Variable <sup>a</sup>	All (n = 29)	$\mathbf{APRV} \ (\mathbf{n} = 16)$	HFOV (n = 13)	p value <sup>b</sup>
Age (years)	4.3 [2.7, 12.7]	6.2 [4, 16.5]	3.2 [1.5, 6.1]	0.044
PRISM III at 24 hr	14.5 [9, 19]	12 [9, 17]	17 [13, 21]	0.159
Length of conventional ventilation before switch to NCV (days)	1 [0, 4]	2.5 [0.5, 5]	1 [0, 3.3]	0.303
Before switch to NCV mPaw (cmH <sub>2</sub> O) PaO <sub>2</sub> /FIO <sub>2</sub> OI <sub>pre</sub>	22 [19, 24] 83 [62, 98] 28.1 [21.3, 31.1]	22 [16, 25] 89 [63, 112] 24.7 [17.2, 31.2]	22 [20, 23] 80 [61, 86] 28.4 [24.6, 31]	0.792 0.344 0.320
Lung disease Viral pneumonia Bacterial pneumonia Fungal pneumonia Alveolar hemorrhage Sepsis Other	18 (62%) 1 (3%) 3 (10%) 2 (7%) 3 (10%) 2 (7%)	10 (63%) 1 (6%) 2 (12%) 1 (6%) 0 2 (12%)	8 (62%) 0 1 (7.5%) 1 (7.5%) 3 (23%) 0	0.389
Vasopressor infusions < 2 $\ge 2$	11(38%) 18 (62%)	7 (44%) 9 (56%)	4 (31%) 9 (69%)	0.702
Stem cell transplant Allogeneic Autologous	21 (69%) 8 (31%)	12(75%) 4 (25%)	9 (69%) 4 (31%)	1
Reason for stem cell transplant Congenital/acquired anemia Immunodeficiency Leukemia Solid tumor	8 (27.5%) 2 (7%) 11 (38%) 8 (27.5%)	5 (31%) 1 (6%) 6 (38%) 4 (25%)	3 (23%) 1 (8%) 5 (38%) 4 (31%)	1
After 24 hr of NCV mPaw (cmH <sub>2</sub> O) PaO <sub>2</sub> /FIO <sub>2</sub> OI <sub>24</sub> Mortality (non-survivor)	32 [29, 35] 125 [89, 171] 24.4 [16.1, 37.3] 22 (76%)	29 [26, 38] 143 [97, 184] 19.3 [15.4, 39.1] 12 (75%)	32 [31, 34] 104 [88, 175] 28.9 [18.2, 38.3] 10 (77%)	0.383 0.720 0.608 1

**Supplementary Table 1.** Characteristics of stem cell transplant patients (n = 29).

APRV, airway pressure release ventilation; HFOV, high frequency oscillatory ventilation; NCV, nonconventional ventilation; PRISM III, Pediatric Risk of Mortality version III; mPaw, mean airway pressure; OI, oxygenation index

<sup>a</sup> Continuous data are in the form of median  $[25^{th} \text{ and } 75^{th} \text{ percentile}]$ , and categorical data are in the form of n (%).

<sup>b</sup> Medians are compared using a Wilcoxon rank sum test for unpaired data. Categorical variables are compared using a Fisher exact test.

Variable <sup>a</sup>	All (n = 33)	<b>APRV</b> ( <b>n</b> = <b>16</b> )	<b>HFOV</b> ( <b>n</b> = <b>17</b> )	p value <sup>b</sup>
Age (years)	4.3 [1.6, 10.5]	7.1 [4, 17.8]	3 [1.4, 6.5]	0.042
PRISM III at 24 hr	17 [9, 20]	14 [9.5, 20]	18 [8.5, 22]	0.482
Length of conventional ventilation before switch to NCV (days)	1 [0, 4]	1 [0, 4]	1 [0, 3]	0.738
Before switch to NCV mPaw (cmH <sub>2</sub> O) PaO <sub>2</sub> /FIO <sub>2</sub> OI <sub>pre</sub>	22 [19, 23] 83 [61, 114] 25.4 [18.3, 31.4]	21 [17, 26] 112 [52, 132] 20.5 [17.1, 31.5]	22 [20, 23] 81 [62, 97] 28.1 [20.8, 32.3]	0.928 0.293 0.372
Lung disease Viral pneumonia Bacterial pneumonia Fungal pneumonia Alveolar hemorrhage Sepsis Other	16 (48%) 1 (3%) 3 (9%) 3 (9%) 7 (21%) 3 (9%)	8 (50%) 1 (6%) 1 (6%) 1 (6%) 3 (19%) 2 (12%)	8 (47%) 0 2 (12%) 2 (12%) 4 (23%) 1 (6%)	0.686
Vasopressor infusions < 2 $\ge 2$	10 (30%) 23 (70%)	5 (31%) 11 (69%)	5 (29%) 12 (71%)	1
Stem cell transplant Allogeneic Autologous None	11 (33%) 8 (25%) 14 (42%)	6 (37.5%) 4 (25%) 6 (37.5%)	5 (29%) 4 (24%) 8 (47%)	0.841
Malignancy Leukemia/lymphoma Neuroblastoma CNS tumor	21 (64%) 10 (30%) 2 (6%)	11(69%) 3 (19%) 2 (12%)	10 (59%) 7 (41%) 0	0.156
After 24 hr of NCV mPaw (cmH <sub>2</sub> O) PaO <sub>2</sub> /FIO <sub>2</sub> OI <sub>24</sub>	31 [28, 34] 148 [98, 226] 20.2 [12.9, 32.1]	29 [28, 35] 143 [112, 226] 19.3 [12.7, 31.4]	32 [28, 33.5] 153 [93, 235] 20.7 [14.1, 34.9]	
Mortality (non-survivor)	11 (64%)	10 (63%)	11 (65%)	1

**Supplementary Table 2.** Characteristics of patients with malignancies (n = 33).

APRV, airway pressure release ventilation; HFOV, high frequency oscillatory ventilation; NCV, nonconventional ventilation; PRISM III, Pediatric Risk of Mortality version III; mPaw, mean airway pressure; OI, oxygenation index; CNS, central nervous system

<sup>a</sup> Continuous data are in the form of median  $[25^{th} \text{ and } 75^{th} \text{ percentile}]$ , and categorical data are in the form of n (%).

<sup>b</sup> Medians are compared using a Wilcoxon rank sum test for unpaired data. Categorical variables are compared using a Fisher exact test.