Supporting Figure Legends

Supporting Fig. 1. Regulation of *Id2* and *Id3* mRNA levels in various epithelial cell types. (A-D) Semi-quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *Id2* and *Id3* and control *GAPDH* in primary HMEC (A), primary NHEK (B), immortalized α -TN4 (C) and immortalized HaCaT (D) cells treated for the indicated time periods with vehicle (-), 5 ng/ml TGF- β 1 or 300 ng/ml BMP-7.

Supporting Fig. 2. Mode of regulation of *Id2* and *Id3* gene expression by TGF- β 1 and BMP-7. (A) Semi-quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *Id2* and *Id3* and control *GAPDH* in NMuMG cells treated for the indicated time periods with vehicle (-), 5 ng/ml TGF- β 1 or 300 ng/ml BMP-7 in the absence (-) or presence (+) of 10 µg/ml cycloheximide (CHX). (B) Relative activity of the human *Id2* promoter-*luciferase* reporter transfected in NMuMG cells after treatment for 24 hours with vehicle (-, white bars), 5 ng/ml TGF- β 1 (grey bars) or 300 ng/ml BMP-7 (black bars).

Supporting Fig. 3. Ectopic expression or knockdown of Id2 and Id3 using adenoviral vectors and RNAi. (A) Immunoblot analysis of exogenous Id2 and control β -tubulin levels after infection of HaCaT (left panel) or NMe (right panel) cells with control Ad-LacZ (-) or specific Ad-Id2 adenoviruses (triangles show increasing MOI: 2, 10, 50, 250). The data are derived from duplicate infections to those presented in Fig. 5C, D. (B) Immunoblot analysis of endogenous Id3 and control β -tubulin levels in HaCaT cells demonstrates efficient knockdown of BMP-7-inducible Id3 expression by specific (*Id3*) siRNA but not by control (*Luc*) siRNA. Transfected cells were treated for 4 hours with vehicle (-) or 300 ng/ml BMP-7. The data are derived from duplicate transfections to those presented in Fig. 7A. (C) Immunoblot analysis of exogenous Id3

and control β -tubulin protein levels after infection of HaCaT cells with control Ad-LacZ (-) or specific Ad-Id3 adenoviruses (triangle shows increasing MOI: 10, 50, 50, 750). The data are derived from duplicate infections to those presented in Fig. 7B. (D) Immunoblot analysis of exogenous Id3 and control β -tubulin protein levels after infection of α -TN4 (top panels) or NMe (lower panels) cells with control Ad-LacZ (-) or specific Ad-Id3 adenoviruses (triangle shows increasing MOI: 10, 50, 250, 750). The data are derived from duplicate infections to those presented in Fig. 7D and 7F.

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C α -TN4







D HaCaT

TGF- β1 [h]	12	8	4	2	-	-	-	-	-
BMP-7 [h]	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	8	12
ld2 →	Barrie					-	-	-	-
Id3 →		-			-	1	1	1	-
GAPDH →	-	-	}	-	-	1		1	Į.

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A NMuMG

TGF- β1 [h]	-	2	4	-	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
BMP-7 [h]	I	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	I	2	4
СНХ		-			+			-			+	
Id2 →))	J))	•	•)	-	
ld3 →				J	J)		•	J	J))
GAPDH →			1		•		1	1	1	1	9	

B NMuMG



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