Supporting Information

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SI Materials and Methods

Construction of Anabaena flv Mutants. The upstream regions of all0177 and all0178 genes were amplified by PCR with Phusion high-fidelity DNA polymerase (Thermo Scientific) using primers 1 and 2 for all0177 and primers 3 and 4 for all0178 (Table S1), followed by restriction with PstI and XbaI. The downstream regions were amplified by PCR with primers 5 and 6 for all0177 and primers 7 and 8 for all0178, followed by restriction with BamHI and Sall. Corresponding pairs of fragments were ligated together with the SalI-PstI fragment carrying sacB gene from pRL271 and the XbaI-BamHI fragment containing kanamycin/neomycin resistance cassette from pRL448. Resulting plasmids were transferred into Anabaena by triparental mating (1). Double recombinants were selected based on resistance of clones to neomycin and sucrose, and full segregation of the mutants was verified by PCR (Fig. S1). The obtained $\Delta flv1B$ mutant lacked 1,545 bp of the flv1B gene coding sequence. The $\Delta flv3B$ mutant lacked 588 bp of the flv3Bcoding sequence starting from the translation start codon.

For construction of the $\Delta flv1B/3B$ double mutant, the BamHI-XbaI region of the plasmid for *all0177* described above was replaced with the spectinomycin/streptomycin resistance cassette obtained from pEYFP-His6-SpR (2) by using primers 9 and 10. Afterward this plasmid was transferred into $\Delta flv3B$ and followed by selection with sucrose, neomycin, and spectinomycin. Segregation of the mutants was verified by PCR (Fig. S1).

Isolation of Heterocysts. Heterocysts were isolated by using a protocol based on lysozyme treatment to destroy the vegetative cells in the presence of a high osmolarity buffer to protect the isolated heterocysts, according to Ow et al. (3). For activity measurements, isolated heterocysts were immediately suspended in 50 mM Hepes-NaOH with 400 mM of sucrose to reach the Chl a concentration of 15 μ g·ml⁻¹. For protein isolation, the harvested heterocysts were stored at -80 °C. To confirm purity of heterocysts, we monitored the absence of active PS II centers from vegetative cells by Chl a fluorescence by using DUAL-PAM-100 (Walz).

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- Birungi M, et al. (2010) Possibilities of subunit localization with fluorescent protein tags and electron microscopy examplified by a cyanobacterial NDH-1 study. *Biochim Biophys Acta* 1797(9):1681–1686.
- Ow SY, et al. (2008) Quantitative shotgun proteomics of enriched heterocysts from Nostoc sp. PCC 7120 using 8-plex isobaric peptide tags. J Proteome Res 7(4):1615–1628.
- Dilworth MJ (1966) Acetylene reduction by nitrogen-fixing preparations from Clostridium pasteurianum. Biochim Biophys Acta 127(2):285–294.
- Leino H, et al. (2014) Characterization of ten highly H₂ producing cyanobacteria isolated from the Baltic Sea and Finnish lakes. Int J Hydrogen Energy, 10.1016/j.ijhydene.2014.03.171.
- Zhang P, Allahverdiyeva Y, Eisenhut M, Aro EM (2009) Flavodiiron proteins in oxygenic photosynthetic organisms: photoprotection of photosystem II by Flv2 and Flv4 in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803. PLoS ONE 4(4):e5331.

Nitrogenase Activity. Nitrogenase activity was determined by acetylene reduction assay (4). The cultures were incubated for 4 d in N_2 -fixing conditions. Samples preparation and measurements were performed as described in Leino et al (5)., but with gas mixture composed of 20.95% O_2 , 0.039% CO_2 , and 79.01% Ar, from which 10% was replaced with acetylene.

Immunodetection. Total cell extracts from N_2 -fixing filaments were obtained by breaking cells in TS2 0.75 W Cell Disruptor (one shot machine, Constant Systems Ltd) by applying three shots of $40~\text{kg/in}^2$ with cooling on ice in between. Sample buffer composition, conditions of electrophoresis, and immunodetection has been described in Zhang et al. (6). Anti-NifH antibody was purchased from Agrisera.

Differential Gel Electrophoresis. The isoelectrofocusing of proteins, second-dimension SDS/PAGE, image acquisition, and data analysis were performed as described (7). Filaments or isolated heterocysts were suspended in 5 mL of ice-cold solution comprising 8 M urea and 2 M thiourea. The cells were broken in TS2 0.75 W Cell Disruptor as described above. After this, 4% CHAPS was added to finalize the solubilization, followed by the purification of total protein extract by 2-D Clean-Up Kit (GE Healthcare). The purified protein extract was suspended in 30 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.8), 8 M urea, 2 M thiourea, and CHAPS and labeled by using CyDye differential gel electrophoresis (DIGE) Fluor minimal dyes (GE Healthcare) according to producer's protocol. The identification of proteins was done according to ref. 8. Based on the ratio of NifK/RbcL, representing protein amount of the nitrogenase subunit NifK (expressed only in heterocysts) calculated over the protein amount of the large subunit of ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase RbcL (presented only in vegetative cells), our heterocyst preparations contained 6–7 heterocysts per one vegetative cell (Table S2).

- Carmel D, Battchikova N, Holmström M, Mulo P, Aro EM (2013) Knock-out of low CO₂induced slr0006 gene in Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803: Consequences on growth and
 proteome. Photosynthesis Research for Food, Fuel and the Future. Advanced Topics in
 Science and Technology in China, 654–658.
- Battchikova N, Zhang P, Rudd S, Ogawa T, Aro EM (2005) Identification of NdhL and Ssl1690 (NdhO) in NDH-1L and NDH-1M complexes of Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803. J Biol Chem 280(4):2587–2595.
- Mella-Herrera RA, Neunuebel MR, Kumar K, Saha SK, Golden JW (2011) The sigE gene is required for normal expression of heterocyst-specific genes in Anabaena sp. strain PCC 7120. J Bacteriol 193(8):1823–1832.

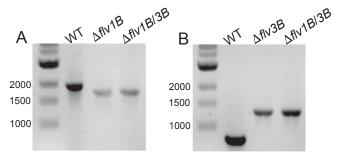


Fig. S1. Verification of *flv* mutants by PCR. (*A*) PCR with primers 11 and 12 (Table S1) for *all0177* and DNA isolated from the WT and mutants. Expected length of PCR products is 2,070 bp for WT, 1,657 bp for Δ*flv1B*, and 1,775 bp for Δ*flv1B/3B*. (*B*) PCR with primers 13 and 14 (Table S1) for *all0178* and DNA isolated from WT and the mutants. Expected length of PCR products is 848 bp for WT and 1,485 bp for mutants.

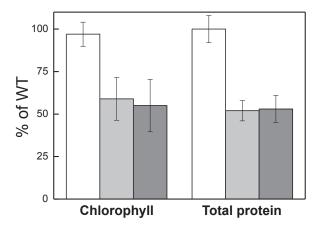


Fig. S2. The relative content of Chl a and total protein in mutant strains over the OD₇₅₀ value in percent of the WT values after 4 d in N₂-fixing conditions. white bars, $\Delta flv1B$; light gray bars, $\Delta flv3B$; dark gray bars, $\Delta flv1B/3B$.

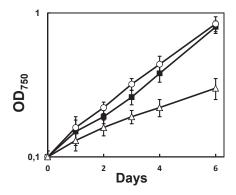


Fig. S3. The growth of Anabaena WT and mutant strains in N₂-fixing conditions under fluctuating light (20 μmol photons·m⁻²·s⁻¹ for 5 min and 500 μmol photons·m⁻²·s⁻¹ for 30 s). \blacksquare , WT, \bigcirc , $\triangle flv 1B$, \triangle , $\triangle flv 3B$. The growth rate of the $\triangle flv 3B$ (0.19 ± 0.04, P < 0.001) was approximately 54% of the WT rate (0.35 ± 0.05).

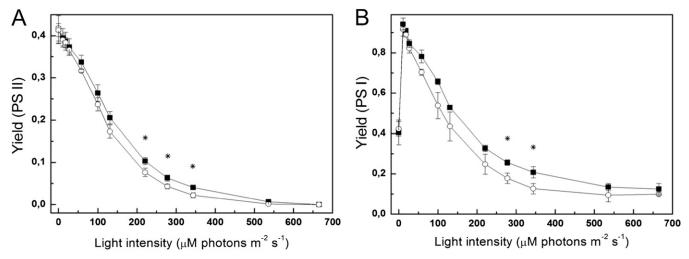


Fig. S4. Light response of the PS II yield (A) and PS I yield (B) recorded from the WT (\blacksquare) and $\triangle flv3B$ (\bigcirc) mutant strain. Mean \pm SD, n=3, asterisks indicate statistically significant differences between the WT and the mutant (*P < 0.05).

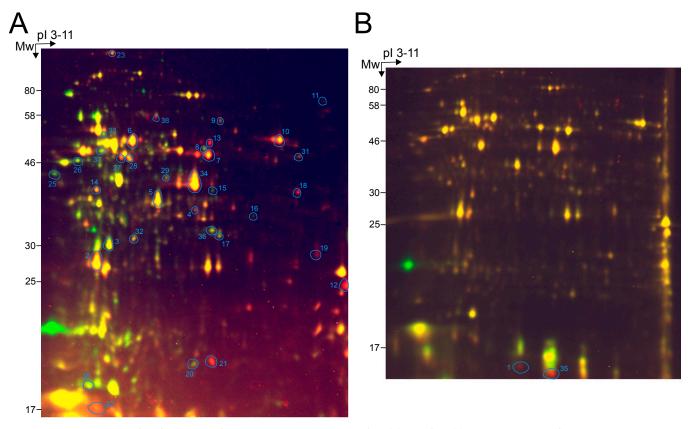


Fig. S5. Two-dimensional profile of proteomes of the WT and the mutant strains $\Delta flv3B$ (A) and $\Delta flv1B$ (B). The overlay mages of Cy3-control and Cy5-mutant samples from heterocyst-enriched fractions. Red spots correspond to proteins that are more abundant in the WT, green spots to proteins that are more abundant in the mutant strain, and yellow spots to proteins that are equally abundant in both strains. Numbered spots correspond to those were identified with MS/MS (Tables S3 and S4).

Table S1. Oligonucleotides used for the construction (1–8), verification (9–12) of *flv* mutants, and in quantitative real-time PCR (13–48)

No.	Primer name	Sequence			
1	all0177-L-Pst-Fw	CCACTGACTGcagaccatagcggtttggtggaagatg			
2	all0177-∟-Xba-Rev	${\tt CCACTGATCtagattttgcccagtctttaattgattgga}$			
3	all0178-L-Pst-Fw	CCACTGACTGcagcactaactacctacgactaactact			
4	all0178-∟-Xba-Rev	CCACTGATCTAgattcgtctccgagcgcaaataaacag			
5	all0177-R-Bam-Fw	CTACTGAGGAtccgaaggcaatcatctggaatacatga			
6	all0177-R-Sal-Rev	CCACTGAGTCgacgttgttaaatattcagacctcagcat			
7	all0178-R-Bam-Fw	CTACTGAGGATccgaagttatctatacttgtgatgctttt			
8	all0178-R-Sal-Rev	CCACTGAGTCgactggggattaggtatagaaactctct			
9	Xbal+Sp-Fw	TCTAGAaggacagaaatgcctcgacttc			
10	BamH+Sp-Rev	GGATCCcctgatagtttggctgtgagca			
11	∆flv1B_s	GGGGTGAGAACCCAAACC			
12	∆flv1B_as	TCAACCGAGCATTCCACATA			
13	∆flv3B_s	TGCTTTTTGTTACGGTAATCTTGCC			
14	∆flv3B_as	GCATCCCAAAAGCATCACAAGTATA			
15	nifH1_S	TTCTACAAACCCCTCACAGC			
16	nifH1_AS	GATTTACCGATACCGCCTTT			
17	nifH2_S	ACAAATCCTTATCTACGCAACC			
18	nifH2_AS	ATAGCTGCCAAGGTGTTTTG			
19	psaB1_S	CGCGCTCTCAGCATTACT			
20	psaB1_AS	GTTCTGTTTTTACCCAGCACTT			
21	psbAI_S	CAATCCATCATCGACTCACA			
22	psbAI_AS	GTTGATAGCAGGAGCGGTTA			
23	rbcL_S	TGGTACTTGGACGACCGTAT			
24	rbcL_AS	GATGGAGCCTTCTTCAAACA			
25	lox_S	GCGCAGTCTTTGAACGTATT			
26	lox_AS	TAGTTCGCCTTCCGTATGAG			
27	Mn-cat_S	AGGTTTTCCTTGGAATGGTC			
28	Mn-cat_AS	CATGGTATCACGAGCAATCA			
29	coxA1_S	CATGACACAAGCTCAGTTGC			
30	coxA1_AS	GTAGTTCTGTCCGCACCAAG			
31	coxA3_S	CACTGCCTACAATCAAGCATC			
32	coxA3_AS	GAGTTGAACGCCTTCTATGG			
33	fdxH_S	GGCAAAGTTGTTGAAGGTGA			
34	fdxH_AS	TGAATTAAGCAAGGTACGGTTC			
35	apcA_S	AATCGGTGTTCGTGAAATGT			
36	apcA_AS	CCTACTGCAACGCACCTACT			
37	pecA_S	CAGCAACACTGAAATGCAAG			
38	pecA_AS	CCTTCTGGAGTGGAAGCATA			
39	rbrA_S	ATTTCGTGAAACAGCAGAGC			
40	rbrA_AS	CGTAGGTTTCGCCTTCAATA			
41	sodB_S	GCTCATGGACAAAAAGCACT			
42	sodB_AS	CCCTCATCTGACTGGACAAC			
43	glpX_S	GGGTAAGGGCGAAAAGAATA			
44	glpX_AS	AGCATTTGGTTGGGTACAAA			
45	rpoA_S*	CAACTCTCTGTACGGGCCTA			
46	rpoA_AS*	GCTTCTTTCTTGGGGTAAGG			
47	flv3A_S	GAGGAACTCACCGGACGTT			
48	flv3A_AS	GCTGCACCCAAATCTACAAC			
49	fdal_S	AGCCACAGGTCAGAGTTACG			
50	fdal_AS	AAAGTCGTTTTTGCCAGATG			

^{*}rpoA was used as a reference gene (1).

^{1.} Mella-Herrera RA, Neunuebel MR, Kumar K, Saha SK, Golden JW (2011) The sigE gene is required for normal expression of heterocyst-specific genes in Anabaena sp. strain PCC 7120. J Bacteriol 193(8):1823–1832.

Table S2. Amount of heterocysts per vegetative cell in preparations

RbcL/NifK (relative amount)			Heterocysts:vegetative	Heterocysts:vegetative	
Strain	Filaments	Heterocyst-encriched	cells in filaments	cells in preparations	
WT	2.74 ± 0.14	0.39 ± 0.04	1:10	7:1	
∆flv1B	2.61 ± 0.26	0.41 ± 0.04	1:10	6:1	
∆flv3B	2.70 ± 0.15	0.38 ± 0.05	1:10	7:1	

Amount of heterocysts and vegetative cells was calculated on micrographs for whole filaments, and by the ratio of RbcL/NifK from DIGE in heterocyst preparations.

Table S3. Relative changes in protein amounts in the $\Delta f/v3B$ mutant compared with the WT

Accession no.	Gene name	Protein name	Spot no.	∆flv3B vs. WT (filaments)	$\Delta f l v 3 B$ vs. WT (heterocysts)
alr0524	pecA	Phycoerythrocyanin (PEC) alpha chain	1	N/A	N/A
all1455	nifH	Nitrogenase iron protein 1	2	0.5 ± 0.0	0.5 ± 0.1
all2563	tal	Transaldolase	3	1.5 ± 0.1	1.5 ± 0.0
alr1744	_	Sulfolipid biosynthesis protein	4	0.6 ± 0.0	_
all4563	fda II	Fructose bisphosphate aldolase class II	5	0.7 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.0
all1440	nifK	Nitrogenase molybdenum-iron protein beta chain	6	0.7 ± 0.0	0.6 ± 0.0
alr1524	rbcL	Ribulose bisphosphate carboxylase large chain	7	0.6 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.0
all1872	_	All1872 protein	8	2.1 ± 0.2	2.4 ± 0.2
all0177	flv1B	Putative diflavin flavoprotein A 5	9	3.2 ± 0.4	3.3 ± 0.5
all1454	nifD	Nitrogenase molybdenum-iron protein alpha chain	10	0.6 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.1
all2038	_	All2038 protein	11	3.8 ± 0.7	4.6 ± 0.4
alr0525	pecC	Phycobilisome linker polypeptide. PEC-associated. rod	12	N/A	N/A
all0687	, hupL	[NiFe] uptake hydrogenase large subunit	13	_	0.3 ± 0.0
alr1041	glpX	p-fructose 1.6-bisphosphatase class 2/sedoheptulose 1.7-bisphosphatase	14	0.7 ± 0.0	0.7 ± 0.1
alr2355	ald	Alanine dehydrogenase	15	_	3.5 ± 0.4
all3735	fda I	Fructose bisphosphate aldolase class I	16	2.2 ± 0.1	1.9 ± 0.1
alr5285	accA	Ac-CoA carboxylase carboxyl transferase subunit alpha	17	1.5 ± 0.2	1.3 ± 0.0
alr0128	chIP	Geranylgeranyl hydrogenase	18	0.8 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.1
all1743	por	Protochlorophyllide oxidoreductase	19	0.6 ± 0.0	0.4 ± 0.0
all4287	<i>'</i> —	Peptidyl-propil cis-trance isomerase B	20	1.4 ± 0.1	2.6 ± 0.1
all1472	_	All1472 protein	21	<u> </u>	0.4 ± 0.1
all2453	petC1	Cyt b6f iron-sulfur subunit 1	22	0.6 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.1
all1267	acnB	Aconitate hydratase 2	23	0.8 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.0
all2567	_	Probable phosphoketolase 2	24	2.1 ± 0.4	_
alr0834	_	Porin. major outer membrane protein	25	1.6 ± 0.1	2.3 ± 0.3
all4499	_	All4499 protein	26	1.4 ± 0.1	2.1 ± 0.4
all0737	trxB	Thioredoxin reductase (NADPH)	27	0.6 ± 0.1	0.4 ± 0.0
all0737	trxB	Thioredoxin reductase (NADPH)	28	0.6 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.0
all4645	glgC	Glucose-1-phosphate adenyltransferase	29	0.5 ± 0.2	_
all4196	adk1	Adenylate kinase 1	30	2.0 ± 0.1	2.2 ± 0.5
all1939	_	Processing proteinase	31	1.1 ± 0.1	1.4 ± 0.0
all2315	ilvC	Ketol-acid reductoisomerase	32	0.7 ± 0.1	1.0 ± 0.0
all1663	murE	UDP-N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanyl-D-glutamate-2.6- diaminopimelate ligase	33	1.6 ± 0.1	4.2 ± 0.8
alr5275	_	6-P-gluconate dehydrogenase. decarboxylating	34	0.8 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.1
alr0529	cpcA	C-phycocyanin alpha chain	35	0.6 ± 0.0	_
all5062	gap2	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 2	36	0.6 ± 0.0	_
all3556	_	Succinate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	37	1.0 ± 0.1	1.8 ± 0.3
all0178	flv3B	Putative diflavin flavoprotein A 2	38	_	N/A

Proteins were identified by MS/MS from DIGE performed with protein samples isolated from whole N_2 -fixing filaments and from heterocyst-enriched fraction of WT and $\Delta flv3B$ strain. Spot no. corresponds to the numbering of proteins in Fig. S5. Mean \pm SD, n=3. N/A, not applicable.

Table S4. Relative changes in protein amounts in the $\Delta flv1B$ mutant compared with the WT

Accession no.	Gene name	Protein name	Spot no.	$\Delta flv1B$ vs. WT (filaments)	$\triangle flv1B$ vs. WT (heterocysts)
alr0524	pecA	Phycoerythrocyanin (PEC) alpha chain	1	N/A	N/A
all1455	nifH	Nitrogenase iron protein 1	2	0.8 ± 0.3	0.8 ± 0.2
all2563	tal	Transaldolase	3	0.8 ± 0.1	_
all4563	fda II	Fructose bisphosphate aldolase class II	5	1.3 ± 0.1	_
all1440	nifK	Nitrogenase molybdenum-iron protein beta chain	6	0.9 ± 0.1	1.0 ± 0.1
alr1524	rbcL	Ribulose bisphosphate carboxylase large chain	7	1.0 ± 0.0	_
all0177	flv1B	Putative diflavin flavoprotein A 5	9	_	N/A
all1454	nifD	Nitrogenase molybdenum-iron protein alpha chain	10	1.0 ± 0.1	1.0 ± 0.1
all0687	hupL	[NiFe] uptake hydrogenase large subunit	13	0.8 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.1
all3735	fda I	Fructose bisphosphate aldolase class I	16	1.5 ± 0.0	_
all0737	trxB	Thioredoxin reductase (NADPH)	27	1.0 ± 0.0	0.6 ± 0.0
all0737	trxB	Thioredoxin reductase (NADPH)	28	1.0 ± 0.1	0.6 ± 0.1
alr5275	_	6-P-gluconate dehydrogenase. decarboxylating	34	0.7 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.1
all5062	gap2	Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 2	36	1.6 ± 0.2	_

Proteins were identified by MS/MS from DIGE performed with protein samples isolated either from whole filaments or heterocyst-enriched fraction of WT and $\Delta flv1B$ strain. Spot no. corresponds to the numeration of proteins on the Fig. S5. Mean \pm SD, n=3. N/A, not applicable.