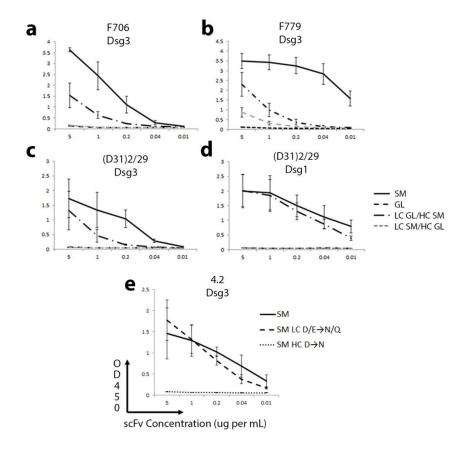
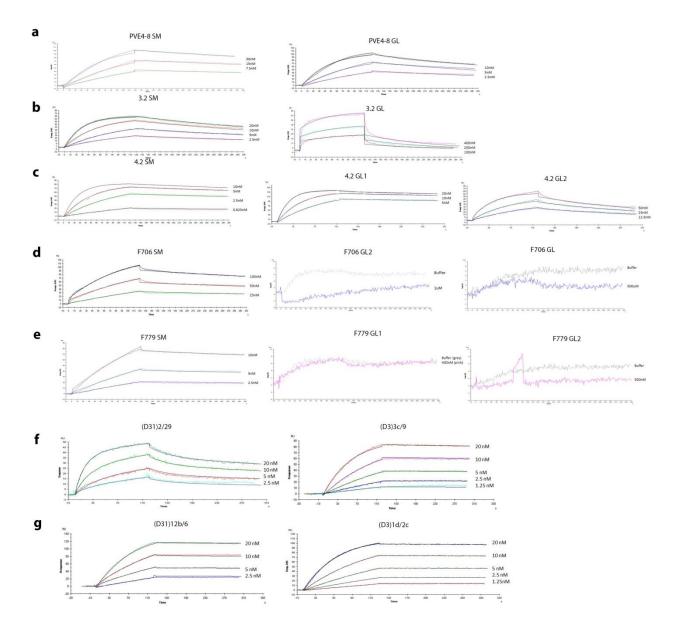


**Supplementary Figure 1.** PV mAbs do not demonstrate Hep 2 polyreactivity.

SM and GL mAbs were tested for reactivity to Hep2 cells by immunofluorescence (a) and ELISA (b) at a concentration of 2-5 ug/mL. Negative (Neg.) and positive (Pos.) controls (Ctl.) from commercial kits are displayed and were developed with anti- human immunoglobulin conjugated antibodies. Sec. only indicates staining of cells with anti-hemagglutinin conjugated antibody only. Scale bar,  $20~\mu M$ . Data are representative of 1-2 experiments tested at multiple concentrations.



Supplementary Figure 2. Determinants of Dsg3 autoreactivity are predominantly encoded within the heavy chain. (a) F706 somatically mutated (SM) binds Dsg3 while F706 germline-reverted (GL) does not. Reversion of mutations in only the heavy chain (F706 LC SM/HC GL) does not bind Dsg3, whereas reversion of mutations in the light chain maintains Dsg3 autoreactivity (F706 LC GL/HC SM). (b) Reversion of somatic mutations in F779 indicates that the loss of mutations in the heavy chain affects relative binding affinity more than loss of mutations in the light chain. (D31)2/29, a previously characterized pathogenic scFv mAb, retains binding to (c) Dsg3 and (d) Dsg1 if mutations in the light chain, but not heavy chain, are reverted to their germline sequences. (e) Mutation of only acidic amino acid residues in the 4.2 HC CDRs (4.2 SM HC D→N) abolished Dsg3 binding by ELISA, whereas mutation of acidic amino acid residues in the LC CDRs did not significantly affect Dsg3 binding (4.2 SM LC D/E→N/Q). Errors bars indicate s.e.m. Data are representative of 3 experiments.



**Supplementary Figure 3.** Surface plasmon resonance curves for anti-Dsg3 mAbs (a-g). For most mAbs, the kinetic data conformed to a 1:1 Langmuir binding model. (D31)2/29 only fit a conformational change model. Some mAbs (such as 3.2GL) that have high chi-squared values or significant bulk change added to the fit may interact with Dsg3 in a more complex fashion than the 1:1 model shown (conformational change or heterogeneous ligand models did not improve the fit). Data are representative of 1-2 independent experiments, each testing multiple antibody concentrations.

human VH1-46\*01/\*03 murine VH1-53\*01 AK23 QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTSYYMHWVRQAPGQGLEWMGIINPSGGSTSYAQKFQGRVTMTRDTSTSTVYMELSSLRSEDTAVYYCAR QVQLQQPGTELVKPGASVKLSCKASGYTFTSYWMHWVKQRPGQGLEWIGNINPSNGGTNYNEKFKSKATLTVDKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCAR QVQLQQSGTELVKPGASVKLSCKSSGYTFTSYWINWVKQRPGQGLEWIGNINPSNGGINYNEKFKSKATLTVDKSSSTAYMQLKSLTSEDSAVYYCAR

**Supplementary Figure 4.** VH1-46 is the closest human homolog of mouse VH1-53, used by the pathogenic mouse anti-Dsg3 mAb AK23. Homology between human VH1-46 and murine VH1-53 germline sequences and AK23 mAb sequence is shown; red=negatively charged, green=positively charged, blue=hydrophobic, black=hydrophilic. CDR1 sequence is boxed in blue; CDR2 sequence is boxed in green. Asterisks indicate replacement mutations occurring in AK23 relative to the VH1-53 germline sequence; only one replacement mutation is observed in the CDRs.

# Supplementary Table 1. CDR sequences of anti-Dsg3 somatically mutated (SM), germline-reverted (GL), and point-mutated mAbs.

Clone	CDR1 LC	CDR2 LC	CDR3 LC	VL gene	JL gene	CDR1 HC	CDR2 HC	CDR3 HC	VH gene	DH gene	JH gene
PVE4-8 SM	SSDVGGYNY	EVN	SSYAGSNNLV			GYTFTAYY	INPSGGIA	ARDRQGFDLDV			
PVE4-8 GL	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYAGSNNLV	IGLV2-8*01	IGLJ2*01	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARDRQGFDLDV	IGHV1-46°01	IGHD3-22*01	IGHJ6*02
PVE4-8 GL HC D→N	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYAGSNNLV			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARNROGENLINV			
3.2 SM	SSDIGRYNF	EIY	SSYVGNNDLV			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGIA	ARDLGGFDFDY			
3.2 GL	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYVGNNDLV	IGLV2-8*01	IGLJ7*01	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARDLGGFDFDY	IGHV1-46*01	IGHD5-12*01	IGHJ4*02
4.2 SM	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYAGSNN//V			GYIFTSHY	INPSGGKT	ARDQSLGMDV			
4.2 GL1	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYTSSNNWV	IGLV2-14*01	IGLJ3*02	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARDQRLGMDV	IGHV1-46°01	IGHD6-25*01	IGHJ6*02
4.2 GL1 HC D→N	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYTSSNNWV			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARNORLGMNV	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
4.2 GL2	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYTSSNNWV	IGLV2-14*01	IGLJ3*02	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARDHSLGMDV	IGHV1-46°01	IGHD3-22*01	IGHJ6*02
4.2 GL2 HC D→N	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYTSSNNWV			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARNHSLGMNV			
4.2 SM LC D/E + N/Q	SSNVGGYNY	QVS	SSYAGSNNWV			GYIFTSHY	INPSGGKT	ARDQSLGMDV			
4.2 SM HC D + Q	SSDVGGYNY	EVS	SSYAGSNNWV			GYIFTSHY	INPSGGKT	ARNQSLGMNV			
F706 SM	ETLVHSDGNTY	KIS	TQSTDFPWT			GYTFTSYY	IDSRGGST	ARGVGTLDH			
F706 GL2	QSLVHSDGNTY	KIS	TQSTDFPWT	IGKV2-24*01	IGLJ1*01	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARGVGTLDH	IGHV1-46°01	IGHD2-21*02	IGHJ4*02
F706 GL2 + D/E	ESLVHSDGNTY	KIS	TQSTDFPWT	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		GYTFTSYY	IDPSGGST	ARGVGTLDH			
F706 GL	QSLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATQFPWT			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARVVVTLDY			
F779 SM	ETLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATEFPYT		7	GNTFTTYS	IDPSGGST	ARSIESISGRTLGY		7	
F779 GL1	QSLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATEFPYT	IGKV2-24*01	IGLJ2*01	GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARSIESISGRTLGY	IGHV1-46*01	IGHD6-19*01	IGHJ4*02
F779 GL1 + D/E	ESLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATEFPYT		Terror services	GYTFTSYY	IDPSGGST	ARSIESISGRTLGY			
F779 SM D/E → N/Q	QTLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATEFPYT			GNTFTTYS	INPSGGST	ARSIESISGRTLGY			
F779 GL2	QSLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATQFPYT			GYTFTSYY	INPSGGST	ARSIEYSSGWTLGY			
F779 GL2 + D/E	ESLVHSDGNTY	KIS	MQATEFPYT			GYTFTSYY	IDPSGGST	ARSIEYSSGWTLGY			
(D3)1d/2c SM	SSNIAGNT	YND	ATWDEDVNGWV			GGTFDKYA	IIPMLGAP	ARDKAAYYESGYYYIGDF			
(D3)1d/2c GL	SSNIGSNT	SNN	AAWDDSLNGWV	IGLV1-44*01	IGLJ3*02	GGTFSSYA	IIP <u>IFGTA</u>	ARDKAAYYESGYYYYFDY	IGHV1-69°06	IGHD3-22*01	IGHJ4*02
(D31)2/29 SM	KLGDKY	QDR	QAWDSSTAV			GGTFGNYA	IIPTLDLL	ARGGDYSGWYNFDY			
(D31)2/29 GL	KLGDKY	QDS	QAWDSSTAV	IGLV3-1°01	IGLJ3°02	GGTFSSYA	IIPILGIA	ARGGDYSGWYNFDY	IGHV1-69°06/09	IGHD6-19*01	IGHJ4*02
(D3)3c/9 SM	SSYVGIFNL	EGD	YSYVAGSDLWV			GLPFNSYW	INQDGNEK	ASGGVVDFDH			
(D3)3c/9 GL	SSDVGSYNL	EGS	CSYAGSSTLWV	IGLV2-23*01/03	IGLJ3*02	GFTFSSYW	IKQDGSEK	ARDGVDYFDY	IGHV3-07°03	IGHD2-15*01	IGHJ4*02
(D31)12b/6 SM	SSHIGSNY	SND	AAWDDGQGGV	Market Control of the Control	Sindhine	GGSISSNHW	IYHNGST	ARGWHRTGFRGYPSHWYFDL		Bradenina - Transcale	
(D31)12b/6 LC SM/HC GL	SSHIGSNY	SND	AAWDDGQGGV			GGSISSSNW	IYHSGST	AREWHRTGYSGYPSYWYFDL	IGHV4-04*02	IGHD5-12*01	IGHJ2*01
VH5a SM	SSNIRNNY	DDN	GTWDSSQSVGV			GPNFSNYW	IDPFDGYT	ARINYYDGSGHHSDADYM			
VH5a LC GL/HC SM	SSNIGNNY	DNN	GTWDSSLSAGV	IGLV1-51*01	IGLJ3*02	GPNFSNYW	IDPFDGYT	ARINYYDGSGHHSDADYM			
VH5a LC SM/HC GL	SSNIRNNY	DDN	GTWDSSQSVGV			GYSFTSYW	IDPSDSYT	ARINYYDSSGYYSDAFDI	IGHV5a*01	IGHD3-22*01	IGHJ3*02

**Supplementary Table 2.** 3.2 epitope specificity for EC1 and EC3 is predominantly determined by the heavy chain. Epitope mapping of a second mAb that utilizes the identical heavy chain as 3.2, but paired with a different light chain. Data are representative of 2 independent experiments.

	CDR1	CDR2	CDR3	V gene	J gene	EC1	EC2	EC3	EC4	EC5
3.2 LC 1	SSDIGRYNF	EIY	SSYVGNNDLV	IGLV2-8*01	IGLJ7*01	Х		Х		
3.2 LC 2	SSDVGRYDL	EVT	CSYAGRYTLL	IGLV2-23*01	IGLJ3*01	X		Х		

Supplementary Table 3. BASELINe test of significance for antigen-driven selection. Negative and positive selection are indicated by – and + symbols before the p values. BASELINe sigma value is a measure of the strength of negative or positive selection and allows comparison of selection strength between different Abs. VH1-46 mAbs do not show statistically significant evidence of positive antigen-driven selection in the CDRs, although two VH1-46 mAbs demonstrate significant evidence of negative selection against replacement mutations in the FWRs (p<0.05, highlighted in dark gray). Multiple other clonal lineages also demonstrate statistically significant evidence of negative selection against replacement mutations in the FWRs. VH1-69 clonal lineage 1 demonstrates statistically significant evidence of positive antigen-driven selection in the CDRs. Increasing sigma values within the VH1-69 clonal lineage 2 CDRs, with a trend toward significance (0.05<p<0.1, highlighted in light gray), suggest the presence of increasing antigen-driven positive selection pressure on these clones. Statistical significance is determined by a binomial test.

	Observed Mutations			Total	Expected Mutation Frequencies			Expected Mutations			BASELINEe Selection Analysis						
ID	CDR		FWR		Total Mutations	CDR		FWR		CDR		FWR		CDR		FWR	
	R	S	R	S	Matations	R	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	Σ	P-Value	Σ	P-Value
IGHV1-46*01 Clonal Lineage 1																	
3.2	2	4	4	1	11	0.183	0.056	0.579	0.182	2.013	0.616	6.369	2.002	-0.57	-0.234	-1.1	-0.0429
IGHV1-46*01 Clonal Lineage 2																	
4.2	4	2	9	1	16	0.183	0.056	0.579	0.182	2.928	0.896	9.264	2.912	0.524	0.233	0.129	0.435
IGHV1-46*01/03 Clonal Lineage 3																	
F706	5	2	5	8	20	0.172	0.053	0.584	0.191	3.44	1.06	11.68	3.82	-0.307	-0.284	-1.53	-0.00132
IGHV1-46*01/03 Clonal Lineage 4																	
F779	4	0	7	5	16	0.172	0.053	0.584	0.191	2.752	0.848	9.344	3.056	0.14	0.408	-0.56	-0.158
IGHV1-46*01 Clonal Lineage 5																	
PVE4-8	4	2	6	3	15	0.183	0.056	0.579	0.182	2.745	0.84	8.685	2.73	0.0538	0.462	-0.719	-0.108
IGHV1-69*06 Clonal Lineage 1																	
(D31)2/29	10	1	8	4	23	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.094	1.357	12.972	4.6	1.03	0.0224	-0.338	-0.263
IGHV1-69*06 Clonal Lineage 2																	
(D3)1i/4d	9	1	9	7	26	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.628	1.534	14.664	5.2	0.485	0.151	-0.668	-0.0793
(D3)1d/2c	8	1	9	4	22	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	3.916	1.298	12.408	4.4	0.814	0.0659	-0.226	-0.328
(D3)1g/2e	9	1	8	7	25	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.45	1.475	14.1	5	0.485	0.151	-0.78	-0.0545
(D3)1b/3a	8	1	8	5	22	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	3.916	1.298	12.408	4.4	0.644	0.107	-0.508	-0.164
(D3)1c/2a	9	1	8	5	23	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.094	1.357	12.972	4.6	0.756	0.0666	-0.508	-0.164
(D3)1h/2b	8	1	9	4	22	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	3.916	1.298	12.408	4.4	0.814	0.0659	-0.226	-0.328
(D3)1f/4c	8	1	8	6	23	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.094	1.357	12.972	4.6	0.499	0.159	-0.653	-0.0965
(D3)1e/2d	8	1	6	6	21	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	3.738	1.239	11.844	4.2	0.499	0.159	-0.925	-0.0423
(D3)1a/4a	9	1	8	5	23	0.178	0.059	0.564	0.2	4.094	1.357	12.972	4.6	0.756	0.0666	-0.508	-0.164
IGHV3-7*03 Clonal Lineage																	
(D3)3c/9	5	2	8	7	22	0.213	0.051	0.55	0.186	4.686	1.122	12.1	4.092	-0.45	-0.201	-0.955	-0.0219
(D3)3a/9	5	2	7	6	20	0.213	0.051	0.55	0.186	4.26	1.02	11	3.72	-0.338	-0.271	-0.969	-0.0268
(D3)3b/8	5	2	6	5	18	0.213	0.051	0.55	0.186	3.834	0.918	9.9	3.348	-0.212	-0.356	-0.988	-0.0329
IGHV4-4*02 Clonal Lineage																	
(D31)12b/6	3	1	9	4	17	0.235	0.042	0.52	0.203	3.995	0.714	8.84	3.451	-0.431	-0.268	-0.201	-0.345
(D31)12a/5	5	0	11	4	20	0.235	0.042	0.52	0.203	4.7	0.84	10.4	4.06	0.246	0.352	0.195	0.375
(D31)12c/7	.5	0	9	3	17	0.235	0.042	0.52	0.203	3.995	0.714	8.84	3.451	0.509	0.231	0.264	0.349
IGHV5-a*01 Clonal Lineage																	
VH5a	9	1	18	9	37	0.197	0.058	0.592	0.154	7.289	2.146	21.904	5.698	-0.0308	-0.474	-0.463	-0.116
IGHV3-30*04 Clonal Lineage																	
(D3)4/30	2	0	2	4	8	0.227	0.05	0.534	0.188	1.816	0.4	4.272	1.504	-0.578	-0.239	-1.43	-0.0334

Supplementary Table 4. VH1-46 single nucleotide variants (SNVs). 35 previously reported VH1-46 SNVs (<a href="http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/variation/tools/1000genomes">http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/variation/tools/1000genomes</a>) are shown, along with observed minor allele frequency, the majority codon sequence (observed in the ancestral VH1-46 allele \*01), the variant sequence, and whether the nucleotide variant is silent or non-silent in regard to the amino acid sequence. CDR1 residues are boxed in blue; CDR2 residues are boxed in green. None of the CDR1-2 SNVs were identified in our 4 PV patients, suggesting that VH1-46 polymorphisms likely did not contribute to PV susceptibility in these patients.

SNV reference	minor allele frequency	majority codon	variant	silent	non-silent	AA change
rs374571144	-	GTG	GTT	X		
rs370958214	12	CAG	CAA	X		
rs184383009	0.001	CTG	TTG	X		
rs191958250		GTG	ATG		X	$V \rightarrow M$
rs375773401	. <del></del>	GGG	GCG		X	$G \rightarrow A$
rs61732934	·=	GCT	GGT/GTT		X	$A \rightarrow G/A \rightarrow V$
rs188566927	0.001	AAG	CAG		X	K->Q
rs370633142	=	AAG	AAC		X	K->N
rs377180003	*	GGG	GGA	X		
rs372749973	-	GCC	ACC		X	$A \rightarrow T$
rs61747196	0.002	GTT	ATT		X	V->1
rs61995748	0.002	AAG	ATG		X	K->M
rs192285778	-	GCA	TCA		X	A-> $S$
rs187613260	0.0005	TAC	GAC		X	Y->D
rs377014204	-	TAC	TAT	X		
rs374579537	·	AGC	AGG		X	S->R
rs182132309	0.001	TAC	ATC		X	Y->I
rs369870124	-	TAT	TTT		X	Y->F
rs376685264	<u>{</u>	ATG	GTG		X	M -> V
rs144704015	0.002	ATG	ATA		X	M->I
rs367562305	·	CCT	TCT		X	P->S
rs376171941	:-	GAG	GAA	X		95-55 -40 -59
rs371609422	7 <u>-</u>	CCT	CTT		X	P->L
rs190309173	-	GGT	AGT		X	G->S
rs185595166	0.002	AGC	ACC		X	S->T
rs181189514	-	ACA	GCA		X	T->G
rs368402773	* <u>-</u>	TAC	AAC		X	Y->N
rs149338091	0.001	AAG	AGG		X	K->R
rs55801711	0.008	TTC	TTG		X	F->L
rs371133633	850	GGC	GAC		X	G -> D
rs368616898	(-	ACC	ATC		X	T->I
rs147211698	0.003	ACG	ATG		X	T->M
rs370428883	-	ACG	ACA	X		
rs376062317	-	GTG	ATG		X	V->M
rs11848941	0.156	GCG	GCA/GCT	X		

# **Supplementary Methods**

3' Light Chain scFv Long Linker Primer Sequences

3.2

5'-

CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCGCCGAGGACGGTCAGCTGGGTGCCTCCGCCAAAGACCAAATCGT TGTTGCCCACATAGGAACTGCAGTAATAATCAGCCTCATC

<u>4.2</u>

5'-

CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCACCTAGGACGGTCAGCTTGGTCCCTCCGCCGAACACCCAATTGTT GCTGCCTGCATATGAGCTGCAGTAATAATCAGCCTC

## PVE4-8

5'-

 $\hbox{CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCTAGGACGGTCACCTTGGTGCCTCCGCCGAATACGAGATTGTT}\\ GCTGCCTGCATATGAGCTGCAGTAATAATCAGCCTC$ 

### F706

5'-

CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCGCCTTTGATTTCCACCTTGGTCCCTTGGCCGAACGTCCAAGGGAA ATCTGTAGATTGCGTGCAGTAATAAACCCCGACATC

#### F779

5'-

CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCGCCTTTGATCTCCAGCTTGGTCCCCTGGCCAAAAGTGTACGGAAA TTCTGTAGCTTGCATGCAGTAATAAACCCCGACATC

#### (D31)2/29

 ${\tt CTCTCTAGAGGAACCACCGCCTAGGACGGTCACCTTGGTCCCTCCGCCGAACACCGCAGTGCTGCTGTCCCACGCCTGACAGTAATAGTCAGCCTCATC}$