The *Arabidopsis* TFIIB-related protein BRP4 is involved in the regulation of mitotic cell cycle progression during male gametogenesis

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Supplementary Data:

Supplementary Fig. S1-S5 Supplementary Table S1-S2



Supplementary Fig. S1. Alignment and phylogenetic analysis of BRP4 and TFIIB-related proteins.

(A) Sequence alignment of BRP4 with its close related homologues. Red stars refer to the Cys residues for zinc ribbon domain and green arrows to the borders of B-finger and B-linker domains. The blue boxes show the two core repeat domains. (B) Phylogenetic analysis of *Arabidopsis* TFB-like proteins. (C) Morphology of forty-day-old transgenic plants carrying an empty vector (CK), *pro35S:TFIIB1*, *pro35S:TFIIB2*, *pro35S:BRP2* construct, respectively. Scale bar: 2 cm. (D) Expression of *TFIIB1*, *TFIIB2*, *BRP2* in CK and their three independent transgenic plants (as L1 to L6), respectively.



Supplementary Fig. S2. Expression pattern and subcellular localization of BRP4.

(A) GUS staining of transgenic inflorescence carrying a *proBRP4:GUS* construct. Scale bar: 3mm. (B) GUS and DAPI staining of *proBRP4: GUS* mature pollen. Scale bar: 20μm. (C) Expression profile of *BRP4* in different organs revealed by AtGenExpress Visualization Tool (AVT) in TAIR database. (D) Expression level of *BRP4* in flowers at anther development stage 5-14 and in mature pollen revealed by *Arabidopsis* electronic Fluorescent Pictograph (eFP) browser in TAIR database. (E) Morphology of forty-day-old seedlings of CK and *pro35S: BRP4-GFP* plants. Scale bar: 2 cm. (F-G) Nucleus localization of BRP4-GFP protein in root (F) and petal (G) cells. Root and petal epidermal cells of transgenic plants carrying a *pro35S: BRP4-GFP* construct were used to determine fusion protein localization. The GFP signal, DAPI staining, bright-field and overlaid images are shown from left to right. Scale bar: 10 μm.



Supplementary Fig. S3. Characterization of transgenic *proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi* and *proACT11:BRP4 RNAi* plants.

(A) Schematic illustration of *proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi* and *proACT11:BRP4 RNAi* constructs. (B) Expression analysis of *TFIIB1*, *TFIIB2* and *BRP2* in WT and transgenic *proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi* inflorescences (L3, L7, L9 and L10). (C) Fertility analysis of WT and *proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi* siliques as described in (B). Sixteen siliques from eight plants were measured for each line and data are shown as mean values±SD (Student's *t*-test, **P<0.01). (D-E) Alexander's staining of mature pollen in WT (D) and *proACT11:BRP4 RNAi* plants (E). Scale bar: 20 μm. (F) Expression of *BRP4* in transgenic *proACT11:BRP4 RNAi* inflorescences. The data are from three biological replicates and shown as mean values±SD (Student's *t*-test, **P<0.01).



Supplementary Fig. S4. Identification of genes downstream of BRP4.

(A) Expression analysis of genes involved in mitotic cell cycle progression of male gametophytes in WT and transgenic *proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi* plants. (B-C) *ORC6* is up-regulated by expression of *BRP4*. The transgenic seedlings harboring a chemical-inducible *proXVE:BRP4* construct were treated with 10 μ m (+)17-ß-estradiol for times indicated, and expression levels of *BRP4* (B) and *ORC6* (C) were determined by qRT-RCR. The data are from three biological replicates.



Supplementary Fig. S5. Generation and characterization of transgenic proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi plants.

(A) Schematic illustration of *proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi* construct and an empty vector containing only the *BRP4* promoter (CK). (B) Percentages of the shrunken pollen in WT, CK and transgenic *proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi* L2, L4 and L5 plants. (C) Expression of *ORC5* and *ORC6* in WT, CK and transgenic *proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi* lines as described in (B). The data are from three biological replicates and shown as mean values±SD (Student's *t*-test, **P<0.01). (D) RT-PCR analysis of *ORC* genes in WT and transgenic *proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi* lines as described in (B).

Supplementary Table S1. The primers used for expression analysis in this study

Primers	Sequences (5'-3')	Description
BRP4-QF	TGTCACCACCGAGCACAAGAATG	qRT-PCR
BRP4-QR	TTCATCGGAAGAAGCAGTAATCGTC	
BRP4-insiF	GCGACTCCATTGAAAGAAGA	In-situ
BRP4-insiR	TCAAGACCACACCCGAAG	
RHF1a-QF	TCTTTATCGTCTCTCTGCTATTTCCCA	qRT-PCR
RHF1a-QR	CGAGGATGCTTCAGGTGATTTTG	
RHF2a-QF	TACAACATCTTCCAGTGGGGGTG	qRT-PCR
RHF2a-QR	ATGTCCTTGACTTGACGACCTGC	
DUO1-QF	TTAAGTTAGAGCATCAGCCTTTCGC	qRT-PCR
DUO1-QR	TGAGGGAGAGCGAACAATGGC	
DUO3-QF	AAGGAGAAGAAGGCTCAGAATGCG	qRT-PCR
DUO3-QR	GCTACTCGGATCCAGACTCAACCAA	
CDKA;1-QF	GATTGGTGAAGGAACTTACGGTGTG	qRT-PCR
CDKA;1-QR	GGAACACCTTCATCCTCCTGCTCTA	
ORC6-QF	CGCCGTCTTTGCGATGCTC	gRT-PCR
ORC6-QR	TCAATTTAACCGCTGCTTGCCTAT	
ORC4-F	CGGCGGAGAAATCCCTAAATC	RT-PCR
ORC4-R	CTTTGCTCCTTCACTTCTAACCTCC	
ORC1A-F	AAAAAGTCAGGTCAAACACTTGTGG	RT-PCR
ORC1A-R	TCGAAACCCCACGAACACTCT	
ORC1B-F	AAAAAGTCTGGTCAAAGTCAAACA	RT-PCR
ORC1B-R	TCAAACCTCCTCGCTTACTCTTCAA	
ORC2-F	ATGGAGGACATTGAGAACATAGAAGA	RT-PCR
ORC2-R	CTACTGATTGAGATCAAGCAAAAGCT	
ORC3-F	TTCACAAGGCTTCGTCTGGTAAT	RT-PCR
ORC3-R	CTCGTCACAGATGGCAAGTCAAA	
ORC5-F	AACTCAGAACCTATTGAATCCCACA	RT-PCR
ORC5-R	GCCATCATGAGGGTGACTAGAGA	
CYCA2;1-QF	AGACCGAGTAATAAACGAATGGCA	qRT-PCR
CYCA2;1-QR	TGCTTAGTTTCTTTACCACCTCGC	
CCS52A2-QF	TGTGAACACGCCGCAGCA	qRT-PCR
CCS52A2-QR	AGCAGTGCCACCACCAGAAG	
E2FB-QF	AACAGGATTCAGTGGAAGGGTCT	qRT-PCR
E2FB-QR	TTTCAGTGACGAACAGTAACCTTTT	
CYCB3;1-QF	GAACACTCTAAGGATTCCAACGCT	qRT-PCR
CYCB3;1-QR	ACCAACTGAGACCCTTTTCGGAT	
CYCB2;4-QF	TTGTGCTGTCAAGAGACCATTCA	qRT-PCR
CYCB2;4-QR	CATCTGTTATGATTCTATCTAATGCTTCG	
CYCD2;1-QF	AACTATGGCGGCGGATTTACGA	qRT-PCR
CYCD2;1-QR	CGTTGCCGCCAAAGTTGTCGT	
57380-F	GAAAGCACCATACCCCAGGTT	RT-PCR
57380-R	TATTCCCAAGCATCAACGATGATTC	
ORC5-QF	CTCAGAACCTATTGAATCCCACA	qRT-PCR
ORC5-QR	AAGAGTAGGGCAATCTAACGGC	
ORC6-R	TCTTTGGTCTCAGATTTCTTTGGGAA	RT-PCR with ORC6-QF

Supplementary Table S2. The primers used for the generation of DNA constructs

in this study

Primers	Sequences (5'-3')	Description	
57370F	ATGACGATGAAGTGGGGTCACA	<i>pro35S:antiBRP4</i> construct and RT- PCR	
57370R	CTAAGGAGCTCCAAGGTTTTTCAG		
57370-SF	ctcgagccATGACGATGAAGTGGGGT	pro35S:BRP4 construct	
57370-SR	aagcttCTAAGGAGCTCCAAGGTTTTTC		
BRP2F	ggatccATGGAAGAAGAGACCTGCTTGGAC	pro35S:BRP2 construct and RT-PCR	
BRP2R	gaattcTTATACTGAAAATTTTGCAGAATCCCA		
TFIIB1F	ggatccATGTCGGATGCGTATTGTACGG	pro35S:TFIIB1 construct and RT-PCR	
TFIIB1R	gtcgacTCAAGGACTTGACAGGTTTTTCAGA		
TFIIB2F	gtcgacATGAGTGACGCGTTTTGTTCGG	pro35S:TFIIB2 construct and RT-PCR	
TFIIB2R	gaattcTCAAGGGCTTTGAAGGTTCTTGA		
BRP4-AscR	ggcgcgccaAGGAGCTCCAAGGTTT	pro35S:BRP4-GFP construct with 57370F	
ACT11F	gaattcTCATATCTTCTGCTTTTCTGT	proACT11:BRP4 RNAi construct-	
ACT11R	ggtaccTTTCTATATCCTGTCAAAATT	promoter fragment	
BRP4i-F	gagctcGTGTTCTCTTGTCGCCGTTA	proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi construct-	
BRP4i-R	ggtaccCGAAACCCTAATTTTCTGTCC	promoter fragment	
BRP4-FF	tctagaGCGACTCCATTGAAAGAAGA	proBRP4:BRP4 RNAi and	
BRP4-FR	ctgcagTCAAGACCACACCCGAAG	proACT11:BRP4 RNAi construct-	
BRP4-RF	ctcgagatctGCGACTCCATTGAAAG	RNAi fragment	
BRP4-RR	atcgatTCAAGACCACACCCGAAG		
ORC6-FF	tctagaGAGGTTTCTTGCGTCACTACCAG	proBRP4:ORC6 RNAi construct-RNAi fragment	
ORC6-FR	ctgcagATCCCAACACAGTCAAAACAAAG		
ORC6-RF	ggtaccGAGGTTTCTTGCGTCACTACCAG		
ORC6-RR	ctcgagATCCCAACACAGTCAAAACAAAG		
BRP4-induF	ctcgagATGACGATGAAGTGGGGT	proXVE:AtBRP4 construct	
BRP4-induR	actagtCTAAGGAGCTCCAAGGTT		
BRP4-F	gtcgacAGGAGGATAATCTGATAG	proBRP4:GUS construct	
BRP4-R	ggatccCGAAACCCTAATTTTCTGTCC		