1G20880</b>		RNA recognition motif		
<b>AT1G76460</b>		(RRM)-containing protein	3' UTR	
<b>AT3G48390</b>				
<b>AT5G63190</b>		eIF-4 gamma	5' UTR	Yes
<b>AT1G57680</b>	LOC_Os01g66190	G-protein coupled receptor 1	5' UTR	
<b>AT3G01540</b>			5' UTR/	
<b>AT5G14610</b>	LOC_Os01g36860	DEAD-box RNA helicase	intron	Yes
<b>AT1G71692</b>	LOC_Os08g02070	MADS box/MIKCc type box	5' UTR	
<b>AT4G26850</b>	LOC_Os12g08810	VTC2, rate-limiting step in		
<b>AT5G55120</b>	LOC_Os12g41800	ascorbate biosynthesis	5' UTR	Yes
<b>AT5G18930</b>		adenosylmethionine		
<b>AT4G27000</b>	LOC_Os04g53440	decarboxylase	5' UTR	
<b>AT5G54900</b>	LOC_Os08g09100	RNA binding family protein	intron	
<b>AT1G04080</b>	LOC_Os03g11200	pre-mRNA processing factor 39	intron	

*Arabidopsis* and rice genes with conserved potential RNA-fold structures.

<sup>a</sup> Zheng et al., 2010

<sup>b</sup> Also AT1G17920, AT1G73360, AT4G17710, AT5G46880, AT1G05230, AT2G32370, AT4G00730, and AT3G61150

<sup>c</sup> Also LOC\_Os08g04190, LOC\_Os06g10600, LOC\_Os10g42490, LOC\_Os04g48070, LOC\_Os02g45250, and LOC\_Os09g35760

**Supplemental Table 4.** Experimentally-validated deep CNSs

Family	Locus ID	Biological role	CNS role	Reference
<b>ATML1/PDF2 HD ZIPIV homeodomain transcription factor</b>	AT4G04890 AT4G21750	Regulating epidermal cell fate	L1 box specifying epidermal expression	Abe et al. (2001); Abe et al. (2003); Takada and Jürgens (2007)
<b>AGL15 MADS-domain transcription factor</b>	AT5G13790	Regulating embryogenesis	CArG3 box; negative autoregulation	Zhu and Perry (2005)
<b>SHI/STY RING-like zinc finger transcription factors</b>	AT3G51060 AT5G66350	Transcriptional activators of auxin biosynthetic genes	GCC box required for expression in aerial tissues	Eklund et al. (2011)
<b>YABBY zinc finger transcription factors</b>	AT2G45190 AT4G00180	Abaxial cell type specification	cis-element suppressing adaxial expression	Watanabe and Okada (2003)
<b>MIR165a/b</b>	AT1G01183 AT4G00885	Xylem specification, floral stem termination, leaf polarity	cis-element suppressing adaxial expression	Yao et al. (2009)
<b>SPL transcription factors</b>	AT1G53160 AT3G15270	Mediate flowering time via activation of floral meristem identity genes	miRNA responsive element subject to translational repression by miR156	Gandikota et al. (2007)
<b>MYB44/MYB77 transcription factors</b>	AT3G50060 AT5G67300	Induction of stress genes	VRE box bound by VIP1	Pitzschke et al. (2009)
<b>CUC2 NAC transcription factor</b>	AT5G53950	Boundary formation	Restricts expression to intercotyledonary region	Larsson et al. (2012)
<b>BAS1</b>	AT2G26710	Steroid hydroxylase inactivating brassinosteroid	LBD motif bound by LOB	Bell et al. (2012)
<b>CESA4 cellulose synthase</b>	AT5G44030	Secondary wall cellulose synthesis	cis-element for MYB44	Kim et al. (2013a); Kim et al. (2013b)
<b>glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase</b>	AT1G12900 AT3G26650	Photosynthetic carbon fixation	GATA box bound by GATA-1	Jeong and Shih (2003)
<b>THIC</b>	AT2G29630	Thiamine biosynthesis	Binds TPP aptamer which prevents 3' UTR intron splicing thus lowering transcript levels	Wachter et al. (2007)

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