Supplemental material

Table 1. Logistic regression model for propensity score for PRE-EMPTIVE RRT among patients with PRE-EMPTIVE RRT (n=105) and without RRT (n=2450).

| | Odds ratio (95% confidence interval) | P-value |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Male sex | 0.99 (0.60-1.62) | 0.96 |
| Chronic kidney disease ^a | 1.86 (0.88-3.95) | 0.11 |
| APACHE II main diagnosis group | - | 0.23 |
| Source of admission | - | 0.02 |
| Received diuretics prior to ICU admission ^b | 1.42 (0.87-2.32) | 0.16 |
| Presence of severe sepsis at ICU admission | 1.20 (0.70-2.06) | 0.51 |
| Cumulative urine output within first 24h (mL) | 1.00 (1.00-1.00) | <0.001 |
| Highest AKI stage prior to RRT or for non-RRT patients | 3.46 (2.76-4.33) | <0.001 |
| within 24h of ICU admission | | |
| First lactate in ICU (mmol/L) ^c | 1.03 (0.96-1.10) | 0.44 |
| Highest dose of norepinehprine within first 24h (six | 1.36 (1.14-1.63) | <0.001 |
| categories) ^d | | |

The model included 2546 (99.6%) of 2555 patients.

Hosmer-Lemeshow test 10.236, P=0.249.

AUC for predicting EARLY RRT was 0.92 (95% CI 0.89-0.95).

^a Glomerular filtration rate prior to critical illness below 60ml/min/1.73m2 (patients with chronic need for dialysis were excluded from the study). Patients with missing data (n=9, 0.4%) were assumed not to have CKD.

^b Patients with missing data (n=69, 2.7%) were assumed not to have received diuretics.

^c In 157 (6.1%) no lactate value measured in ICU was available, and the highest value measured prior to ICU admission was used. In 259 (10.1%) the value was missing and was imputed with the median of measured values.

^d Dose categories: 1) none 2)<0.1 ug/kg/min 3) 0.1-0.2 ug/kg(min 4) 0.2-0.5ug/kg/min 5) 0.5-1.0 ug/kg/min 6) >1.0 ug/kg/min

Table 2. Indications for renal replacement therapy defined by the attending intensivists.

| | PRE- | CLASSIC | Р | CLASSIC- | CLASSIC- | Р |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| | EMPTIVE | | | URGENT | DELAYED | |
| Median number | 2 [2-3] | 3 [2-4] | <0.001 | 3 [3-4] | 3 [2-4] | 0.57 |
| of indications | | | | | | |
| Hyperkalemia | 8/99 (8.1) | 49/124 | <0.001 | 40/82 (48.8) | 9/42 (21.4) | 0.004 |
| | | (39.5) | | | | |
| Acidosis | 51/101 | 100/129 | <0.001 | 74/85 (87.1) | 26/44 (59.1) | 0.001 |
| | (50.5) | (77.5) | | | | |
| High creatinine | 68/103 | 97/126 | 0.07 | 68/83 (81.9) | 29/43 (67.4) | 0.08 |
| | (66.0) | (77.0) | | | | |
| Fluid overload | 47/100 | 50/124 | 0.34 | 20/82 (24.4) | 30/42 (71.4) | <0.001 |
| | (47.0) | (40.3) | | | | |
| Oliguria | 80/105 | 111/128 | 0.04 | 71/87 (81.6) | 40/41 (97.6) | 0.01 |
| | (76.2) | (86.7) | | | | |
| Rhabdomyolysis | 20/97 (20.6) | 8/114 (7.0) | 0.004 | 5/75 (6.7) | 3/39 (7.7) | 1.0 |
| Else | 4/97 (4.1) | 6/116 (5.2) | 0.76 | 6/75 (8.0) | 0/41 (0.0) | 0.09 |

Data expressed as median [interquartile range] or number/total number (percentage).

Table 3. Matched patients with PRE-EMPTIVE RRT compared to those with PRE-EMPTIVE RRT left without a match.

| | Matched PRE-EMPTIVE | Non-matched PRE-EMPTIVE | P |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| | RRT n=67 | RRT n=38 | |
| Age | 64.0 [56.0-76.0] | 60.5 [40.0-70.3] | 0.07 |
| Male sex | 44/67 (65.7) | 25/38 (65.8) | 1.0 |
| Chronic kidney disease | 10/66 (15.2) | 3/38 (7.9) | 0.37 |
| Number of pre-existing chronic | 1 [0-2] | 1 [0-2] | 0.21 |
| illnesses | | | |
| Operative admission | 33/67 (49.3) | 19/38 (50.0) | 1.0 |
| Emergency admission | 56/67 (83.6) | 34/38 (89.5) | 0.56 |
| Admitted from | | | 0.16 |
| Operating room or recovery room | 32/67 (47.8) | 20/38 (52.6) | |
| Emergency room | 14/67 (20.9) | 12/38 (31.6) | |
| Ward | 15/67 (22.4) | 6/38 (15.8) | |
| Other | 6/67 (9.0) | 0/38 (0.0) | |
| SAPS II score | 45.0 [35.0-59.0] | 50.0 [37.5-64.3] | 0.27 |
| SAPS II score without age points | 35.0 [25.0-46.0] | 39.5 [31.8-51.3] | 0.06 |
| SOFA score, first 24h | 10.0 [8.0-13.0] | 12.0 [8.0-13.3] | 0.16 |
| SOFA score, maximum | 12.0 [9.0-14.0] | 13.0 [10.0-15.3] | 0.19 |
| Mechanical ventilation (ICU stay) | 58/67 (86.6) | 33/38 (86.8) | 1.0 |
| Vasoactive drugs (ICU stay) | 60/67 (89.6) | 32/38 (84.2) | 0.54 |
| Severe sepsis until day 5 | 31/67 (46.3) | 17/38 (44.7) | 1.0 |
| AKI prior to RRT | 55/67 (82.1) | 37/37 (100.0) | 0.01 |
| Highest AKI stage prior to RRT | | | <0.001 |
| | | | |

| -stage 1 | 15/55 (27.3) | 4/37 (10.8) | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| -stage 2 | 21/55 (38.2) | 8/37 (21.6) | |
| -stage 3 | 19/55 (34.5) | 25/37 (67.6) | |
| Time from hospital admission to | 3.0 [1.0-5.0] | 1.0 [1.0-2.3] | 0.001 |
| RRT (days) | | | |
| Time from ICU admission to RRT | 25.2 [11.0-47.3] | 21.3 [6.6-42.2] | 0.39 |
| (hours) | | | |
| CRRT as initial modality | 50/67 (74.6) | 30/38 (78.9) | 0.81 |
| At RRT initiation | | | |
| K (mEq/L) | 4.1 [3.9-4.6] | 4.6 [4.2-5.0] | 0.01 |
| рН | 7.35 [7.28-7.41] | 7.34 [7.27-7.39] | 0.54 |
| BE (mmol/L) | -5.1 [-9.32.3] | -7.3 [-10.33.9] | 0.17 |
| Lactate (mmol/L) | 1.9 [1.1-3.5] | 1.8 [1.3-4.2] | 0.52 |
| Creatinine prior to RRT (mg/dL) | 2.4 [1.5-3.3] | 3.1 [2.6-4.9] | 0.01 |
| Urea (mmol/L) | 16.8 [10.9-25.3] | 22.2 [14.4-26.1] | 0.05 |
| Urine output mL/24h ^b | 460 [111-1332] | 275 [99-516] | 0.08 |
| Fluid accumulation % | 4.9 [0.3-10.6] | 5.2 [1.9-11.0] | 0.45 |
| Diuretics prior to RRT | 53/67 (79.1) | 26/38 (68.4) | 0.25 |

Data expressed as median [interquartile range] or number/total number (percentage).

AKI; acute kidney injury, CRRT; continuous renal replacement therapy, ICU; intensive care unit, RRT; renal replacement therapy, SAPS; Simplified Acute Physiology Score, SOFA; Sequential Organ Failure Assessment

^a Comparison across groups

^b on the day of RRT initiation