Supporting Information

Alnabulsi and Drury 10.1073/pnas.1404953111

Supporting Methods

Safety. There were two questionnaire items about safety: "I feel safe on the Hajj" and "I feel safe in the crowd" (r = 0.49, P < 0.001).

Management Competence. There were nine items in the questionnaire measuring the pilgrims' perceptions of competence in the Saudi staff managing aspects of the Hajj: "The Saudi staff have organized the events well"; "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely at the entrance to Haram"; "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely at the exits of Haram"; "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely at the plazas of the Haram"; "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely at Tawaf"; "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely at Sa'ee" (Sa'ee is a ritual that takes place in the Holy Mosque that comprises brisk walking up and down, representing Hajar's search for water for her son Ismail.); "There are enough Saudi staff to manage the crowd safely in the Hajj in general"; "I trust the Saudi staff to respond effectively if there is an emergency"; and "The Saudi staff are competent" ($\alpha = 0.92$).

Identification as a Muslim. There were three items measuring the strength of participants' self-definition as Muslim: "Being a Muslim is a reflection of who I am"; "I think of myself in terms of my Muslim identity"; and "Being a Muslim is important to me" ($\alpha = 0.71$). These items were partly based on measures developed by Doosje et al. (1).

 Doosje B, Branscombe NR, Spears R, Manstead ASR (1998) Guilty by association: When one's group has a negative history. J Pers Soc Psychol 75(4):872–886. Others' Identification as Muslim. There were three items measuring the extent to which participants saw others in the crowd as Muslims: "I think of the other people here as Muslim brothers"; "The Muslim identity is important to the other people in the crowd"; and "In my view, other people in this crowd are good Muslims" ($\alpha = 0.79$).

Identification with the Crowd. There were five items measuring the strength of participants' identification or sense of unity with the crowd itself: "I feel that I am part of this crowd"; "I feel at one with the people around me"; "I feel a sense of togetherness with other people on the Hajjj"; "I feel unity with others"; and "I feel strong ties with other people on the Hajj" ($\alpha = 0.88$).

Perceived Support. Participants' perceptions of social support from others on the Hajj, including expectations of such support, were measured by three items: "In my view, most pilgrims are supportive of others"; "In my view, most pilgrims are respectful of others"; and "If I need help, other pilgrims would help me" ($\alpha = 0.82$).

All items were measured on seven-point Likert scales anchored by 1 ("disagree strongly") and 7 ("agree strongly").

Ethics Statement. The study protocol was approved by the Ethical Committee, Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques Institute of Hajj Research, Umm Al-Qura University (Mecca) Saudi Arabia, and by the University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom in July 2012. All participants provided their written informed consent before participation.