	Non-Hispanic Whites	African-Americans	Hispanics	Chinese-Americans	P-value for	P-value for
Men n.	582	402	342	283	differences across self-reported race/ethnic groups [p-value excluding Chinese-Americans]	differences by principal component of ancestry [p-value excluding Chinese-Americans]
FEV ₁ /FVC difference 6%), (95% CI) 1 2	-0.73 (-1.00, -0.46)	-0.85 (-1.37, -0.33)	-0.83 (-1.24, 0.41)	-0.26 (-0.81, 0.29)	0.19	0.11
 ₱EV₁ difference ↑mL), (95% CI) 6 7 	-53.4 (-69.8, -36.9)	-41.9 (-68.8, -15.0)	-48.9 (-73.7, -24.0)	-14.4 (-43.1, 14.3)	0.01 [0.91]	0.004 [0.38]
8 9 0 1 Women 2 3 4 5 n.	Non-Hispanic Whites	African-Americans	Hispanics 395	Chinese-Americans†	P-value for differences across self-reported race/ethnic groups	P-value for differences by principal component of ancestry
26 27FEV ₁ /FVC difference 28%), (95% CI) 29	-1.05 (-1.41, 0.69)	-0.77 (-1.24, -0.31)	-0.73 (-1.30, -0.16)	Tel.	0.43	0.31
FEV ₁ difference fmL), (95% CI)	-42.3 (-59.3, -25.3) 0-pack-years of smoking,	-43.8 (-63.9, -23.6)	-36.5 (-64.2, -8.7)	19	0.52	0.59

Proto Sapplemental Table 4. Mean difference in lung function measures berato pack-years of smoking, stratified by gender and race/ethnicity, and including adjustment for immigrant status and years lived in United States

Model adjusted for 10-pack-years of smoking, age, age², height, height², current smoking status, physician-diagnosed asthma before 45 years, family history of emphysema, cigar smoking status, cigar pack-years, second-hand smoke exposure, depth of inhalation, time before first cigarette in the morning, urinary cotinine

level, history of hayfever, occupational exposure to dust, fumes or smoke, and educational attainment.

38 Chinese-American women excluded from analysis due to small sample size with smoking history