

Table S3. Characteristics of REasons for Geographic And Racial Differences in Stroke (REGARDS) study participants without treatment-resistant hypertension and with controlled versus uncontrolled treatment-resistant hypertension

	No treatment-resistant hypertension (n=7,827)	Treatment-resistant hypertension with controlled BP (n=564)	Treatment-resistant hypertension with uncontrolled BP (n=1,583)
Age, years	65.4 (8.9)	67.4 (8.5)	67.6 (8.6)
Female gender, %	58.9	48.9	50.7
Black race, %	45.3	54.1	60.8
Region, %			
Non-belt	42.4	43.6	45.0
Belt	35.2	33.0	35.0
Buckle	22.4	23.4	20.0
Income <\$20,000, %	18.2	20.6	26.5
Less than high school education, %	13.0	16.7	20.8
Current smoking, %	12.8	10.7	12.4
Current alcohol use, %	34.5	33.0	30.3
Perfect medication adherence, %	70.6	69.6	66.2
Physical activity, %			
4+ times per week	27.8	24.2	23.8
1 to 3 times per week	35.9	32.7	33.5
None	36.3	43.1	42.7
Waist circumference, cm	97.6 (14.8)	104.1 (16.0)	104.2 (16.3)
Statin use, %	42.2	56.9	51.0
Diabetes, %	24.7	44.2	46.1
History of MI, %	14.4	28.0	24.1
History of stroke, %	7.5	12.6	13.7
Total cholesterol, mg/dL	186.0 (38.7)	172.5 (36.9)	183.3 (39.1)
HDL-cholesterol, mg/dL	50.9 (15.8)	47.2 (15.1)	48.6 (15.0)
C-reactive protein, mg/L	2.5 (1.1, 5.7)	2.7 (1.2, 5.9)	3.1 (1.3, 6.7)
Systolic BP, mmHg	122.4 (9.8)	122.7 (10.6)	147.5 (14.9)
Diastolic BP, mmHg	74.3 (7.7)	72.2 (8.6)	82.5 (10.9)
eGFR, mL/min/1.73m ²	84.2 (19.5)	73.8 (22.6)	75.1 (24.3)
ACR, mg/g	7.0 (4.6, 12.5)	8.7 (4.9, 17.1)	27.7 (8.9, 109.0)

MI: myocardial infarction; HDL: high-density lipoprotein; eGFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate; ACR: albumin-to-creatinine ratio

Numbers in table are mean (standard deviation) or percent, except c-reactive protein and ACR, which are presented as median (25th percentile, 75th percentile).