Phosphorothioate oligonucleotides can displace NEAT1 RNA to form nuclear paraspeckle-like structures

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

siRNAs:

P54nrb (s9612 and s9614), PSPC1 (s30594), hnRNPK (s6737), LRPPRC (HSS115403), and KHSRP (HSS112552) siRNAs were purchased from Life Technologies. NCL1 siRNA (S9312) was purchased from Ambion.

Antibodies:

Anti-PSPC1 (ab104238), anti-hnRNP K (ab32969), anti-Fibrillarin (ab5821), anti-TCP1-β (ab92746), embryonic stem cell marker panel (ab109884) antibodies were purchased from Abcam. Anti-P54nrb (sc-376865) antibody for western analysis and IF was purchased from Santa Cruz Biotechnology. Anti-P54nrb (05-950) antibody for RIP (Fig.6 H) was purchased from EMD Millipore. Anti-PSF (P2860) and anti-GAPDH (G8795) were purchased from Sigma. Anti-RNase H1 antibody was kindly provided by Hongjiang Wu. Anti-rabbit secondary antibody conjugated to HRP (170-6515) and anti-mouse secondary antibody conjugated to HRP (170-6516) were purchased from Bio-Rad. Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies conjugated to AF488 (ab150077), AF555 (ab150078), and AF647 (ab150079), as well as anti-mouse secondary antibodies conjugated to AF488 (ab150113), AF555 (ab150114), and AF647 (ab150115) were purchased from Abcam.

Plasmids:

GFP-tagged P54nrb (RG226567) plasmid was purchased from ORIGENE. Plasmid transfection was performed using Effectene Transfection Reagent (QIAGEN), according to manufacturer's instructions.

ASOs:

In the tables below, deoxyribonucleotides are in plain font, ribonucleotides are underlined, and 2'-modified ribonucleotides are indicated in bold. Phosphorothioate (PS) backbone residues are indicated in italic.

Table 1. ASOs for protein isolation

Figure	ASO	Sequence	2' Modification
1A, B, and C	Capture	ISIS386652: 5´- biotin – <i>CTGCT</i> AGCCTCTGGA TTTGA -3´	MOE
	Elution	ISIS116847: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	MOE
1D	Capture	ISIS586183: 5'- biotin – CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	cEt
	Elution	ISIS404130: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	2'-α-fluoro
		XL168D: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	DNA
		ISIS582801: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	cEt
		ISIS390896: 5'- CTGCT AGCCTCTGGA TTTGA -3'	LNA
		XL169R: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	2'-O Methyl
		ISIS116847: 5'- CTGCT AGCCTCTGGA TTTGA -3'	MOE
		XL209-1: 5´- <u>CUGCUAGCCUCUGGAUUUGA</u> -3´	RNA
		XL183: 5'- CUGCUAGCCUCUGGAUUUGA -3'	RNA
1E	Capture	ISIS586183: 5'- biotin – CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	cEt
	Elution	ISIS622870: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGA -3'	cEt
		ISIS622869: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGA -3'	cEt
		ISIS622865: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGA -3'	cEt
		ISIS617421: 5´- CTGCT AGCCTCTGGA -3´	cEt
1F	Capture	ISIS586183: 5'- biotin – CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3'	cEt
	Elution	ISIS617421: 5´- CTGCT AGCCTCTGGA -3´	cEt
		ISIS622866: 5'- CTGCTAGCCTCTG -3'	cEt
		ISIS622867: 5'- CTGCT AGCCTC -3'	cEt
		ISIS622868: 5'- CTGCT AGCC -3'	cEt

Table 2. ASOs for localization

ASO Sequence	2' Modification
ISIS446654: 5´- Cy3- <i>CTGCT</i> AGCCTCTGGA TTTGA -3´	MOE
ISIS454395: 5'-Fluorescein- <i>GCTGATTAGA-GAGAGGTCCC</i> -3' (mixed backbone with 1 PO, indicated by -)	MOE
ISIS652721: 5'- Cy3- ATGGG CTCTGGAACA AGCAT -3'	MOE
	ISIS446654: 5'- Cy3- CTGCTAGCCTCTGGATTTGA -3' ISIS454395: 5'-Fluorescein- GCTGATTAGA-GAGAGGTCCC -3' (mixed backbone with 1 PO, indicated by -)

Sequences and modifications of ASOs tested in Fig. S3A, S4A, and S6B are listed in the Figures.

Table 3. Other ASOs

Figure	Target	ASO Sequence	2' Modification
2B, 6B, 6C, and 6H	NCL1	ISIS110074: 5'- GTCATCGTCATCCTCATCAT -3'	MOE
2B, 6B, and 6C	U16 snoRNA	ISIS462026: 5'- CAGCA GGCAACTGTC GCTGA -3'	MOE
2D	Malat1 IncRNA	ISIS395254: 5'- GGCAT ATGCAGATAA TGTTC -3'	MOE
6B, 6D, 6E, 6G, 6H and S6D	NEAT1 IncRNA	ISIS407248: 5'- ATGGG CTCTGGAACA AGCAT -3'	MOE
6H	NEAT1 IncRNA	ISIS407279: 5'- TTAGG TCTTGTTTTC CAAAC -3'	MOE

6B, 6D, 6E, 6G, 6H,6I and 6J	no target control	ISIS141923: 5'- CCTTC CCTGAAGGTT CCTCC -3'	MOE
S1	Drosha mRNA	ISIS25690: 5'- ATCCC TTTCTTCCGC ATGTG -3'	MOE
S1	PTEN mRNA	ISIS116847: 5'- CTGCT AGCCTCTGGA TTTGA -3'	MOE

Oligonucleotides and primers:

Table 4. RNA sequences for ASO/RNA duplex-binding protein isolation

In the table below, "m" indicates 2'-O-methyl modification, "r" indicates ribose, and underlined sequence indicates RNase I cleavage linker.

		Milase i cicavage miner.
_	RNA	Sequence
	XL180	5'- biotin- <u>rArGrCrArGrUrUr</u> CmUmCmAmAmAmUmCmCmAmGmAmGmGmCmUmAmGmCmAmG -3'
	XL181	5'- biotin- rArGrCrArGrUrUrCmGmUmGmAmUmGmGmGmUmUmUmGmUmCmUmGmCmGmCmU -3'

Table 5. Primer-probe sets for qRT-PCR

Target	Sequence
P54nrb	Forward: 5'- GATTTGGCTTTATCCGCTTGG -3'
	Reverse: 5'- ACACATACTGAGGAAGGTTTCG -3'
	Probe: 5'- TTGGCAATCTCCGCTAGGGTTCG -3'
LRPPRC	Forward: 5'- AGGACCGACGGAAGCTGTT -3'
	Reverse: 5'- AATGCTCCTTGGCCTGTA -3'
	Probe: 5'- TTCTTTATAACTTGATTGACAGCATGAG -3'
NCL1	Forward: 5'- GCTTGGCTTCTTCTGGACTCA -3'
	Reverse: 5'- TCGCGAGCTTCACCATGA -3'
	Probe: 5'- CGCCACTTGTCCGCTTCACACTCC -3'
U16 snoRNA	Forward: 5'- CTTGCAATGATGTCGTAATTTGC -3'
	Reverse: 5'- TCGTCAACCTTCTGTACCAGCTT -3'
	Probe: 5'- TTACTCTGTTCTCAGCGACAGTTGCCTGC -3'
MALAT1 LncRNA	Forward: 5'- AAAGCAAGGTCTCCCCACAAG -3'
	Reverse: 5'- TGAAGGGTCTGTGCTAGATCAAAA -3'
	Probe: 5'- TGCCACATCGCCACCCCGT -3'
5'-hNEAT1 (NEAT1_1&1_2)	Forward: 5'- TGGTAAGCCCGGGACAGTAA -3'
	Reverse: 5'- CAGCGGGAAGGCCTCTCT -3'
	Probe: 5'- CCGAGTGGCTGTTGGAGTCGGTATTG -3'
3'-hNEAT1 (NEAT1_2)	Forward: 5'- AGTACCCTGAGAGCCAGTATTGGT -3'
	Reverse: 5'- GGCAGCTGAGTCAATCTCCTTT -3'
	Probe: 5'- CAGCACTGAGAACCGCAGGAACGG -3'
5'-mNEAT1 (NEAT1_1&1_2)	Forward: 5'- TGAGCCATGCCTTCAAAACAC -3'
	Reverse: 5'- TTAAATAAGCAAACCCTGTTGTCTTC -3'

	Probe: 5'- TCTTGAATTTCTGGAATTGGCC -3'
3'-mNEAT1 (NEAT1_2)	Forward: 5'- ACGGACTTACATTTCCAAGCC -3'
	Reverse: 5'- ACACATACTGAGGAAGGTTTCG -3'
	Probe: 5'- AGCAGGAGTCTTCCAGGGCAC -3'
Pre-hNEAT1	Forward: 5'- TGCTTTTCACCTTCCCATCTG -3'
	Reverse: 5'- CAACACTGCGGGGACTCG -3'
	Probe: 5'- CGCCTTTTGCTTTTTCCTGCTCACTC -3'
PTEN mRNA	Forward: 5'-AATGGCTAAGTGAAGATGACAATCAT
	Reverse: 5'-TGCACATATCATTACACCAGTTCGT
	Probe: TTGCAGCAATTCACTGTAAAGCTGGAAAGG
Drosha mRNA	Forward: 5'- CAAGCTCTGTCCGTATCGATCA
	Reverse: 5'- TGGACGATAATCGGAAAAGTAATCA
	Probe: 5'-CTGGATCGTGAACAGTTCAACCCCGAT
KHSRP mRNA	Forward: 5'-TTCTCAACTTGGACCCATCC-3'
	Reverse: 5'-CCACCGCAATCTGTACTTTG-3'
	Probe: 5'-TGTTAATTTGTTCACCTCCTCTGCCCC-3'

Table 6. Primers for FISH probe sub-cloning

In the table below, underlined italics indicate T7 promoter sequence

Target	Sequence
5'-hNEAT1	Forward: 5'- TAGTTGTGGGGGAGGAAGTG -3'
(NEAT1_1&1_2)	Reverse: 5´- <u>TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG</u> TGGCATGGACAAGTTGAAGA -3´
3'-hNEAT1	Forward: 5'- GTCTTTCCATCCACTCACGTCTATTT -3'
(NEAT1_2)	Reverse: 5'- <u>TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG</u> CACCCTAACTCATCTTACAGACCACCAG -3'
5'-mNEAT1	Forward: 5'- CTGCTGTCTGCCACTTG -3'
(NEAT1_1&1_2)	Reverse: 5'- <u>TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG</u> CCAAGACTTGCGCCTTCAAT -3'
3'-mNEAT1	Forward: 5´- GCTACTAACACTGAGATCATG -3´
(NEAT1_2)	Reverse: 5'- <u>TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG</u> CTGAGGTTTGTGGACTGCCAGG -3'

SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE LEGENDS

Figure S1. Depletion of nuclear-localized PS-ASO-associated proteins NCL1 and KHSRP has no effect on antisense activity of ASOs. A. Reduction of NCL1 and KHSRP mRNAs by corresponding siRNAs as determined by qRT-PCR analysis. UTC, mock treated control cells. B. Depletion of NCL1 or KHSRP has no effect on ASO-mediated cleavage of Drosha mRNA as determined by qRT-PCR analysis. C. Depletion of NCL1 or KHSRP has no effect on ASO-mediated cleavage of U16 snoRNA as determined by qRT-PCR

analysis. **D.** Depletion of NCL1 or KHSRP has no effect on ASO-mediated cleavage of PTEN mRNA as determined by qRT-PCR analysis.

Figure S2. PS-ASOs can co-localize with transiently expressed exogenous GFP-P54nrb. HeLa cells transiently expressing GFP-P54nrb (RG226567, ORIGENE) were transfected with 60 nM fluorescently tagged PS-ASO (ISIS446654). Live-cell images were acquired 4 hrs post ASO transfection. Red and yellow arrows indicate PS bodies and paraspeckles, respectively.

Figure S3. ASOs with different sequences and chemical modifications localize to paraspeckles or paraspeckle-like foci in multiple tested cell lines. A. Co-localization of different ASOs with P54nrb to paraspeckles/paraspeckle-like foci in HeLa cells. Backbone modification, 2'-moiety, and sequences of the tested ASOs are indicated. PS-ASOs were transfected at a final concentration of 60 nM for 6hrs. B. Co-localization of PS-ASO ISIS446654 with P54nrb (arrows) to nuclear paraspeckles/paraspeckle-like foci was observed in different mouse cell lines including hepatocytes, MEF, bEND, and MHT.

Figure S4. ASOs with different sequences and chemical modifications localize to perinucleolar caps in multiple tested cell lines. A. Co-localization of different ASOs with P54nrb to perinucleolar caps in HeLa cells in the presence of actinomycin D (1.5 μg/mL, 1.5 h). Backbone modification, 2'-moiety, and sequences of the tested ASOs are indicated. PS-ASOs were transfected at a final concentration of 60 nM for 6hrs. B. PS-ASO ISIS446654 co-localized with P54nrb (arrows) to perinucleolar caps upon actinomycin D treatment (1.5 μg/mL, 1.5 h) was observed in multiple tested cell lines including mouse MHT, human A431, and mouse ESCs. Oct-4 served as a marker for mESCs.

Figure S5. Transcriptional inhibition has no effect on PS body integrity. IF staining was performed for P54nrb and TCP1- β in HeLa cells transfected with 60 nM PS-ASO (ISIS446654) and then treated with actinomycin D (1.5 μg/mL, 1.5 h). DNA was stained with DAPI. White and yellow arrows indicate perinucleolar caps and PS bodies, respectively.

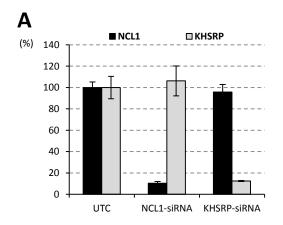
Figure S6. Co-localization of PS-ASOs with P54nrb in nuclear ASO-induced filaments was observed for ASOs with different sequences and chemical modifications in multiple tested cell lines. A. PS-ASO ISIS446654, delivered to mESCs by electroporation, also formed nuclear filament structure, as exemplified by three different cells. B. Co-localization of different ASOs with P54nrb to nuclear

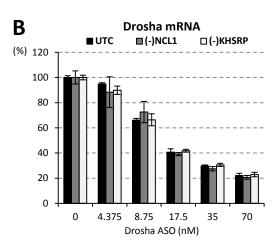
filaments in HeLa cells. Backbone modification, 2'-modification, and sequences of the tested ASOs are indicated. PS-ASOs were transfected at a final concentration of 60 nM for 6 hrs. *C.* Co-localization of PS-ASO ISIS446654 with P54nrb (arrows) to nuclear filaments was observed in different tested mouse cell lines including hepatocytes, MHT, and bEND. Paraspeckle protein PSPC1 also localizes to ASO-filaments as exemplified in mouse bEND cells. *D.* Formation of P54nrb-containing nuclear filaments in HeLa cells transfected with 60 nM *NEAT1*-specific ASO ISIS407248 for 6 hrs.

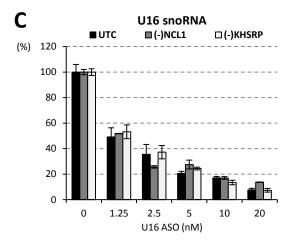
Figure S7. An average of 3 to 10 paraspeckles per HeLa cells were observed. A population view of co-IF-staining of P54nrb and RNA-FISH of NEAT1 RNA (5'-probe) in untreated HeLa cells. An average of 3-10 paraspeckles were observed.

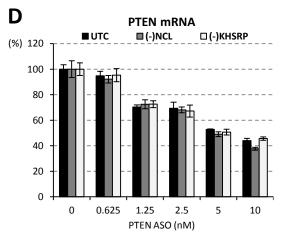
Figure S8. A NEAT1-specific ASO co-localized with P54nrb in distinct nuclear foci in HeLa cells. IF-staining for P54nrb in HeLa cells transfected with 60 nM Cy3-labeled 5-10-5 PS/MOE-modified NEAT1-specific ASOs ISIS625751 showed the co-localization of paraspeckle protein P54nrb with NEAT1-ASOs in distinct nuclear foci (yellow arrows).

Figure S9. Localization of PS-ASOs to paraspeckle-like structures was not affected by the depletion of a essential paraspeckle protein P54nrb. A. IF-staining for PSF in HeLa cells transfected with 60 nM PS-ASO ISIS454395. Co-localization of PS-ASOs with PSF paraspeckle-like structures was observed in a well-transfected cell, while in the other cell transfected with little or no PS-ASOs, enrichment of PSF in distinct foci (canonical paraspeckles) was observed. B. IF-staining for PSF in (-) P54nrb-depleted HeLa cells transfected with 60 nM PS-ASO ISIS454395. Co-localization of PS-ASOs with PSF in paraspeckle-like structures was observed in a well-transfected cell, while in the other cell transfected with little or no PS-ASOs, no localization of PSF in canonical paraspeckles was observed.









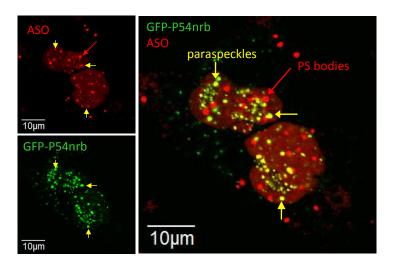


Figure S3

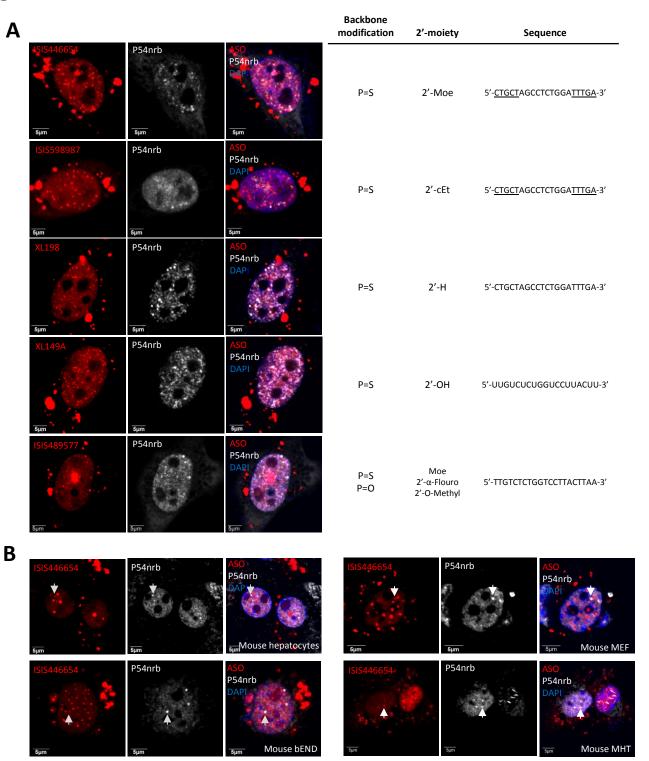


Figure S4

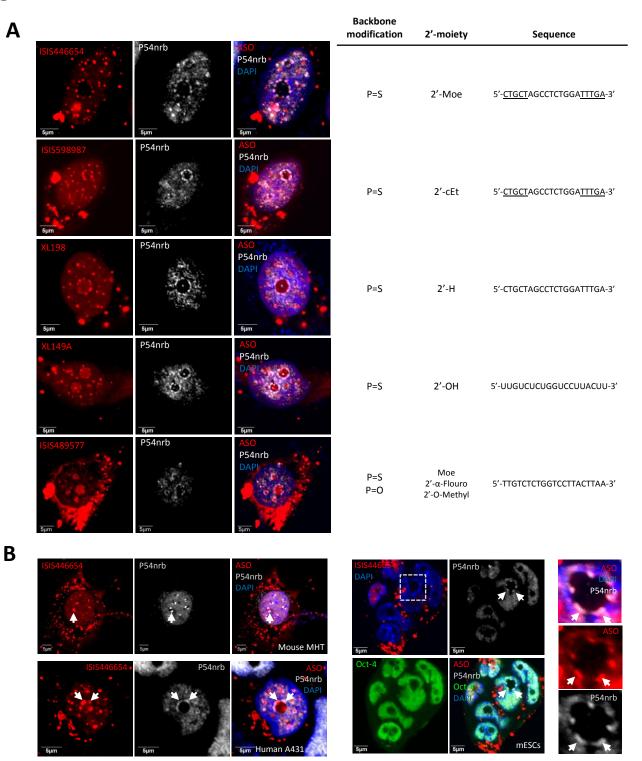
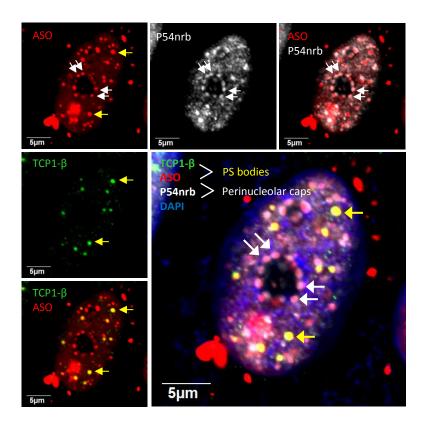
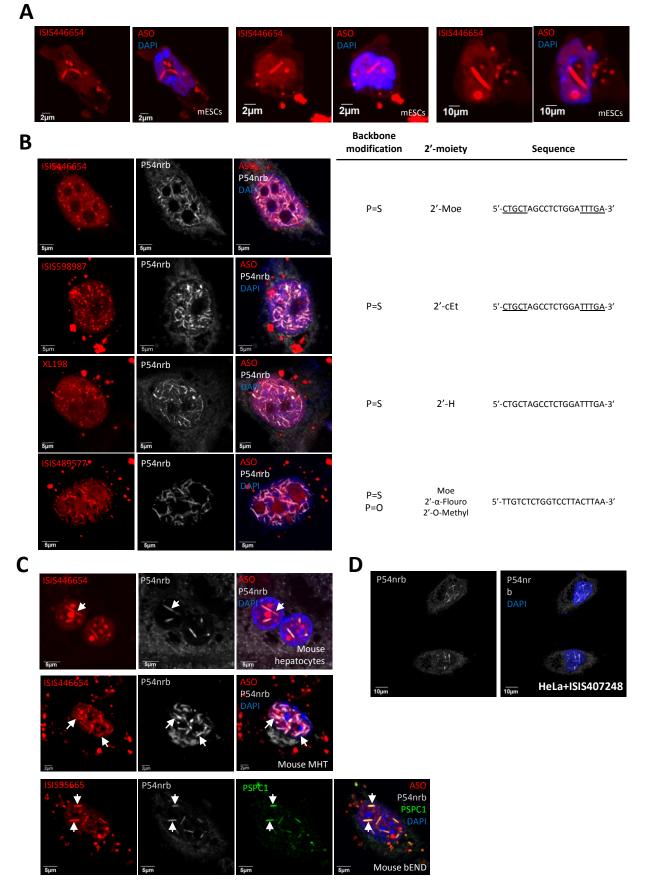


Figure S5





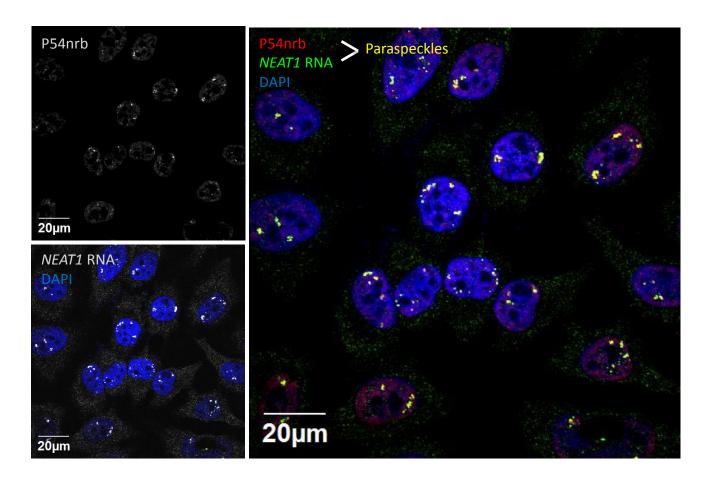


Figure S8

