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Supplemental Material

Tetrachloroethylene Exposure and Bladder Cancer Risk: A Meta-Analysis of Dry-Cleaning-Worker Studies

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Table S1. Overview of studies excluded from the meta-analysis.

Sources	Study design	Exposure category	Comments
Andersen et al. 1999	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Pukkala et al. 2009), which includes a larger number of individuals
Aschengrau et al. 1993	case-control	exposure through contaminated drinking water	extent exposure to tetrachloroethylene is unclear
Boice et al. 1999	cohort	exposure to tetrachloroethylene	superseded by (Lipworth et al. 2011)
Chang et al. 2005	cohort	workers employed in an electronics factory	extent exposure to tetrachloroethylene is unclear
Duh and Asal 1984	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	reports standardized mortality odds ratios
Ji et al. 2005	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Pukkala et al. 2009), which includes a larger number of individuals
Katz and Jowett 1981	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	reports proportionate mortality ratios
Lynge and Thygesen 1990	cohort	dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Lynge et al. 2006), which included a larger number of individuals
Mallin 1990	cluster analysis	exposure through contaminated drinking water	extent exposure to tetrachloroethylene is unclear
Minder and Beer-Porizek 1992	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	reports proportionate mortality ratios
Nakamura 1985	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	reports proportionate mortality ratios
Reulen et al. 2008	meta-analysis	laundry and dry cleaning workers	meta-analysis

Sources	Study design	Exposure category	Comments
Schoenberg et al. 1984	case-control	dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Smith et al. 1985) and (Silverman et al. 1989), which both include a larger number of individuals. Launderers were included in this occupational category [personal communication with Debra Silverman]
Seldén and Ahlborg 2011	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Pukkala et al. 2009), which includes a larger number of individuals
Smith et al. 1985	case-control	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Silverman et al. 1989, 1990)
Sung et al. 2007	cohort	employee of an electronics factory	extent exposure to tetrachloroethylene is unclear
Swanson and Burns 1995	case-control	dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Burns and Swanson 1991), which includes a larger number of individuals
Travier et al. 2002	case-control	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Pukkala et al. 2009), which includes a larger number of individuals
Walker et al. 1997	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	reports proportionate mortality ratios
Wilson et al. 2008	cohort	laundry and dry cleaning workers	study population overlaps with (Pukkala et al. 2009), which includes a larger number of individuals

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