

## Supplementary material for the paper:

### SUPERVISED DNA BARCODES SPECIES CLASSIFICATION: ANALYSIS, COMPARISON AND RESULTS

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#### Parameters configuration

Table S1 lists the standard configuration of parameters set to test the performances of the selected classification algorithms of Weka package (SVM, Jrip, J48, Naïve Bayes).

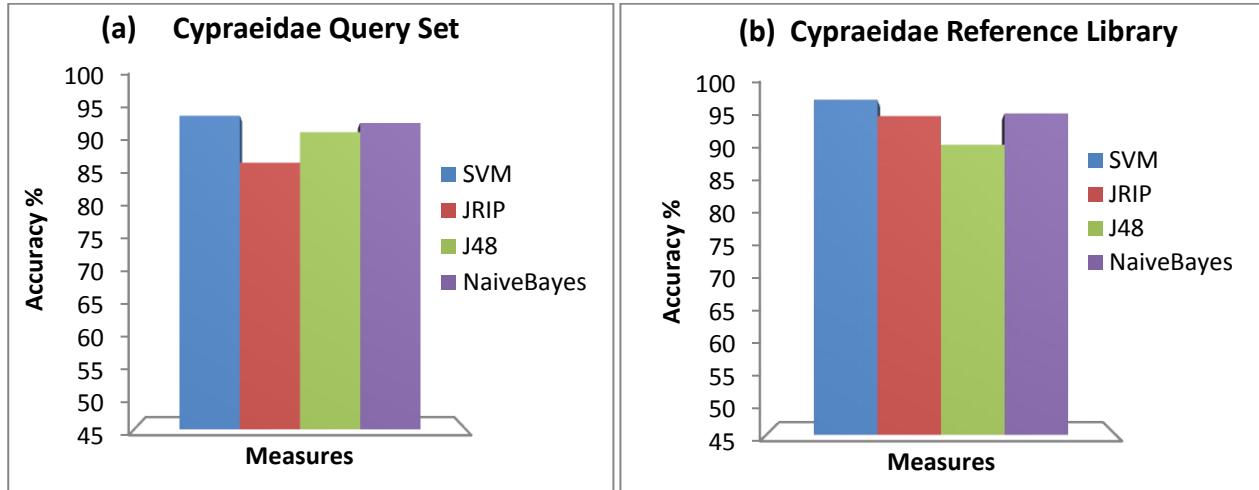
Table S1 Configuration Parameters

Classifier	Parameters	Description	Value
SMO (SVM)	build logistic models	whether to fit logistic models to the outputs	FALSE
	c	complexity parameter C	1.0
	epsilon	epsilon for round-off error	$10^{-12}$
	filterType	determines how/if the data will be transformed	normalized
	kernel	kernel to use	polyKernel
	numFolds	number of folds for cross-validation used to generate training data for logistic models	-1
	tolerance parameters	tolerance parameter	0.001
Jrip	random seed	number seed for cross-validation	1
	folds	amount of data used for pruning. (one fold is used for pruning, the rest for growing the rules)	3
	seed	seed used for randomizing the data	1
	minNO	minimum total weight of the instances in a rule	2.0
	optimizations	number of optimization runs	2
J48	use pruning	whether pruning is performed	TRUE
	confidence factor	confidence factor used for pruning	0.25
	minNumOb	minimum number of instances per leaf	2
	numFolds	number of folds for cross-validation used to generate training data for logistic models	3
	reduced-error pruning	whether reduced-error pruning is used instead of C.4.5 pruning	FALSE
Naïve Bayes	sub tree raising	whether to consider the subtree raising operation when pruning	TRUE
	seed	seed used for randomizing the data when reduced-error pruning	1
	unpruned	whether pruning is performed	FALSE
	use Laplace	whether counts at leaves are smoothed based on Laplace	FALSE
	supervised discretization	use supervised discretization to convert numeric attributes to nominal ones	FALSE
	kernel estimator	use a kernel estimator for numeric attributes rather than a normal distribution	FALSE

## Empirical sequences classification results

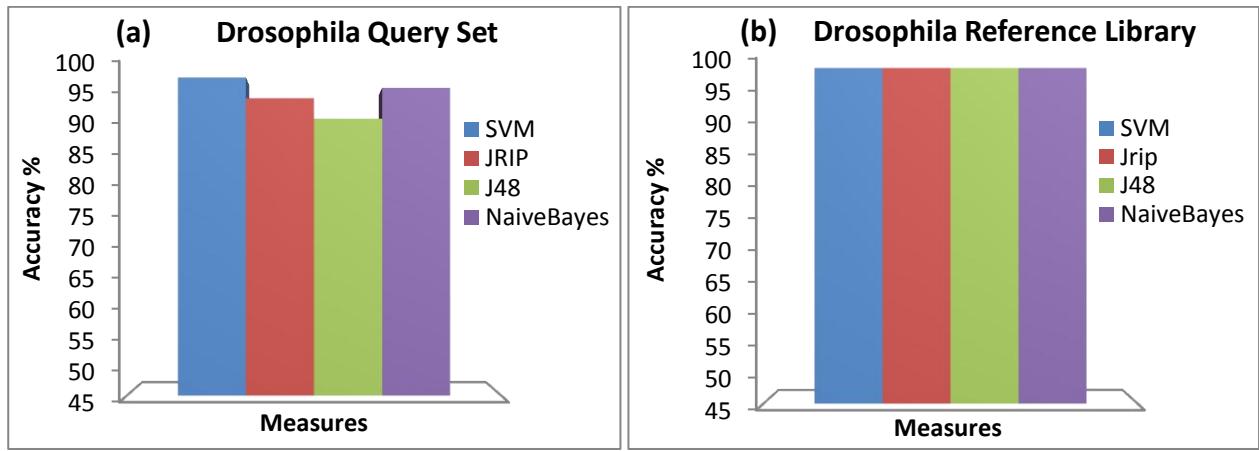
The results of the supervised machine learning tested methods are shown for the eight empirical datasets (Cypraeidae, Drosophila, Inga, Bats, Fishes, Birds, Fungi, Algae). In particular, the performances on query set (test set) and reference set (training set) for each selected empirical dataset are drawn in Figure S1-S8. Each figure depicts results on empirical data through histograms that provide the accuracy rate for all analyzed methods on the query set (panel (a) of each picture) and reference set (panel (b) of each picture).

### *Cypraeidae*



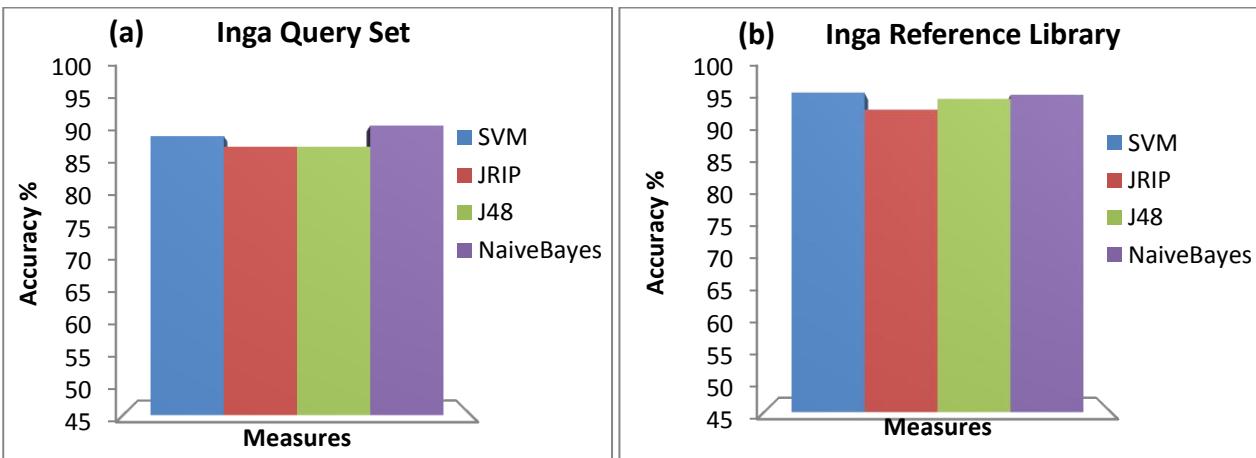
**Figure S1 Results on Cypraeidae dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

### *Drosophila*



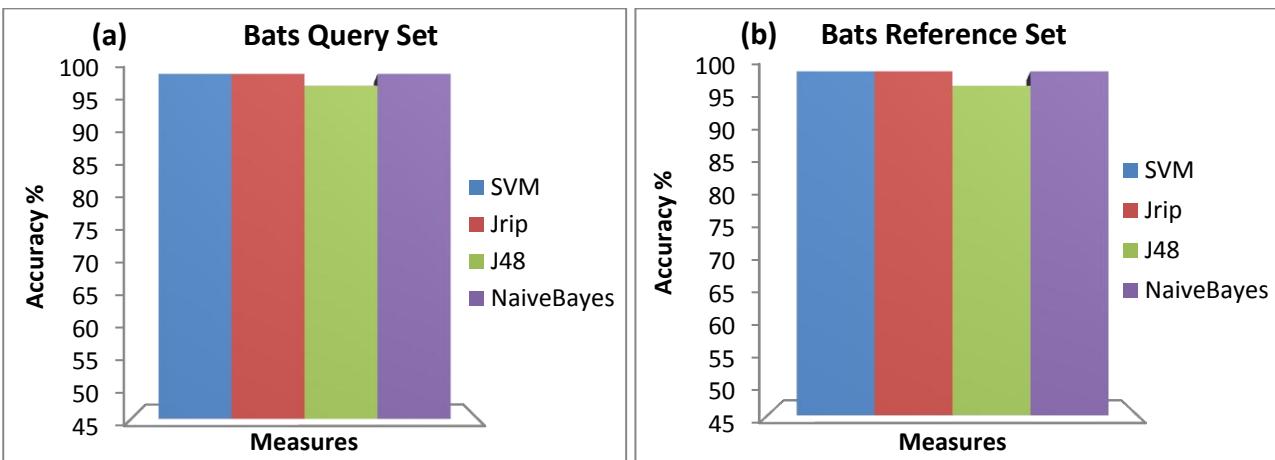
**Figure S2 Results on Drosophila dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

*Inga*



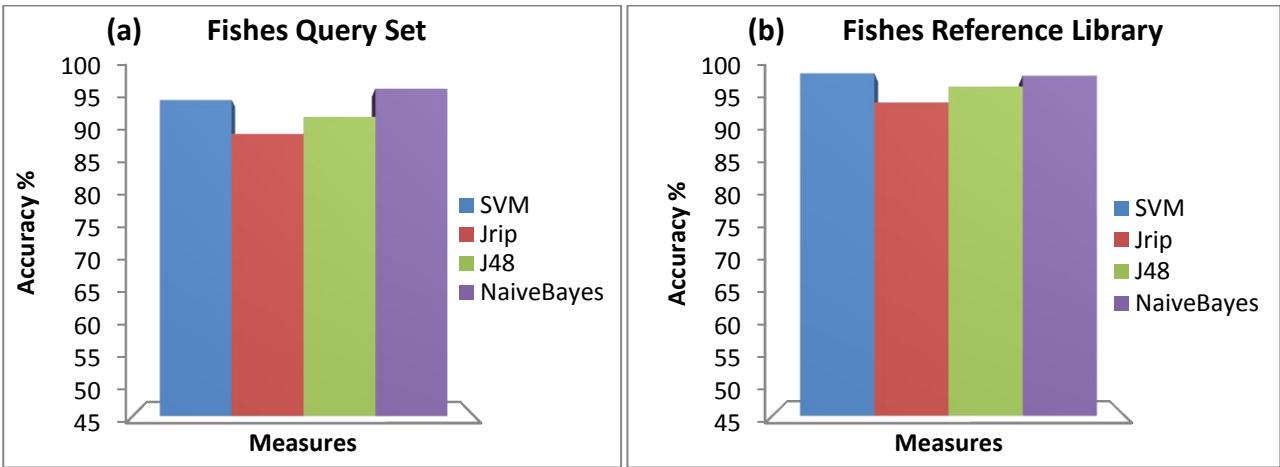
**Figure S3 Results on Inga dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

*Bats*



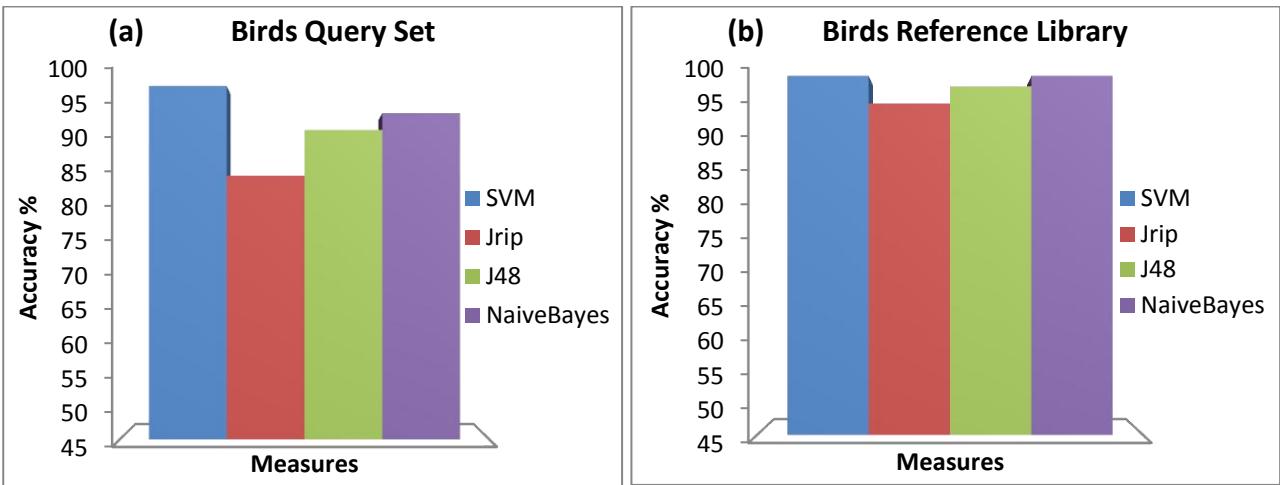
**Figure S4 Results on Bats dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

### Fishes



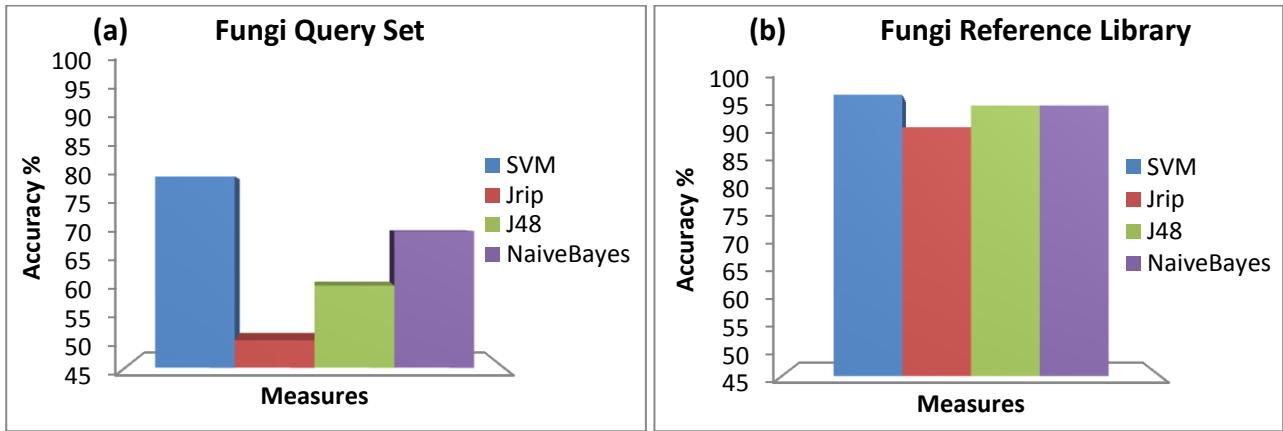
**Figure S5 Results on Fishes dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

### Birds



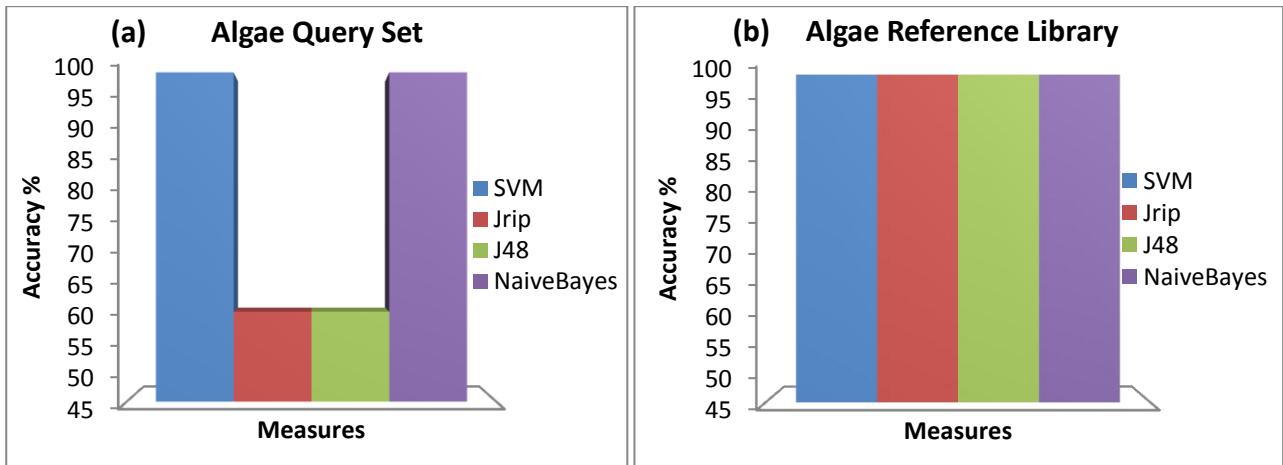
**Figure S6 Results on Birds dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

## Fungi



**Figure S7 Results on Fungi dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

## Algae

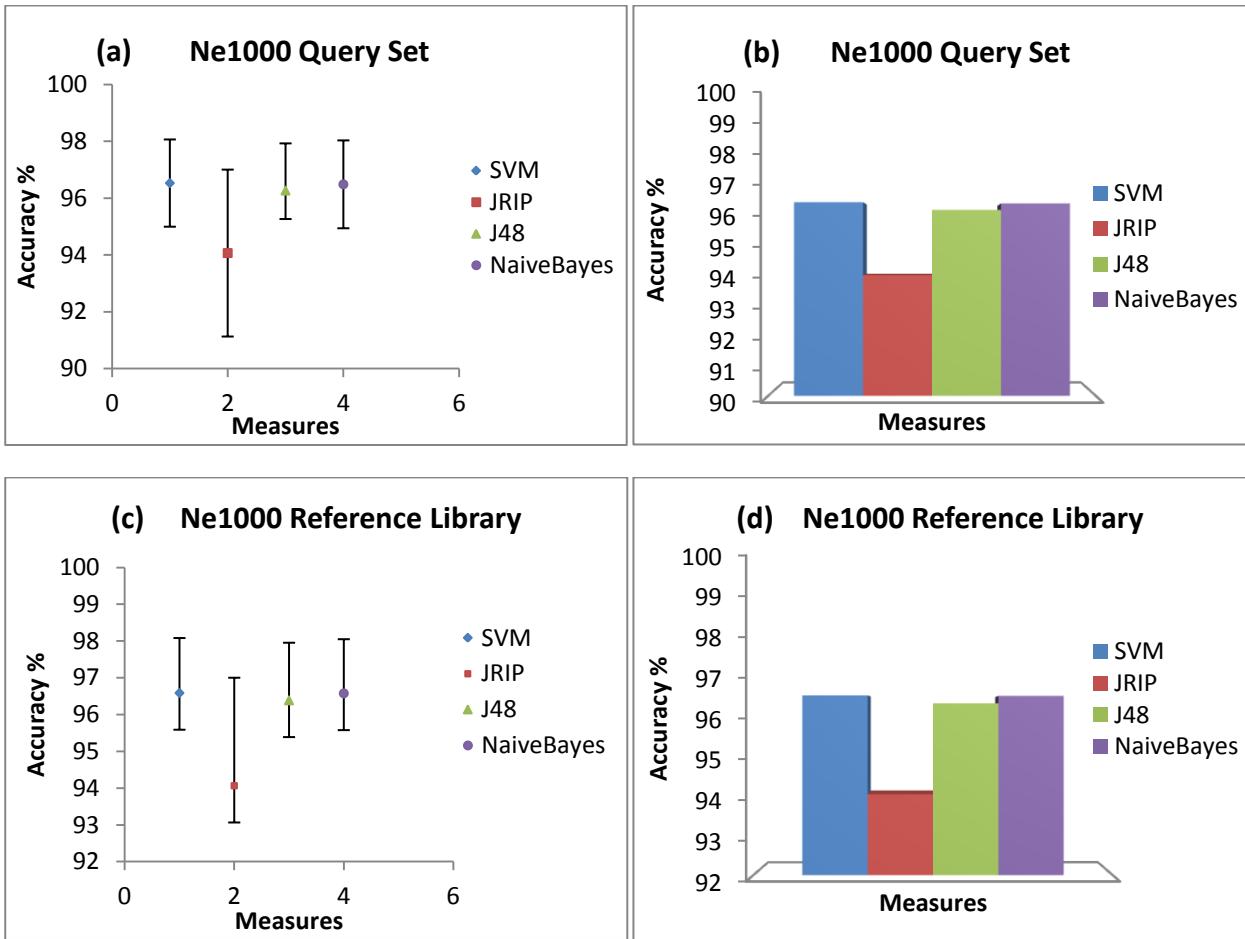


**Figure S8 Results on Algae dataset:** (a) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (b) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

## Synthetic sequences classification results

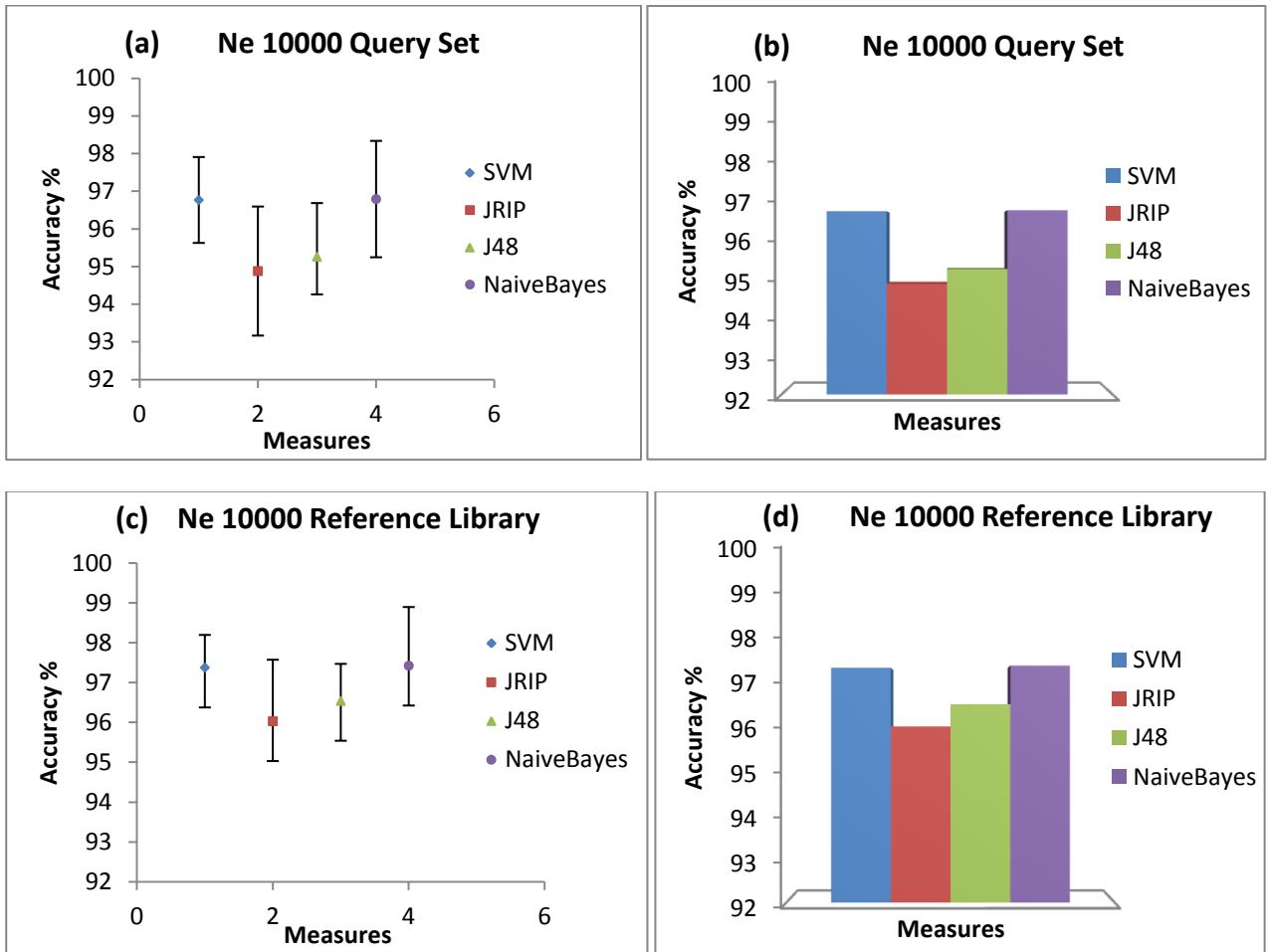
The classification performances on query (test) and reference (training) sets of synthetic data with  $N_e$  equal to 1,000 – 10,000 – 50,000 are shown in Figure S9, Figure S10 and Figure S11, respectively. Each figure depicts results on synthetic data through histograms and bar-plots, in order to highlight the averaged performances (panels **(b)** and **(d)** of each picture) together with the standard deviations (panels **(a)** and **(c)** of each picture).

*Ne* 1000



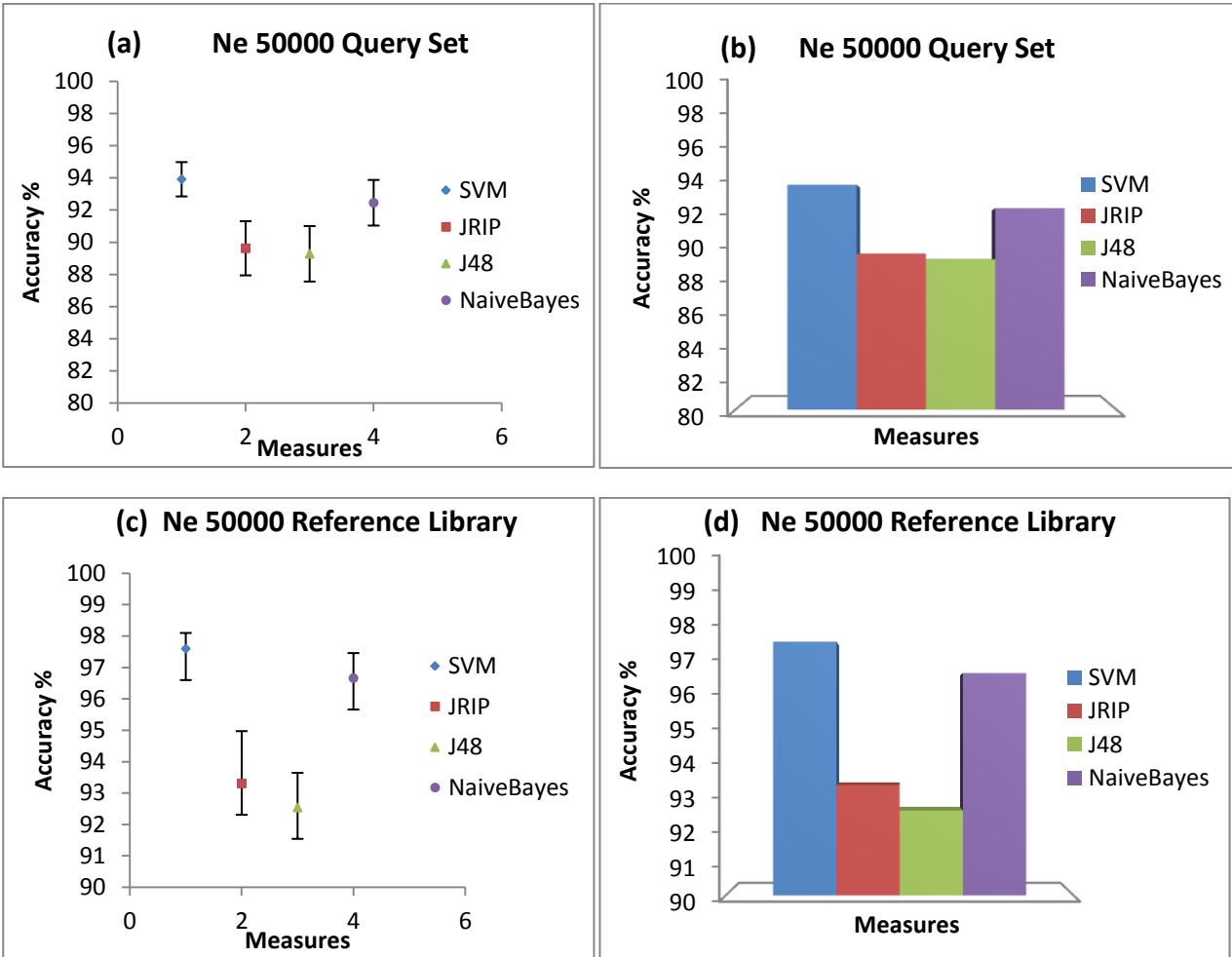
**Figure S9 Results of synthetic dataset with *Ne* equal to 1000:** (a) bar-plot of DNA Barcode query identification success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (b) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (c) bar-plot of DNA Barcode reference success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (d) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

*Ne* 10000



**Figure S10 Results of synthetic dataset with *Ne* equal to 10000:** (a) bar-plot of DNA Barcode query identification success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (b) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (c) bar-plot of DNA Barcode reference success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (d) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

*Ne* 50000



**Figure S11 Results of synthetic dataset with *Ne* equal to 50000:** (a) bar-plot of DNA Barcode query identification success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (b) DNA Barcode query identification success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset; (c) bar-plot of DNA Barcode reference success scores considering for each method the averaged accuracy and its standard deviation; (d) DNA Barcode reference success scores of four methods applied to Barcode sequence dataset.

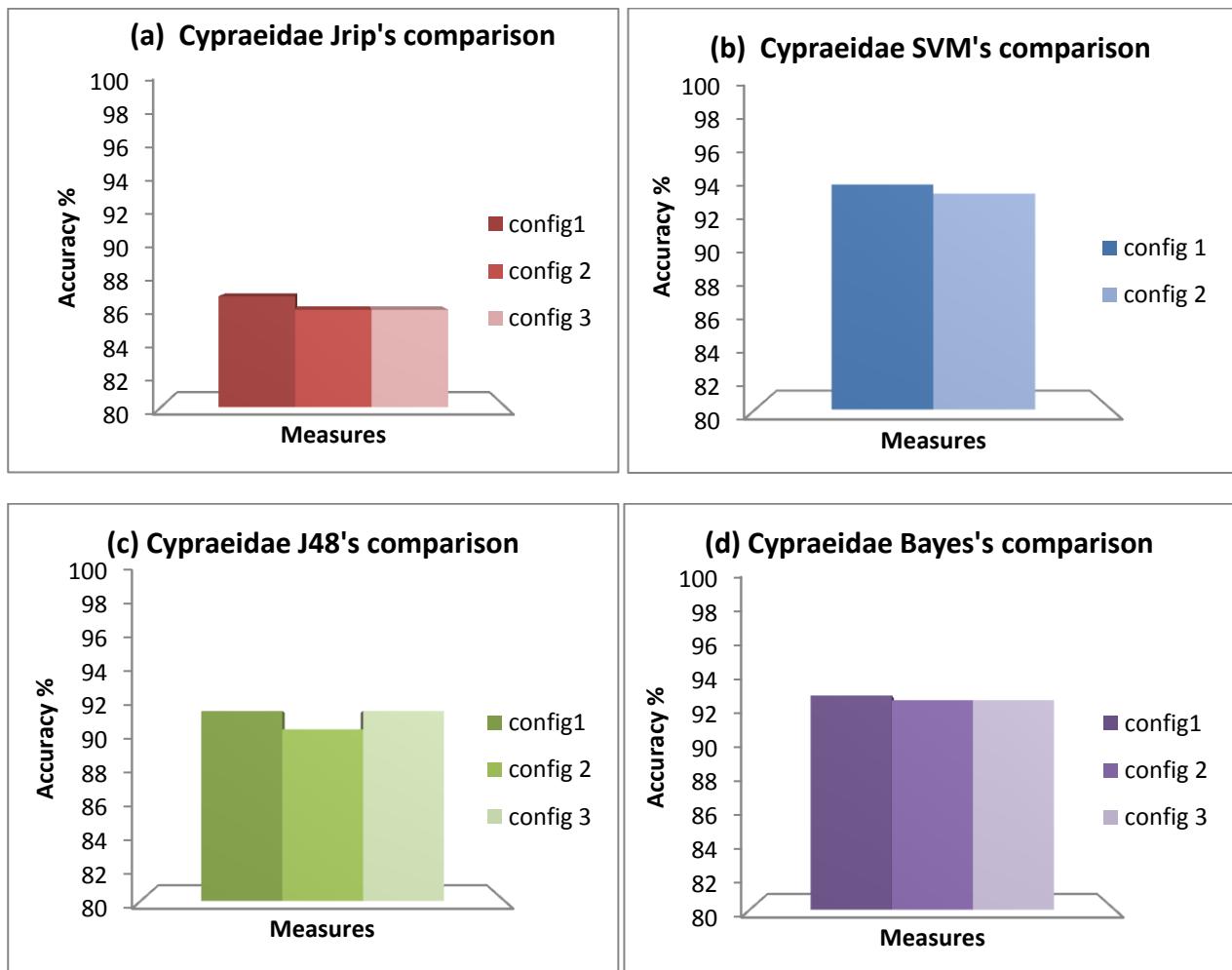
### Default VS different parameter configurations of Weka classifiers

Diverse parameter settings of the supervised machine learning algorithms in Weka have been tested on empirical and synthetic data according to the steps described in section *Experimental settings* of the paper. The classification performances of machine learning methods on three selected empirical datasets (i.e., Cypraeidae, Drosophila and Inga), using the configuration parameters of Table S1, are compared with the ones obtained using other configurations, that are listed in Table S2-S4 for Cypraeidae, Drosophila and Inga, respectively. The results of comparative analysis for the three empirical data sets are depicted in Figure S9-S11. No meaningful differences among the analyzed configurations does exist, except to the configuration of Drosophila and Inga (number 3 in Table S3 and Table S4), where SVM uses a Logistic Model.

## Cypraeidae

**Table S2 Cypraeidae parameters configuration (see Table 3 for explanation of the default parameters configuration)**

#Configuration	Jrip	SVM	J48	Naïve Bayes
1	default	default	default	default
2	pruning=FALSE	built logistic model	reduce error pruning =TRUE	kernel estimator=TRUE
3	optimization=4	-	unpruned = TRUE	supervised discretization=TRUE

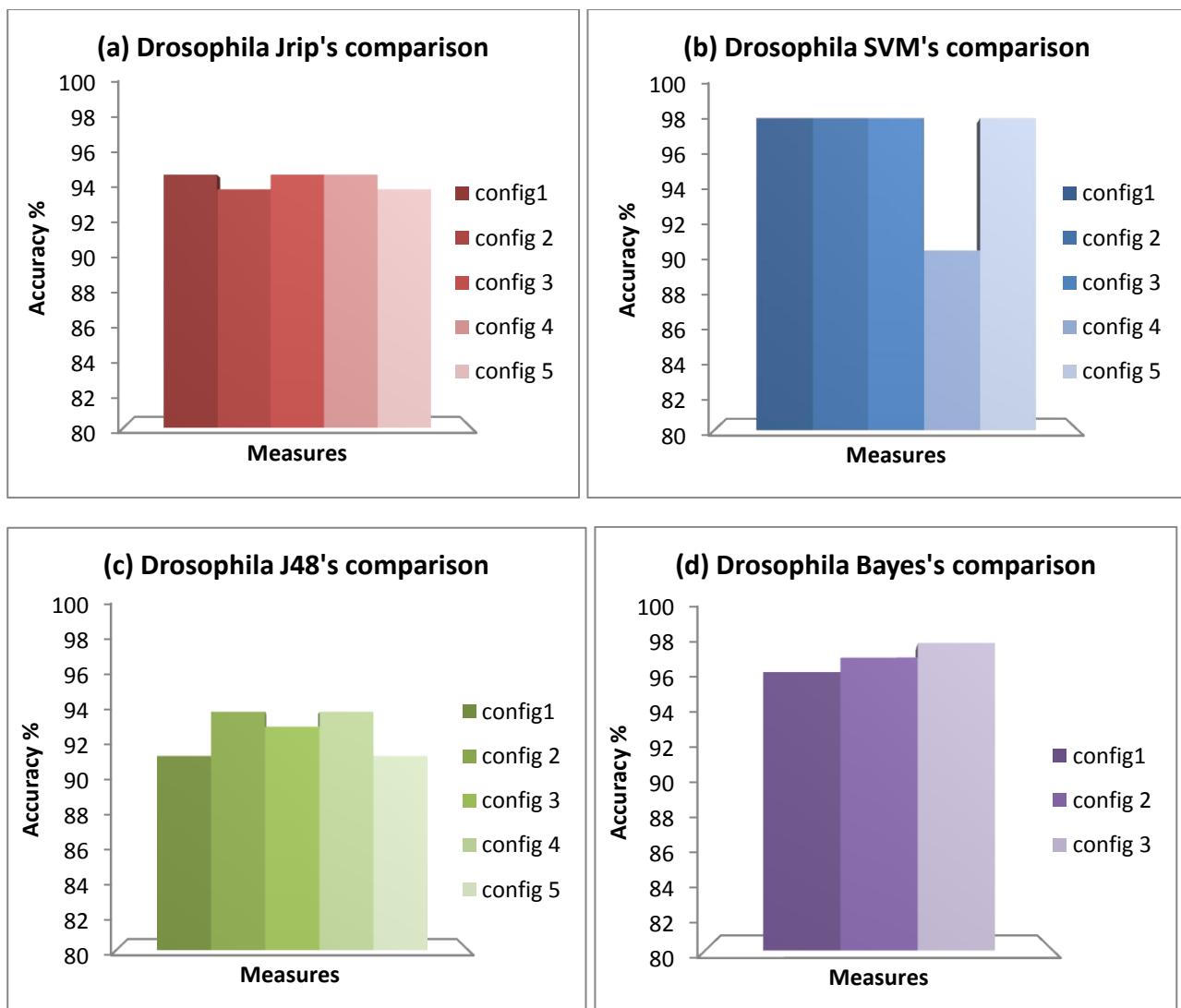


**Figure S12 Results of comparative analysis performed on Cypraeidae empirical data set:** (a) Configurations comparison of rules-based method Jrip; (b) Configurations comparison of function-based method SVM; (c) Configurations comparison of tree-based method J48; (d) Configurations comparison of Bayesian-based method Naïve Bayes.

*Drosophila*

**Table S3 Drosophila parameters configuration (see Table 3 for explanation of the default parameters configuration)**

#Configuration	Jrip	SVM	J48	Naïve Bayes
1	default	default	default	default
2	pruning=FALSE	Standardization	reduce error pruning=TRUE	kernel estimator=TRUE
3	optimization=10	kernel= RBF kernel	use Laplace=TRUE	supervised discretization=TRUE
4	folds=20	built logisticmodel	sub tree raising=FALSE	-
5	optimization=5 folds=5	kernel=normalized polyKernel	unpruned=TRUE	-

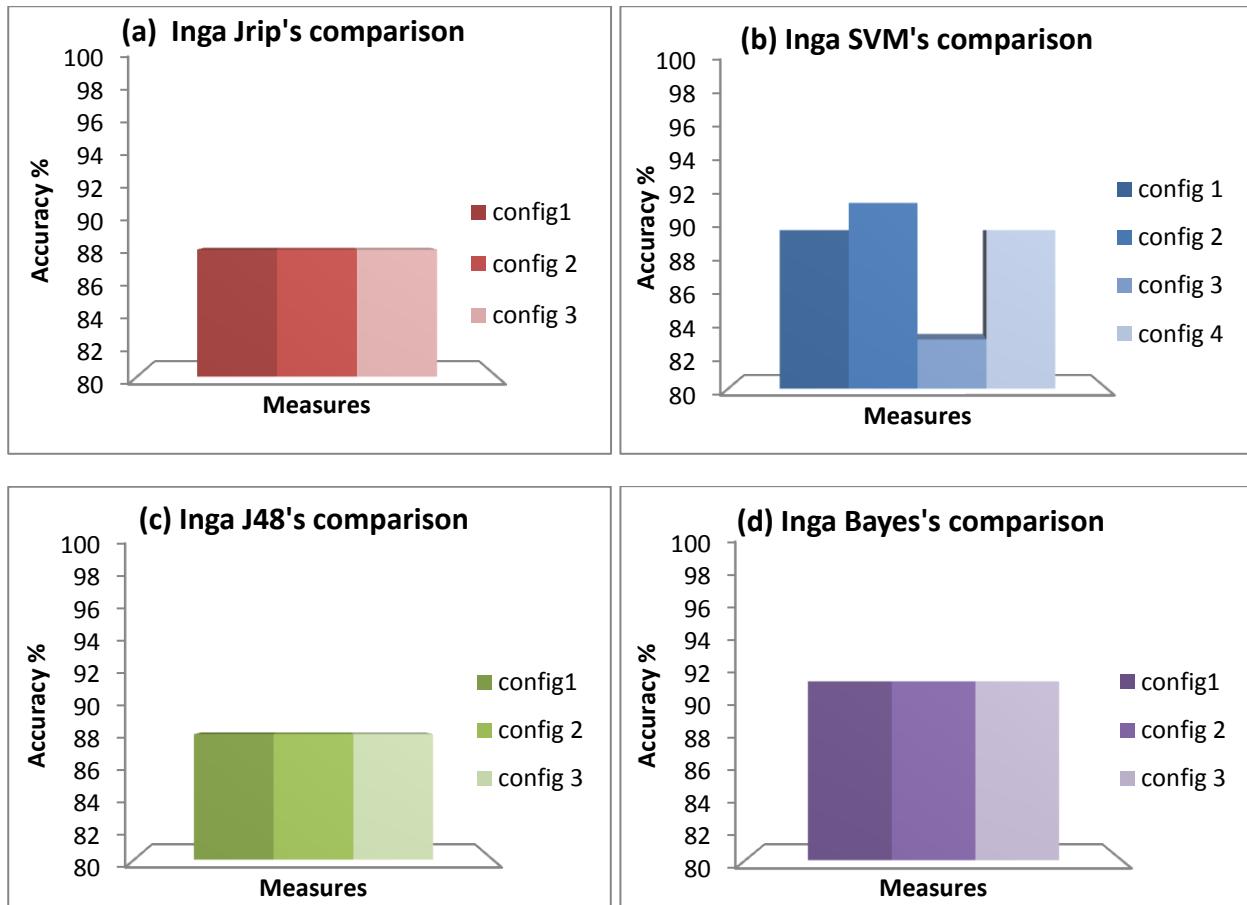


**Figure S13 Results of comparative analysis performed on Drosophila empirical data set:** (a) Configurations comparison of rules-based method Jrip; (b) Configurations comparison of function-based method SVM; (c) Configurations comparison of tree-based method J48; (d) Configurations comparison of Bayesian-based method Naïve Bayes.

*Inga*

**Table S4 Inga parameters configuration (see Table 3 for explanation of the default parameters configuration)**

#Configuration	Jrip	SVM	J48	Naïve Bayes
1	default	default	default	default
2	pruning=FALSE	filter Type=standardize training data	reduce error pruning=TRUE	kernel estimator=TRUE
3	optimization=5	kernel=RBF kernel	seed ≠ 1	supervised discretization=TRUE
4	-	built logistic model	-	-



**Figure S14 Results of comparative analysis performed on Inga empirical data set:** (a) Configurations comparison of rules-based method Jrip; (b) Configurations comparison of function-based method SVM; (c) Configurations comparison of tree-based method J48; (d) Configurations comparison of Bayesian-based method Naïve Bayes.