

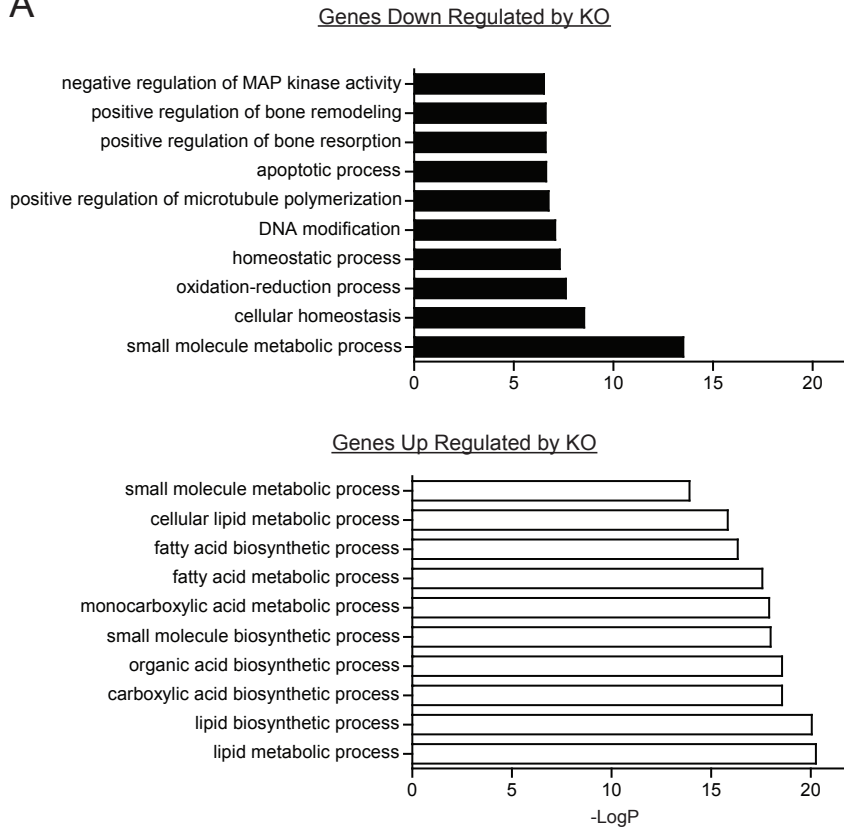
Figure S1. *Prdm16* deficiency in BAT does not increase the expression of skeletal muscle genes (related to Figure 1)

(A) Gene targeting strategy for creating *Prdm16*^{fllox} mice.

(B) *Prdm16* mRNA levels in interscapular brown adipose tissue (iBAT) and several skeletal muscles (quadricep, tibialis anterior [TA], extensor digitorum longus [EDL], gastrocnemius, diaphragm and soleus) of wildtype (WT) and *Myf5*- Δ *Prdm16* (KO) mice.

(C) mRNA levels of skeletal muscle-selective genes from the iBAT of 6-week-old and E18.5 WT and KO mice. (B,C: mean \pm SEM, n=6-11, *p<0.01).

A



B

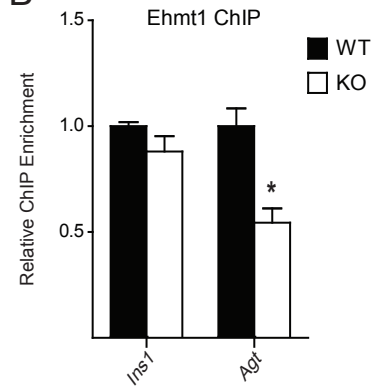


Figure S2. Prdm16 deficient iBAT expresses a white fat-related gene profile (related to Figure 2)

(A) Gene Ontology (GO) analysis of genes that are differentially expressed between wildtype (WT) and Prdm16-deficient interscapular BAT (KO) of 6-week-old mice.

(B) Relative ChIP enrichment for Ehmt1 at the *Ins1* (control) and *Agt* promoter in WT and KO iBAT. (mean \pm stdev, n=3, *p<0.05).

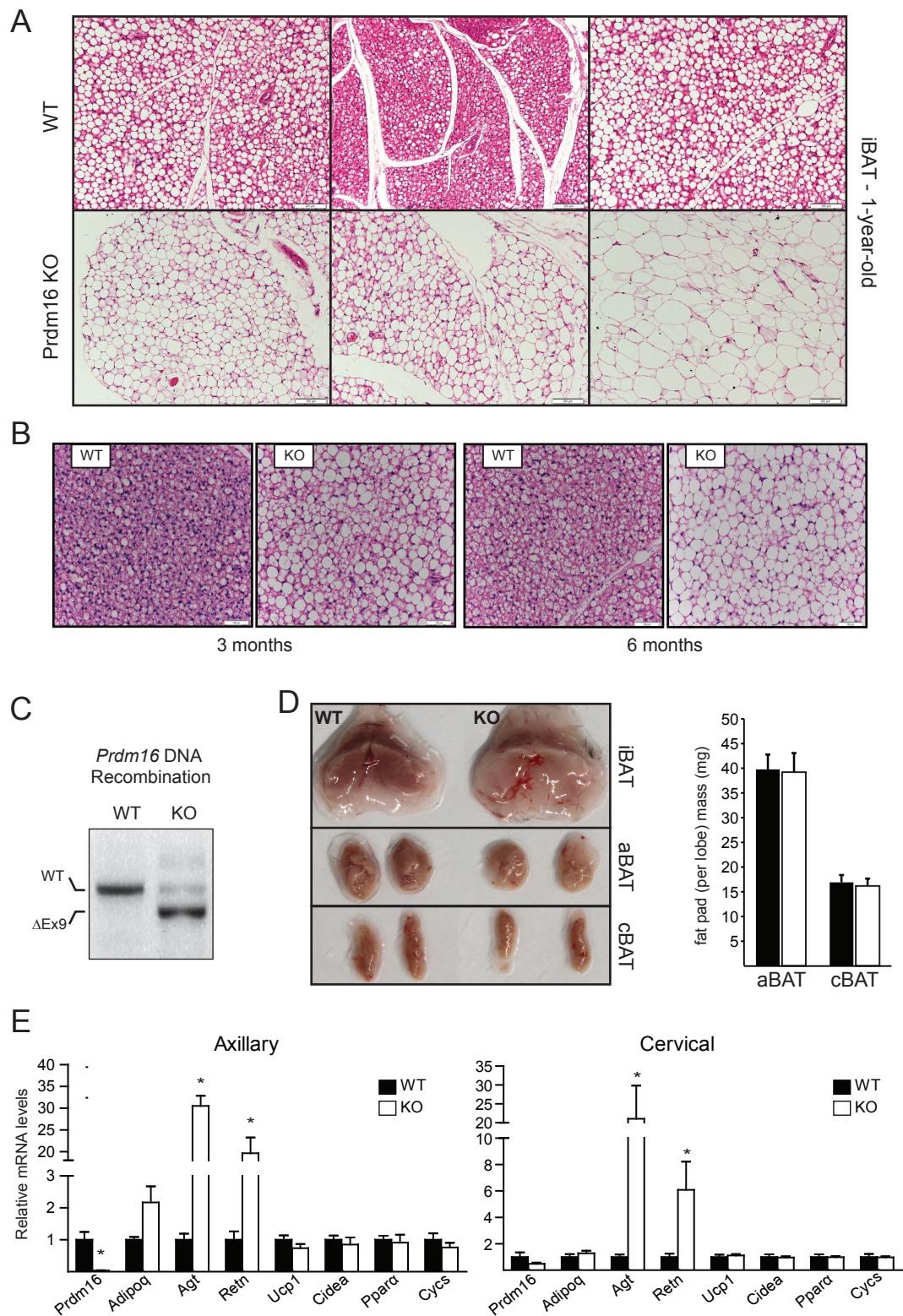


Figure S3. *Prdm16*-deficiency causes a loss of interscapular brown adipose tissue identity in adult mice (related to Figure 3)

(A) Hematoxylin and eosin (H&E) staining of sections from the interscapular brown adipose tissue (iBAT) of one-year-old WT and *Myf5-ΔPrdm16* (*Prdm16* KO) mice.

(B) H&E staining of WT and *Myf5-ΔPrdm16* (KO) iBAT from 3 and 6 month-old-mice.

(C) *Myf5*-Cre driven DNA recombination of the *Prdm16* locus in iBAT from 9-month-old WT and KO mice.

(D) Gross morphology and mass of dissected axillary and cervical BAT depots from WT and KO mice.

(E) mRNA levels of brown and white fat-related genes in the axillary and cervical BAT depots of 6-month-old WT and KO mice (mean ± stdev, n=4, *p<0.05).

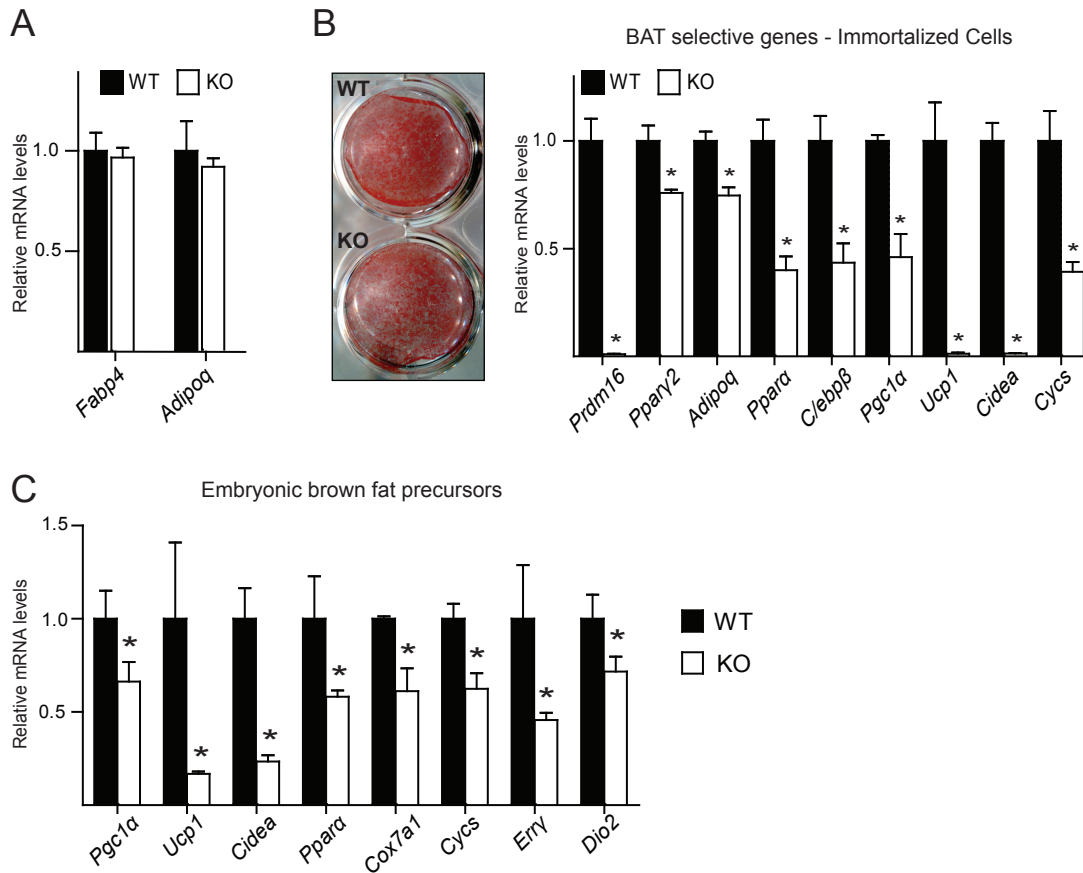


Figure S4. Prdm16 is required for brown fat cell differentiation ex vivo (related to Figure 4)

(A) *Fabp4* and *Adipoq* mRNA levels in adipocytes derived from newborn wildtyped (WT) and *Myf5- Δ Prdm16* (KO) brown adipocyte precursors.

(B) Adipocytes from immortalized WT and Prdm16 KO brown precursor cells. Oil-red-O staining (left); mRNA levels of brown fat-selective genes (mean \pm stdev, n=3) (right).

(C) Embryonic Pdgfra+ precursors from the body wall of E14.5 WT and KO embryos were induced to differentiate into adipocytes for 8 days followed by qPCR analysis of brown fat-selective gene levels (mean \pm SEM, n=3, *p<0.05).

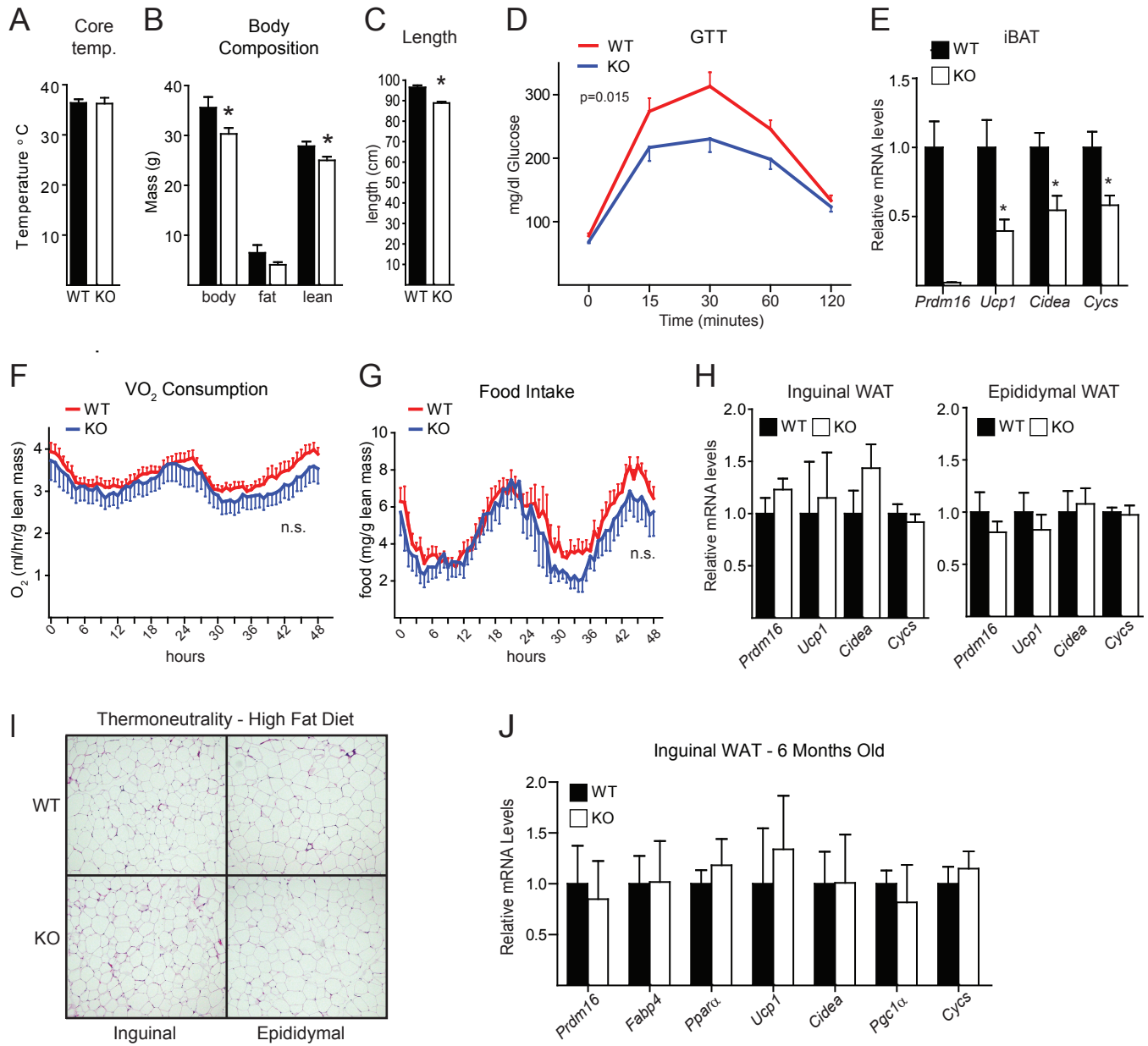


Figure S5. *Myf5-ΔPrdm16* mice are not prone to weight gain and do not display increased browning of white fat (related to Figure 5)

(A) Core body temperatures of 3-month-old WT and *Myf5-ΔPrdm16* (KO) mice, n=4.

(B,C) Body composition (B) and length (C) of 11-month-old WT and KO mice, n=10.

(D) Glucose tolerance test in 11-month-old chow-fed WT and KO mice, n=10.

(E) mRNA levels of brown fat-selective genes in interscapular BAT (iBAT) of 3-month-old WT and KO mice that were maintained at thermoneutrality and fed a high-fat diet, n=8.

(F,G) Oxygen consumption (F) and food intake (G) over 48 hours in individually housed 11-month-old WT and KO mice housed at 22°C. Normalized to lean body mass.

(H) mRNA levels of brown fat-selective genes in inguinal and epididymal white adipose tissue (WAT) from 6-month-old WT and KO mice housed under standard conditions, n=4.

(I,J) Hematoxylin and eosin staining (I) and mRNA expression levels of brown fat-selective genes (J) in inguinal and epididymal WAT from 3-month-old mice maintained at thermoneutrality and fed a high-fat diet for 9 weeks, n=8.

All values are mean ± SEM; *p < 0.05.

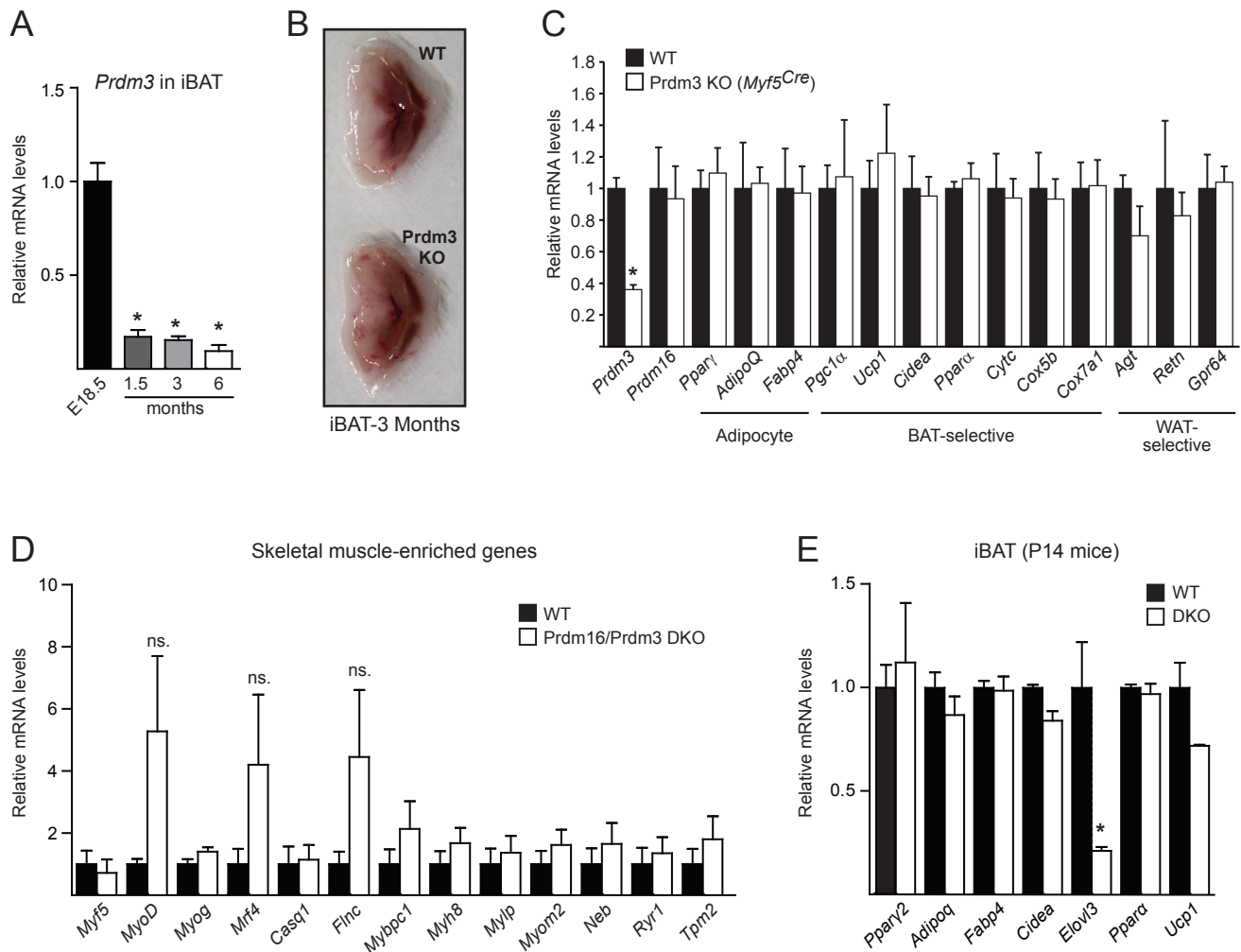


Figure S6. Prdm16 or Prdm3 are required for the postnatal maintenance of brown fat fate (related to Figure 6)

(A) *Prdm3* mRNA levels in interscapular brown adipose tissue (iBAT) of E18.5 embryos (n=5) and 1.5 to 6 month-old mice (as indicated (n=4/group)).

(B) iBAT depots from WT and Prdm3 Knockout (KO) (*Myf5^{Cre}*) mice

(C) mRNA levels of *Prdm3*, *Prdm16* and various adipocyte, BAT-selective and WAT-selective markers in the iBAT of 3-month-old WT (n=3) and Prdm3 KO animals (n=4).

(D) mRNA levels of skeletal muscle-selective genes in iBAT of 3-month-old WT (n=7) and *Myf5-ΔPrdm16/Prdm3* (DKO, n=5) mice.

(E) mRNA levels of adipocyte and BAT-selective genes in iBAT of p14 (2-week-old) WT (n=7) and DKO (n=4) mice.

All mRNA expression values are mean \pm SEM, *p < 0.05.

Table S1 Primers used for real-time PCR and ChIP-PCR analysis

mRNA	Fwd	Rev
<i>Adipoq</i>	GCACTGGCAAGTTCTACTGCAA	GTAGGTGAAGAGAACGGCCTTGT
<i>Agt</i>	AAGACCCATGCATGATCAGCTC	CTTCCTGCCTCATTACAGCATC
<i>Casq1</i>	ATGAGGTGCTGGCCCTCCTCT	GAGTCCACCAGGCCAAAGCCA
<i>Cidea</i>	TGCTCTTCTGTATCGCCAGT	GCCGTGTTAAGGAATCTGCTG
<i>Cideb</i>	ATGGTGCTTGAGCAGGGCCAG	ATCGAAGGTGATCGGGGCGAT
<i>Clistn3</i>	AGCCGTGAGGTGATCGAGTGC	CCTCCAGGGTGAGCAGGGAT
<i>Cox5b</i>	GCTGCATCTGTGAAGAGGACAAC	CAGCTTGAATGGGTTCCACAGT
<i>Cox7a1</i>	CAGCGTCATGGTCAGTCTGT	AGAAAACCGTGTGGCAGAGA
<i>Cycs</i>	GCAAGCATAAGACTGGACAAA	TTGTTGGCATCTGTGAAGAGAATC
<i>Cyp2b10</i>	TGCCCCCTTTGGGGAACCTCT	CACAGGCCCTTGGTCCCAGGTG
<i>Dgat1</i>	CGGGACAAGACGGGCGGAC	AGGATCAGCATCACACACACCA
<i>Dio2</i>	CAGTGTGGTGCACGTCTCCAATC	TGAACCAAAGTTGACCACCAG
<i>Errg</i>	TGGCTACCGAGAGTTGGTGG	AGCGATCGGTACACAACGCCG
<i>Fabp4</i>	ACACCGAGATTTCCCTCAAACCTG	CCATCTAGGGTTATGATGCTCTTCA
<i>Finc</i>	ATGCCAGAGAGGCCATGCAGC	CGGGTTTGAGCTTGGCCTTGG
<i>Fos1</i>	GAGACGCGAGCGGAACAA	CTTCCAGCACCAGCTCAAGG
<i>Fos2</i>	AGCCTCCCAGAGAGGACAG	AGGACATTGGGGTAGGTGAAG
<i>Gpr64</i>	CCACACCAGCCCCATCTGTCC	TCCATCTGGGATACTTGGGCTTCC
<i>Hsph1</i>	ACGGACCTGCCGCTGAACATC	TGCAGGAGCTCAGCACACAGT
<i>Krt19</i>	ACCATCGAGGACTTGCAGCAGC	GCTCAGACGCAAGGCGTGTTC
<i>Limk1</i>	GACCTGGGTGCTCCGAATCC	CCTTGCCAGCACTTCCCAT
<i>Mybpc1</i>	CGCAGGGAATTATAGGTGTGAGGTC	CCTGCATCCTTTGACCTTCTCCA
<i>Myf5</i>	CAGCCCCACCTCCAACCTG	GGGACCAGACAGGGCTGTTA
<i>Myh8</i>	CTCCATGAGCCCGGAGTGCTG	CGGCAGCCACTTGTAGGGGTT
<i>Mylpf</i>	GAGAAGGGCAGGAGCGGAAGG	TGGCTGCAAAGGTGTCCCGAA
<i>Myod</i>	CGCCACTCCGGGACATAG	GAAGTCGTCTGCTGTCTCAAAGG
<i>Myogenin</i>	AGCGCAGGCTCAAGAAAGTGAATG	CTGTAGGGCGTCAATGTACTGGAT
<i>Myom2</i>	CGGTCACAGGCTCGGGACAAG	GGGCCCTGCTCATTCCGGTCTT
<i>Neb</i>	AGGCAAAGGCTTCTTCCCCCA	GGGCTTGACCAGGACAGGAG
<i>Nnmt</i>	GGAGCCTTTGACTGGTCCCCA	CCTGCTTGATTGCACGCCCTCA
<i>Pck1</i>	TGGCCATGATGAACCCAGCC	GAGGTGCCAGGAGCAACTCCA
<i>Pgc-1a</i>	CCCTGCCATTGTTAAGACC	TGCTGCTGTTCTGTTTTT
<i>Ppara</i>	GCGTACGGCAATGGCTTTAT	GAACGGCTTCCCTCAGGTTCTT
<i>Pparg1</i>	TGAAAGAAGCGGTGAACCACTG	TGGCATCTCGTGTCAACCATG
<i>Pparg2</i>	TGGCATCTCTGTGTCAACCATG	GCATGGTGCCTTCGCTGA
<i>Prdm3</i>	AACAAAACCTGGAGAGTGAGAG	AATGCCTTGGGACACTGATC
<i>Prdm16</i>	CAGCAGGTTGAAGCCATT	GCGTGCATCCGCTTGTG
<i>Retn</i>	CTGTCCAGTCTATCCTTGCACAC	CAGAAGGCACAGCAGTCTTGA
<i>Ryr1</i>	GCACTCATGCCCGCTCCCTAT	GGCCTTGGTCCCTCAGTGAGCC
<i>Sgk2</i>	GGTGGTGTAGGGGCGAGTCC	GAGGTACAGGCAGCCACTGT
<i>Tbp</i>	GAAGCTGCGGTACAATCCAG	CCCCTTGTACCCTTACCAAT
<i>Thbd</i>	CAGGGGCCCAATCCATGTCCC	CGGATCCAGAAGCTCCACGCA
<i>Tpm2</i>	GGGGACAGAGGACGAGGTGGA	GGCGGTTCCAGAGAGGCCACAT
<i>Trif2</i>	GAGCGACCTCCAGGCCATGTT	TGGCGGAGAGCTTATCGAGG
<i>Trim14</i>	TTGGAAGACGCCGGGAAAGG	GGCCAGTACTTCTTTCATCCAGG
<i>Tubb2a</i>	GTGAGGTGCGGACCATTCGGC	GACAGAGTCCACCAGCTCGGC
<i>Ucp1</i>	ACTGCCACCTCCAGTCATT	CTTTGCCTCACTCAGGATTGG
<i>Uqdh</i>	GCCGATGTGGAAGAGGTGGCA	CGGGCAGATTGAGGCCTCACA
ChIP		
Ins	GGACCCACAAGTGAACAAC	GTGCAGCACTGATCCACAAT
Retn -2kb	AGCACAAAGGTGGGGGATGGT	AACCACAGAACAGGAGGCCAT
Retn -1.5kb	TGGACAGAGGGGTGTCAGGGG	GCAATTGCTGGAGACCTGAGGTGA
Retn -1kb	CAGGAGTTCAAGGTGCTTCTTGGC	GCTGTTAACTGGCCTCGATGT
Retn -0.5kb	CTCTTGCTTAGCCCCACCCCC	ACCACACCACCAGACCCTCAC
Retn P.	AGACAACGTCCTGAGAAGACAATC	CCATCTGCCTTGGATAATAAGTA
Retn 0.5kb	GGAACAGACCCGCCCAGCTAC	GGGGCCTTTTGGAGTGAGGGG
Retn 1.0kb	ATGGGTGCCCTACACCATGC	GCAGGGGGCGATCTTTGGGT
Retn 1.5kb	CATCTCTGCCTCCCACCTGCC	GCGGGCTGCTGTCCAGTCTAT
Retn 2kb	TGGACCTTGGCAGGACTGAGGT	ATCCTCTGCCCCAGGTGGTGT
Agt P.	CTTGGTCAAGCCTGGATTCTC	CCAACCTAGACAAGCACAGCTATC
Mito DNA		
<i>Ndufv1</i>	CTTCCCCACTGGCCTCAAG	CCAAAACCCAGTGATCCAGC
<i>MT-CO1</i>	TGCTAGCCGCAGGCATTAC	GGGTGCCCAAAGAAATCAGAAC