

Supplemental Materials

Molecular Biology of the Cell

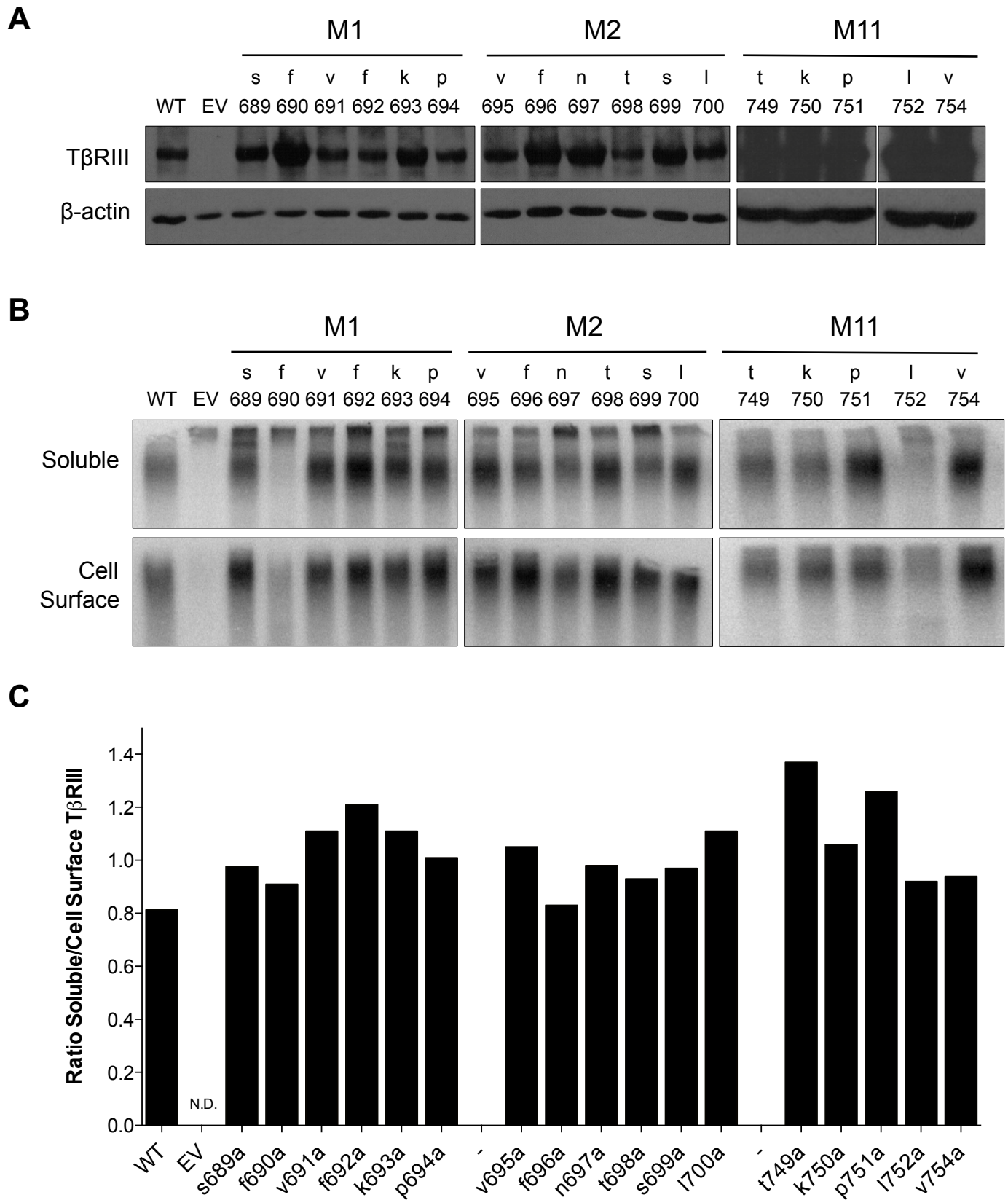
Elderbroom et al.

Supplemental Table 1: Mutagenesis primers for TβRIII NAAIRS mutants

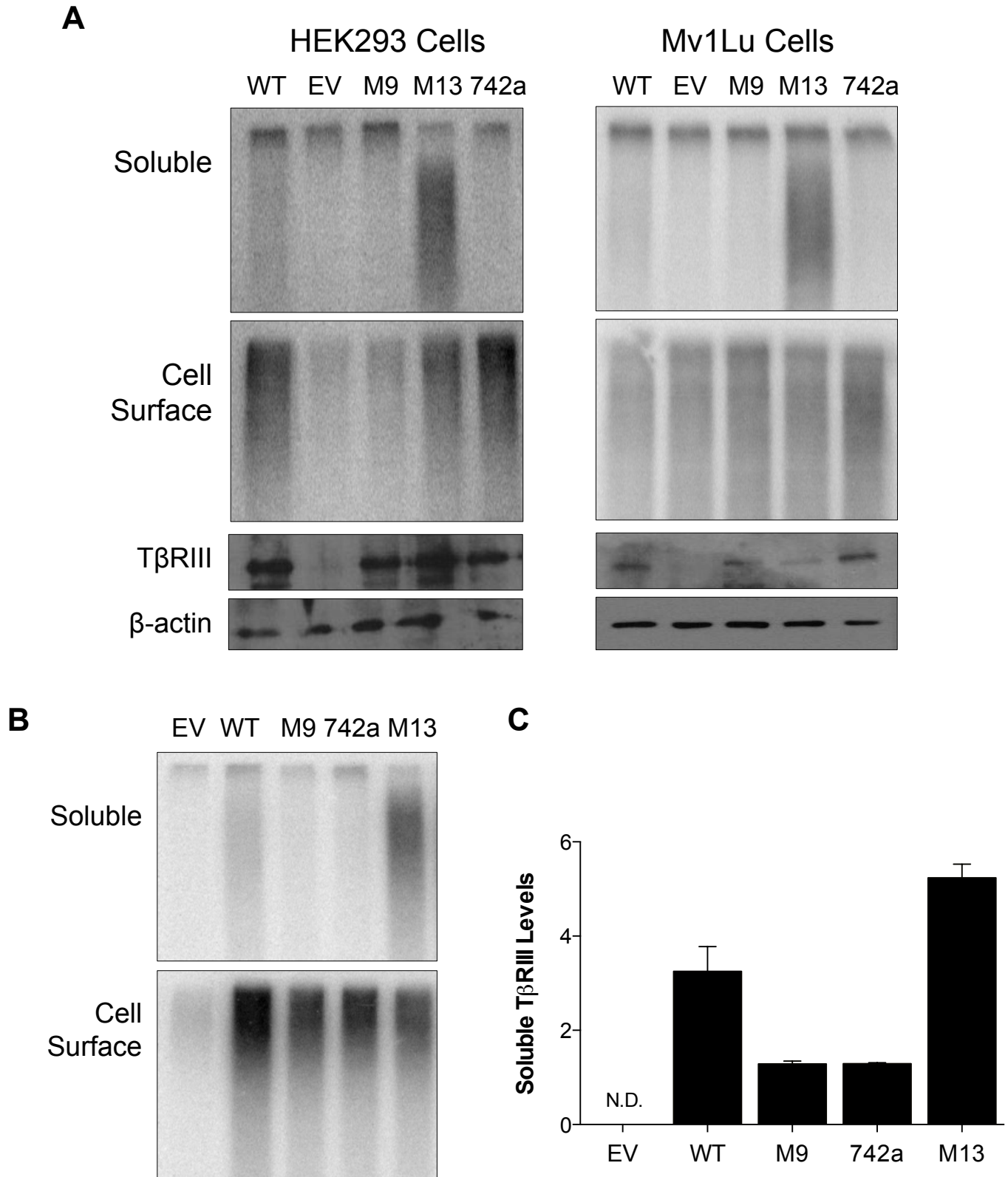
<i>Mutation:</i>	<i>Location:</i>	<i>Forward Primer Sequence:</i>	<i>Reverse Primer Sequence:</i>
M0	AA 683-688	cccgaagctgac aatgctgctatac gatcg cttgtcttcaagc	gcttgaagacaaaag cgatcgtatagcagcatt gtcagcttgcggg
M1	AA 689-694	gataagaagcgattc aatgctgctatac gatcg gcttcaacacc	ggtgttgaagac cgatcgtatagcagcatt gaatcgcttctatc
M2	AA 695-700	gtcttcaagcct aatgctgctatac gatcg ctcttctacag	ctgtagaagag cgatcgtatagcagcatt aggcttgaagac
M3	AA 701-706	caacacctcactg aatgctgctatac gatcg ctgacgctgtgtacg	cgtaacacagcgtcag cgatcgtatagcagcatt cagtgagggtgtg
M4	AA 707-712	ctacagtgtgag aatgctgctatac gatcg atggagaagcacc	ggtgcttctccat cgatcgtatagcagcatt ctacactgtag
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M6	AA 719-724	gaagcaccaccag aatgctgctatac gatcg cctctgacgaagc	gcttctcaggagg cgatcgtatagcagcatt ctgggggtgcttc
M7	AA 725-730	cctaagtgtgtg aatgctgctatac gatcg acctcgtggac	gtccagcagggt cgatcgtatagcagcatt cacacacttagg
M8	AA 731-736	gacgaagcctgc aatgctgctatac gatcg ataactggggc	ggcccagattat cgatcgtatagcagcatt cgaggctctgc
M9	AA 737-742	ctggacgcctcg aatgctgctatac gatcg cagaataagaag	cttcttattctg cgatcgtatagcagcatt cgaggcgtccag
M10	AA 743-748	ctgggccatgatg aatgctgctatac gatcg accaagccccttg	caaggggcttgg cgatcgtatagcagcatt catcatggcccag
M11	AA 749-754	gaagacgttc aatgctgctatac gatcg atccaccatgaagc	gcttcatggtgat cgatcgtatagcagcatt gaacgtcttc
M12	AA 755-760	ccccttctgtg aatgctgctatac gatcg tctaaagaaaaagg	ctttttctttaga cgatcgtatagcagcatt cacagcaagggg
M13*	AA 761-766	* Made by Mutagenex	
M14	AA 767-772	gaaaaaggcca aatgctgctatac gatcg ccaatttctccacc	ggtggagaaattgg cgatcgtatagcagcatt tggaccttttc
M15	AA 773-778	gaaggaaccaa aatgctgctatac gatcg ttccatggctg	ccagaccatggaa cgatcgtatagcagcatt atttggtcttc
M16	AA 778-783	ccaatttccacca aatgctgctatac gatcg accctaaccgtgatg	catcacggtagggt cgatcgtatagcagcatt tgggtgagaaattgg

Supplemental Table 2: Mutagenesis primers for TβRIII alanine mutants

<i>Mutation:</i>	<i>Forward Primer Sequence:</i>	<i>Reverse Primer Sequence:</i>
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f690a	gcgattcagc gcc gtctcaagcc	ggcttgaagac ggc gctgaatgc
v691a	gattcagctt gcc ttcaagcctg	caggcttga ggc aaagctgaatc
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p694a	cttgtcttcaag gcc gtcttcaacacc	ggtgttgaagac ggc ctgaagacaaaag
v695a	cttcaagcct gcc ttcaacacc	ggtgttga ggc aggcttgaag
f696a	caagcctgtc gcc aacacctcac	gtgagggtt ggc gacaggcttg
n697a	gcctgtcttc gcc acctcactgctc	gagcagtgagg ggc gaagacaggc
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t749a	gaagacgttc gcc aagcccctg	gcaaggggctt ggc gaacgtcttc
k750a	gaagacgttacc gcc cccctgtgtg	cacagcaagggg ggc ggtgaacgtcttc
p751a	cgttaccaag gcc ctgtctgtgatc	gatcacagcaag ggc ctgggtgaacg
l752a	accaagccc gcc gctgtgatccac	gtggatcacagc ggc gggctgtgtg
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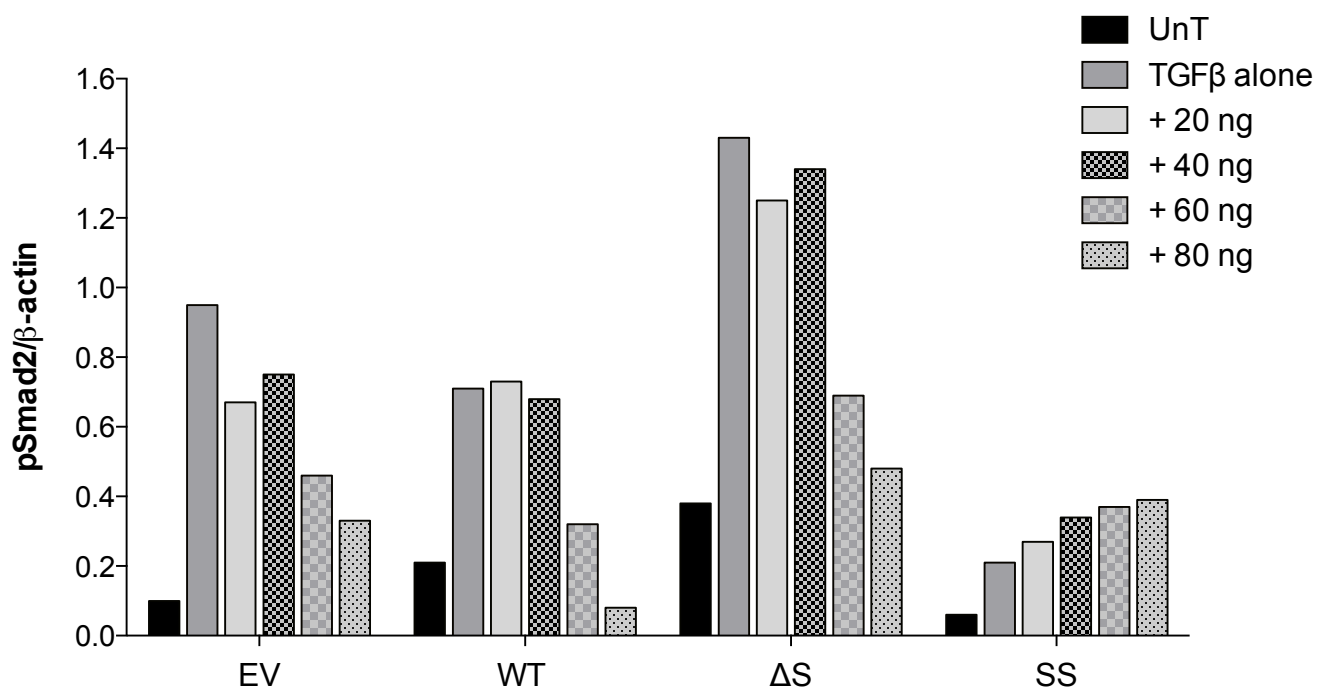
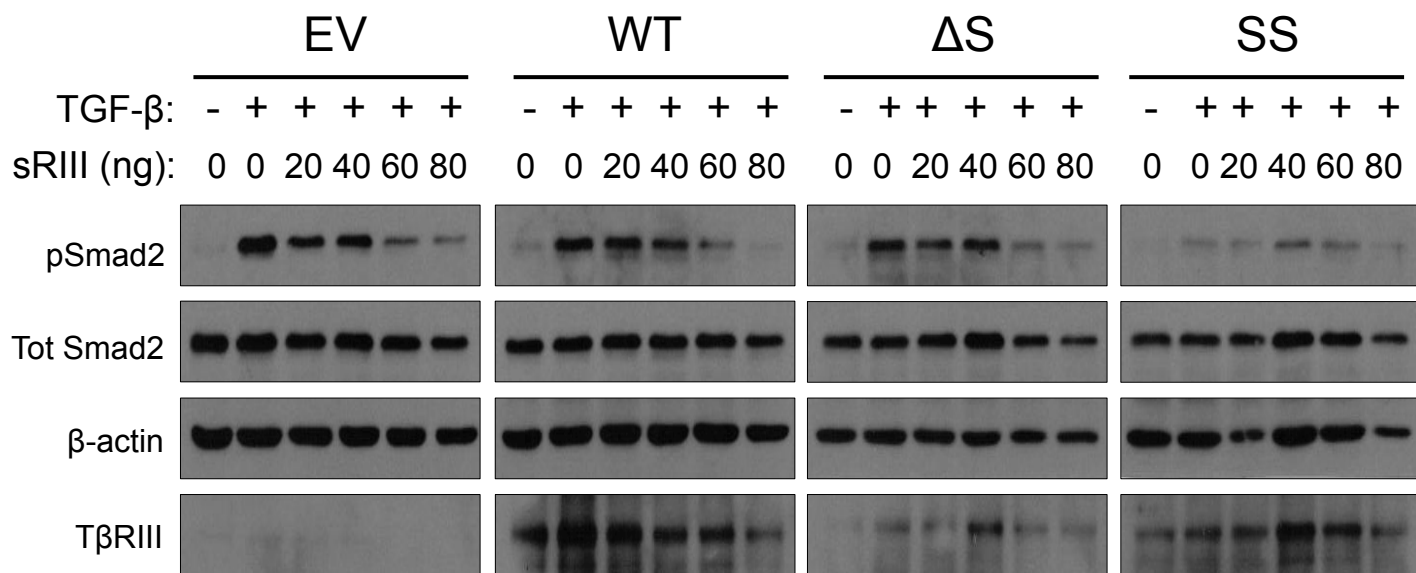


Supplemental Figure 1: No single point mutations within M1, M2 or M11 significantly altered TβRIII ectodomain shedding. (A) Western blot of transiently transfected WT-TβRIII or alanine mutants in COS7 cells. β-actin was used as a loading control. (B) Binding and crosslinking of transiently transfected WT-TβRIII or alanine mutants in COS7 cells. 24 h after transfection media was changed to full serum media and allowed to condition overnight. Following ¹²⁵I-TGF-β1 binding and crosslinking, lysates and conditioned media were immunoprecipitated with an antibody against HA. (C) Quantification of (B). Data shown as densitometry of soluble TβRIII/cell surface TβRIII. Representative image from 2 independent experiments.

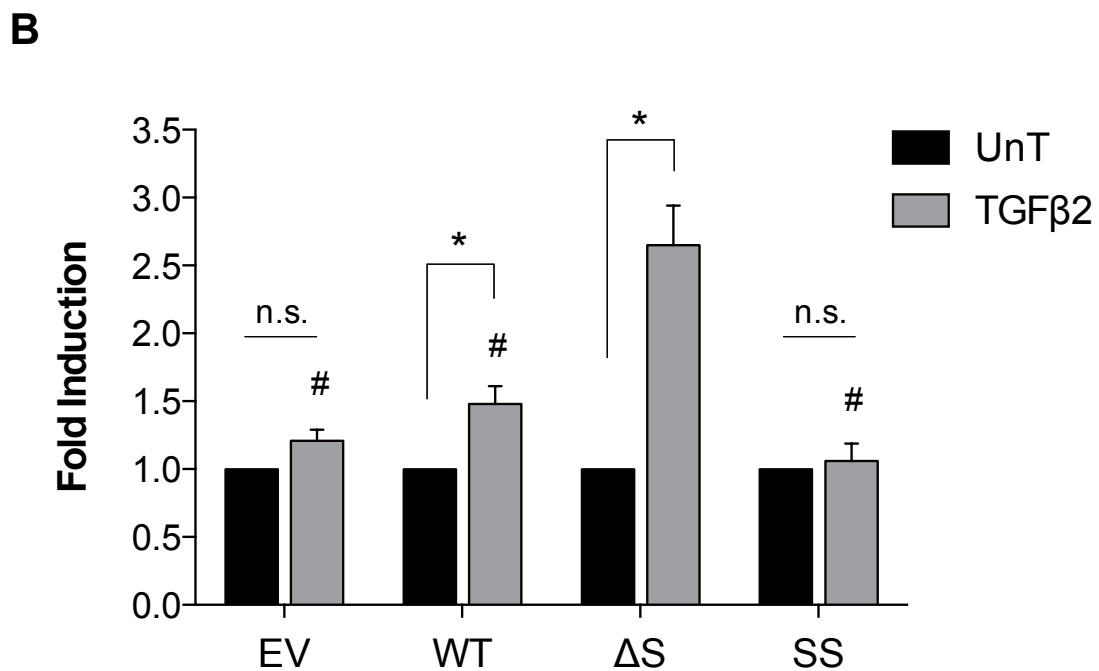
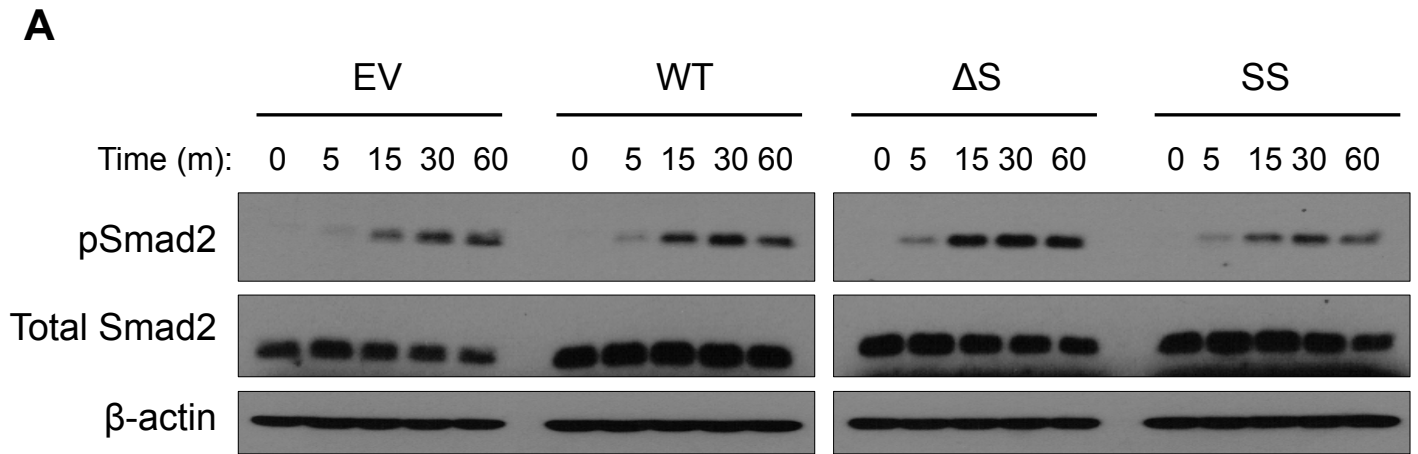


Supplemental Figure 2: Alterations in TβRIII ectodomain shedding in shedding mutants is maintained in multiple cell lines. (A) Binding and crosslinking of HEK293 and Mv1Lu cells. Cells were transiently transfected with EV, WT-TβRIII or shedding mutants and 24 h later media was replaced and allowed to condition for 20 h. Following ¹²⁵I-TGF-β1 binding and crosslinking, lysates and conditioned media were immunoprecipitated with an antibody against TβRIII. TβRIII and β-actin western blots shown as loading controls. Representative images from 2 independent experiments. (B) Binding and crosslinking of final shedding mutants in COS7 cells, performed as in (A). Representative images from 2 independent experiments. (C) ELISA data from media conditioned from transiently transfected COS7 cells for 20 h. Data from 3 independent experiments are shown as levels of soluble TβRIII in the conditioned media normalized to β-actin loading controls from the corresponding cell lysates.

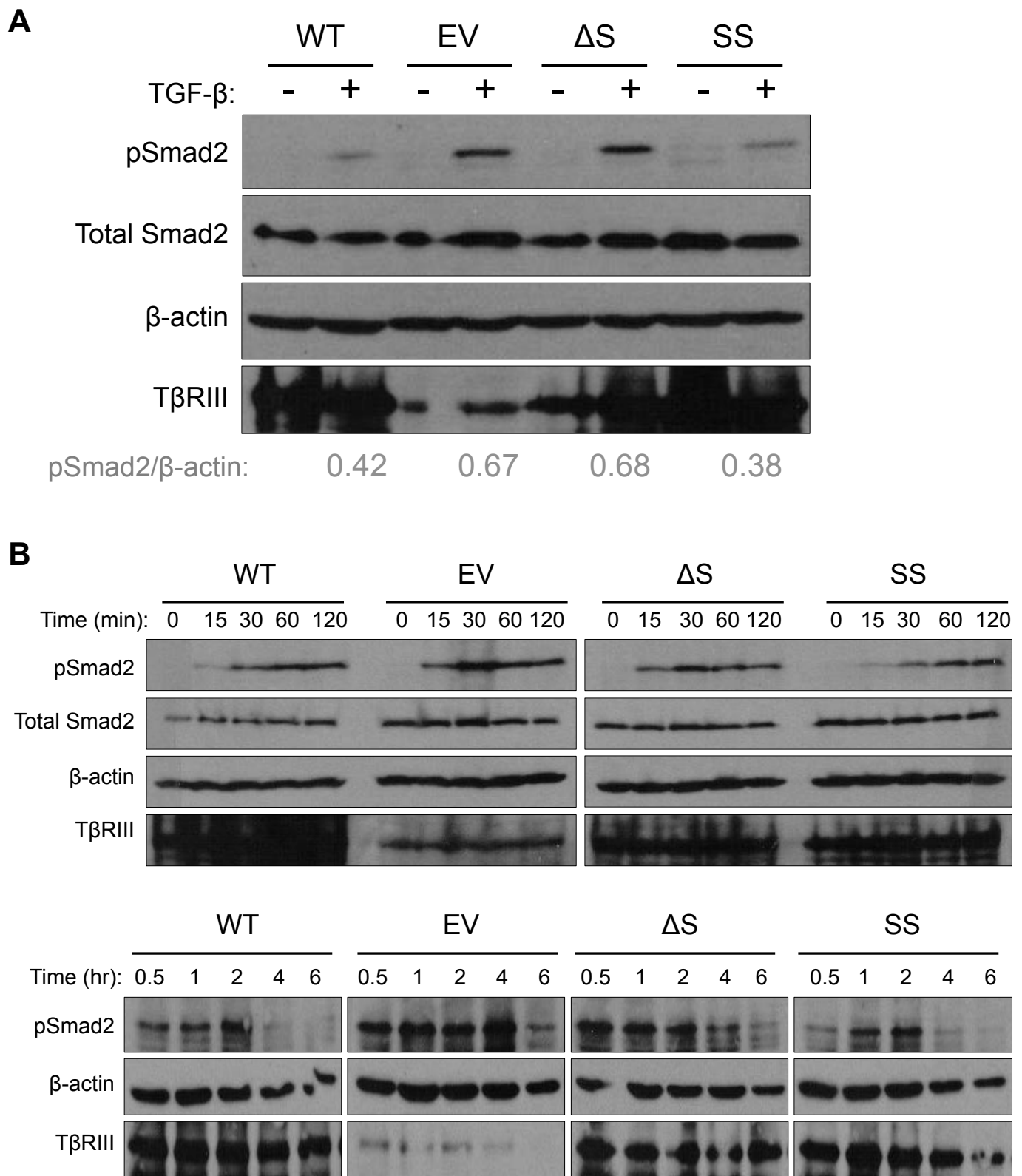
A



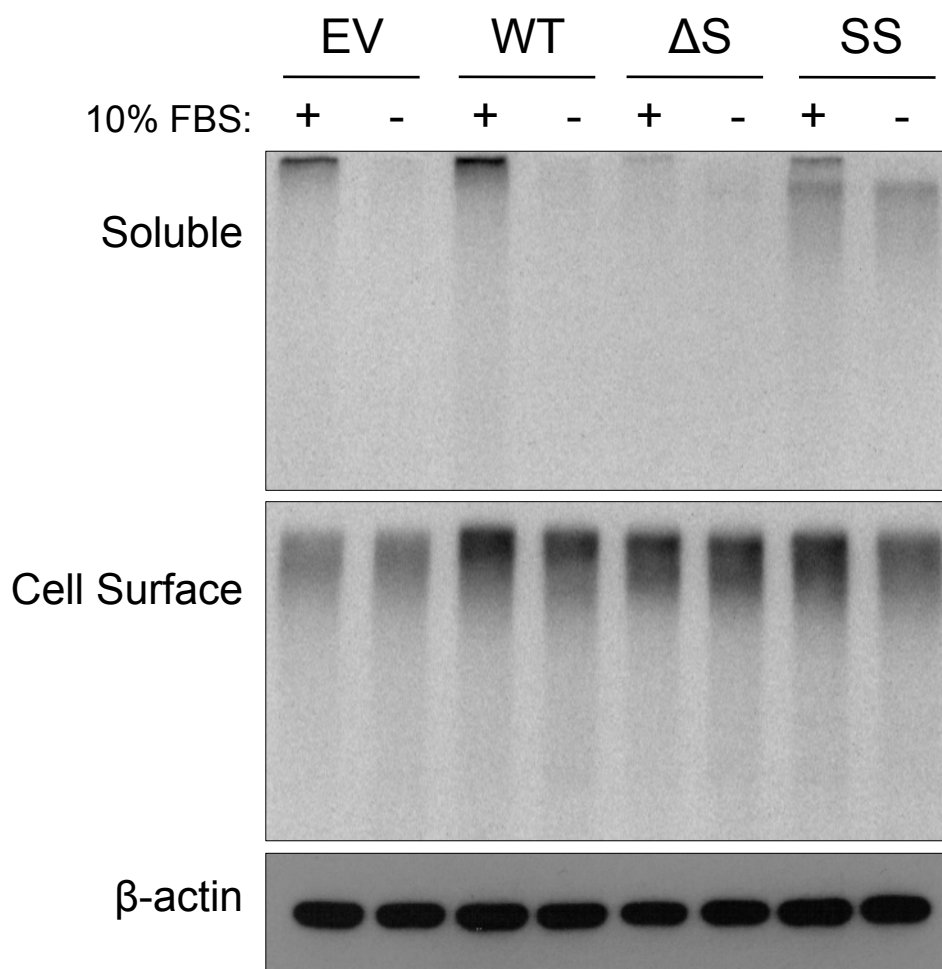
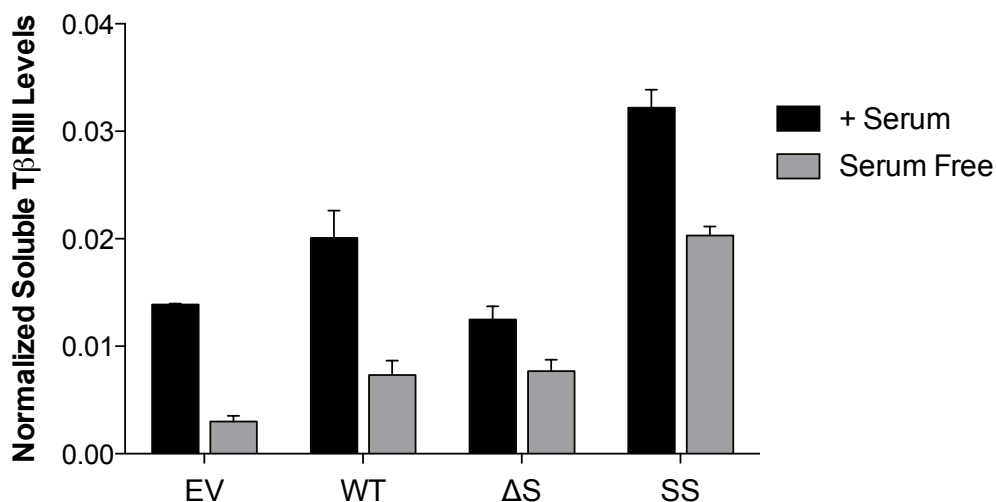
Supplemental Figure 3: TGF- β signaling is reduced by exogenous soluble T β R111. (A) Lentiviral stable MDA-MB-231 cell lines were plated in full serum media and allowed to condition for 20 h before treatment with 50 pM TGF- β 1 and indicated amounts of exogenous soluble T β R111 for 30 minutes. Western blot analysis performed with indicated antibodies. T β R111 and β -actin western blots shown as loading controls. Representative image from 2 independent experiments. Densitometric analysis of pSmad2/ β -actin control shown below.



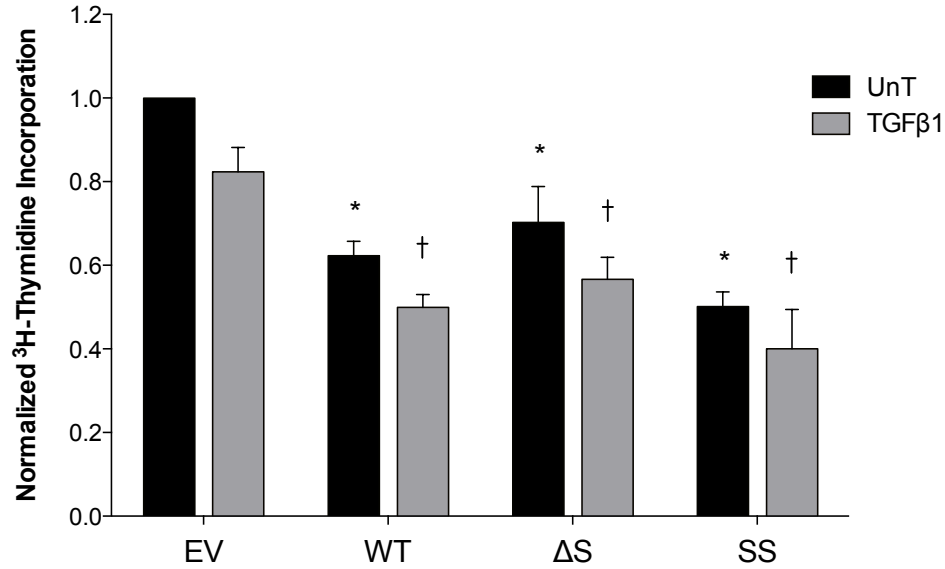
Supplemental Figure 4: WT-TβRIII and ΔS-TβRIII sensitize MDA-MB-231 cells to TGF-β2. (A) Lentiviral stable MDA-MB-231 cell lines were plated in full serum media and allowed to condition for 20 h before treatment with 50 pM TGF-β2 for the indicated time periods. Western blot analysis performed with indicated antibodies. Representative images from 2 independent experiments. (B) Stable MDA-MB-231 cell lines were transfected with a pE2.1 responsive luciferase construct and a renilla construct. The following day cells were treated with media that had been pre-conditioned from the corresponding cell line for 24 h and 50 pM TGF-β2. Cells were treated for 24 h. Results from 4 independent experiments are shown as pE2.1/renilla activity, and normalized to ligand untreated condition of each cell line. * One-sample t-test $p < 0.05$ relative to UnT. # Two-tailed t-test $p < 0.05$ relative to ΔS + TGF-β2.



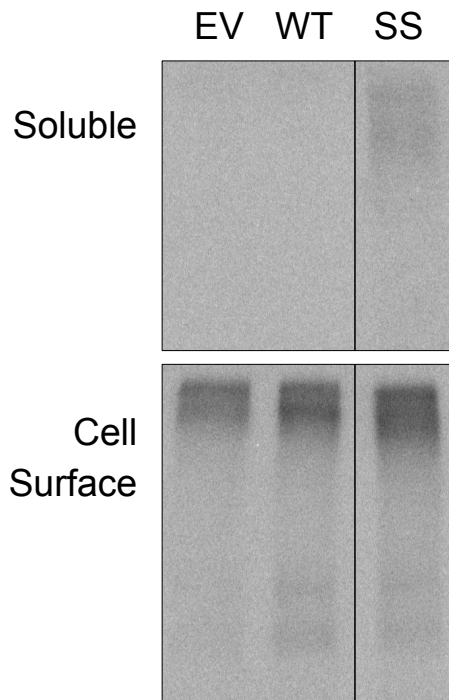
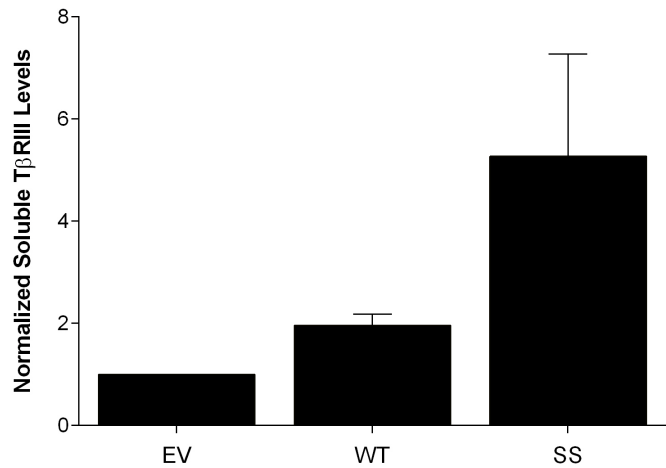
Supplemental Figure 5: *T β RIII* ectodomain shedding regulates the kinetics and magnitude of TGF- β signaling in HEK293 cells. HEK293 cells were transiently transfected with EV, WT-T β RIII or shedding mutants. Following overnight serum starvation, cells were treated with (A) 50 pM TGF- β 1 for 30 minutes or (B) 50 pM TGF- β 1 for indicated time period. Western blot analysis performed with indicated antibodies. T β RIII and β -actin western blots shown as loading controls. Representative images from 3 independent experiments shown.

A**B**

Supplemental Figure 6: *TβRIII* ectodomain shedding is affected by the presence of serum in MDA-MB-231 cells. (A) Binding and crosslinking of lentiviral stable MDA-MB-231 cell lines expressing either EV, WT- $T\beta RIII$ or the shedding mutants. Cells were plated and the following day media was changed to either full serum media (10% FBS) or serum-free media and allowed to condition for 24 h. Following ^{125}I -TGF- $\beta 1$ binding and crosslinking lysates and conditioned media were immunoprecipitated with an antibody against $T\beta RIII$. β -actin western blot shown as a loading control. Representative images from 2 independent experiments shown. (B) ELISA data from media conditioned from lentiviral stable cell lines for 24 h in the absence or presence of 10% FBS. Data from 3 independent experiments are shown as levels of soluble $T\beta RIII$ in the conditioned media normalized to β -actin loading controls from the corresponding cell lysates. Two-way ANOVA for cell line and treatment $p < 0.001$.

A

Supplemental Figure 7: Effects of *TβRIII* and shedding mutants on proliferation at 24 hours. (A) MDA-MB-231 lentiviral stable cell lines expressing either EV, WT-*TβRIII* or the shedding mutants were plated in media pre-conditioned for 24 h from corresponding cells in 96 well plates in triplicate in the absence or presence of 50 pM TGF-β1. 24 hours later proliferation was determined via ³H-Thymidine incorporation. Data from 4 independent experiments are shown as CPM normalized to EV UnT. Two-way ANOVA for cell line $p < 0.002$. * One-sample t -test $p < 0.05$ relative to EV UnT. † Two-tailed t -test $p < 0.05$ relative to EV + TGF-β1.

A**B**

Supplemental Figure 8: Soluble *TβRIII* production is increased by the SS-*TβRIII* mutant in MDA-MB-231-4175 cells. (A) MDA-MB-231-4175 lentiviral stable cell lines expressing either EV, WT-*TβRIII* or the Super-Shedding *TβRIII* mutant were plated and 24 h later media was replaced and allowed to condition for 20 h. Following ¹²⁵I-TGF-β1 binding and crosslinking, lysates and conditioned media were immunoprecipitated with an antibody against *TβRIII*. Representative images from 2 independent experiments. (B) ELISA data from media conditioned for 20 h. Data from 2 independent experiments are shown as levels of soluble *TβRIII* in the conditioned media normalized to β-actin loading controls from the corresponding cell lysates.