Amino acid	Substitution	Ti-plasmid	Extracellular	Virulence <sup>b</sup>
residue			VirB2 <sup>a</sup>	
G51	А	C58	+++	+++
	С	A6	-	-
C64	А	C58	+++	+++
	С	A6	+++	+++
167	А	C58	+++	+++
	С	A6	+++	+++
F71	А	C58	-	-
	С	A6	+	-
185	А	C58	-	+++
	С	A6	+++	+++
M88	А	C58	-	-
	С	A6	++	++
L94	А	C58	-	+++
	С	A6	+++	++
I104	А	C58	+++	+++
	С	A6	+++	+++
M107	А	C58	-	+++
	С	A6	+++	+++
G119	А	C58	+	+++
	С	C58	+	+
	С	A6	+++	-

Table S4 Phenotype comparisons of pTiC58 and pTiA6 VirB2 variants

The levels of extracellular VirB2 production<sup>a</sup> and occurrence or size of tumor formation on tomato stems<sup>b</sup> were were based on results from Figure 2, 4, and S5A in this study and previous study by Kerr and Christie (2010) [1]. The levels of extracellular VirB2 and virulence strength are indicated with wild type (+++), modest reduction (++), highly attenuation (+), or loss (-).

## Reference

1. Kerr JE, Christie PJ (2010) Evidence for VirB4-Mediated Dislocation of Membrane-Integrated VirB2 Pilin During Biogenesis of the *Agrobacterium* VirB/VirD4 Type IV Secretion System. J Bacteriol. 192: 4923-34.