Supplementary Table 1. List of previous case-control studies where women in this study were previously controls. NHS 1989-1990.

	N controls	
Myocardial Infarction	481	
Diabetes	580	
Rheumatoid Arthritis	212	
Stroke	239	
Parkinson's disease	317	
Colon Cancer	384	
Colon Polyps	334	
Breast Cancer	708	
Endometrial Cancer	251	
Multiple Myeloma	50	
Pancreatic Cancer	171	
Ovarian Cancer	227	
Glaucoma	283	
Peripheral Arterial Disease	264	
Sudden Death	179	
Within Person Stability Study	76	
Total	4756	

Supplementary Table 2. Associations between IL-6 levels and incident clinical depression (broad definition) stratified by menopausal status and use of hormonal replacement therapy. NHS 1989-2010.

		IL-6				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	P trend	
Premenopausal (n=449)						
Number of events	24	12	9	18		
Person-years	1,369	1,463	1,426	1,381		
Age adjusted RR	1.00	0.55 (0.24-1.25)	0.32 (0.13-0.78)	0.73 (0.33-1.61)	0.29	
Age and BMI adjusted RR	1.00	0.50 (0.22-1.18)	0.28 (0.11-0.73)	0.66 (0.27-1.61)	0.23	
Multivariate adjusted RR <sup>1</sup>	1.00	0.25 (0.06-1.04)	0.24 (0.06-0.89)	0.48 (0.13-1.79)	0.20	
Hormone replacement therapy users at time of blood draw (n=1041)						
Number of events	42	48	40	58		
Person-years	3,190	3,079	3,076	2,865		
Age adjusted RR	1.00	1.43 (0.86-2.37)	1.15 (0.69-1.93)	1.72 (1.04-2.82)	0.06	
Age and BMI adjusted RR	1.00	1.44 (0.86-2.40)	1.16 (0.68-1.96)	1.73 (1.04-2.89)	0.06	
Multivariate adjusted RR	1.00	1.78 (1.02-3.11)	1.29 (0.72-2.31)	1.93 (1.08-3.43)	0.07	
Never/past hormone replacement therapy users (n=1089)						
Number of events	39	37	47	38		
Person-years	3,270	3,289	3,164	3,221		
Age adjusted RR	1.00	1.21 (0.71-2.04)	1.47 (0.90-2.41)	1.17 (0.68-2.01)	0.46	
Age and BMI adjusted RR	1.00	1.19 (0.70-2.04)	1.41 (0.85-2.36)	1.08 (0.61-1.90)	0.71	
Multivariate adjusted RR	1.00	1.27 (0.70-2.30)	1.56 (0.88-2.75)	1.21 (0.64-2.28)	0.47	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Adjusted for age, BMI (<20, 20-23, 23-25, 25-28 or ≥28 kg/m²), physical activity (METs/week in quintiles), smoking (never, past 1-24, past ≥25, current 1-24, current ≥25 packs per year), use of NSAIDs or aspirin (no use, use 1-4 days, 5-14 days, 15-21 days, ≥ 22 days/month) caffeine intake (quintiles), alcohol intake (never, <5, 5-10, 10-15 or > 15 mg/day), neighborhood socioeconomic status (quintiles), husband education (college/graduate school vs. completed high school or less), and personal education (completed master or doctorate program vs. registered nurse or bachelor) at time of blood draw.