

SUPPLEMENTARY METHODS

Molecular techniques. Slightly different methods were used by the Halanych, Lieb, Moroz and Todt labs to prepare cDNA for sequencing (Supplementary Table 2). For the Halanych Lab taxa, total RNA was extracted from frozen or RNAlater-fixed tissue using TRIzol (Invitrogen) and purified using the RNeasy kit (Qiagen) with on-column DNase digestion. Specimens of *Wirenia argentea* were starved for approximately 2 months prior to RNA extraction to reduce cnidarian contamination. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the SMART cDNA library construction kit (Clontech). Full-length cDNA was then amplified using the Advantage 2 PCR system (Clontech) and normalized using the Trimmer-Direct kit (Evrogen). Normalized cDNA was sent to The University of South Carolina Environmental Genomics Core Facility (Columbia, SC, USA) for sequencing using 454 GS-FLX or Titanium (Roche). For the Lieb Lab taxa, total RNA was extracted from fresh or liquid nitrogen frozen tissue using TRIzol (Invitrogen) with DNase digestion using Nucleospin (Machery-Nagel). First-strand cDNA was prepared by the Max Planck Institute for Molecular Genetics using the Mini kit (Evrogen) followed by size selection with Chromaspin 1000 columns (Clontech). Full-length cDNA was amplified using PCR and normalized using the Trimmer-Direct kit (Evrogen). Normalized cDNA was sequenced using 454 Titanium (Roche). For the Moroz Lab taxa, total RNA was extracted with RNAqueous (Life Technologies) and reverse transcribed to cDNA using the Marathon cDNA amplification kit (BD Biosciences) and an oligo dT primer. Double-stranded cDNA was digested with a restriction enzyme followed by adaptor ligation to both ends. The adaptor ligated cDNA fragments were then amplified by PCR, purified, and sent to The University of Florida Interdisciplinary Center for Biotechnology Research (Gainesville, FL, USA) or SeqWright (Houston, TX, USA) for sequencing using 454 GS-FLX or Titanium. For the Todt Lab taxa, total RNA which was extracted using TRIzol (Invitrogen). For *Scutopus*, PolyA⁺ RNA was isolated using PolyAtract (Promega) and for *Wirenia*, animals were

starved for approximately two months prior to total RNA isolation using the RNeasy kit (Qiagen) and cDNA library construction using the Creator SMART cDNA Library construction kit (Clontech) by GENterprise (Mainz, Germany) with directional cloning using a modified pSPORT vector. Around 1,000 clones were sequenced for both taxa using an ABI 3730 (Applied Biosystems).

Orthology determination. In order to identify as many genes suitable for phylogenetic analysis as possible, we initially attempted to construct a set of trochozoan core orthologs based on the genomes of *Lottia gigantea*, *Capitella teleta*, and *Helobdella robusta* with *Nematostella vectensis* or *Drosophila melanogaster* as an outgroup. Sets of core orthologs were constructed from the predicted transcripts of these taxa using inflation parameters ranging from 1.8 to 2.2. Surprisingly, these sets of core orthologs typically only included 500-600 genes versus the 1,032 genes in the HaMStR “model organisms” set of core orthologs based on *Homo*, *Ciona*, *Drosophila*, *Caenorhabditis*, and *Saccharomyces*. This result is apparently due, at least in part, to a partial genome duplication in the leech *Helobdella*⁴⁰⁻⁴¹ which resulted in all genes duplicated in *Helobdella* (but single-copy in *Lottia* and *Capitella*) to be excluded by HaMStR. Notably, the presence of two inparalogs of many genes in the *Helobdella* genome was observed frequently during our manual evaluations of the alignments and ML trees. Additional high-quality, completely sequenced genomes from other taxa will undoubtedly aid future studies in identifying lineage-specific orthologous genes suitable for phylogenetic analysis.

To evaluate our orthology determination method that utilized *Drosophila* as the primer taxon, comparisons were made between *Lottia* sequences identified as orthologs to the *Drosophila* sequences using our methods relative to orthologs identified using the InParanoid 7 database. This revealed only 6 instances in which both methods identified one or more *Lottia* sequences as orthologs to a *Drosophila* sequence, but disagreed on

which sequence was the correct ortholog. There were 36 *Drosophila* genes for which InParanoid did not identify a *Lottia* ortholog but our methods did. Alternatively, there were 6 *Drosophila* sequences for which our methods did not identify a *Lottia* ortholog but InParanoid did. Although this may give the impression that our methods are less stringent than those of InParanoid, manual examination of these alignments revealed no obvious paralogous groups.

SUPPLEMENTARY RESULTS

Outgroup selection. To further explore how outgroup choice affected topology, additional analyses with other sets of taxa as outgroups were performed. ML and BI analyses of a reduced dataset including all taxa listed in Supplementary Table 3 except the cnidarian *Nematostella* (Supplementary Figs 14-15) yielded the same relationships as Fig 2 thus providing additional support for the major findings of this study. However, support for Pleistomollusca was substantially decreased in ML (bs = 46) but not BI (pp = 100).

Because Entoprocta + Cycliophora were weakly placed as the sister taxon of Mollusca in the BI analysis including broad outgroups (Supplementary Fig 4), and because a close relationship between Mollusca and Entoprocta has been suggested before⁴²⁻⁴³, we performed an ML analysis using Entoprocta + Cycliophora as the outgroup to Mollusca (Supplementary Fig 16a). Interestingly, in this tree the positions of Cephalopoda and Aculifera are reversed with respect to the annelid-rooted tree (Fig 2). One possible explanation for these results is homoplasy introduced by the long-branched cycliophoran *Symbion*. Therefore, we performed an additional ML analysis using only Entoprocta as the outgroup to Mollusca. Importantly, in the ML tree excluding *Symbion* (Supplementary Fig 16b), we recovered the same branching order among the major lineages of Mollusca as in Fig 2 with strong support at most nodes. This result suggests

that the long-branch taxon *Symbion* introduces homoplasy into the dataset and provides additional support for the Fig 2 topology.

Undescribed *Neomenia* sp. The *Neomenia* included in this study appears to be a new, undescribed species. Examination of three the paratypes of *Neomenia herwigi* Kaiser, 1976 (Zoological Museum Hamburg, accession numbers ZMH 1010/1, ZMH 1019) and a specimen of *Neomenia permagna* Salvini-Plawen, 1978 (Halanych collection) allowed for comparisons of sclerites and internal morphology. Although our *Neomenia* is found in the same geographical region as *N. herwigi* and shows some similarities to this species, substantial differences in the morphometric properties and abundances of certain sclerite types were observed. Also, our specimen is much smaller than the *N. herwigi* holotype and paratypes (about 1/4 of the length) and already in a reproductive state. However, it should be noted that neomenioids usually reach sexual maturity long before they stop growing.

SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCES

40. Veenstra, J. A. Neuropeptide evolution: Neurohormones and neuropeptides predicted from the genomes of *Capitella teleta* and *Helobdella robusta*. *Gen. Comp. Endocr.* 171, 160-175 (2011).
41. Cho, S. J., Valles, Y., Giani, V. C., Seaver, E. C. & Weisblat, D. A. Evolutionary dynamics of the Wnt gene family: a lophotrochozoan perspective. *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 27, 1645 (2010).
42. Wanninger, A. Shaping the things to come: ontogeny of lophotrochozoan neuromuscular systems and the Tetraneuralia concept. *Biol. Bull.* 216, 293 (2009).
43. Wanninger, A., Fuchs, J. & Haszprunar, G. Anatomy of the serotonergic nervous system of an entoproct creeping-type larva and its phylogenetic implications.

- Invertebr. Biol.* **126**, 268–278 (2007).
44. Wanninger, A. & Haszprunar, G. Chiton myogenesis: Perspectives for the development and evolution of larval and adult muscle systems in molluscs. *J. Morphol.* **251**, 103–113 (2002).
45. Voss-Foucart, M.F., Fonze-Vignaux, M.T. & Jeuniaux, C. Systematic characters of some polychaetes (Annelida) at the level of the chemical composition of the jaws. *Biochem. Syst. Ecol.* **1**, 119–122 (1973).
46. Todt, C., Büchinger, T. & Wanninger, A. The nervous system of the basal mollusk *Wirenia argentea* (Solenogastres): a study employing immunocytochemical and 3D reconstruction techniques. *Mar. Biol. Res.* **4**, 290–303 (2008).
47. Hyman, L.H. *The Invertebrates. Vol. VI. Mollusca I.* 792 pp. (McGraw-Hill, New York, 1967).
48. Haszprunar, G. The first molluscs-small animals. *Italian Journal of Zoology* **59**, 1–16 (1992).
49. Lundin, K. & Schander, C. Ultrastructure of gill cilia and ciliary rootlets of *Chaetoderma nitidulum* Lovén 1844 (Mollusca, Chaetodermomorpha). *Acta Zool. Stockholm* **80**, 185–191 (1999).
50. Lundin, K. & Schander, C. Ciliary ultrastructure of neomeniomorphs (Mollusca, Neomeniomorpha= Solenogastres). *Invertebr. Biol.* **120**, 342–349 (2001).
51. Salvini-Plawen, L. The significance of the Placophora for molluscan phylogeny. *Venus* **65**, 1–17 (2006).
52. Todt, C. & von Salvini-Plawen, L. The digestive tract of *Helicoradomenia* (Solenogastres, Mollusca), aplacophoran molluscs from the hydrothermal vents of the East Pacific Rise. *Invertebr. Biol.* **124**, 230–253 (2005).

53. Lieb, B. & Todt, C. Hemocyanin in mollusks – a molecular survey and new data on hemocyanin genes in Solenogastres and Caudofoveata. *Mol Phylogenet Evol.* **49**, 382-385. (2008).
54. Lieb, B. & Wilson, N.G. The hemocyanin of *Laevipilina hyalina* (Monoplacophora). World Congress of Malacology 2010 Poster Presentation (Phuket, Thailand, 2010).
55. Furuhashi, T., Schwarzinger, C., Miksik, I., Smrz, M. & Beran, A. Molluscan shell evolution with review of shell calcification hypothesis. *Comp. Biochem. Phys. B* **154**, 351–371 (2009).
56. Cruz, R., Lins, U. & Farina, M. Minerals of the radular apparatus of *Falcidens* sp. (Caudofoveata) and the evolutionary implications for the phylum Mollusca. *Biol. Bull.* **194**, 224-230 (1998).

Supplementary Table 1 | Approximately Unbiased (AU) test results of Wilson et al. 2009 dataset.

Alternative Hypothesis	Ln Likelihood Score	P-value	Significantly Worse?
Best tree	-207,597.42		
All major lineages monophyletic, Mollusca monophyletic	-207,656.98	0.019	Yes
Adenopoda (Chaetodermomorpha basal)	-207,688.19	0.014	Yes
Hepagastralia (Neomeniomorpha basal)	-207,593.58	0.916	No
Aculifera	-207,727.51	3e-04	Yes
Aculifera + Monoplacophora	-207,712.06	3e-09	Yes
Testaria (Polyplacophora + Conchifera)	-207,646.75	0.018	Yes
Diasoma (Bivalvia + Scaphopoda)	-207,639.05	0.084	No
Cyrtosoma (Gastropoda + Cephalopoda)	-207,626.04	0.231	No
Cephalopoda + Scaphopoda	-207,627.16	0.229	No
Gastropoda + Scaphopoda	-207,661.85	0.007	Yes

Gastropoda + Bivalvia	-207,626.63	0.215	No
-----------------------	-------------	-------	----

AU tests performed based on a tree inferred from a RAxML 7.2.7 re-analysis of the Muscle-aligned matrix of Wilson et al. 2009³ (TreeBase matrix ID M4763) with joint branch length optimization of parameters under GTR + Γ model.

Supplementary Table 2 | Specimen data for sequenced taxa.

Species	Major Lineage	Tissue	Collection Location	Laboratory
<i>Antalis vulgaris</i>	Scaphopoda	Whole animal (no shell), starved 1 week	Roscoff, France	Lieb
<i>Dolabrifera dolabrifera</i>	Gastropoda	Neural tissue	Costa Rica	Moroz, Wright
<i>Hanleya nagelfar</i>	Polyplacophora	Foot tissue	Bergen, Norway	Halanych
<i>Helisoma trivolvis</i>	Gastropoda	Neural tissue	Biological Supplies	Moroz, Rehder
<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	Gastropoda	Neural tissue	Friday Harbor, WA	Moroz
<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	Cephalopoda	Neural tissue	Friday Harbour, WA	Moroz
<i>Loligo pealei</i>	Cephalopoda	Neural tissue	Woods Hole, MA	Moroz
<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	Cephalopoda	Neural tissue	Naples, Italy	Moroz
<i>Melanoides tuberculatus</i>	Gastropoda	Whole animal	Aquarium population Institute of Zoology, Mainz, Germany	Lieb
<i>Nautilus pompilius</i>	Cephalopoda	Neural tissue	Pacific	Moroz
<i>Neomenia</i> sp.	Neomeniomorpha	Mantle tissue	Trinity Peninsula, Antarctica (S63°23.05' W60°03.40'), 277 m	Halanych
<i>Nucula nitidosa</i>	Bivalvia	Whole animal, starved 1 week	Roscoff, France	Lieb
<i>Octopus vulgaris</i>	Cephalopoda	Neural tissue	Naples, Italy	Moroz,

				DiCosma
<i>Pleurobranchaea californica</i>	Gastropoda	Neural tissue	Monterey, CA	Moroz, Gillette
<i>Polyschides dalli antarcticus</i>	Scaphopoda	Whole animal	Eagle Island, Antarctica (S63°40.00', W57°19.75'), 335 m	Halanych
<i>Scutpus ventrolineatus</i> (454)	Chaetodermomorpha	2 adults	Skagerrak Strait (58°22.84', 10°19.44'), 335 m	Halanych
<i>Scutpus ventrolineatus</i> * (Capillary)	Chaetodermomorpha	Several adults	Bergen, Norway	Todt
<i>Solemya velum</i>	Bivalvia	Mantle tissue, starved 1 week	Woods Hole, MA	Lieb
<i>Theodoxus fluvatilis</i>	Gastropoda	Whole animal	Rhein River near Mainz, Germany	Lieb
<i>Tritonia diomedea</i>	Gastropoda	Neural tissue	Friday Harbor, WA	Moroz, Katz
<i>Wirenia argentea</i> (454)	Neomeniomorpha	Several adults, starved two months	Bergen, Norway	Halanych
<i>Wirenia argentea</i> (Capillary)	Neomeniomorpha	Several adults, starved two months	Bergen, Norway	Todt

Supplementary Table 3 | Taxon sampling.

OTU	Species	Data Type	Number of Reads	Number of Matrix Genes	Number of Amino Acids	Leaf Stability*	Data Source	NCBI Accession Number, Version Number, or Version Date
Alvinella	<i>Alvinella pompejana</i>	Sanger	142,334	181	30,950	0.9919	NCBI UniGene	March 31, 2009
Antalis	<i>Antalis vulgaris</i>	454	77,223	93	11,509	0.9662	This study	SRR108988.1
Aplysia	<i>Aplysia californica</i>	Sanger	250,102	210	37,730	0.9977	NCBI UniGene	January 27, 2010 Version
Barentsia	<i>Barentsia elongata</i>	Sanger	2,154	39	5,098		NCBI dbEST	FR837542 - FR837592
Biomphalaria	<i>Biomphalaria glabrata</i>	454	702,248	208	36,416	0.9977	NCBI SRA	SRX000011, SRX001379, SRX001380, SRX014813, SRX014894-SRX014897
Capitella	<i>Capitella teleta</i>	Genome		283	76,588	0.9924	JGI	JGI Predicted Transcripts
Carinoma	<i>Carinoma mutabilis</i>	Sanger	3,168	57	10,000		NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
Cerebratulus	<i>Cerebratulus lacteus</i>	Sanger	6,144	65	11,463		NCBI Trace	October 21, 2009
Chaetoderma	<i>Chaetoderma nitidulum</i>	Sanger	1,632	36	5,417	0.9935	NCBI Trace	October 21, 2009
Chaetopterus	<i>Chaetopterus sp.</i>	Sanger	3,360	80	14,311	0.9901	NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
Chitonida	<i>Acanthopleura hirsuta</i>	Sanger	498	61	8,731	0.9935	NCBI dbEST	GO924863-GO943999
	<i>Chaetopleura apiculata</i>	Sanger	2,304				NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
	<i>Lepidochitona cinerea</i>	Sanger	1,054				NCBI dbEST	FR836483 - FR837532

Crassostrea	<i>Crassostrea gigas</i>	Sanger	29,573	222	48,283	0.9976	NCBI dbEST	AJ431681-AJ565846, AM237631-AM869575, BG467397-BQ427368, CB617326-CB617565, CD526814-CD526883, CF369125-CF369261, CK172301-CK172437, CU681473-CU999999, CX068761-CX069356, CX739338-CX739699, DV736295-DV736964, DW713815-DW714024, EE677412-EE677929, ES789087-ES789956, EW688558-EW779578, EX151492-EX151622, EX956364-EX956451, FC325715, FD483977- FD483996, FE192418- FE192425, FP000001- FP012228, FP089705- FP091223, GT052936- GT054201
-------------	--------------------------	--------	--------	-----	--------	--------	------------	---

	<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	Sanger	14,560				NCBI dbEST	BG624106-BG624961, CD526707-CD650719, CK240390-CK240470, CV086962-CV172543, EH643873-EH649414
Crepidula	<i>Crepidula fornicata</i>	454	1,297,588	220	42,145	0.9978	From authors	http://www.life.illinois.edu/henry/crepidula_databases.html
Dolabrifera	<i>Dolabrifera dolabrifera</i>	454	371,556	113	15,718	0.9977	This study	SRR111921.2
Dreissena	<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i>	Sanger	998	41	7,555	0.9849	NCBI dbEST	AJ517516-AJ517756,
	<i>Dreissena rostriformis</i>	Sanger	3,429				NCBI dbEST	EY433616-EY437044
Euprymna	<i>Euprymna scolopes</i>	Sanger	35,420	204	37,219	0.9855	NCBI Trace	DW251302-DW286722
Haliotis	<i>Haliotis asinia</i>	Sanger	8,335	151	18,847	0.9893	NCBI dbEST	CF805554-CF805567, DY402832-DY403153, DW986183-DW986191, GD241824-GD272291, GT067284-GT067348, GT274080-GT277649
	<i>Haliotis discus</i>	Sanger	7,260				NCBI dbEST	CX725921-CX727313, DN856307-DN856389,

									EG361618-EG363026, FE041029-FE042253
	<i>Haliotis diversicolor</i>	Sanger	7,100					NCBI dbEST	AY449735-AY449746, GT866281-GT873349, GW314901-GW314919
Hanleya	<i>Hanleya nagelfar</i>	454	149,253	120	17,403	0.9935	This study	SRR108987.1	
Helicoidea	<i>Helix aspersa</i>	Sanger	216	40	7,141	0.9977	NCBI dbEST	DR044213-DR044428	
	<i>Mandarina ponderosa</i>	Sanger	312				NCBI dbEST	DR044429-DR044740	
	<i>Nesiohelix samarangae</i>	Sanger	2,105				NCBI dbEST	DC603526-DC605630	
Helisoma	<i>Helisoma trivolvis</i>	454	189,216	116	13,828	0.9977	This study	SRR108941.1	
Hermisenda	<i>Hermisenda crassicornis</i>	454	88,881	69	7,961	0.9975	This study	SRR108974.1	
Hirudinea	<i>Helobdella robusta</i>	Genome		134	34,691	0.9924	JGI	JGI Predicted Transcripts	
	<i>Hirudo medicinalis</i>	Sanger	26,833				NCBI Trace	EY478949-EY505781	
Hyriopsis	<i>Hyriopsis cumingii</i>	Sanger	5,137	54	7,895	0.9986	NCBI dbEST	EX828659-EX828681, FE968618-FE968692, FK026902-FK031940	
Idiosepius	<i>Idiosepius paradoxus</i>	Sanger	9,079	107	20,461	0.9855	NCBI dbEST	DB910977-DB920055	
Ilyanassa	<i>Ilyanassa obsoleta</i>	Sanger	9,639	133	28,035	0.9978	NCBI dbEST	EV825967-EV826048, FK710318-FK719874	
Laternula	<i>Laternula elliptica</i>	454	1,033,858	139	17,238	0.9986	NCBI SRA	SRX017389, SRX022359, SRX022360	
Littorina	<i>Littorina saxatilis</i>	454	298,628	146	19,177	0.9978	NCBI SRA	SRX023325, SRX023326	

Loligo	<i>Loligo bleekeri</i>	Sanger	669	102	12,522	0.9855	NCBI dbEST	FS372549-FS373217
	<i>Loligo opalescens</i>	454	3,258				This study	SRR307161.2
	<i>Loligo pealei</i>	454	125,931				This study	SRR108978.1
	<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	454	26,015				This study	SRR108981.1
Lottia	<i>Lottia gigantea</i>	Genome		290	77,720	0.9933	JGI	JGI Predicted Transcripts
Lymnaea	<i>Lymnaea stagnalis</i>	Sanger	11,697	190	34,727	0.9977	NCBI dbEST	CN809706-CN811025, ES291075-ES580561
	<i>Lymnaea stagnalis</i>	454	273,922				This study	SRR108975.1
Melanoides	<i>Melanoides tuberculatus</i>	454	57,141	82	10,102	0.9978	This study	SRR108990.1
Meretrix	<i>Meretrix meretrix</i>	Sanger	2,111	60	12,279	0.9503	NCBI dbEST	GR210953-GR212026, GR902434-GR903132, GT184089-GT184387
Mytilus	<i>Mytilus californianus</i>	Sanger	42,354	222	51,960	0.9973	NCBI dbEST	ES387463.1-ES408175.1, ES735872.1-ES738966.1, FF339523.1-FF339585.1, GE747008.1-GE765490.1
	<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	Sanger	19,574				NCBI dbEST	AJ516092-AJ626468, EH662451-EH663597, FL488884-FL633565
Nautilus	<i>Nautilus pompilius</i>	454	549,720	152	17,264	0.9856	This study	SRR108979.1
Nematostella	<i>Nematostella vectensis</i>	Genome		267	70,320		JGI	JGI Predicted Transcripts
Neomenia	<i>Neomenia sp.</i>	454	126,484	66	6,083	0.9935	This study	SRR108985.1

Nucula	<i>Nucula nitidosa</i>	454	75,202	97	12,282	0.9952	This study	SRR108989.1
Octopus	<i>Octopus vulgaris</i>	Sanger	16,432	218	33,349	0.9856	From authors	http://www.cib.nig.ac.jp/dda/database/octopus.htm
	<i>Octopus vulgaris</i>	454	882,605				This study	SRR108980.1
Oligochaeta	<i>Eisenia andrei</i>	Sanger	2,400	156	34,650	0.9924	NCBI dbEST	BB997898-BB999048,
	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	Sanger	3,935				NCBI dbEST	EH669363-EH672369, EL515444-EL515580, EY892395-EY893158, GO269559-GO269585, HO001170-HO001563,
	<i>Lumbricus rubellus</i>	Sanger	19,934				From authors	http://xyala.cap.ed.ac.uk/Lumbribase/lumbribase_php/lumbribase.shtml
	<i>Tubifex tubifex</i>	Sanger	17,014				NCBI dbEST	EY437148-EY454161
Pectinidae	<i>Argopecten irradians</i>	Sanger	7,057	118	22,150	0.9973	NCBI dbEST	CB412266-CB417233, CF197421-CF197787, CK484086-CK484621, CN782333-CN783459, CV660837-CV660894, CV828452

	<i>Argopecten purpuratus</i>	Sanger	565				NCBI dbEST	ES469275-ES469694, FE895950-FE896091, FF147972-FF147974
	<i>Chlamys farreri</i>	Sanger	3,335				NCBI dbEST	DT716057-DT719391
	<i>Mizuhopecten yessoensis</i>	Sanger	3,011				NCBI dbEST	GH734852-GH736789, GR867007-GR868079, GT067737-GT067746, GT086406-GT087795, GT565072-GT570693
	<i>Pecten maximus</i>	Sanger	1,122				NCBI dbEST	DN793124-DN794245
Pedicellina	<i>Pedicellina cernua</i>	Sanger	5,184	62	12,755		NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
	<i>Pedicellina sp.</i>	Sanger	2,668				NCBI Trace	October 4, 2009
Pinctada	<i>Pinctada martensi</i>	Sanger	7,130	93	17,760	0.9976	NCBI dbEST	EY437147, FG396011, FG591193-FG598305,
	<i>Pinctada maxima</i>	Sanger	7,096				NCBI dbEST	DV549057-DV549101, GH279961-GH738508
Pleurobranchae	<i>Pleurobranchaea</i>	454	255,718	96	11,488	0.9972	This study	SRR108976.1
Polyschides	<i>Polyschides dalli</i>	454	40,243	88	6,995	0.9662	This study	SRR108992.1
Scutopus	<i>Scutopus ventrolineatus</i>	Sanger	1,104	69	7,762	0.9935	This study	JG456490- JG456491
	<i>Scutopus ventrolineatus</i>	454	165,669				This study	SRR108982.1
Sinonovacula	<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Sanger	5,296	47	6,894	0.9754	NCBI dbEST	GO308247-GO313553
Sipuncula	<i>Sipunculus nudus</i>	Sanger	2,207				NCBI dbEST	FR767771-FR770087

Sipuncula	<i>Sipunculus nudus</i>	Sanger	2,207	72	11,594	0.9901	NCBI dbEST	FR767771-FR770087
	<i>Themiste lageniformis</i>	Sanger	2,640				NCBI Trace	October 21, 2009
Solemya	<i>Solemya velum</i>	454	67,786	149	19,683	0.9978	This study	SRR108983.1
Strombus	<i>Strombus gigas</i>	454	286,933	164	24,184	0.9978	NCBI SRA	SRX017250
Symbion	<i>Symbion pandora</i>	Sanger	4,704	88	17,077		NCBI Trace	October 4, 2009
Terebratalia	<i>Terebratalia transversa</i>	Sanger	3,552	100	19,208		NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
Theodoxus	<i>Theodoxus fluvatilis</i>	454	71,722	104	14,235	0.9942	This study	SRR108984.1
Tritonia	<i>Tritonia diomedea</i>	454	104,011	69	7,311	0.9975	This study	SRR108977.2
Urechis	<i>Urechis caupo</i>	Sanger	2,208	73	13,458	0.9924	NCBI Trace	October 24, 2009
Venerupis	<i>Venerupis decussatus</i>	Sanger	4,645	112	19,543	0.9544	NCBI dbEST	EY189760-EY255091, AM871090-AM871298, EL903765-EL903716
	<i>Venerupis philippinarum</i>	Sanger	5,657				NCBI dbEST	AM872010-AM877665
Wirenia	<i>Wirenia argentea</i>	Sanger	1,152	114	16,496	0.9935	This study	JG455978-JG454968
	<i>Wirenia argentea</i>	454	94,538				This study	SRR108986.1

Taxa from which new data were collected are shown in blue. * Leaf stability scores are based on the annelid-rooted analysis shown in Fig 2. Taxa not included in Fig 2 do not have leaf stabilities reported in this table.

Supplementary Table 4 | Genes selected for phylogenetic analyses.

Gene ID*	Protein ID[†]	<i>Lottia</i> ID	Description	Len.	No. Tax.
0007	FBpp0072144	206392	Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 6	239	10
0010	FBpp0072801	186985	60S ribosomal protein L8	248	35
0011	FBpp0085489	160203	Succinate dehydrogenase iron-sulfur subunit,	249	18
0015	FBpp0075618	210271	40S ribosomal protein S4e	235	32
0023	FBpp0086063	203563	Ribosome biogenesis protein RLP24	150	31
0026	FBpp0087637	231795	Nucleolar GTP-binding protein 1	578	20
0027	FBpp0081401	213954	T-complex protein 1 subunit eta	511	13
0038	FBpp0081947	157909	Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 5A, mitochondrial	122	25
0042	FBpp0078227		Transmembrane protein 85	159	18
0044	FBpp0077307	212802	40S ribosomal protein S21	81	26
0045	FBpp0081305	206945	Pre-mRNA-splicing factor ISY1	238	10
0048	FBpp0080906	132027	La ribonucleoprotein	216	12
0053	FBpp0085529	229894	Ubiquitin-like protein 5	71	15
0061	FBpp0078983	179268	U1 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 70 kDa	194	12
0062	FBpp0086599	126181	Trafficking protein particle complex subunit 5	178	18
0063	FBpp0081879	203563	60s ribosomal protein L24	155	33
0064	FBpp0081185	235937	Signal peptidase 18 kDa subunit	172	10
0065	FBpp0082571	200623	Surfeit locus protein 4	250	14
0066	FBpp0086387	65091	Coiled-coil domain containing protein 94	225	15
0069	FBpp0078894	210048	PHD finger protein 5a	111	20
0070	FBpp0074532	199122	N-alpha-acetyltransferase	173	10
0072	FBpp0083371	219397	40S ribosomal protein S20	105	29
0074	FBpp0083244	185777	RING finger protein 113A	296	15
0077	FBpp0082743	224262	COP9 signalosome complex subunit 5	317	20
0080	FBpp0078448	230810	Proteasome subunit beta type-4	227	23
0081	FBpp0082984	229754	Ribosome production factor 2	292	12

0083	FBpp0077979	93548	DNAJ subfamily C member 2	477	15
0085	FBpp0085314	226411	60S ribosomal protein L21	155	34
0087	FBpp0075866	126569	Serine/threonine-protein kinase RIO1	399	15
0090	FBpp0075952	233453	Ubiquitin fusion degradation protein 1	264	18
0091	FBpp0087113	202957	40S ribosomal protein S11	135	35
0097	FBpp0080121	197656	DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB3	253	17
0103	FBpp0073686	236339	Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 N	144	18
0104	FBpp0076602	70408	60S ribosomal protein L18	162	30
0110	FBpp0082062	189380	Proteasome 25 kDa subunit alpha type-2	220	29
0111	FBpp0078134	237709	60S acidic ribosomal protein P0	242	34
0113	FBpp0085379	111616	Glutamate-rich WD repeat-containing protein 1	369	12
0119	FBpp0084275		Isocitrate dehydrogenase subunit gamma 1	323	11
0122	FBpp0073099	228476	Zinc finger matrin-type protein 2	178	16
0125	FBpp0080120	220690	V-type proton ATPase subunit G	111	20
0128	FBpp0087347	134010	H/ACA ribonucleoprotein complex subunit 3	56	21
0134	FBpp0071846	110080	40S ribosomal protein S24	125	37
0136	FBpp0076207	204040	40S ribosomal protein S17	113	33
0139	FBpp0078086	109608	DNA-directed RNA polymerase II polypeptide H	148	14
0141	FBpp0075257		Elongation Factor 1 Homolog	82	13
0142	FBpp0086654	149167	Receptor expression-enhancing protein 5	172	19
0144	FBpp0075246	185481	Trafficking protein particle complex subunit 2	131	18
0149	FBpp0084067	166689	DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit	68	20
0156	FBpp0088191	54396	UV excision repair protein RAD23	306	14
0158	FBpp0075990	197575	Acireductone dioxygenase	159	16
0162	FBpp0076078	236022	N-alpha-acetyltransferase	167	14
0167	FBpp0084959		60S ribosomal protein L32	125	36
0168	FBpp0087463	225615	Alpha N-terminal protein methyltransferase 1A	198	13
0170	FBpp0074184	196504	Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 3	172	13
0172	FBpp0081443	217311	UPF0160 protein MYG1	328	16
0173	FBpp0077912		Hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase	238	10
0182	FBpp008653		Ras-like GTP-binding protein RHO	170	22

0185	FBpp0079445	202488	Pescadillo	460	14
0191	FBpp0070943	207717	60S ribosomal protein L17	150	32
0193	FBpp0077351	190601	Seryl-tRNA synthetase	493	15
0195	FBpp0087095	150024	T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon	534	17
0197	FBpp0072072	207121	Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial	220	13
0200	Fbpp0071052	209986	40S ribosomal protein S14	151	32
0203	FBpp0073098	205433	Ribosome biogenesis protein BRX1	236	17
0204	FBpp0084759	192615	Phosphoserine aminotransferase	319	16
0205	FBpp0082947	210506	Beta-mannosyltransferase	353	12
0206	FBpp0074180	109561	40S ribosomal protein S5	193	32
0208	FBpp0083801	150656	Lipoyl synthase	314	16
0212	FBpp0083801	207505	SEC13	294	14
0213	FBpp0083802	223917	40S ribosomal protein S3	234	35
0215	FBpp0072197	191571	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 7	309	22
0216	FBpp0080854	238978	Fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase 1	299	14
0217	FBpp0086603	237412	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 11	408	15
0218	FBpp0079187	184120	Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit beta-2-	258	31
0229	FBpp0081437	200562	Succinyl-CoA ligase subunit beta	394	18
0230	FBpp0080997	229010	ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX47	411	15
0231	FBpp0085104	205749	Casein kinase I delta	318	11
0235	FBpp0081767		Alcohol dehydrogenase class-3	373	16
0236	FBpp0099974	219170	Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 65 kDa regulatory subunit alpha	570	15
0242	FBpp0087760	217535	Glucose-6-phosphate isomerase	513	14
0243	FBpp0083906	197242	26S protease regulatory subunit 4	437	20
0244	FBpp0074756	203071	RuvB-like helicase 2	452	18
0245	FBpp0073290	237408	60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial	541	16
0246	FBpp0082788	204318	T-complex protein 1 subunit gamma	514	21
0254	FBpp0077066	211912	NFU1 iron-sulfur cluster scaffold, mitochondrial	202	12
0255	FBpp0079233	239089	Tumor suessor candidate 3	302	12
0262	FBpp0082412	97481	39S ribosomal protein L11, mitochondrial	175	16

0265	FBpp0086895		Transcription factor BTF3 homolog 4	147	23
0268	FBpp0080829	156082	RNA-binding motif protein 13	147	12
0276	FBpp0075307	232500	Peptide methionine sulfoxide reductase	219	13
0277	FBpp0073844	232303	60S ribosomal protein L37e	91	27
0283	FBpp0086072	216998	S-methyl-5'-thioadenosine phosphorylase	266	12
0284	FBpp0087704	203722	Charged multivesicular body protein 4b	200	18
0286	FBpp0087608		60S ribosomal protein L31	111	35
0288	FBpp0075838	109978	DNA-directed RNA polymerase III 25 kDa	196	14
0290	FBpp0080044	238952	Glutaredoxin 3	250	19
0292	FBpp0070832	219222	Translation machinery-associated protein 3	171	23
0293	FBpp0074516	236282	RNA polymerase II subunit A C-terminal domain	185	11
0295	FBpp0086269	149778	40S ribosomal protein S15	145	39
0298	FBpp0076652	206284	Ribosome maturation protein SBDS	239	15
0299	FBpp0075700	233830	Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 2	249	17
0300	FBpp0086226	210661	Superoxide dismutase, mitochondrial	194	21
0310	FBpp0085619	185272	Proliferating cell nuclear antigen	251	25
0316	FBpp0077549	234041	F-actin-capping protein subunit beta	267	18
0317	FBpp0072312	195818	60S ribosomal protein L19	196	40
0326	FBpp0075595	216644	GPN-loop GTPase 2	284	12
0333	FBpp0087972	173095	Cathepsin D	339	23
0335	FBpp0078689	200332	Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit I	291	32
0340	FBpp0072050	142681	Transaldolase	315	15
0341	FBpp0073459	234495	Pleiotropic regulator 1	405	13
0345	FBpp0086223	114414	FLAP endonuclease-1	371	15
0346	FBpp0075861	153055	Diphthamide biosynthesis protein 1	369	13
0347	FBpp0086790	178160	Elongation factor Tu	376	20
0353	FBpp0074278	114287	Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 4	424	14
0354	FBpp0081822	196203	60S ribosomal protein L3	364	35
0361	FBpp0075386		Glycyl-tRNA synthetase	646	13
0368	FBpp0073017	232335	Synaptic glycoprotein SC2	287	16
0370	FBpp0070143	178960	60S ribosomal protein L22	116	30

0373	FBpp0086795	114637	GrpE 1	183	15
0376	FBpp0083533	234160	Vacuolar sorting protein SNF8	236	14
0377	FBpp0075612	150191	40S ribosomal protein S12	128	31
0381	FBpp0087511	56656	mRNA turnover protein 4	207	25
0382	FBpp0077740	102125	Peptidase A22B, minor histocompatibility antigen	262	14
0388	FBpp0071047	134665	Estradiol 17-beta-dehydrogenase	270	12
0389	FBpp0080724	236815	60S ribosomal protein L30	105	24
0392	FBpp0070969	216779	Coiled-coil domain-containing protein 25	173	15
0397	FBpp0078463	132223	Enolase-phosphatase E1	232	18
0399	FBpp0079711	235879	Transmembrane protein 111	251	16
0402	FBpp0071427	182626	Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor-associated	116	29
0405	FBpp0075448	211297	H/ACA ribonucleoprotein complex subunit 2	146	19
0406	FBpp0077625	181759	Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 29	173	11
0410	FBpp0079812	182182	Replication factor C 38kD subunit	351	14
0412	FBpp0083854	165837	Oligoribonuclease	175	12
0413	FBpp0070924	154620	Ubiquinone biosynthesis protein COQ7	191	18
0416	FBpp0084434	156627	Histone H2A.v	127	29
0425	FBpp0074129	172374	Exosome complex exonuclease RRP45	261	11
0426	FBpp0083457	171636	Isopentenyl-diphosphate Delta-isomerase 1	216	12
0432	FBpp0087186	224100	Electron transfer flavoprotein subunit, mitochondrial	319	17
0435	FBpp0080020	177471	Ethanolamine-phosphate cytidyltransferase	327	17
0440	FBpp0088441	190901	40S ribosomal protein S7	177	30
0445	FBpp0088818	155494	Trafficking protein particle complex subunit 3	178	16
0449	FBpp0079752	217766	60S ribosomal protein L9	172	39
0456	FBpp0071808	128584	60S ribosomal protein L23	120	29
0457	FBpp0084874	187625	Eukaryotic initiation factor eIF-2B alpha subunit	271	15
0458	FBpp0083245	120210	S-formylglutathione hydrolase	270	20
0459	FBpp0072833		Purine nucleoside phosphorylase	272	10
0462	FBpp0077029	205560	Rab-10	198	14
0464	FBpp0070723	208106	Cyclin-dependent kinase 7	310	15
0471	FBpp0085222	189149	Deoxyhypusine hydroxylase	279	16

0474	FBpp0071198	184506	RNA-binding motif protein 13	260	15
0477	FBpp0080147	167800	Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 1A	307	28
0481	FBpp0084144	201859	U3 small nucleolar ribonucleoprotein protein IMP4	283	12
0482	FBpp0089041	212487	Proteasome subunit alpha type-3	233	27
0483	FBpp0076990	205824	RNA-binding protein PNO1	203	28
0485	FBpp0073947	132224	Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5	362	19
0489	FBpp0073921	236462	guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit beta	326	19
0492	FBpp0084948	238326	Triosephosphate isomerase	216	26
0496	FBpp0099686	239290	40S ribosomal protein S8	206	40
0499	FBpp0080708	237446	Prohibitin	268	22
0505	FBpp0072250	190068	Inorganic pyrophosphatase	274	14
0518	FBpp0078278	212047	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 12	424	18
0520	FBpp0081834	177527	Dihydrolipoyllysine-residue succinyltransferase	293	18
0521	FBpp0086370		Glutamate oxaloacetate transaminase 1	387	17
0525	FBpp0070333	115714	Legumain	377	12
0534	FBpp0073120		Replication factor C subunit 2	327	17
0553	FBpp0081592	205544	Clathrin-associated adaptor complex AP-1 mu-1	418	18
0555	FBpp0087764	189106	T-complex protein 1 subunit theta	538	24
0558	FBpp0085265	199050	Elongation factor 2	819	17
0566	FBpp0078806	207101	Initiation factor 4A	390	22
0569	FBpp0074906	219043	Dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase	456	17
0571	FBpp0070890	132169	26s protease regulatory subunit 10B	389	15
0572	FBpp0080705	200884	Asparaginyl-tRNA synthetase	497	22
0582	FBpp0088021	203656	26S proteasome regulatory subunit 7	430	17
0583	FBpp0071794	206617	ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial	530	32
0585	FBpp0082140	119755	V-type proton ATPase subunit B	479	14
0586	FBpp0085737	221335	Succinate dehydrogenase flavoprotein subunit B,	646	12
0588	FBpp0073446	216416	78 kDa glucose-regulated protein	613	14
0600	FBpp0082110	229207	Sorting nexin 12	157	19
0610	FBpp0081787	182398	Mediator of RNA polymerase II transcription subunit	200	14
0612	FBpp0083376	215959	40S ribosomal protein S30	121	37

0620	FBpp0082522	183079	ATP synthase subunit O, mitochondrial	191	28
0621	FBpp0082511	205756	Histone-binding protein RBBP4	408	17
0624	FBpp0083949		Signal peptidase complex subunit 3	170	13
0630	FBpp0076238	156500	39S ribosomal protein L12, mitochondrial	162	17
0637	FBpp0073806	201172	Glutaredoxin-related protein 5	130	15
0642	FBpp0075967	218864	Prefoldin subunit 2	127	21
0645	FBpp0079746	196086	Deoxyuridine 5'-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase	145	16
0646	FBpp0078350	209321	V-type proton ATPase subunit E	207	23
0658	FBpp0081882	202995	Prefoldin subunit 3	174	21
0660	FBpp0081528	201223	60S ribosomal protein L34b	108	27
0662	FBpp0080011	233682	Golgi membrane protein YIPF4	209	15
0668	FBpp0071223	98069	Activator of basal transcription 1	186	13
0671	FBpp0080446	219589	Cytochrome c-2	104	29
0672	FBpp0076607	185379	Surfeit locus protein 1	207	14
0676	FBpp0080890	220774	Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 2	291	15
0680	FBpp0085166	207552	60S ribosomal protein L6	202	36
0682	FBpp0085615	222194	Phosphate carrier protein, mitochondrial	329	16
0690	FBpp0073316	204936	Protein BUD31 homolog	148	20
0691	FBpp0075395	222708	U4/U6 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Prp31	458	12
0697	FBpp0088242	202499	40S ribosomal protein S3a	241	40
0699	FBpp0077414	234443	Carnitine acylcarnitine carrier protein, mitochondrial	288	14
0701	FBpp0079650	227857	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14	442	17
0702	FBpp0086318	206255	V-type proton ATPase subunit C 1-A	350	12
0703	FBpp0086096	101919	U3 small nucleolar ribonucleoprotein protein IMP3	175	15
0705	FBpp0075401	184255	Protein disulfide-isomerase	404	27
0706	FBpp0078024	115372	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 4	333	23
0707	FBpp0085223	205662	Nucleoside diphosphate kinase	145	32
0709	FBpp0072020	209108	Exosome complex exonuclease RRP4	270	13
0710	FBpp0075693	171717	Phosphomannomutase 2	245	13
0720	FBpp0083687	200903	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 6	385	19
0722	FBpp0079943	230007	Ras-related protein Rab-6.1 (Rab-6A)	196	14

0723	FBpp0087958	222316	Mitochondrial-processing peptidase subunit alpha	456	13
0724	FBpp0079606		Ubiquitin-40S ribosomal protein S27a	159	41
0725	FBpp0071600	216798	mRNA export factor RAE1	351	14
0727	FBpp0083673	213693	Diphthine synthase	256	14
0730	FBpp0072151	207546	FACT complex subunit SSRP1	488	13
0731	FBpp0078633	196653	DNA-directed RNA polymerases I and III subunit	323	19
0732	FBpp0088029	203916	ATPase ASNA1	328	14
0733	FBpp0082985	225558	Malate dehydrogenase	305	26
0734	FBpp0071089	66846	40S Ribosomal protein S6	236	39
0735	FBpp0082832	221202	Ribosomal RNA methyltransferase CG5220	305	17
0736	FBpp0081491	227198	Ras-related GTP-binding protein A	297	15
0740	FBpp0110423	224562	60S ribosomal protein L5	274	42
0749	FBpp0084617	219559	60S ribosomal protein L4	332	40
0752	FBpp0088408	151663	Obg-like ATPase 1	375	18
0753	FBpp0073344		Glutamine synthetase 2, cytoplasmic	331	22
0758	FBpp0085919		Polyadenylate-binding protein	512	30
0760	FBpp0076460	193923	Actin-related protein 3	416	15
0761	FBpp0083611	199626	Pyruvate kinase	505	16
0767	FBpp0073292	212332	26S proteasome regulatory subunit 6B	400	23
0772	FBpp0076649	110000	DEAD box ATP-dependent RNA helicase	291	18
0774	FBpp0074662	138721	26S protease regulatory subunit 8	387	20
0781	FBpp0077368	225601	Peroxiredoxin 6	208	27
0783	FBpp0076185	164153	Phosphoserine phosphatase	217	11
0784	FBpp0078655	225011	60S ribosomal protein L37a	90	23
0786	FBpp0073853	165683	UDP-N-acetylglucosamine transferase subunit	173	11
0787	FBpp0084929		Mitochondrial intermembrane space import and	110	13
0788	FBpp0071373	158030	ATP synthase delta, mitochondrial	154	32
0796	FBpp0070150	192827	60S ribosomal protein L36	104	36
0800	FBpp0074964	212293	Charged multivesicular body protein 5	205	19
0804	FBpp0074088	235941	40S ribosomal protein S19	144	34
0805	FBpp0079642	196756	Olygosaccharyltransferase alpha subunit	586	16

0806	FBpp0082384	132099	DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB9	126	15
0807	FBpp0075151	196960	Multiprotein bridging factor 1	143	19
0809	FBpp0078400	195680	Splicing factor 3A subunit 3	479	14
0810	FBpp0071461	196809	F-actin-capping protein subunit alpha	277	15
0812	FBpp0078598	214378	Vacuolar sorting protein VPS24	206	13
0824	FBpp0070879	202003	60S ribosomal protein L7a	258	38
0826	FBpp0076124	223907	Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-22 kDa	193	13
0829	FBpp0110169	214125	NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 3	290	18
0838	FBpp0084905	235900	ATP synthase subunit gamma, mitochondrial	254	31
0839	FBpp0083861	214609	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 13	362	19
0842	FBpp0082464	223715	V-type proton ATPase 21 kDa proteolipid subunit	206	24
0843	FBpp0073626	186221	40S ribosomal protein S15Aa	130	35
0845	FBpp0075382	231140	Proteasome subunit beta type-7	260	20
0848	FBpp0070434	233963	V-type proton ATPase subunit D	226	19
0851	FBpp0086400	153858	Proteasome subunit beta type-6	220	27
0852	FBpp0085717	167500	60S ribosomal protein L11	173	37
0854	FBpp0087806	227129	Zinc finger CCCH domain-containing protein 15	286	16
0855	FBpp0081283	182042	Uncharacterized methyltransferase WBSCR22	251	23
0858	FBpp0078896	194715	Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit alpha	469	20
0861	FBpp0086066	232029	Proteasome subunit alpha type-5	237	24
0867	FBpp0070584	108853	V-type proton ATPase subunit d 1	339	15
0868	FBpp0081780	177209	Arginine N-methyltransferase 1	329	19
0869	FBpp0082459	105568	Mitochondrial-processing peptidase subunit beta	425	26
0881	FBpp0081460	124007	Tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase	397	16
0885	FBpp0083395	220834	Adenylosuccinate synthetase	421	13
0887	FBpp0084735	226825	Pyruvate dehydrogenase E1 component subunit	338	15
0888	FBpp0074825	236064	Catalase	450	14
0891	FBpp0083843	207066	26s protease regulatory subunit 6a	422	13
0893	FBpp0078997	144966	Nucleolar protein 58	449	17
0900	FBpp0073902	231565	T-complex protein 1 subunit zeta	515	18
0901	FBpp0079992	199820	T-complex protein 1 subunit delta	512	16

0902	FBpp0073847	184532	Adenosylhomocysteinase	416	19
0903	FBpp0081704	201543	RuvB-like helicase 1 (Pontin)	452	17
0914	FBpp0085966	140318	Thymidylate kinase	189	12
0915	FBpp0072660	223843	Hsp90 co-chaperone Cdc37	349	13
0919	FBpp0083893	207726	U6 snRNA-associated Sm-like protein LSm3	98	19
0923	FBpp0077106	201479	Protein geranyl transferase type-1 subunit alpha	324	15
0928	FBpp0071295	150772	40S ribosomal protein S28	65	29
0933	FBpp0086474	205831	V-type proton ATPase subunit F	120	25
0934	FBpp0080817	210079	Dolichol-phosphate mannosyltransferase	235	13
0937	FBpp0070643	203874	Transmembrane emp24 domain-containing	184	13
0938	FBpp0078009	114503	UPF0368 protein Cxorf26	159	13
0943	FBpp0086973	197780	Nascent polypeptide-associated complex subunit	169	36
0946	FBpp0075111	156936	Nonclathrin coat protein zeta	176	15
0947	FBpp0087901	228040	Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 28	207	24
0953	FBpp0080062	237076	Exosome complex exonuclease RRP41	231	15
0954	FBpp0075999	187336	UPF0195 protein CG7949	149	16
0955	FBpp0071279	197848	Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein	413	20
0964	FBpp0071049	206537	Synaptobrevin homolog YKT6	191	15
0965	FBpp0086103	207423	60S ribosomal protein L18a	174	37
0966	FBpp0077750	200807	Ribonuclease H2 subunit A	281	12
0972	FBpp0070047	229535	60S ribosomal protein L10	210	39
0978	FBpp0084901	203788	Electron transfer flavoprotein subunit beta	238	21
0979	FBpp0089135	225993	Casein kinase II beta subunit	215	22
0982	FBpp0070871	170380	Citrate synthase, mitochondrial	418	23
0985	FBpp0086701	202410	40S ribosomal protein S23	139	38
0987	FBpp0072128	103941	Nucleosome assembly protein 1	339	24
0988	FBpp0081488	226791	Proteasome subunit beta type-3	201	28
0991	FBpp0072696	117504	Methyltransferase-like protein	268	18
0992	FBpp0080691	207043	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 3	433	14
0993	FBpp0075766	230263	60S ribosomal protein L10a	209	41
1003	FBpp0079447	190501	cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit	343	14

1005	FBpp0072904	161608	Heat shock protein 90 alpha	690	17
1007	FBpp0081606		Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 5	443	11
1013	FBpp0083213	184295	Developmentally-regulated GTP-binding protein 2	362	12
1030	FBpp0088250	201878	ATP synthase subunit beta, mitochondrial	488	28

*Gene ID corresponds to the HaMStR model organisms core orthologs dataset numbering system. †Protein ID corresponds to the *Drosophila melanogaster* (HaMStR primer taxon) protein identification number used in the InParanoid database. Len, length of final Alicut/Aliscore³⁶ trimmed alignment; No. tax., number of taxa sampled. Data matrices including information on the best-fitting model used for each gene for all analyses are available from TreeBase under accession number S11762.

Supplementary Table 5 | Approximately Unbiased (AU) test results.

Alternative Hypothesis	Ln Likelihood Score	P-value	Significantly Worse?
Best tree	-1048338.79		
Adenopoda (Chaetodermomorpha basal)	-1048458.37	0.001	Yes
Hepagastralia (Neomeniomorpha basal)	-1048441.52	2e-04	Yes
Testaria (Polyplacophora + Conchifera)	-1048370.95	0.015	Yes
Diasoma (Bivalvia + Scaphopoda)	-1048350.63	0.626	No
Cyrtosoma (Gastropoda + Cephalopoda)	-1048527.87	2e-08	Yes
Cephalopoda + Scaphopoda	-1048363.12	0.416	No
Gastropoda + Scaphopoda	-1048355.35	0.508	No

AU tests were performed using the matrix of all 308 genes with Annelida as the outgroup corresponding to the tree in Fig. 2. The best fitting AA substitution model for each gene was used in likelihood calculations in RAxML.

Supplementary Table 6 | Clade support assessment across all analyses

Tree:	Fig 2 All 308 genes	Figs S3-S4 All 308 genes broad outgroups	Fig S6 200 best genes	Fig S7 100 best genes	Fig S8 Non-ribosomal genes	Fig S9 Ribosomal genes	Fig S10 InParanoid / HaMStR genes	Fig S11 (bs support only) All 308 genes WAG + CAT + F	Fig S12 (bs support only) All 308 genes LG + CAT + F	Fig S13 (SH-like support) All 308 genes FastTree	Fig S14-S15 No <i>Nematostella</i>	Figure S16a (bs support only) All 308 genes	Figure S16b (bs support only) All 308 genes
Outgroup root:	A	N	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	E + C	E + C	E
Matches													
Fig 2 general topology?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Aculifera	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	92 / 1.00	88 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	94	94
Aplacophora	100 / 0.99	100 / 0.99	100 / 0.99	100 / 0.99	NR	100 / 1.00	96 / 0.98	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	94	94
Neomeniomorpha	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	97 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100
Chaetodermomorpha	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	97 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100
Polyplacophora	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	99 / NR	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100

Conchifera	100 / 0.98	79 / 0.97	58 / 0.97	76 / 0.99	39 / NR	- / 0.97	50 / 0.96	78	95	0.85	100 / 1.00	NR	78
Pleistomollusca	100 / 1.00	- / 1.00	88 / 1.00	93 / 1.00	NR / NR	80 / 0.99	- / 0.99	85	97	0.98	46 / 1.00	98	97
Gastropoda	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100		100 / 1.00	100	100
Bivalvia	100 / 1.00	69 / -	99 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	NR / NR	99 / 1.00	52 / 1.00	98	100	1.00	65 / 1.00	100	100
Scaphopoda + Pleistomollusca	72 / 0.98	93 / 0.88	83 / 0.98	93 / 0.95	81 / 0.90	81 / 0.97	50 / 0.96	88	75	0.98	69 / 0.98	100	95
Scaphopoda	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	98 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100
Cephalopoda	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100	1.00	100 / 1.00	100	100

Values listed are bootstrap support (bs) / posterior probability (pp) unless otherwise. NR, not recovered; A = Annelida, N = *Nematostella*, E = Entoprocta; C = Cycliophora.

Supplementary Table 7 | Morphological matrix for ancestral state reconstruction.

#	Character	Annelida	Neomeniomorpha	Chaetodermomorpha	Polyplacophora	Monoplacophora	Bivalvia	Scaphopoda	Gastropoda	Cephalopoda	Character Coding	Plesiomorphic state of Mollusca (Monoplacophora not considered)
1	Cuticle	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
2	Type of cuticle	1	0	0	0	x	x	x	x	x	(0) Chitinous; (1) Collagenous; (x)	Equivocal
3	Aragonitic sclerites	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
4	Shell	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	2	(0) Absent; (1) Shell(s) not by shell gland; (2) Shell(s) by shell gland.	Absent
5	Periostracum	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (2) Non persistent. Scaphopods have a non-persisting periostracum that is secreted but erodes quickly. Chitons do not have a true periostracum¹⁶.	Absent
6	Periostracal groove	x	x	x	x	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) Not applicable. Coding modified to reflect changes to character 5.	Absent
7	Mantle papillae	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0/1	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
8	Mantle cavity	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
9	Position of mantle cavity	x	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	(0) Circumpedal; (1) Posterior; (x) No mantle cavity.	Equivocal
10	Ctenidia	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
11	Number of ctenidial pairs	x	x	0	3	2	0	x	0	0/1	(0) 1 pair; (1) 2 pairs; (2) 3-6 pairs; (3) More than 6 pairs; (x) No ctenidia.	Equivocal

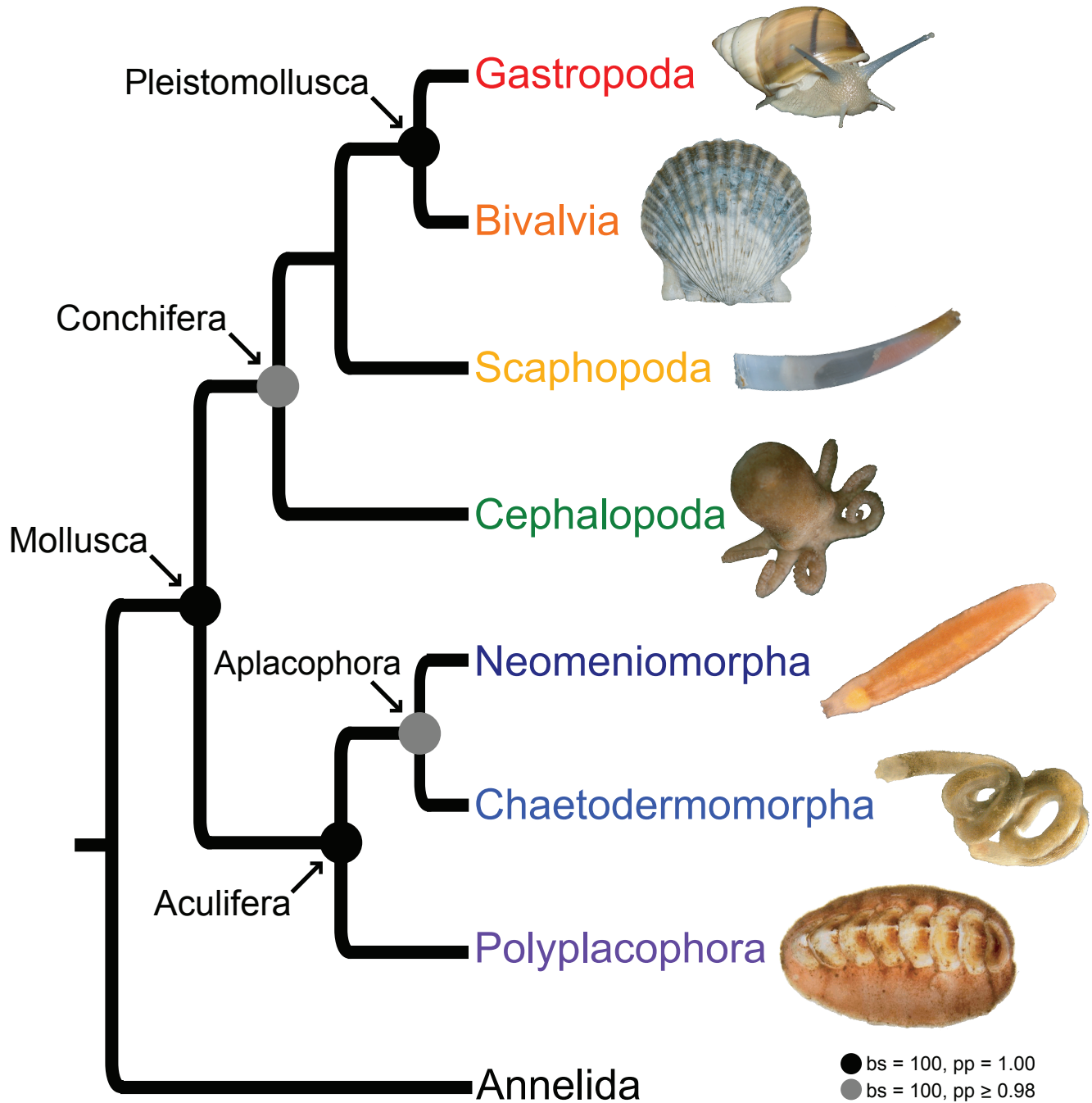
12	Body wall musculature	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Circular/diagonal/longitudinal; (1) Otherwise. Circular/diagonal/longitudinal body wall musculature is found in larval chitons⁴⁴.	Circular / diagonal / longitudinal
13	Structure of longitudinal muscles of body	1	0	0	?	x	x	x	x	x	(0) Smooth; (1) Striated; (x) No longitudinal muscles. The condition in Polyplacophora has not been	Equivocal
14	Intercrossing of the inner dorsoventral musculature (IDVM)	0	1	0/1	1	1	1	1	1	?	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
15	Number of dorsoventral muscle pairs	x	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	(0) Eight or more; (1) Less than eight; (x) no IVDM. This character is coded with fewer states than in Haszprunar (2000)⁴.	Equivocal (at least some)
17	Specific head retractor muscles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
20	Prepedal cirri	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
21	Coelomic cavities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
22	Eucoelomic condition	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
23	Heart in pericardium	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present. The absence of this character in scaphopods is widely	Present
24	Circulatory system	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	(0) Pseudovessels; (1) Mainly sinuial; (2) Mainly endothelial.	Mainly sinuial
25	Pericardioduct	x	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) No pericardium.	Present
26	Formation of coelomoducts	0	1	?	1	?	1	?	1	1	(0) Ingrowth; (1) Outgrowth; (?) Unknown. Neomenioid coelomoducts form via outgrowth¹⁵.	Outgrowth
27	Number of coelomoduct pairs	0/2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0/1	(0) One; (1) Two; (2) More than two; (x) No coelomoduct.	One
28	Podocytes	0/1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present

29	Protonephridia	0/1	1	1	1	?	1	1	1	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present. <i>Chaetoderma</i>¹⁴ and <i>Wirenia</i>¹⁵ have protnephridia.	Present
30	Rhogocytes	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
31	Number of gonads	2/4	2	2	2	2/3	2	1	0	1/2/3	(0) Single "right" (pretorsional left); (1) Single right (2) One pair; (3) two pairs; (4) More than two pairs.	One pair
32	Position of gonad	?	0	0	0	1	0	0	0/1	0	(0) Dorsal of gut; (1) Ventral of gut; (?) Equivocal.	Dorsal of gut
34	Release of gametes through pericardium	x	0/1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) No pericardium.	Absent
36	Jaws	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	2	(0) Absent; (1) Scleroproteinaceous; (2) Chitinous. Polychaete jaws are composed of scleroproteins while mollusc jaws are chitinous⁴⁵.	Equivocal
37	Radula	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
38	Radular membrane	x	1	1	1	1	x	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) Radula lacking. Neomenioids have a radular membrane²⁴.	Present
39	Radular type	x	0	0	1	1	x	1	1	1	(0) Basically distichous/bifid; (1) Basically rasping; (x) No radula.	Basically rasping
40	Buccal cartilages	x	0	0	1	1	x	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) Radula lacking.	Present
41	Oesophageal pouches	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
42	Highly glandular midgut	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
43	Subdivided midgut	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
44	Bilobed midgut gland	x	x	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) No midgut gland.	Equivocal
46	Intestinal loops	0/1	0	0	3	2	3	3	3	3	(0) Absent; (1) Along longitudinal axis; (2) Unidirectional; (3) True bidirectional looping.	Equivocal
47	Position of anus	0/1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	(0) Opposite of oral opening; (1) Near mouth opening at dorsal side; (2) Near	Opposite of oral opening
48	Tetraneury	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
49	Precerebral ganglia	0	0/1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent

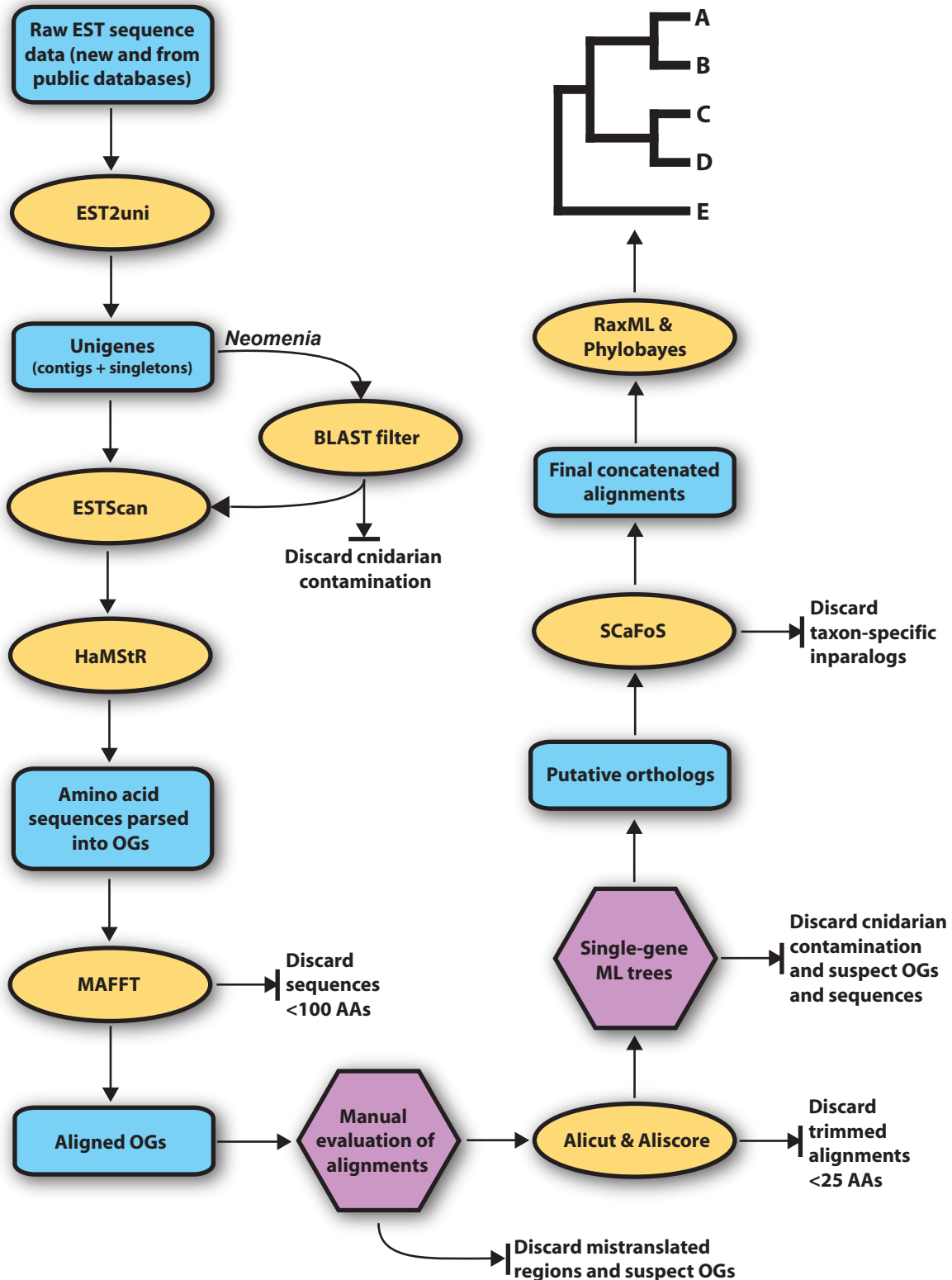
50	Pedal ganglia	x	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present. Neomenioids⁴⁶ and gastropods have pedal (ventral) ganglia.	Equivocal
51	Position of visceral loop	x	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	(0) Between DVM; (1) Outwards DVM; (2) Inwards DVM; (x) No DVM.	Outwards of DVM
52	Position of visceral commisure	x	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Supra-rectal; (1) Sub-rectal; (x) Homology unclear.	Equivocal
53	Innervation of the shell margin	x	x	x	0	0	0	0	1	1	(0) Cerebropleural and visceral; (1) Only cerebropleural; (x) No shell(s).	Equivocal
54	Cerebral (pretracheal) eyes	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Equivocal
55	Paired statocysts	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
57	Position of osphradium	x	1	1	0	x	0	x	0	0	(0) Pallial; (1) Extrapallial; (x) No osphradium.	Pallial
60	Foot	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Present
61	Foot intrinsic musculature	x	0	x	0	1	1	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) No foot. The musculature of the chiton foot is built up of dorsoventral muscles exclusively⁴⁷. Monoplacophorans have a weak intrinsic musculature in the rim of the foot⁴⁸.	Equivocal
62	Internal fertilization	0/1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0/1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent
63	Secondary (anterior) ciliary rootlet	0/1	1	1	1	?	0	1	0	?	(0) Absent; (1) Present. Coding as per Lundin and Schander (1999)⁴⁹, Lundin and Schander (2001)⁵⁰, and Lundin et al. (2008)¹⁹.	Present
64	Adult excretory organs	x	?	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	(0) Connected to the pericardium; (1) Integrated within the peridardioducts; (2) Other. Coding as per Salvini Plawen (2006)⁵¹.	Connected to the pericardium
65	Subradular membrane	0	0	0	1	1	x	1	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) Radula lacking. Coding as per Todt and Salvini-Plawen (2005)⁵².	Equivocal
66	Locomotory cilia in foregut	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present.	Absent

67	Hemocyanin	0	0	1	1	1	0/1	0	1	1	(0) Absent; (1) Present. Coding as per Lieb and Todt (2008) ⁵³ and Lieb and Wilson (2010) ⁵⁴ .	Present
68	Sulfated groups in cuticle staining with DMMB	?	1	1	0	x	x	x	x	x	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) No cuticle. Coding as per Furuhashi et al. (2009) ⁵⁵ .	Absent
69	Apatite in radula	x	?	1	1	0	x	0	0	0	(0) Absent; (1) Present; (x) Radula lacking. Coding as per Cruz et al. (1998) ⁵⁶ .	Absent

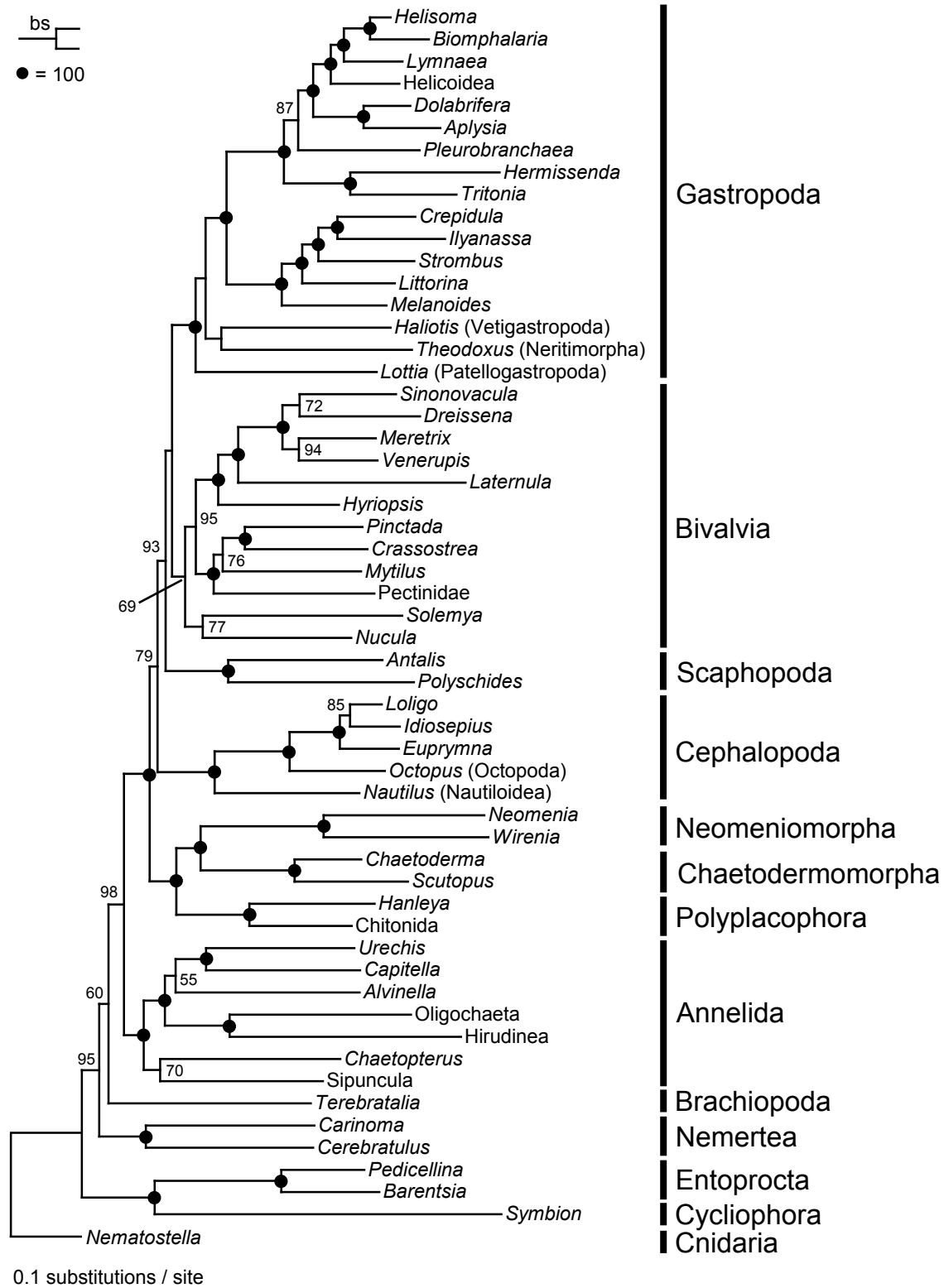
Character numbers and coding based on Haszprunar (2000)⁴; citations are provided for changed or new characters indicated by bold text. Note that several characters suspected of being homoplasious were omitted.



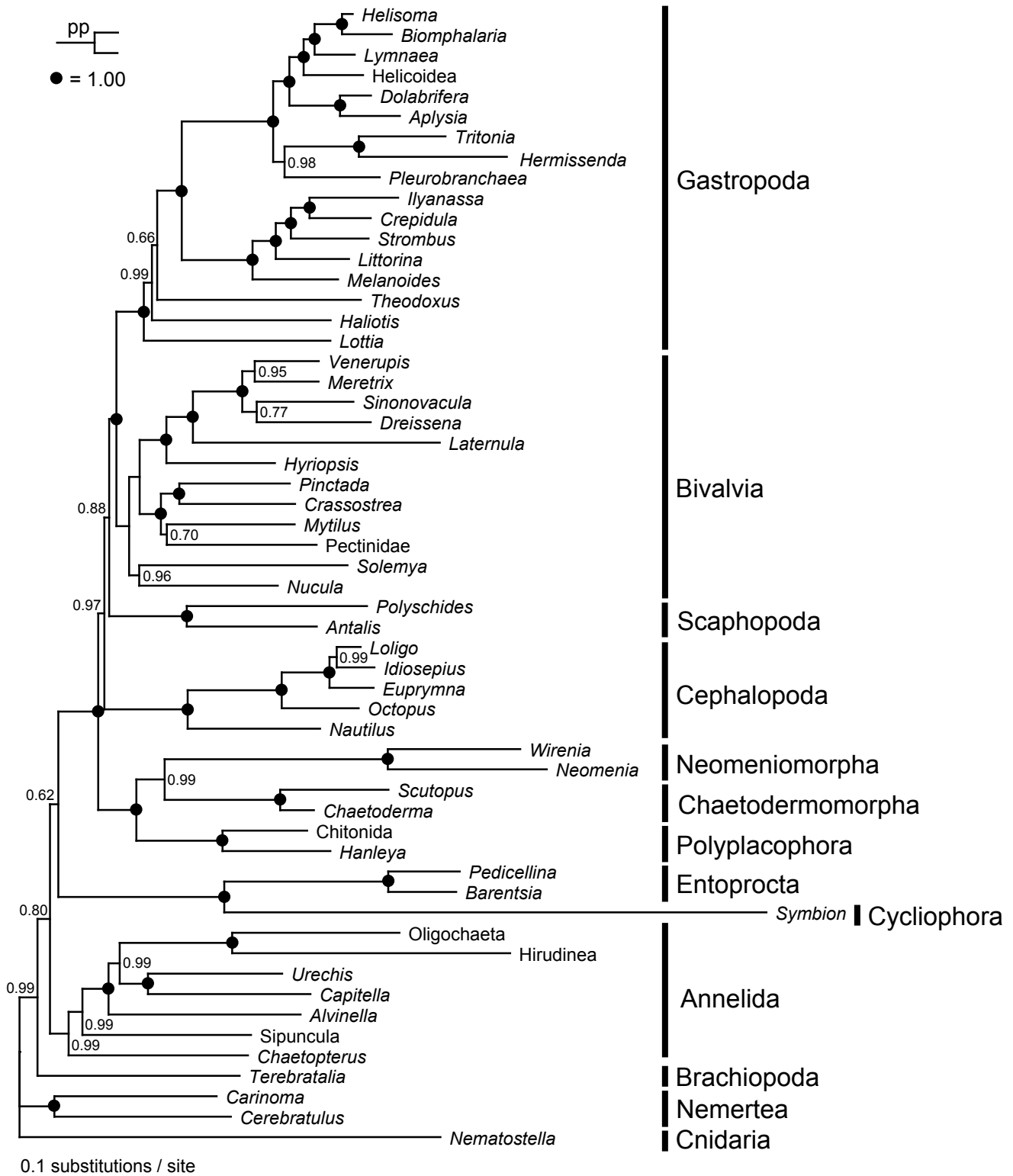
Supplementary Figure 1 | Deep molluscan phylogeny as inferred in the present study. Black circles represent nodes with $bs = 100$ and $pp = 1.00$. Gray circles represent nodes with $bs = 100$ and $pp \geq 0.98$. The actual specimens of *Polyschides* and *Hanleya* used in this study are shown. Photos are not to scale. This is a full-page version of Figure 4 from the main text.



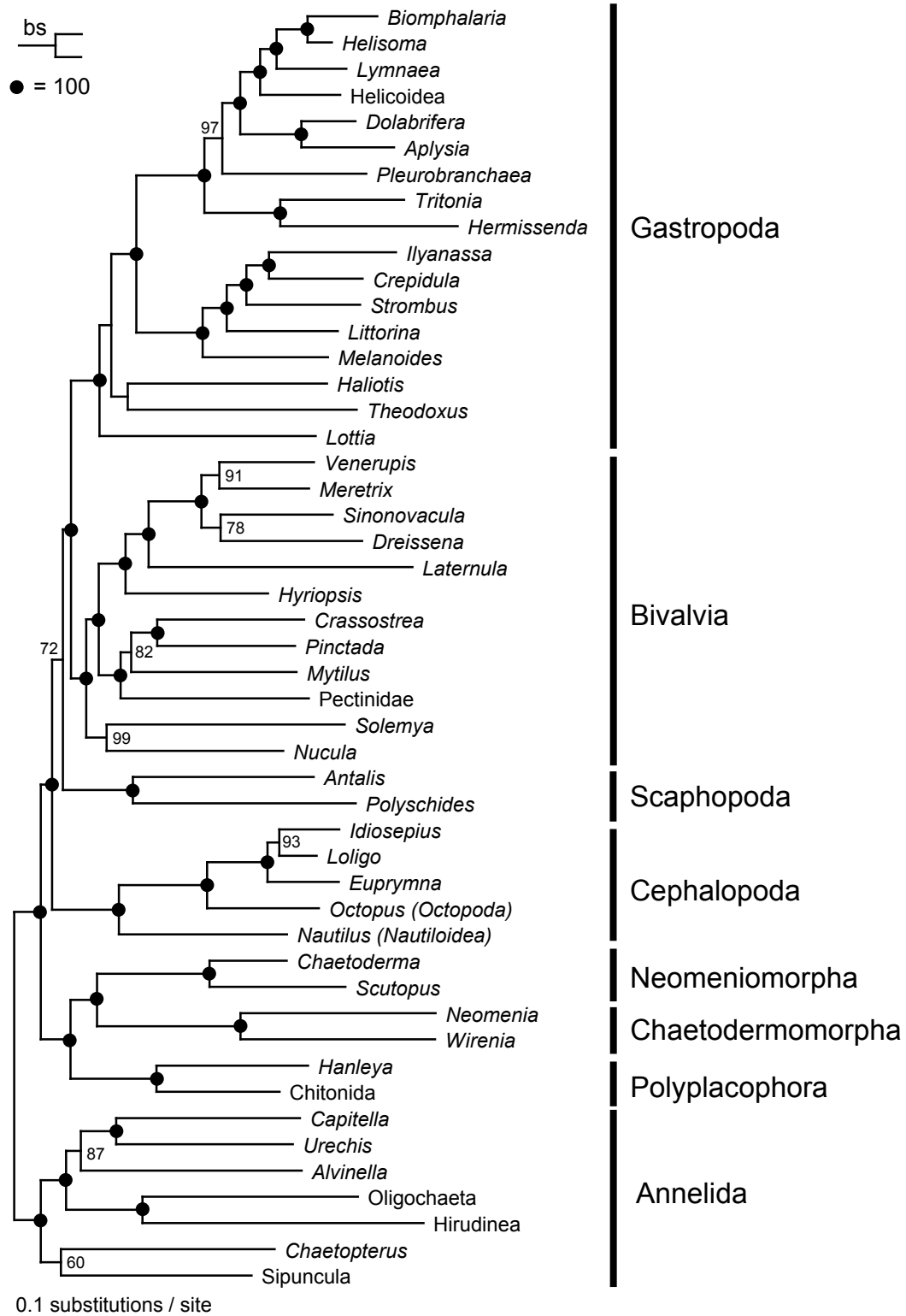
Supplementary Figure 2 | Flow chart of bioinformatics pipeline. Rounded blue rectangles represent input / output files, tan ovals represent programs or scripts, and violet hexagons represent steps involving manual evaluation.



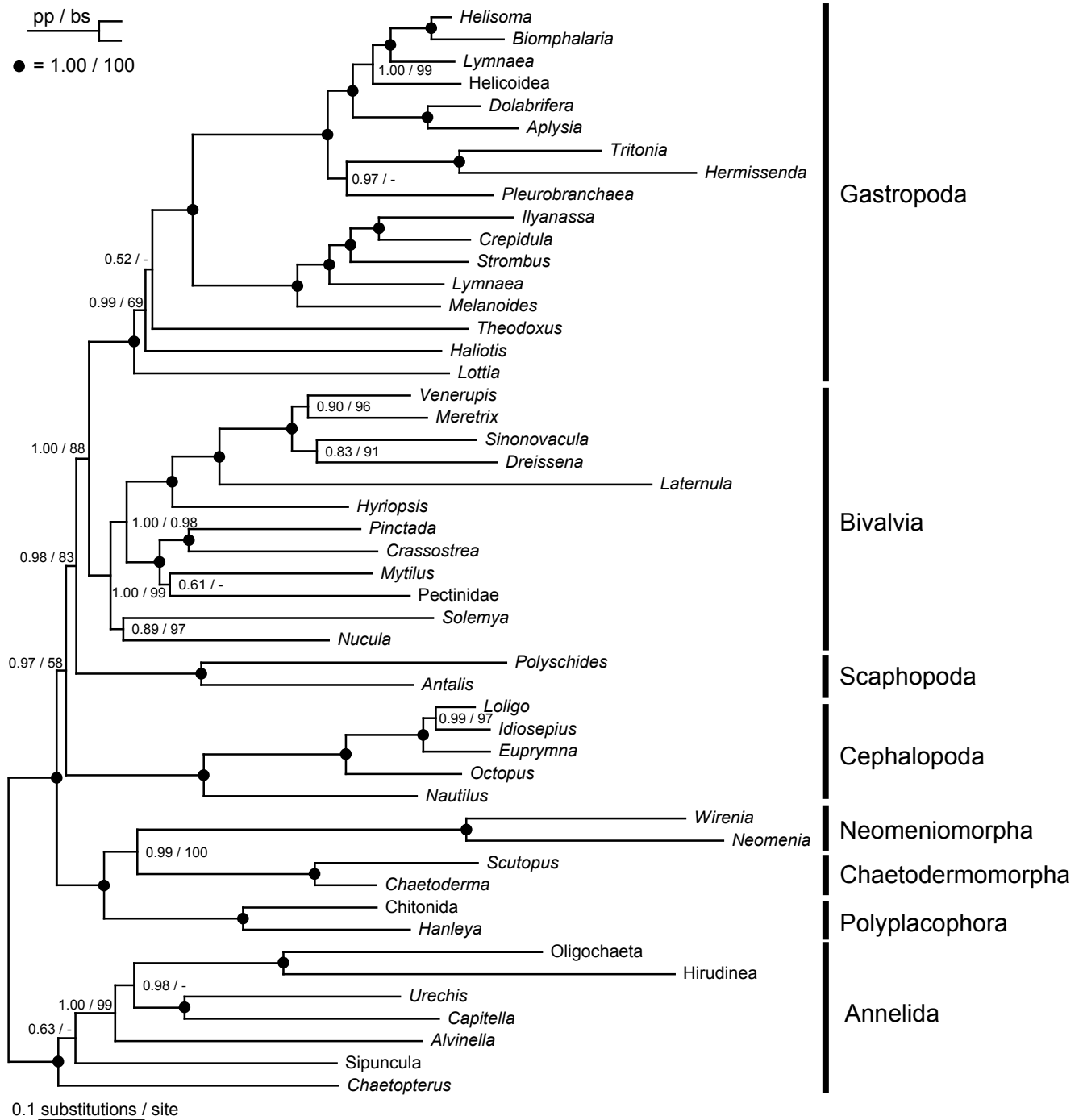
Supplementary Figure 3 | Maximum likelihood topology based on 308 genes with broad outgroup sampling. The most-likely tree (log likelihood = -1,197,496.85) sampled in RAxML using the best-fitting AA substitution model for each gene is shown. ML bootstrap (bs) support values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with bs = 100. Average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 40% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.



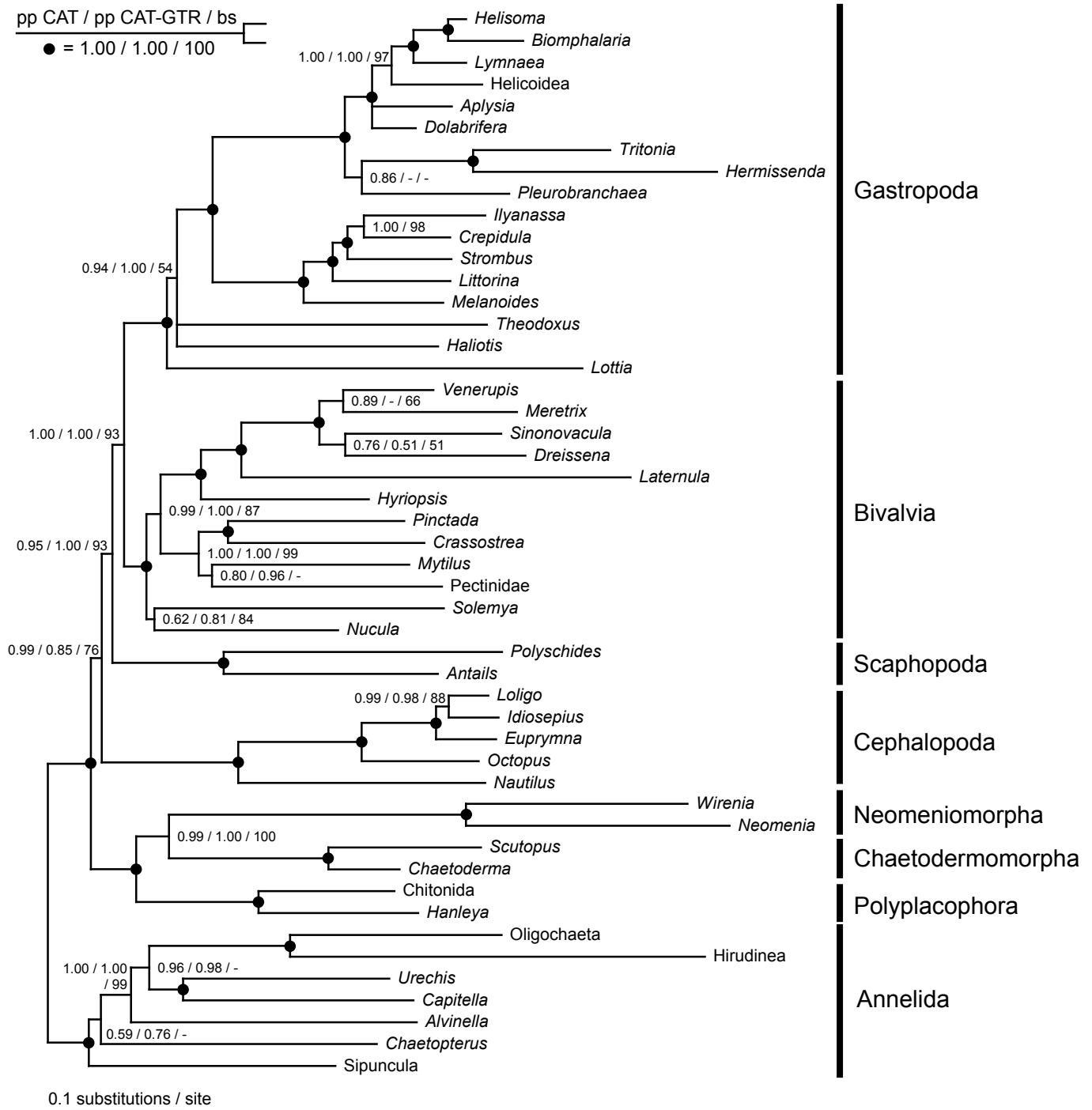
Supplementary Figure 4 | Bayesian inference topology based on 308 genes with broad out-group sampling. Fifty percent majority-rule consensus tree shown. Posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp = 1.00. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 40% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.



Supplementary Figure 5 | Maximum likelihood topology based on 308 genes with Annelida outgroup. The most-likely tree (log likelihood = -1,048,338.79) sampled in RAxML using the best-fitting AA substitution model for each gene is shown. ML bootstrap (bs) support values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 41% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.

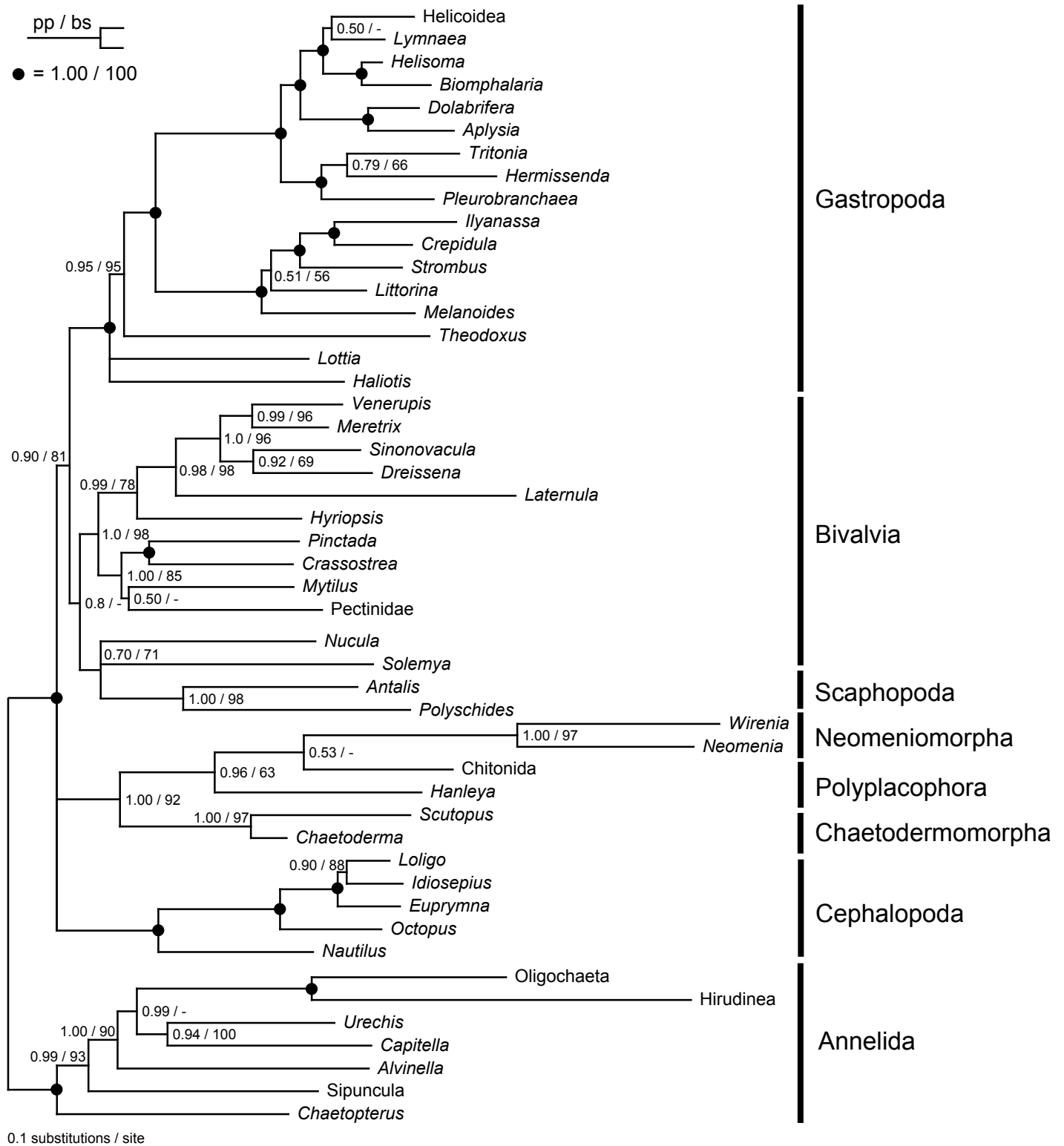


Supplementary Figure 6 | Bayesian inference topology based on 200 best-sampled genes. Fifty percent majority-rule consensus tree shown. Posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 and bootstrap support values (bs) >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp = 1.00 and bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 48% and overall matrix completeness is 31%. The length of the matrix is 52,686 AAs.



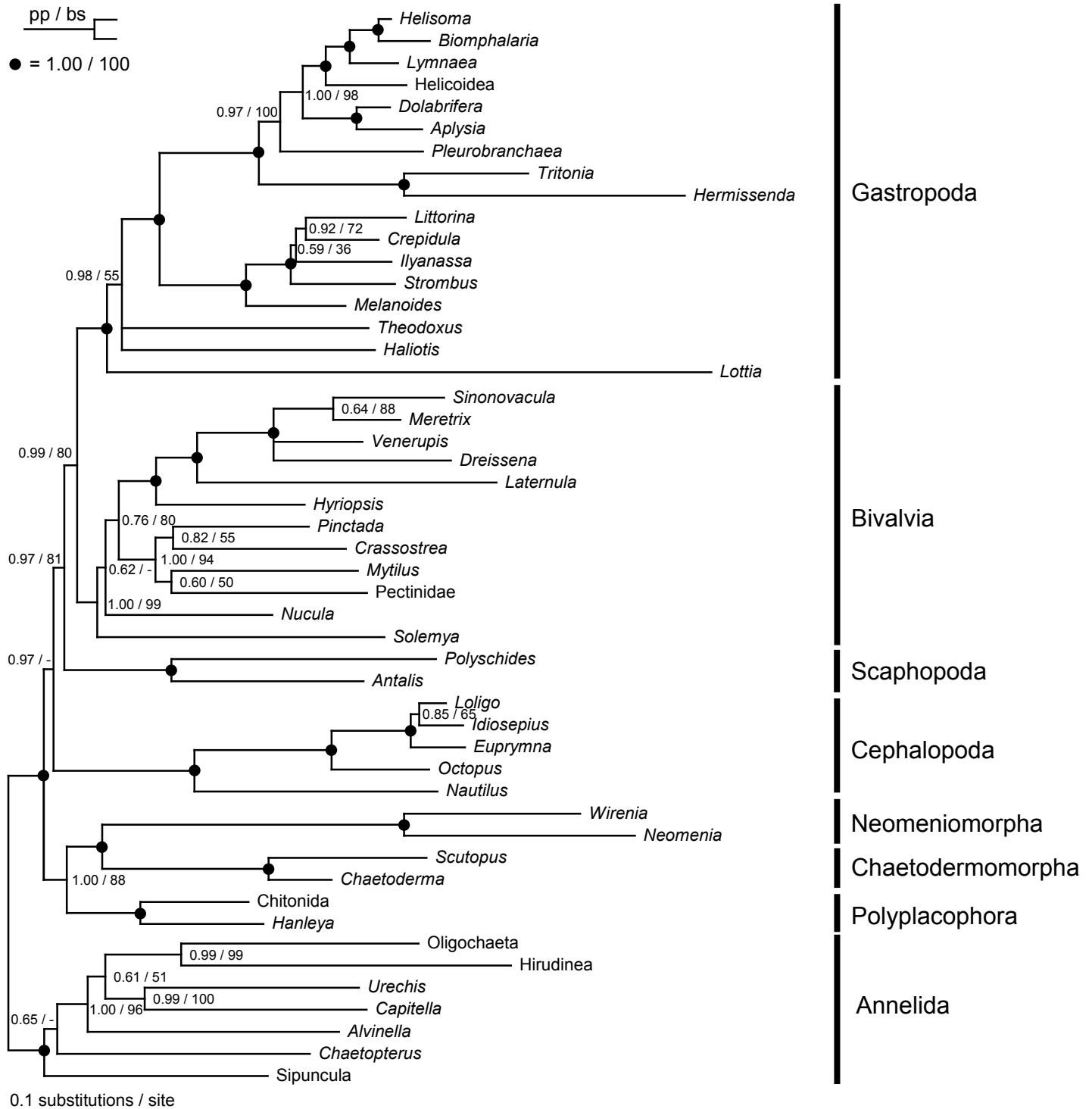
Supplementary Figure 7 | Bayesian inference topology based on 100 best-sampled genes.

Fifty percent majority-rule consensus tree inferred using CAT model shown with CAT and CAT-GTR posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 and bootstrap support values (bs) >50 listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp CAT = 1.00, pp CAT-GTR = 1.00, and bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 61% and overall matrix completeness is 44%. The length of the matrix is 22,053 AAs.

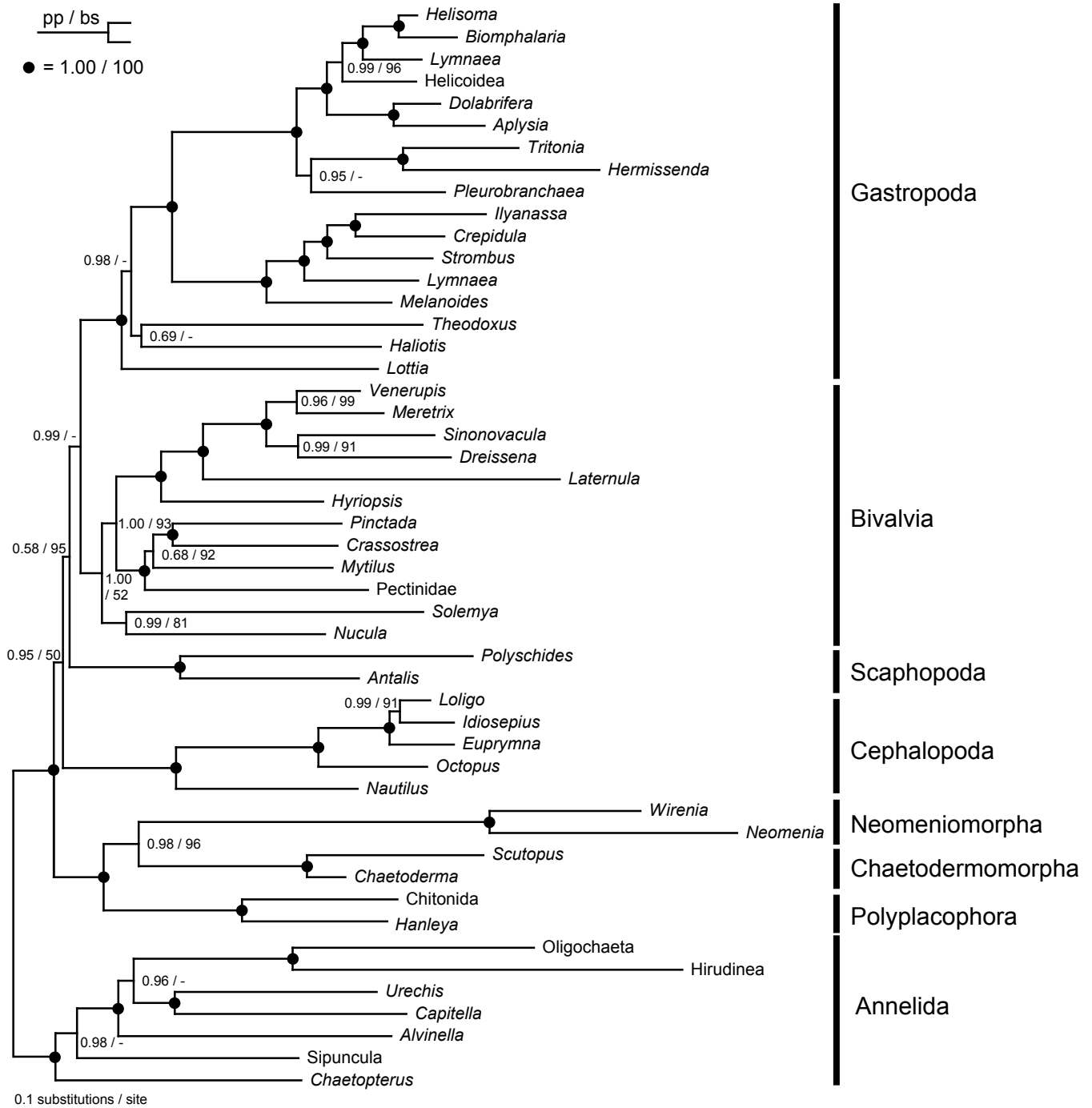


Supplementary Figure 8 | Bayesian inference topology based on non-ribosomal proteins.

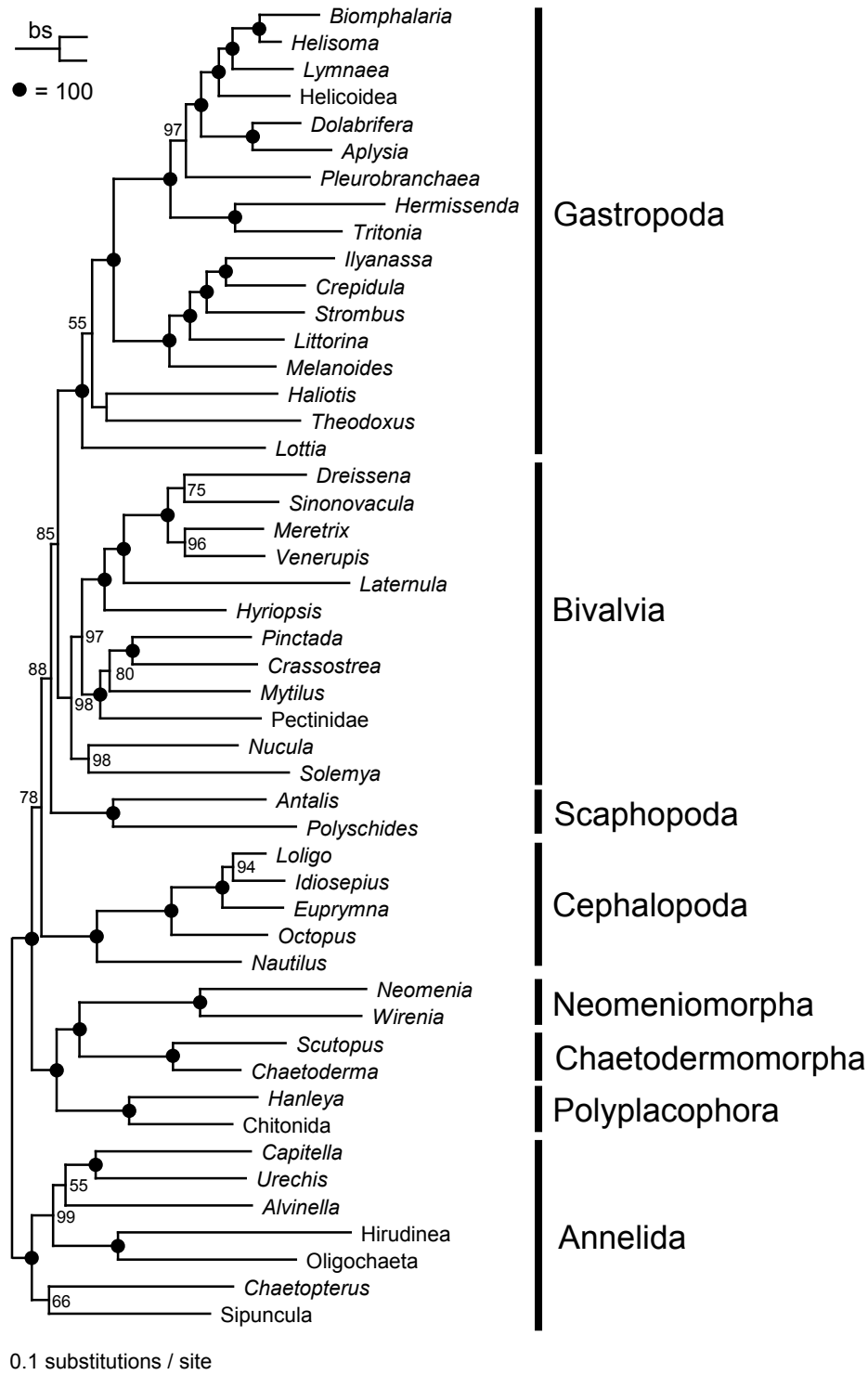
Fifty percent majority rule consensus of approximately 3,000 trees per chain (5 chains) after discarding the first 5,000 trees as burn-in. Posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 and bootstrap support values (bs) >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp = 1.00 and bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 30% and overall matrix completeness is 22%. The length of the matrix, which includes 260 genes, is 76,527 AAs.



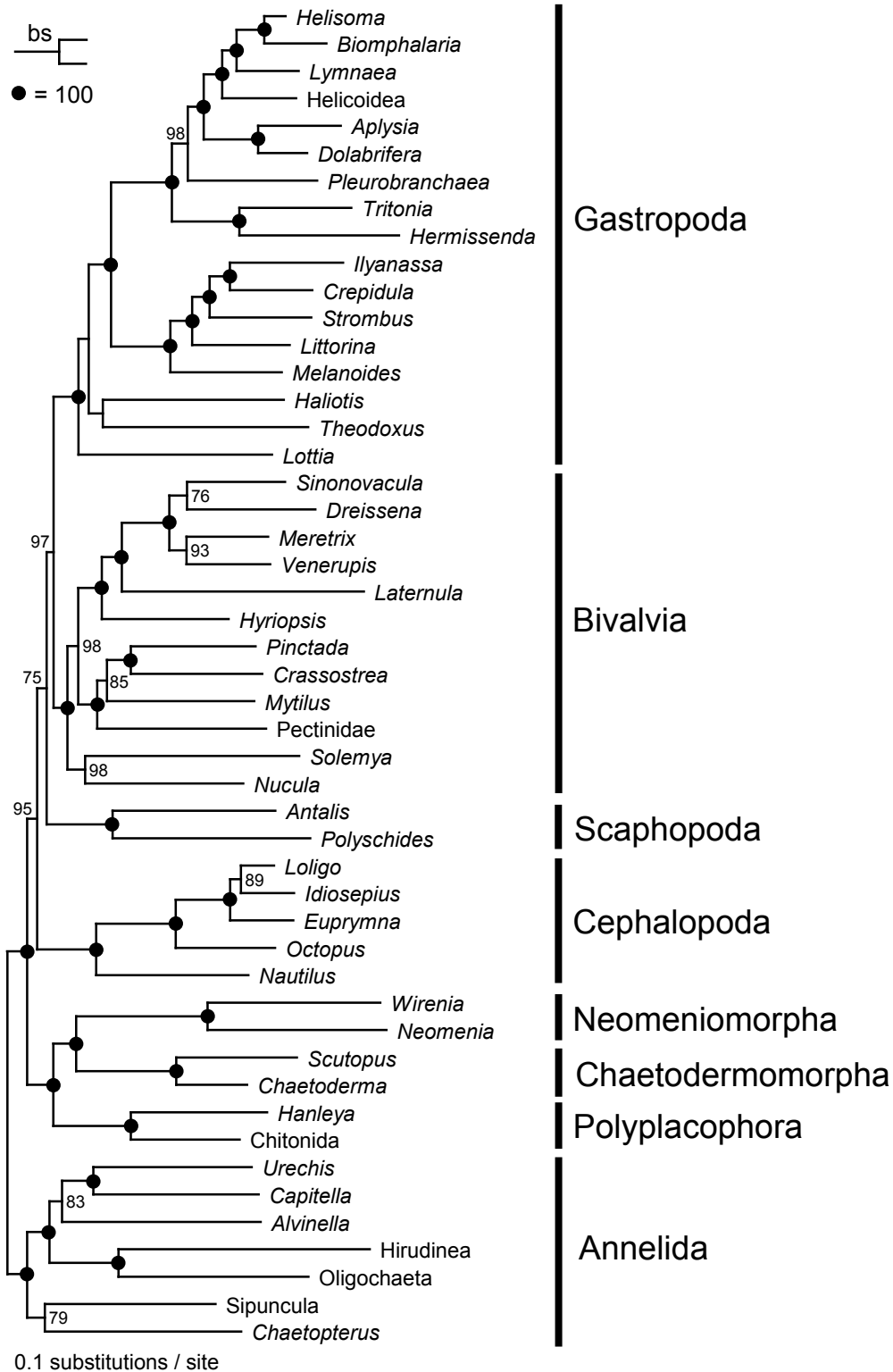
Supplementary Figure 9 | Bayesian inference topology based on ribosomal proteins. Fifty percent majority-rule consensus tree shown. Posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 and bootstrap support values (bs) >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp = 1.00 and bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 67% and overall matrix completeness is 59%. The length of the matrix, which includes 49 genes, is 8,087 AAs.



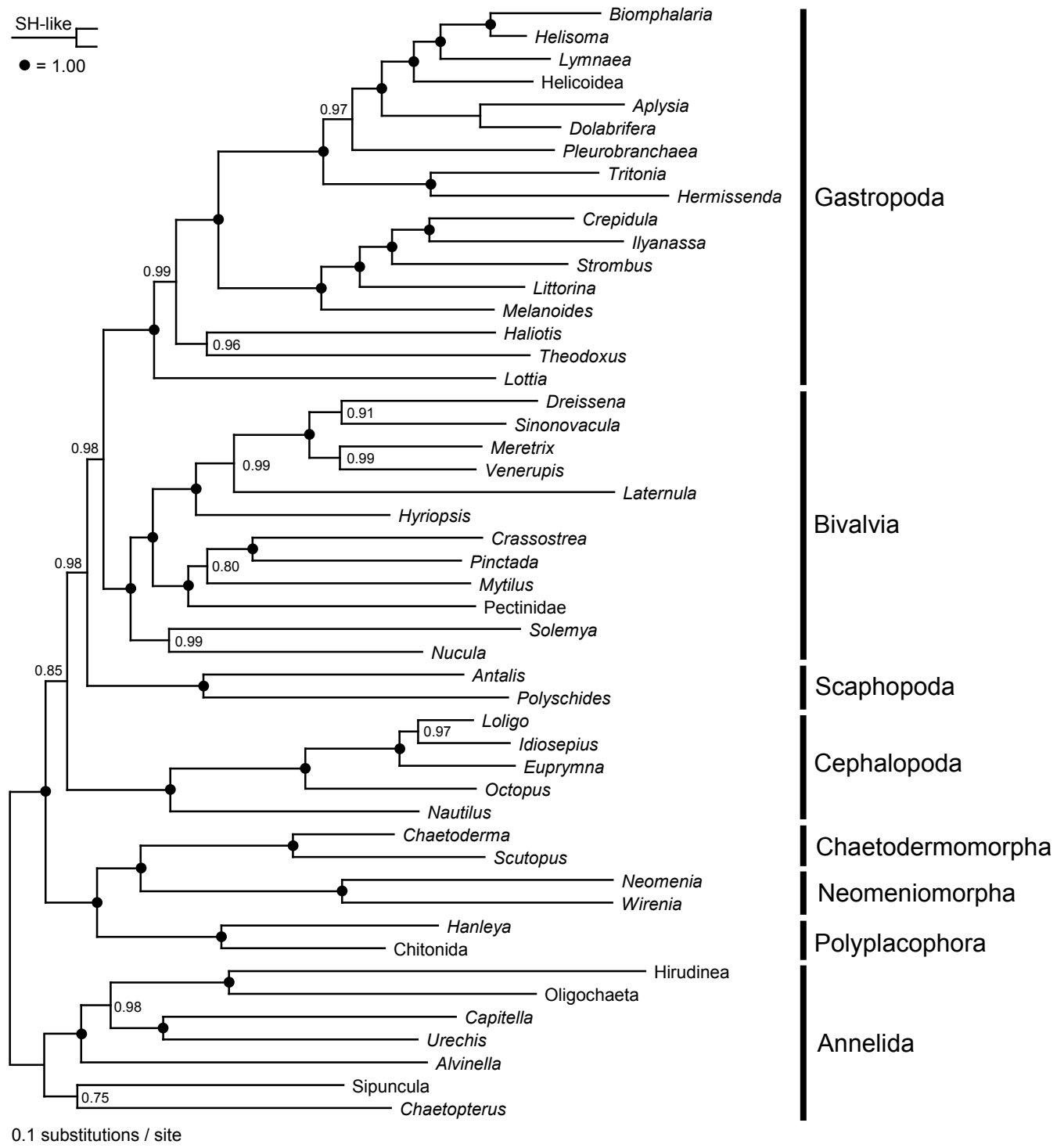
Supplementary Figure 10 | Bayesian inference topology based on genes our method and InParanoid identify the same *Lottia* sequence as an ortholog to the primer taxon (*Drosophila*) sequence. Fifty percent majority-rule consensus tree shown. Posterior probabilities (pp) >0.50 and bootstrap support values (bs) >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with pp = 1.00 and bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 40% and overall matrix completeness is 25%. The length of the matrix, which includes 243 genes, is 66,821 AAs.



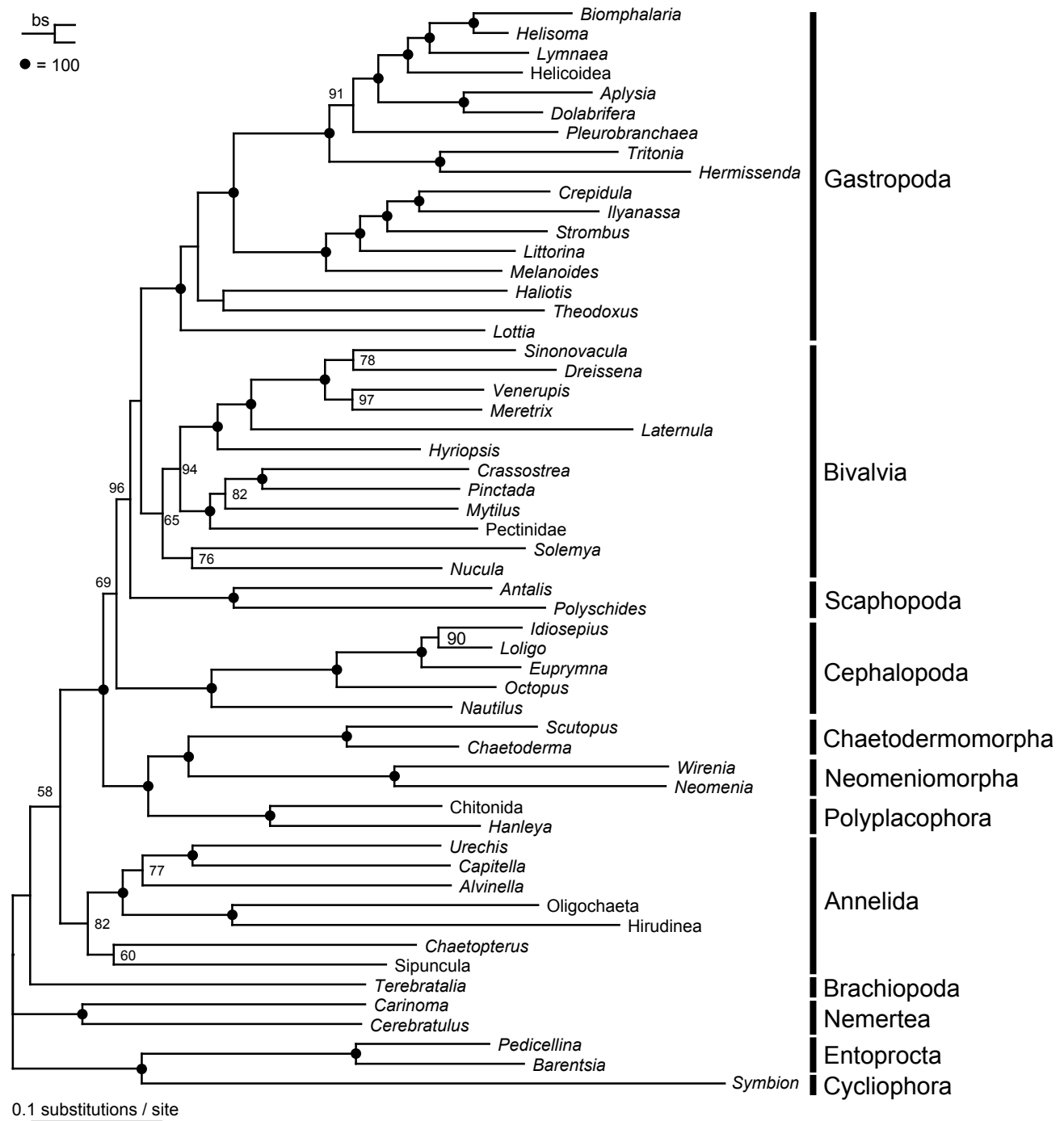
Supplementary Figure 11 | Maximum likelihood topology based on all 308 genes using the WAG + CAT + F model. The most likely tree (log likelihood = -1,055,336.03) sampled in RAxML is shown. Bootstrap support (bs) values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 41% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.



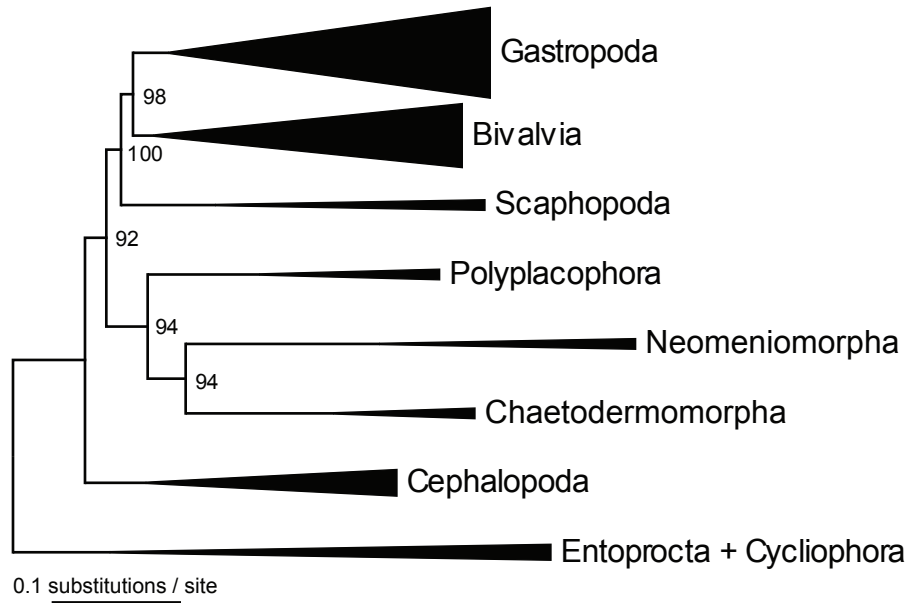
Supplementary Figure 12 | Maximum likelihood topology based on all 308 genes using the LG + CAT + F model. Most likely tree sampled in RaxML shown (log likelihood = -1,052,785.42). Bootstrap support values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with bs = 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 41% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.



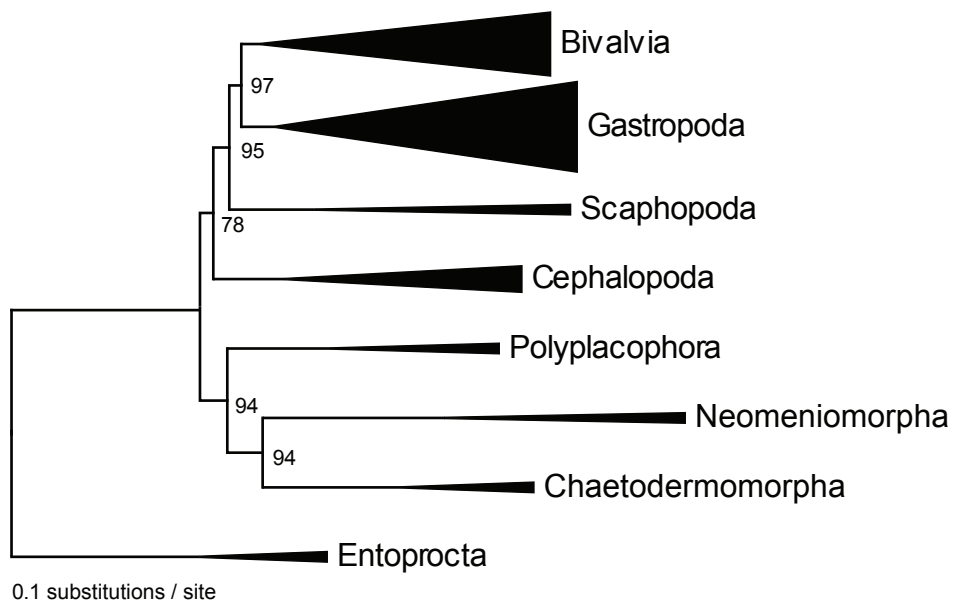
Supplementary Figure 13 | FastTree topology based on all 308 genes using the JTT + CAT model. The most likely tree sampled in FastTree is shown. SH-like support values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with SH-like support values of 100. The average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 41% and overall matrix completeness is 26%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs.



Supplementary Figure 14 | Maximum likelihood topology based on 308 genes with broad outgroup sampling excluding *Nematostella*. The most-likely tree (log likelihood = -1,124,009.87) sampled in RAxML using the best-fitting AA substitution model for each gene is shown. ML bootstrap (bs) support values >50 are listed at each node. Filled circles represent nodes with bs = 100. Average percent of genes sampled per taxon is 39% and overall matrix completeness is 25%. The length of the matrix is 84,614 AAs. This tree has been drawn to be consistent with Fig 2 but it should be considered as an unrooted tree.



a



b

Supplementary Figure 16 | Maximum likelihood topologies based on 308 genes with Entoprocta + Cycliophora or Entoprocta as outgroup. Most-likely tree sampled in RaxML with a, Entoprocta + Cycliophora as outgroup and b, only Entoprocta as the outgroup. All major lineages collapsed for simplicity. Bootstrap support values (bs) >50 are listed at each node.