

Supporting Information

Sariñana et al. 10.1073/pnas.1407395111

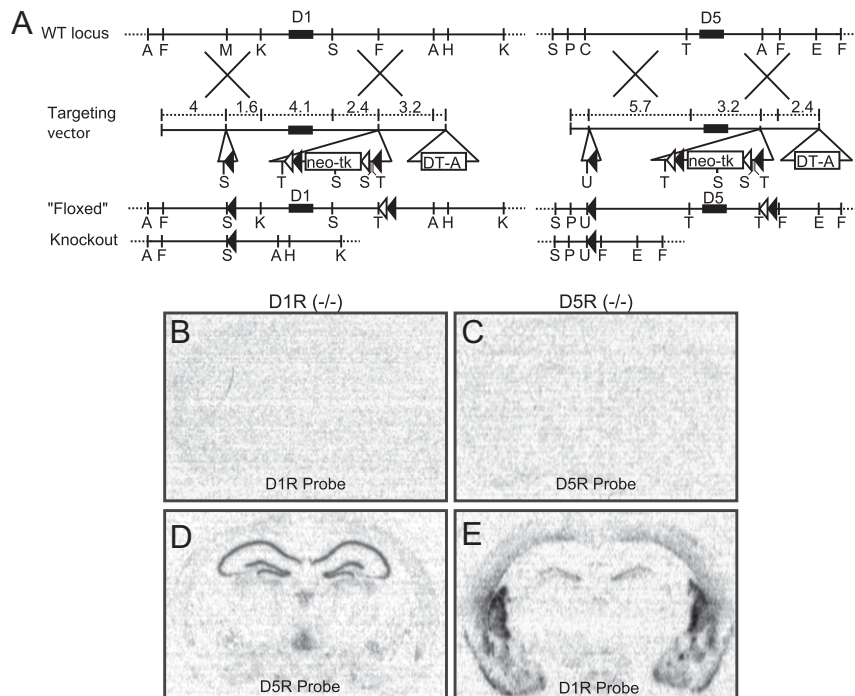


Fig. S1. Generation of knockout mice. (A, Top) Wild-type loci (D1, Left; D5, Right). The coding regions are indicated as filled boxes. (Middle) Targeting vectors where a loxP site was inserted 5' of the coding regions, a LNT cassette was inserted 3' of the coding regions, and a diphtheria toxin A (DT-A) marker was inserted at the 3' end. The floxed D1 and D5 gene (Bottom). (B and D) D1R^{-/-} D1R mRNA probe (B) and D5 mRNA probe (D). (C and E) D5R^{-/-} D5 mRNA probe (C) and D1 mRNA probe (E).

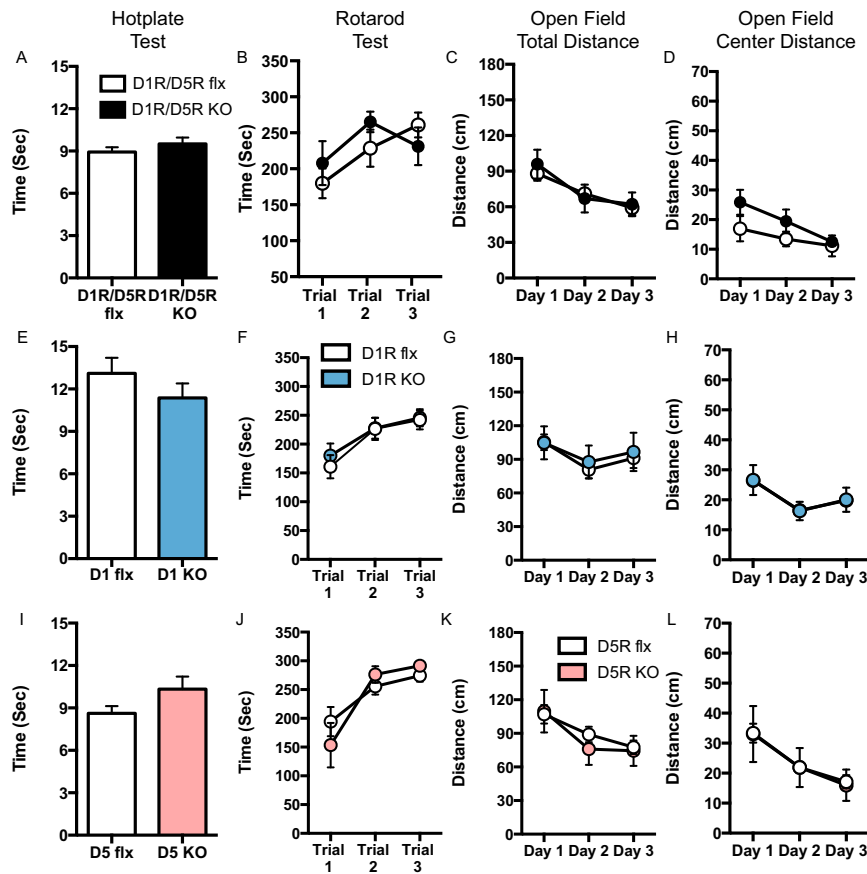


Fig. S2. Pain sensitivity, anxiety, and motor activity is normal in KO mice. (A, E, and I) Hotplate sensitivity test (D1R/D5R flx, $n = 10$; KO, $n = 8$; D1R flx, $n = 17$; KO, $n = 13$; D5R flx, $n = 14$; KO, $n = 7$). (B, F, and J) Rotarod motor test (D1R/D5R flx, $n = 8$; KO, $n = 7$; D1R flx, $n = 18$; KO, $n = 21$; D5R flx, $n = 14$; KO, $n = 7$). (C, G, and K) Open field total distance (D1R/D5R flx, $n = 6$; KO, $n = 9$; D1R flx, $n = 28$; KO, $n = 26$; D5R flx, $n = 16$; KO, $n = 7$). (D, H, and L) Open field center distance (D1R/D5R flx, $n = 6$; KO, $n = 9$; D1R flx, $n = 28$; KO, $n = 26$; D5R flx, $n = 16$; KO, $n = 7$).

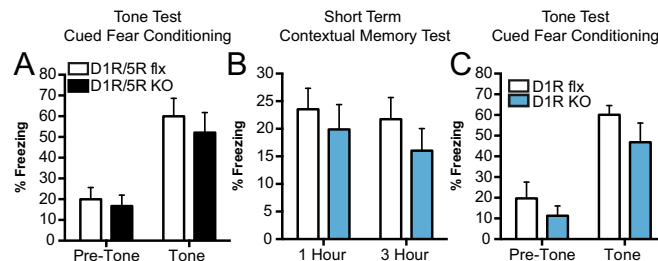


Fig. S3. Short-term and cued-fear memory. (A) D1R/D5R KO line cued-fear conditioning tone test. (flx = 8, KO = 8). (B) DG D1R KO Line 1 h (flx = 8, KO = 10) and 3 h (flx = 11, KO = 8) short-term memory test. (C) DG D1R KO line cued-fear conditioning tone test (flx = 8, KO = 6).