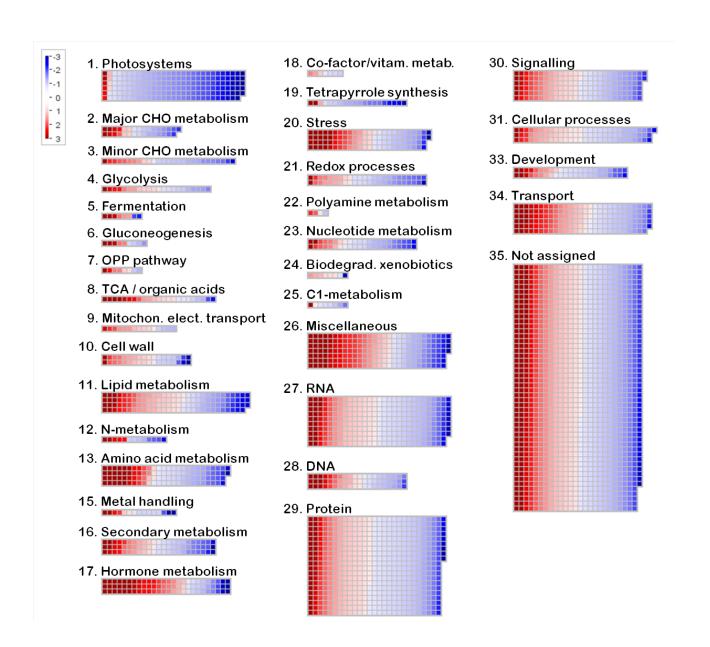
**Title:** Members of the barley NAC transcription factor gene family show differential co-regulation with senescence-associated genes during senescence of flag leaves.

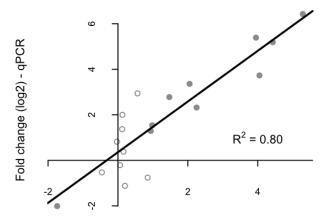
Authors: Michael W. Christiansen and Per L. Gregersen

**Figure S1.** Distribution of signals from 3867 probes from the Agilent microarray experiment across the 35 top-bins of the MapMan annotations. The probes were selected as representing differentially expressed genes in senescing barley flag leaves. Blue indicates down-regulation and red upregulation.



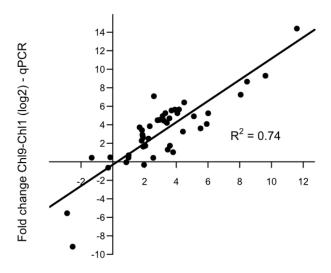
**Figure S2.** Correlation of gene expression levels in the Agilent microarray experiment and in qRT-PCR experiments. A) NAC genes – qRT-PCR data are from Christensen *et al.* (2012). Closed symbols indicate significantly differentially expressed genes. B) Selected senescence-associated genes (SAGs), both experiments from this work.

## A) - NAC genes



Fold change (log2) - Microarray

## B) - SAGs



Fold change (log2) - Microarray

**Figure S3.** The distribution in co-expression lists for 32 NAC genes of the 71 senescence-upregulated genes having NACBS-8 in their promoter (gray) and 1181 up-regulated genes without any NACBS (white). The lower the rank, the higher the co-expression with the indicated NAC genes (Mochida *et al.* 2011).

