



Supplemental Material to:

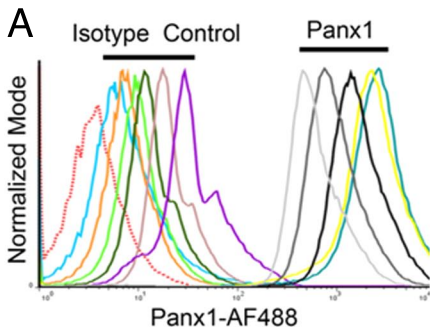
**Kenji F Shoji, Pablo J Sáez, Paloma Harcha, Hector L Aguila,
and Juan C Sáez**

**Pannexin1 channels act downstream of P2X7 receptors in
ATP-induced murine T-cell death**

March/April 2014; Vol 8 (2)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.4161/chan.28122>

<http://www.landesbioscience.com/journals/channels/article/28122>



anti-Panx1 Isoty Ctrl.

— 1:800 — 1:800

— 1:400 — 1:400

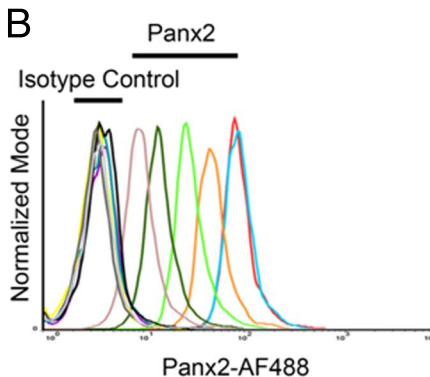
— 1:200 — 1:200

— 1:100 — 1:100

— 1: 50 — 1: 50

— Only second antibody

— Unstained



Isoty Ctrl. anti-Panx2

— 1:1600 — 1:1600

— 1: 800 — 1: 800

— 1: 400 — 1: 400

— 1: 200 — 1: 200

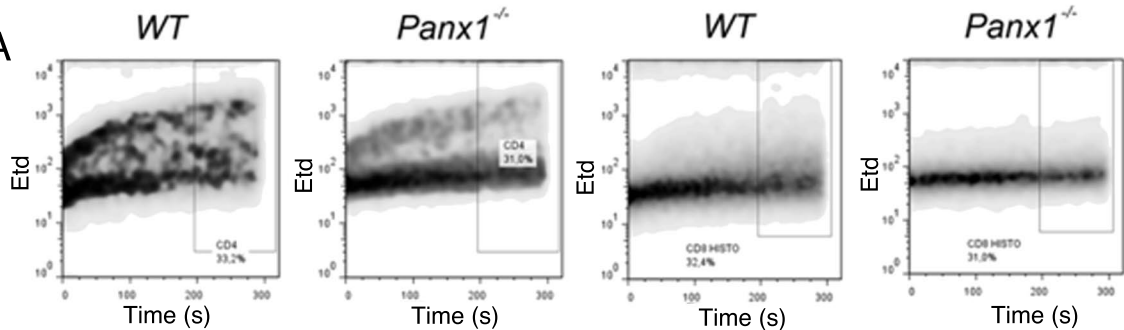
— 1: 100 — 1: 100

— 1: 50 — 1: 50

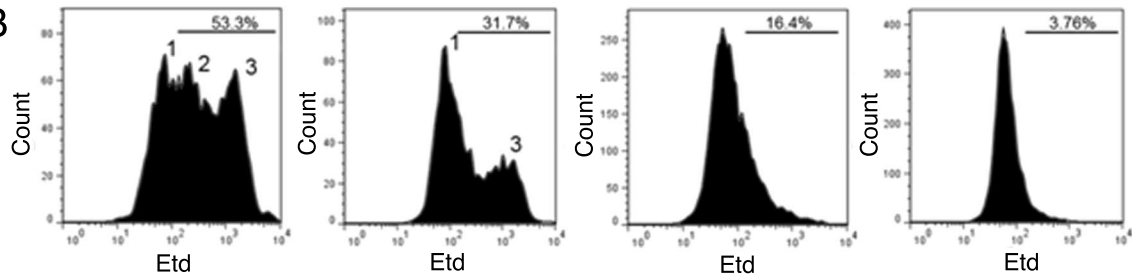
CD4

CD8

A



B



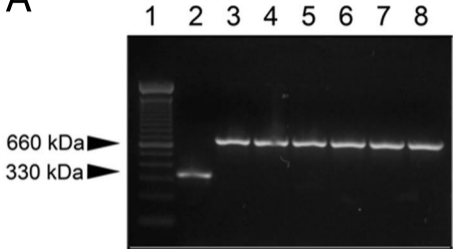
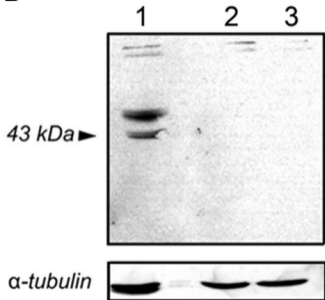
A**B**

Figure S1. Titration of Panx1 and Panx2 antibodies. Representative histogram plots showing the titration curves done for rabbit anti-Panx1 **(A)** and anti-Panx2 **(B)** antibodies. Isotype IgGs were used as non-specific controls. On the right side, the different treatments applied are listed and denoted by the corresponding line color.

Figure S2. Different pathways of dye uptake in CD4 T cells. T cells derived from WT or Panx1^{-/-} mice were labeled with anti-CD4 conjugated to AF488 and anti-CD8 conjugated to APC and incubated with 1 mM ATP. Cells were monitored in real time with flow cytometry and displayed as densitometric analysis **(A)** or as histogram **(B)**. Real time flow cytometric experiments were done, and representative densitometric curves showing the Etd uptake in CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ gated cells were taken. **(A)** Representative Etd kinetics between WT or Panx1^{-/-} cells are shown. **(B)** Etd uptake histogram showing the frequency of dye uptake by responding cells from WT or Panx1^{-/-} mice, in either CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells.

Figure S3. Targeted disruption in mouse Panx1^{-/-} gene. Evidence for complete Panx1 deletion was obtained by RT-PCR analysis from tail DNA from 8-week-old mice and western blot analyses using total PLNs. **(A)** PCR experiments yielded a 330-bp for wild type mouse (line **1**) and 660-bp for C57B6 / Panx1^{-/-}(lines **2-8**). **(B)** Representative immunoblot showing Panx1 in mouse PLNs from wild type (line **1**) and Panx1^{-/-} mice (lines **2,3**)(100 µg of total protein/lane). In wild type, immunoreactive bands are likely to correspond to the non-glycosylated (43 kDa) and glycosylated forms (60 kDa) of Panx1. At the bottom, immune blot showing α-tubulin used as protein loading controls.