Supplemental information

Microbicidal effects of α - and θ -defensins against antibiotic-resistant Staphylococcus aureus and Pseudomonas aeruginosa

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Supplemental Figure S1. Crp-4 and RMAD-4 bactericidal activity against PA sputum isolates.

Supplemental Figure S2. Sensitivity of P. aeruginosa urinary tract isolates to Crp-4 and RMAD-4.

Supplemental Figure S3. Sensitivity of PA clinical isolates from patient wounds to Crp-4 and RMAD-4.

Supplemental Figure S1. Crp-4 and RMAD-4 bactericidal activity against PA sputum isolates.

Cip^R, 05038 (A), 05077 (B), ML121 (C) and Cip^S, ML75 (D) sputum isolates of *P. aeruginosa* were tested for sensitivity to Crp-4 and RMAD-4. No relationship exists between Cip^R and α -defensin activity in the triplicate assays performed. Error bars denote standard deviation from the mean. Symbols: Crp-4 (-•-) and RMAD-4 (- \circ -).

Supplemental Figure S2. Sensitivity of *P. aeruginosa* urinary tract isolates to Crp-4 and RMAD-4.

PA strains WB 11 (A), WB 20 (B), and WB 30 were tested against 1.5 and 6 μ M peptide concentrations of Crp-4 and RMAD-4, and both peptides Crp-4were active against all strains tested. Each condition was performed in triplicate. Error bars denote standard deviation from the mean. Symbols: Crp-4 (-•-) and RMAD-4 (-o-).

Supplemental Figure S3. Sensitivity of PA clinical isolates from patient wounds to Crp-4 and

RMAD-4. PA strains WB 42 (A), WB 16 (B), and WB 15 (C) isolates from patient wounds were tested against 1.5 and 6 μ M peptide concentrations of Crp-4 and RMAD-4. Wound isolates were sensitive to both Crp-4 and RMAD-4 in the triplicate assays performed. Error bars denote standard deviation from the mean. Symbols: Crp-4 (-•-) and RMAD-4 (-o-).

Supplemental Figure 1



Supplemental 2



Supplemental Figure 3

