Acyclic Tethers Mimicking Subunits of Polysaccharide Ligands: Selectin Antagonists

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Supporting Information

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I. Materials and Methods for Biological Evaluations

Immobilization of proteins on the sensor chip for surface plasmon resonance and Determination of the IC50 by SPR: see reference 22 of manuscript (ACS Med. Chem. Lett. 2012)

Materials. Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, human premyelocytic cell line HL-60 and human 293T kidney cells were obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (Rockville, MD). Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium (DMEM), Roswell Park Memorial Institute (RPMI) medium, penicillin-streptomycin and fetal bovine serum (FBS) used for cell culture were from Invitrogen Life Technologies (Burlington, Ontario, Canada). Fatty acid-free bovine serum albumin (BSA) (fraction V) and 4-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazineethanesulfonic acid (HEPES) were from Sigma-Aldrich Co. (Oakville, ON, Canada) while goat anti-human IgG antibodies and sLe^X tetrasaccharide were obtained from Biosource International (Camarillo,CA, USA) and Calbiochem-Novabiochem Corporation (San Diego, CA, USA) respectively. CM5 sensor chip, N-Hydroxysuccinimide (NHS), N-Ethyl-N'-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)- carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) and surfactant P-20 were obtained from Biacore Inc (Piscataway, NJ, USA).

Animals: Male C57BL/6 mice between 10-14 weeks of age and weighing between 30.7 and 40.1 g were used. All procedures performed were approved by the IRCM Animal Ethic Committee. Mice were anesthetized with an intra muscular injection of 100 mg/kg ketamine hydrochloride and 10 mg/kg xylazine. Some mice received an intra-scrotal injection of 500 ng rmTNF α in 150 µL saline 2.5 to 3 hours before intravital microscopic observation. Before preparation of the cremaster muscle for intravital microscopy a cannulation of the left jugular vein to allow intravenous injection of compounds was performed. During the procedure, normothermia was maintained using a heating lamp and a small heating pad.

Intravital microscopy: The cremaster muscle was extracted through an incision in the scrotum. After removal of fat and connective tissue, an incision was made through the cremaster avoiding to severe major blood vessels. The cremaster muscle was then spread and pinned. During this procedure and the intravital microscopic observation, the cremaster muscle was superfused with a thermo controlled bicarbonate-buffered solution (131.9 mmol/L NaCl, 18 mmol/L NaHCO₃, 4.7 mmol/L KCl, 2.0 mmol/L CaCl₂, and 2 mmol/L MgSO₄) through which a gas mixture of 5% CO_2 in N₂ was bubbled. Microscopic observations were made using a fluorescence reverse microscope. Venules with diameters between 30 and 60 µm were selected for observation and recorded via a CCD camera system. Venules were typically recorded in 30 seconds segments. Analyses were performed on data extracted off-line from the video recordings.

II. Materials and Methods for the Synthesis of sLe^x analogs

General Methods. All reactions requiring anhydrous conditions were conducted under a positive nitrogen atmosphere, in oven-dried glassware, using standard syringe techniques. The purity of the reported compounds herein was accessed by mass analysis or by NMR spectroscopic techniques. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and ether were distilled from sodium/benzophenone immediately prior to use. Dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), and Et₃N were freshly distilled from CaH₂ under N₂ atmosphere. Methanol, benzene, p-toluenesulfonic acid (p-TsOH), triflic acid (TfOH), 4-dimehtylpyridine, N-iodosuccinimide (NIS), sodium hydride, 2,3-Dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ), benzyl bromide, benzoyl chloride, acetic acid (99,9 %), palladium (10% on activated carbon), were used as received. Flash chromatography was performed on 0.040-0.063 mm silica gel using nitrogen pressure. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on precoated (0.25 mm) silica gel plates. Melting points were determined on an electrothermal melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a 500 MHz NMR spectrometer using CDCl₃ (δ = 7.26 ppm) as an internal reference. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 125 MHz using CDCl₃ (δ = 77.1 ppm) as an internal reference. The data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm referenced to residual solvent (CDCl₃ δ 7.26 ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, apps = apparent singlet, d = doublet, dd = doublet of doublets, ddd = douplet of douplets, appdd = apparent douplet of doubets, t = triplet, appt = apparent triplet, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz), and integration. Infrared spectra were recorded using a FTIR spectrophotometer. Electron impact (EI) mass spectra were recorded on an instrument operating at 70 eV. FAB mass spectra were recorded on a VG AutospecQ either with or without ionization.

Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data (12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 46) :

Precursors and intermediates not presented in the manuscript are numbered sequentially from **S1** to **S7** in the supporting information.

(2R, 3R) - 2 - Hydroxy- 3 - (3, 4, 5 - tri - O- benzyl - α - *L*- fucopyranos-l-yl)-succinic acid diisopropyl ester (12)



A solution of fucoside 9 (645 mg, 1.35 mmol) and diisopropyl-L-tartrate (0.84 mL, 5.13 mmol, 3.8 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.3M) was stirred 4 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.0 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled at -30°C and then NIS (911 mg, 4.05 mmol, 3.0 eq.) was added followed by triflic acid (0.06 mL, 0.41 mmol, 0.3 eq.). After 1 hour, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc to remove the molecular sieves and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and 0.1M aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was washed with water (2 x 25 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄ and filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Toluene:EtOAc, 75:25) provided exclusively the α -glycoside 12 (659 mg, 75%) as a colorless oil. Formula : $C_{37}H_{46}O_{10}$; MW : 650.7551 g/mol; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -83.0 (c 1.2, CH₂Cl₂); $\mathbf{R}_f = 0.48$ (Toluene:EtOAc, 75:25); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.27 (m, 15H), 5.07 (hept, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (hept, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.02 – 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.78 (dd, J = 4.8, 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (dd, J = 2.5, 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, J = 4.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (qd, J = 6.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.70 (s, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.31-1.22 (m, 12H), 1.08 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125) MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.2, 168.8, 138.8, 138.7, 138.3, 128.5, 128.42, 128.38, 128.3, 128.2, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 100.4, 79.7, 78.6, 77.7, 75.8, 75.0, 73.8, 73.0, 72.4, 69.9, 69.4, 67.8, 21.86, 21.86, 21.82, 21.80, 16.7, 14.3 ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3458 (broad), 2981, 1749, 1455, 1374 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for $C_{37}H_{46}O_{10}Na (M+Na)^+$: 673.2989, found : 673.2978 (+1.0 ppm); Anal. Calcd for C₃₇H₄₆O₁₀ (H₂O): C 66.45, H 7.23; found: C 66.78, H 7.23.

Ethyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (S2)



To a solution of the β -D-galactose pentaacetate **S1** (5.3 g, 13.6 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.2M) was added EtSH (1.4 mL, 19.0 mmol, 1.4 eq.). The mixture was cooled at 0°C, BF₃•OEt₂ (2.8 mL, 22.5 mmol, 1.66 eq.) was then added. The reaction was stirred 5 hours and a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 60:40) provided **S2** (5.16 g, 97%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR spectroscopic data correlate with the previously reported data for **24**¹. **Formula** : C₁₆H₂₄O₉S; **MW** : 392.4214 g/mol; **R**_f = 0.53 (Hexanes:EtOAc, 50:50); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.44 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.25 – 5.20 (m, 1H), 5.04 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.92 (td, *J* = 6.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.78 – 2.65 (m, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.04(s, 3H), 2.02(s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H) ppm.

Ethyl 1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (S3)



To a suspension of **S2** (2.22 g, 5.68 mmol) in MeOH (0.1M) at room temperature was added a solution MeONa (0.1M in MeOH, 2.84 mL, 2.84 mmol, 0.5 eq.). After the completion of reaction as indicated by TLC, Amberlite resin IR 120 (H⁺) was added. The mixture was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography using silica gel pre-treated with 5% Et₃N in hexanes (CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc:MeOH, 50:40:10) provided **S3** (1.27 g, 100%) as a white solid. **Formula** : C₈H₁₆O₅S; **MW** : 224.2746 g/mol; **R**_f = 0.17 (CH₂Cl₂: MeOH, 90:10); **P**_{fus}: 120.0 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ –19.0 (*c* 0.01, MeOH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.34 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.59 –

¹ M. Weïwer, T. Sherwood, R. J. Linhardt, Journal of Carbohydrate Chemistry, 2008, 27:7, 420-427.

3.52 (m, 1H), 3.48 (dd, J = 9.2, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.84 – 2.69 (m, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 87.5, 80.6, 76.3, 71.4, 70.5, 62.7, 24.9, 15.5 ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3317 (broad), 2963, 2915, 2855 cm⁻¹; **MS** (**ES**⁺) m/z 247 ([M+Na]⁺,100); **HRMS** calcd for C₈H₁₆NaO₅S (M+Na)⁺ : 247.0616, found : 247.0602 (-3.4 ppm).

Ethyl 4,6-O-benzylidene-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (14)



To a solution of the β-D-Thioethangalactoside **S3** (1.27 g, 5.66 mmol) in acetonitrile (56 mL, 0.1M) was added CSA (657 mg, 2.83 mmol, 0.5 eq.) and benzaldehyde dimethyl acetal (1.7 mL, 11.32 mmol, 2 eq.). The reaction was stirred 2.5 hours and neutralized with NEt₃. The mixture was evaporated and the purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 50:50) provided **14** (1.71 g, 97%) as a white solid. **Formula** : $C_{15}H_{20}O_5S$; **MW** : 312.3813 g/mol; **R**_f = 0.17 (DCM:EtOAc, 50:50); **P**_{fus}: 153.8°C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -64.3 (*c* 0.03, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 4.37 – 4.36 (m, 1H), 4.34 (s app, 1H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 – 3.78 (m, 1H), 3.69 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.89 – 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.57 – 2.53 (m, 2H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³**C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.7, 129.5, 128.5, 126.6, 101.7, 85.5, 75.71, 75.70, 74.1, 70.3, 69.9, 69.5, 23.6 ppm; **MS** (**ES**⁺) *m*/z 335 ([M+Na]⁺,100); **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3321, 3088, 2977, 2927, 2877, 1401 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₅S (M+Na)⁺ : 335.0929, found : 335.0916 (-2.4 ppm); **Anal.** Calcd for C₁₅H₂₀O₅S: C 57.67, H 6.45; found: C 57.14, H 6.72.

(2R)-benzyl 2-((R)-6-(ethylthio)-7-hydroxy-2-phenylhexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3]dioxin-8yloxy)-3-phenylpropanoate (S4)



A suspension of 14 (1.35 g, 4.32 mmol) in MeOH anhydrous (0.07 M) and Bu₂SnO (1.40 g, 5.62 mmol, 1.3 eq.) was heated under reflux for 2 hours. The solvent was removed with azeotrope with toluene and resulting colorless foam dried in vacuo for 2 h. The residue was dissolved in THF (0.07 M), activated CsF (1.97 g, 12.96 mmol, 3.0 eq) and (S)-benzyl 3-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy)propanoate (5.03 g, 12.96 mmol, 3.0 eq) were added successively. The reaction was stirred 1h30 and water and EtOAc were added. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 60:40) provided S4 (2.33 g, 98%) as a white foam. Formula : $C_{31}H_{34}O_7S$; **MW**: 550.6625 g/mol; $\mathbf{R}_f = 0.09$ (Hexanes:EtOAc, 75:25); $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 12.4$ (*c* 0.01., CH₂Cl₂); ¹H **NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 – 7.31 (m, 10H), 7.24 – 7.06 (m, 5H), 5.23 – 5.15 (m, 2H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 4.31 - 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.22 (dd, J = 12.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.08 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 12.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.25 - 3.21 (m, 2H), 3.13 (dd, J = 14.1), 3.13 (dd, J3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.1, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 2.86 – 2.69 (m, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 138.0, 137.4, 135.1, 129.6, 129.1, 128.9, 128.84, 128.81, 128.5, 128.3, 126.9, 126.5, 101.0, 85.0, 84.2, 80.5, 73.3, 70.0, 69.4, 67.7, 67.2, 39.6, 23.1, 15.2 ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3442, 3086, 3070, 3033, 2957, 2931, 2866, 1731, 1497, 1455, 1170 cm⁻¹: **HRMS** calcd for $C_{31}H_{34}O_7SNa (M+Na)^+$: 573.1923, found : 573.1895 (-3.94 ppm).

8-((*R*)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yloxy)-6-(ethylthio)-2phenylhexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3]dioxin-7-yl benzoate (16)



To a solution of the alcohol S4 (2.38 g, 4.32 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1M) was added DMAP (2.20 g, 17.28 mmol, 4.0 eq.) and BzCl (1.5 mL, 12.96 mmol, 3.0 eq.,) at room temperature. The reaction was stirred over one hour and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 75:25) provided 16 (2.62 g, 93%) as a white solid. Formula : C₃₈H₃₈O₈S; MW : 654.7685 g/mol; $\mathbf{R}_f = 0.16$ (Hexanes:EtOAc, 75:25); \mathbf{P}_{fus} : 136.4°C; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +49.5 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.48 – 7.27

(m, 10H), 7.12 – 6.96 (m, 7H), 5.73 (td, J = 9.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 1H), 4.78 – 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.51 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dd, J = 7.3, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 12.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (dd, J = 12.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd, J = 9.7, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (dd, J = 1.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 2.97 – 2.71 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 165.6, 137.7, 136.7, 135.4, 133.1, 130.4, 130.1, 129.7, 129.1, 128.6, 128.43, 128.44, 128.41, 128.3, 128.2, 126.6, 126.5, 101.0, 83.0, 79.1, 78.1, 73.3, 70.1, 69.5, 68.0, 66.5, 39.6, 22.9, 15.0 ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 2971, 1725, 1452, 1112, 1028 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₃₈H₃₈O₈SNa (M+Na)⁺ : 677.2185, found : 677.2176 (-0.49 ppm); **Anal.** Calcd for C₃₈H₃₈O₈S.

2-(benzoyloxymethyl)-4-((*R*)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yloxy)-6-(ethylthio)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,5-diyl dibenzoate (18)



A suspension of 17 in MeOH (1 mmol in 15 ml) and Bu₂SnO (2.21 g, 8.87 mmol) was heated under reflux for 2h. Solvent was removed and resulting colorless foam was dried in vacuum for 16 h. Residue was dissolved in THF (1 mmol in 10 ml) and CsF (5 equiv.) and a solution of 10 in THF were added successively. Resulting solution was stirred until the diol was completely consumed by TLC (at least 60 min). When reaction was completed, a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ was poured onto the reaction mixture. After aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3X), organic layers were combined, successively washed with brine, dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated. DMAP (3 equiv.) and Benzoyl chloride (2 equiv.) were added to solution of the crude at 0°C. After the reaction was completed as indicating by TLC, mixture was concentrated and purified on silica gel (20% EtOAc-Hexanes) provided 18 (532mg, 70%). $[\alpha]D =$ + 66.0 (c 1.0, CH₂Cl₂); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.14-8.06 (m, 4H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 1H), 7,59-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.19 (m, 8H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.89 (m, 5H), 5.89 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, J = 3.0, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (dd, J = 5.9, 9.46.5, 1H), 3.56 (dd, J = 7.5, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.90-2.74 (m, 4H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.5 Hz,

3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.9, 165.9, 165.8, 137.7, 135.9, 135.5, 133.6, 133.1, 130.5, 130.3, 130.2, 129.8, 19.6, 128.7, 128.7, 128.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.2, 128.1, 126.6, 84.3, 77.7, 77.1, 76.5, 69.4, 68.2, 66.7, 66.6, 39.2, 24.3, 15.7 ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 2869, 1724, 1452, 1266, 1110, 1070, 1028 cm⁻¹; **HRMS**: calcd for C₄₅H₄₄O₉SNa: m/z 783.2604, found: m/z 783.2587 (+0.9ppm).

(2R,3R)-diisopropyl 2-(((2S,4aR,6S,7R,8S,8aS)-7-(benzoyloxy)-8-(((R)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-phenylhexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3]dioxin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(((2S,5R,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)succinate (19) sLex analog protected (19)



A solution of thiogalactoside **16** (642 mg, 0.98 mmol) and fucoside **12** (740 mg, 1.14 mmol, 1.16 eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1M) was stirred 4 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled at -30°C and then the NIS (661 mg, 2.94 mmol, 3.0 eq.) was added followed by TMSOTf (38 µL, 0.20 mmol, 0.2 eq.). After 1 hour, mixture was diluted with EtOAc to remove the molecular sieves and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and 0.1M aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was washed with water (2 x 100 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 70:30) provided β–glycoside **19** (231 mg, 19%) as a colorless oil. **Formula** : C₇₃H₇₈O₁₈; **MW** : 1243.3896 g/mol; **R**_f = 0.29 (Hexanes:EtOAc, 70:30); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –14.0 (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.21 (m, 26H), 7.07 – 6.94 (m, 7H), 5.58 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 5.00 – 4.85 (m, 5H), 4.71 – 4.68 (m, 4H), 4.67 – 4.51 (m, 5H), 4.28 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (dd, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (dd, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.85 (qd, *J* = 14.0, 5.9 Hz

6H), 1.12 (s, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.40, 168.58, 168.42, 165.80, 139.15, 139.08, 138.92, 138.11, 138.09, 136.87, 135.63, 132.84, 131.00, 130.24, 129.86, 129.28, 129.02, 128.64, 128.60, 128.56, 128.55, 128.48, 128.47, 128.43, 128.41, 128.37, 128.24, 128.20, 128.15, 127.82, 127.73, 127.53, 126.66, 125.54, 100.88, 99.67, 98.76, 79.39, 78.24, 77.65, 77.22, 76.79, 76.19, 75.03, 73.49, 73.18, 72.63, 70.52, 69.44, 68.65, 67.51, 66.52, 66.41, 39.93, 21.86, 21.80, 21.70, 16.78.ppm; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3063, 3031, 2981, 2932, 1735, 1453, 1270, 1103 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₇₃H₇₉O₁₈ (M+H)⁺ : 1243.5266, found : 1243.5280 (+1.55 ppm).

(R)-2-((2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3-(benzoyloxy)-2-((2R,3R)-1,4-diisopropoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-((2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yloxy)butan-2-yloxy)-5-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yloxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (20)



To a solution of compound **19** (45 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (0.1M) was added Pd/C (10 % wt., 234 mg). Et₃SiH (160 µL, 1 mmol, 30 eq) is added portion by portion. The mixture was stirred for 24h. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 35:65) provided **20** (15 mg, 53 %) as a white solid. Formula : $C_{38}H_{50}O_{18}$; **MW** : 794.7928 g/mol; **R**_{*f*} = 0.54 (EtOAc:*i*-PrOH:H₂O, 6:3:1); **[a]**_D²⁵ -23.6 (*c* 1.0, MeOH); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (s, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.41 – 5.33 (m, 1H), 5.12 – 4.99 (m, 2H), 4.74 – 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 13.0, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 3.78 – 3.59 (m, 5H), 3.49 (s, 1H), 3.41 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.28 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 6.4 Hz, 5H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 177.53, 169.28, 167.66, 167.06, 139.04, 132.92, 130.37, 130.32, 129.41, 128.12, 128.08, 126.10, 102.04, 101.97, 81.61, 77.76, 77.55,

77.21, 77.19, 75.74, 72.27, 70.36, 70.13, 69.55, 68.52, 67.52, 66.95, 60.95, 39.64, 20.95, 20.77, 20.73, 20.67, 15.27; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3392 (broad), 3054, 2979, 2936, 2980, 1746, 1707, 1710, 1698, 1267, 1040 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₃₈H₄₉O₁₈ (M-H)⁻ :793.2919, found :793.2932 (+0.97 ppm)

(2R,3R)-dimethyl-2-(((2S,4aR,6S,7R,8S,8aS)-7-(benzoyloxy)-8-(((R)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)-2-phenylhexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3]dioxin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(((2S,5R,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)succinate (23)



A solution of thiogalactoside 16 (510 mg, 0.779 mmol) and fucoside 1 (510 mg, 0.857 mmol, 1.1 eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1M) was stirred 4 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled at -30°C and then the NIS (525 mg, 2.33 mmol, 3 eq.) was added followed by TMSOTf (28 µL, 0.095 mmol, 0.2 eq.).. After 1 hour, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc to remove the molecular sieves and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and 0.1M aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was washed with water (2 x 100 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 70:30) provided β -glycoside 23 (463 mg, 50%) as a colorless oil. Formula : $C_{67}H_{70}O_{18}$; **MW** : 1187.28 g/mol; $[\alpha]D = +4.81$ (c 0.7, CDCl₃); ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 13.4, 6.1 Hz, 6H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 11H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (ddd, J = 26.2, 13.9, 6.3 Hz, 7H), 5.70 – 5.53 (m, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 4.94 (dd, J = 9.2, 6.4 Hz, 3H), 4.81 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (ddd, J = 19.4, 16.1, 7.6 Hz, 9H), 4.38 - 4.29 (m, 1H), 4.17 (dd, J = 18.2, 9.3 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.88(d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (dd, J = 17.1, 10.7 Hz, 3H), 3.59 (d, J = 0.9Hz, 3H), 3.41 (t, J = 10.7 Hz, 3H), 3.07 (s, 1H), 2.89 (qd, J = 13.9, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 1H), 1.57 (d, J = 21.3 Hz, 5H), 1.01 (dd, J = 18.3, 6.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.35, 169.61, 165.55, 139.10, 139.05, 138.89, 138.48, 137.95, 136.80, 136.74, 135.55, 132.93,

130.82, 130.76, 130.19, 130.01, 129.83, 129.80, 129.26, 129.11, 128.66, 128.57, 128.52, 128.49, 128.47, 128.41, 128.35, 128.22, 127.93, 127.78, 127.68, 127.66, 127.54, 127.29, 126.67, 126.57, 100.90, 99.72, 79.21, 78.05, 77.91, 76.62, 76.08, 74.98, 73.17, 73.12, 72.52, 69.96, 68.71, 67.67, 66.69, 66.51, 52.39, 39.82, 16.73; **IR** (neat) v_{max} 3080, 3064, 3032, 2952, 2919, 2860, 1732, 1545, 1270, 1100 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₆₇H₇₁O₁₈ (M+H)⁺ :1187.4640, found :1187.4639 (+0.3694 ppm)

(R)-2-(((2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3-(benzoyloxy)-2-(((2R,3R)-1,4-dimethoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-(((2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)butan-2yl)oxy)-5-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (24)



To a solution of compound **23** (40 mg, 0.033 mmol) in MeOH (0.1M) was added Pd/C (10 % wt., 234 mg). Et₃SiH (160 µL, 1 mmol, 30 eq) is added portion by portion. The mixture was stirred for 24h. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 35:65) provided **24** (15 mg, 53 %) as a white solid. [α]D = -6.86 (c 0.5, MeOH) ; **Formula**: C₃₄H₄₂O₁₈ ; **MW:** 738.6865; ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.10 (t, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.45 – 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.85 – 4.72 (m, 3H), 4.59 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dt, *J* = 29.6, 16.9 Hz, 3H), 3.83 – 3.69 (m, 6H), 3.73 – 3.54 (m, 3H), 3.50 – 3.42 (m, 4H), 3.32 (dt, *J* = 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 3H), 3.13 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 0.97 (dd, *J* = 23.7, 6.5 Hz, 3H) ; ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 177.56, 169.95, 169.31, 166.72, 139.01, 132.81, 130.60, 130.24, 129.45, 128.15, 128.03, 126.05, 102.51, 101.80, 81.35, 78.74, 77.34, 77.29, 75.80, 72.33, 71.96, 70.16, 68.64,

67.44, 66.79, 61.13, 51.94, 51.55, 39.55, 15.20; **IR** (Neat) υ_{max} 3343, 2919, 1725, 1602, 1274, 1115, 1040cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for $C_{34}H_{41}O_{18}$ (M-H)⁻:737.2293, found :737.2292 (-0.93 ppm)

(2R,3R)-diisopropyl 2-(((2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-4-(((R)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(((2S,5R,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)succinate (21)



A solution of thiogalactoside 18 (383 mg, 0.503 mmol) and fucoside 12 (360 mg, 0.553 mmol, 1.1 eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1M) was stirred 4 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled at -30°C and then the NIS (339 mg, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq.) was added followed by TMSOTf (18 µL, 0.1 mmol, 0.2 eq.). After 1 hour, mixture was diluted with EtOAc to remove the molecular sieves and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and 0.1M aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was washed with water (2 x 100 mL) and brine, dried over $MgSO_4$ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 70:30) provided β -glycoside **21** (340 mg, 50%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +10.8 $(c = 2, CDCl_3)$; Formula : $C_{80}H_{84}O_{19}$; MW : 1349.5116 g/mol ; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 - 8.06 (m, 4H), 7.64 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.42 (m, 5H), 7.36 - 7.29 (m, 13H), 7.05 - 6.89 (m, 8H), 5.78 - 5.69 (m, 1H), 5.63 - 5.48 (m, 1H), 5.07 - 5.03 (m, 1H), 5.01 - 4.84 (m, 6H),4.84 - 4.39 (m, 14H), 4.18 - 4.07 (m, 1H), 4.03 - 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.83 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.76 - 3.68 (m, 1H), 3.61 (dt, J = 12.3, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.57 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 2.81 (ddd, J = 20.6, 13.6, 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 1.27 – 1.11 (m, 14H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H) : ¹³C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.76, 168.35, 168.21, 165.91, 165.69, 139.19, 139.18, 139.01, 137.83, 135.90, 135.51, 133.44, 132.78, 130.87, 130.26, 130.24, 129.77, 129.71, 128.65, 128.59, 128.52, 128.51, 128.37, 128.36, 128.29, 128.15, 128.12, 128.02, 127.94, 127.74, 127.67, 127.59, 127.59, 126.51, 100.29, 99.60, 79.66, 79.64, 79.63, 77.99, 77.89, 77.79, 77.51, 77.35, 77.01, 76.98, 75.91, 74.93, 74.00, 73.98, 73.06, 72.65, 71.48, 69.18, 69.17, 68.01, 68.00, 67.55, 66.59,

66.41, 39.38, 21.85, 21.83, 16.72; **IR** (Neat) v_{max} 3091, 3059, 3032, 2876, 1731, 1496, 1453, 1267, 1175, 1104cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₈₀H₈₄O₁₉Na (M+Na)⁺ :1371.5505, found :1371.5552 (+3.85 ppm);

(2R)-2-((4-(((2R,3R)-1,4-diisopropoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-(((2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)butan-2-yl)oxy)-4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)butan-2-yl)oxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (22)



To a solution of compound 21 (35 mg, 0.026 mmol) in Dioxane (0.1M) under an inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (10 % wt.). The system was purged with H₂ three times and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight under one atm of H₂. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 40:60) provided 22 (15 mg, 65 %) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +12.5 (c 1.0, MeOH); Formula : C₄₅H₅₄O₁₉; MW : 898.8989 g/mol; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 8.22 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (dt, J = 23.3, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (td, J = 7.7, 2.8 Hz, 4H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (dd, J = 9.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (dt, J = 12.4, 6.2 Hz, 2H), 4.91 -4.88 (m, 2H), 4.74 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.72 -4.63 (m, 2H), 4.41 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 -4.19 (m, 2H), 4.11 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (dd, J = 10.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, J = 8.4, 4.6 Hz, 3H), 2.81 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.9 Hz, 1H),2.67 (dd, J = 13.4, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 4H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.3Hz, 3H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 177.18, 169.15, 167.78, 167.21, 165.86, 138.23, 133.14, 132.72, 130.79, 130.47, 129.93, 129.81, 129.31, 128.26, 128.04, 127.42, 125.50, 102.20, 101.92, 80.01, 78.22, 77.79, 75.41, 74.91, 72.33, 71.76, 70.36, 70.19, 69.55, 68.66, 67.56, 66.74, 60.68, 39.50, 20.93, 20.82, 20.79, 20.69, 15.32; IR (Neat) v_{max} 3393, 2981, 2935, 1724, 1601, 1495, 1452, 1375, 1270, 1098cm⁻¹; HRMS calcd for $C_{45}H_{53}O_{19}$ (M-H)⁻:897.3181, found :897.3176 (-1.13 ppm);

(2R,3R)-dimethyl 2-(((2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-4-(((R)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(((2S,5R,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)succinate (25)



A solution of thiogalactoside 18 (383 mg, 0.503 mmol) and fucoside 12 (360 mg, 0.553 mmol, 1.1 eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1M) was stirred 4 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled at -30°C and then the NIS (339 mg, 1.5 mmol, 3.0 eq.) was added followed by TMSOTf (18 µL, 0.1 mmol, 0.2 eq.). After 1 hour, mixture was diluted with EtOAc to remove the molecular sieves and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and 0.1M aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was washed with water (2 x 100 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 70:30) provided β -glycoside 25 (340 mg, 50%) as a colorless oil. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ $(+9.15, c=2, CDCl_3)$; Formula : C₇₆H₇₆O₁₉; MW : 1293,4052 g/mol; ¹H NMR (500 MHz). CDCl₃) δ 8.10 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 4H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 - 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.39 (dd, J = 14.9, 8.5 Hz, 7H), 7.30 - 7.18 (m, 13H), 7.03 - 6.85 (m, 8H), 5.75 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (dd, J = 9.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (ddd, J = 17.1, 12.1, 6.2 Hz, 5H), 4.84 – 4.63 (m, 8H), 4.62 – 4.36 (m, 6H), 4.09 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 2H), 3.90 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (dd, J = 9.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 2.86 (dd, J = 13.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 13.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 0.99 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.77, 169.58, 169.25, 166.01, 165.60, 139.19, 139.03, 138.94, 137.84, 135.87, 135.47, 134.46, 133.51, 132.87, 130.77, 130.32, 130.24, 129.75, 129.63, 128.72, 128.69, 128.63, 128.56, 128.54, 128.53, 128.52, 128.41, 128.39, 128.32, 128.14, 128.00, 127.99, 127.76, 127.70, 127.60, 127.57, 126.54, 100.44, 100.33, 79.59, 78.75, 77.60, 77.31, 76.93, 75.95, 74.92, 74.01, 73.28, 72.99, 72.90, 71.10, 68.16, 68.11, 67.73, 66.54, 66.49, 52.47, 52.30, 39.34, 16.69; **IR** (Neat) v_{max} 3086, 3064, 3027, 2919, 1727, 1604, 1453, 1267, 1173, 1105 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for $C_{76}H_{76}O_{19}Na (M+Na)^+$:1315.4878, found :1315.4915 (+3.2 ppm).

(R)-2-(((2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-2-(((2R,3R)-1,4-dimethoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-(((2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)butan-2yl)oxy)-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (26)



To a solution of compound 25 (40 mg, 0.033 mmol) in Dioxane (0.1M) under an inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (10 % wt.). The system was purged with H₂ three times and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight under one atm of H₂. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 40:60) provided **26** (15 mg, 53 %) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +20.8 (c =2, MeOH; Formula : C₄₁H₄₆O₁₉; MW : 842.7925 g/mol; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.10 (t, J = 15.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J) = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.45 - 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.85 - 4.72(m, 2H), 4.59 (dd, J = 10.3, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (dd, J = 8.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dt, J = 29.6, 16.9 Hz, 3H), 3.83 – 3.69 (m, 4H), 3.73 – 3.54 (m, 5H), 3.50 – 3.42 (m, 3H), 3.32 (dt, J = 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 3H), 3.17 – 2.79 (m, 1H), 0.97 (dd, J = 23.7, 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 177.17, 169.90, 169.21, 167.16, 165.94, 138.15, 133.17, 132.81, 130.74, 130.42, 129.92, 129.80, 129.30, 128.30, 128.14, 127.45, 125.54, 102.45, 101.98, 79.99, 78.65, 77.85, 75.40, 75.01, 72.34, 71.64, 70.26, 68.61, 67.57, 66.88, 60.76, 52.08, 51.66, 39.48, 15.26; **IR** (Neat) v_{max} 3360, 3059, 2930, 1720, 1495, 1270, 1083 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** calcd for C₄₁H₄₅O₁₉ (M-H)⁻ :841.2555, found :841.2540 (-2.44 ppm)

(*R*)-isopropyl 2-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-5-oxo-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)acetate (28)



To a solution of diester **13** (0.49 g, 0.83 mmol) in THF (0.1 M) at 25°C was added a 10% NaOH solution (5 mL). After 30 minutes, the reaction mixture was neutralized with a 1M HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (4 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue obtained (a diacid) was then dissolved in DCM (0.1 M), treated with 2,3-dimethoxypropane (0.65 mL, 8.3 mmol, 10 equiv.) and PTSA (0.004 g, 0.02 mmol, 0.02 equiv.) under an inert atmosphere. After 32 hours, the reaction mixture is diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and passed through a pad of silica gel. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained (dioxolanone **27**) is dissolved in DMF (8.3 mL) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and treated with Cs₂CO₃ (0.325 g, 1.00 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and *i*-PrI (0.12 mL, 1.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, distilled water was added (8.3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **28** (0.303 g, 56% over 3 steps) as a colorless oil.

Formula: C₃₇H₄₄O₁₀; **MW** : 648.29 g/mol; **R***f* 0.76 (30 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[α]_D^{25}$ – 83.3 (*c* 1.6, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.26 (m, 13H), 5.09 (septet, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 3.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 2.7, 10.3Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 3H), 1.06 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C **NMR** (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.3, 168.3, 139.2, 138.9, 138.8, 128.6, 128.53, 128.47, 128.4, 128.2, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 113.2, 100.8, 78.9, 78.1, 77.1, 76.28, 76.26, 75.0, 73.2, 72.9, 69.7, 67.9, 27.6, 26.9, 22.0, 21.9, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) v_{max} 2983 (broad), 1791, 1755, 1267, 1102, 738 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₃₇H₄₈O₁₀N (M+NH4)⁺: 666.3273, found : 666.3269 (-0.5 ppm).

(*R*)-methyl 2-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-5-oxo-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)acetate (29)



To a solution of diester **13** (0.319 g, 0.531 mmol) in THF (0.1 M) at 25° C was added a 10% NaOH solution (6 mL). After 30 minutes, the reaction mixture was neutralized with a 1M HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (4 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue obtained (a diacid) was then dissolved in DCM (0.1 M), treated with 2,3-dimethoxypropane (0.650 mL, 5.3 mmol, 10 equiv.) and PTSA (0.002 g, 0.01 mmol, 0.02 equiv.) under an inert atmosphere. After 32 hours, the reaction mixture is diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and passed through a pad of silica gel. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained (dioxolanone) is placed in benzene/MeOH (3/1) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and treated with TMSCH₂N₂ until a persistent yellowish color is observed. The reaction mixture is then concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **27** (0.241 g, 72% over 3 steps) as a colorless oil.

Formula: C₃₅H₄₀O₁₀; **MW** : 620.26 g/mol; **Rf** 0.72 (30 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[a]_D^{25} - 98.2$ (*c* 1.2, CH2Cl2); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46-7.26 (m, 15H),5.03 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (q, *J* = 6.34 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 3.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (dd, *J* = 2.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 1.71 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 169.4, 139.2, 138.9, 138.8, 128.6, 128.55, 128.51, 128.4, 128.2, 127.8, 127.63, 127.59, 127.5, 113.2, 101.1, 78.9, 78.0, 76.4, 76.2, 75.0, 73.2, 73.0, 68.0, 52.7, 27.6, 26.9, 16.8 ppm; **IR** ν_{max} 2934 (broad), 1791, 1764, 1104, 1048, 738, 699 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₃₅H₄₀O₁₀Na (M+Na)⁺ : 643.2519, found : 643.2522 (+1.3 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-isopropyl 4-methyl 2-hydroxy-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (30)



A solution of dioxolanone **29** (0.458 g, 0.736 mmol) in AcOH:H₂O (80:20, 10mL) was maintained at 50°C during 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with H₂O (10mL) and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained is dissolved in DMF (7.4 mL) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and treated with Cs₂CO₃ (0.285 g, 0.883 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and i-PrI (0.107 mL, 1.10 mmol, 1.5 equiv). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, distilled water was added (8.3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **30** (0.271 g, 59% over 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{35}H_{42}O_{10}$; **MW** : 622.28 g/mol; **Rf** 0.45 (40 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[a]_D^{25}$ -88.2 (*c* 1.7, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.27 (m, 15H), 5.01 (septet, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (q, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 2.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80-3.76 (m, 4H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.09 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C **NMR** (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.2, 170.0, 138.8, 138.7, 138.3, 128.62, 128.58, 128.55, 128.45, 128.3, 127.91, 127.87, 127.8, 127.7, 100.6, 79.7, 78.8, 77.8, 77.6, 75.9, 75.1, 74.0, 73.1, 72.5, 70.1, 67.9, 52.6, 21.9, 16.8 ppm. **IR** (film) v_{max} 2933 (broad), 1749, 1454, 1103, 1052, 739, 699 cm⁻¹. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for $C_{35}H_{42}O_{10}Na$ (M+Na)⁺ : 645.2670, found : 645.2662 (-1.3 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-isopropyl 4-methyl 2-(4-nitrobenzoyloxy)-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (S7)

Formula: $C_{42}H_{45}O_{13}$; **MM** : 771.29 g/mol; **RMN** ¹**H** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.11 (dd, J = 1.8, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.20 (m, 15H), 5.76 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (st, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4. 80 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, J = 3.4, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, J = 2.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 1H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H). **RMN** ¹³C (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 165.9, 164.0, 150.9, 138.9, 138.8, 138.7, 134.72, 131.3, 128.6, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.6, 123.7, 100.4, 79.2, 77.8, 76.3, 75.1, 73.4, 73.3, 73.2, 70.8, 68.1, 52.8, 21.9, 21.8, 16.8.

(2*R*,3*R*)-4-isopropyl 1-methyl 2-hydroxy-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (31)



A solution of dioxolanone **28** (0.303 g, 0.467 mmol) in AcOH:H₂O (80:20, 10mL) was maintained at 50°C during 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with H₂O (10mL) and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained (dioxolanone) was dissolved in benzene/MeOH (3/1) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and was treated with TMSCH₂N₂ until a persistent yellowish color was observed. The reaction mixture was then concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 80:20) provided **27** (0.191 g, 66% over 2 steps) as a colorless oil.

Formula: C₃₅H₄₂O₁₀; **MW** : 622.28 g/mol; **R***f* 0.40 (40 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[a]_D^{25} - 58.2$ (*c* 1.3, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.27 (m, 15H), 5.08 (septet, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 3.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 3.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C **NMR** (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 168.8, 138.84, 138.77, 138.4, 128.64. 128.60, 128.53, 128.45, 128.3, 127.9, 127.85, 127.79, 127.7, 100.8, 79.8, 79.1, 77.7, 75.9, 75.1, 74.1, 73.0, 72.6, 69.6, 68.0, 52.8, 22.0, 21.9, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) v_{max} 2933 (broad), 1753, 1263, 1101,1051, 739, 699 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₃₅H₄₂O₁₀Na (M+Na)⁺ : 645.2670, found : 645.2654 (- 2.5 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-isopropyl 4-methyl 2-((2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-4-((*R*)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yloxy)-6-(benzyloxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*pyran-2-yloxy)-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (32)



A solution of thiogalactoside **18** (451 mg, 0.593 mmol) and fucoside **30** (406 mg, 0.652 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL, 0.1M) was stirred 2 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled to -30°C and then treated with NIS (398 mg, 1.77 mmol) and TMSOTf (11 μ L, 0.065 mmol). After 1 hour, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃:Na₂S₂O₃ (10 mL, 1:1). The organic layer was washed with water (10 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 75:25) provided β -galactoside **32** (695 mg, 81%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{78}H_{80}O_{19}$; **MW** : 1320.53 g/mol; **R***f* 0.69 (40 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +42.3$ (*c* 1.6, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10-8.06 (m, 3H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.18 (m, 30H), 7.01-6.86 (m, 6H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (appt, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d,

J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (septet, *J* = 6.10 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.83 (m, 2H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74-4.62 (m, 5H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.54-4.44 (m, 3H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 2.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.52-3.46 (m, 2H), 2.84 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8, 169.6, 168.1, 166,0, 165.6, 139.2, 139.1, 139.0, 137.8, 135.9, 135.5, 133.5, 132.8, 130.9, 130.3, 130.2, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 127.63, 127.58, 126.5, 100.5, 100.1, 79.6, 78.8, 77.8, 77.7, 77.5, 76.9, 75.9, 74.9, 74.0, 73.14, 73.08, 72.8, 71.4, 69.3, 68.1, 67.6, 66.6, 66.5, 52.2, 39.3, 21.9, 21.8, 16.7 ppm; **IR** (film) ν_{max} 2930 (broad), 1726, 1268, 1105, 738, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₇₈H₈₀O₁₉Na (M+Na)⁺: 1343.5186, found : 1343.5208 (+1.6 ppm); **Analyse** calculated for C₇₈H₈₀O₁₉: C 70.89, H 6.10, found : C 70.90, H 6.13.

(2*R*,3*R*)-4-isopropyl 1-methyl 2-((2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-4-((*R*)-1-(benzyloxy)-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yloxy)-6-(benzyloxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*pyran-2-yloxy)-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (34)



A solution of thiogalactoside **18** (428 mg, 0.562 mmol) and fucoside **30** (385 mg, 0.619 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL, 0.1M) was stirred 2 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled to -30°C and then treated with NIS (378 mg, 1.68 mmol) and TMSOTf (11 μ L, 0.0669 mmol). After 2 hours, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃:Na₂S₂O₃ (1:1). The organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 75:25) provided β -galactoside **34** (554 mg, 75%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{78}H_{80}O_{19}$; **MW** : 1320.53 g/mol; **Rf** 0.67 (40 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +35.3 (c 1.6, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11-8.05 (m, 4H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.18 (m, 25H), 6.99-6.88 (m, 7H), 5.71 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (dd, J = 8.1, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.95-4.88 (m, 3H), 4.84 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.2 Hz 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 10.58 Hz)1H), 4.50 (dd, J = 5.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (q, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (dd, J = 3.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (dd, J = 2.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (dd, J = 3.2, 1H), 3.84 (dd, J = 3.2, 1H), 3.84 (dd, J = 3.3, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (appt, J = 6.2, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J = 5.5, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52-3.44 (m, 5H), 2.84 (dd, J = 5.7, 13.9 Hz,1H), 2.74 (dd, J = 7.1, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.17 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl3) δ 170.8, 169.4, 168.4, 166.0, 165.7, 139.2, 139.1, 139.0, 137.9, 135.9, 135.5, 133.5 132.9, 130.8, 130.3, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 128.63, 128.60, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.59, 127.58, 126.6,100.1, 99.9, 79.7, 78.2, 77.6, 77.4, 77.3, 75.9, 74.9, 74.0, 73.2, 73.0, 72.8, 71.3, 69.3, 68.0, 67.6, 66.6, 66.5, 52.3, 39.4, 21.9, 21.8, 16.8 ppm; IR (film) v_{max} 2930 (broad), 1728, 1268, 1104, 739, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for $C_{78}H_{80}O_{19}Na$ (M+Na)+ : 1343.5186, found : 1343.5189 (+0.2 ppm); Analyse calculated for $C_{78}H_{80}O_{19}$: C 70.89, H 6.10, found : C 70.87 H 6.13.

(*R*)-2-((2*R*,3*S*,4*S*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-((2*R*,3*R*)-1-isopropoxy-4methoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2yloxy)butan-2-yloxy)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-yloxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (33)



To a solution of compound **32** (234 mg, 0.177 mmol) in THF:MeOH (4:1, 0.1M) under an inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (234 mg, 10 % wt.). The system was purged with H_2 three times and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight under one atm of H_2 . The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash

chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 20:80) provided **33** (36 mg, 23 %) as a white solid.

Formula: C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉; **MW** : 870.29 g/mol; **R***f* 0.34 (10 % MeOH/chloroforme); **m.p.** : 122.7 °C; [*α*]_D²⁵ 4.5 (*c* 0.2, MeOH); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.11 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (appt, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (septet, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (m, 2H), 4.19 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (q, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 14.2 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C **NMR** (100.6 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 169.3, 168.7, 166.4, 166.0, 136.5, 133.4, 132.8, 130.6, 130.1, 129.9, 129.7, 129.4, 128.4, 128.0, 127.6, 126.0, 102.3, 101.8, 78.4, 76.4, 74.3, 72.4, 71.3, 70.4, 70.0, 68.9, 67.5, 66.6, 60.3, 51.5, 39.0, 20.9, 20.8, 15.3 ppm. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉Na (M+Na)⁺ : 893.2839, found : 893.2850 (+1.3 ppm). **Analyse** calculated for C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉·2H₂O : C 56.95, H 6.00, found C 57.29, H 5.94.

(*R*)-2-((2*R*,3*S*,4*S*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,5-bis(benzoyloxy)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-((2*R*,3*R*)-4-isopropoxy-1methoxy-1,4-dioxo-3-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*,6*S*)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2yloxy)butan-2-yloxy)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-4-yloxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (35)



To a solution of compound **34** (198 mg, 0.150 mmol) in THF:MeOH (4:1, 0.1M) under an inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (198 mg, 10 % wt.). The system was purged with H₂ three times and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight under one atm of H₂. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 20:80) provided **35** (26 mg, 20 %) as a white solid.

Formula: C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉; **MW** : 870.29 g/mol; **R***f* 0.35 (10:90; MeOH/chloroformes); **m.p.** : 120.2 °C; $[α]_D^{25}$ +5.0 (*c* 0.3, MeOH); ¹**H NMR** (500MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.16 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, *J* = 7.3Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (septet, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H) , 4.41 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (dd, *J* = 2.7, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 3.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62-3.56 (m, 3H), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 13.7 Hz, 1H). 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 169.8, 168.1, 166.9, 166.1, 137.5, 133.4, 132.9, 130.7, 130.3, 129.9, 129.6, 129.3, 128.4, 128.1, 127.5, 125.7, 102.2, 101.8, 78.7, 78.1, 75.7, 74.7, 72.3, 71.5, 70.2, 69.7, 68.7, 67.5, 66.8, 60.7, 52.0, 39.3, 21.0, 20.7, 15.4 ppm. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉Na (M+Na)⁺ : 893.2839, found : 893.2857 (+ 2.1 ppm). **Analyse** calculated for C₄₃H₅₀O₁₉·5H₂O : C 53.75, H 6.29, found C 53.64, H 5.91.

5-azidopentan-1-ol (37)



A solution of alcohol **S5** (2.0 g, 9.2 mmol) in THF (92 mL) at 25° C under an inert atmosphere was treated with PPh₃ (7.3 g, 28 mmol) and CBr₄ (9.3 g, 28 mmol). After 16 hours, the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and passed over a pad of silica gel (5 % EtOAc/Hex). After *in vacuo* concentration, the residue was diluted with DMF (90 mL) under an inert atmosphere at 25° C. NaN₃ (2.4g, 37 mmol) was added to the resulting solution, which was then maintained at 25° C for 16 hours before being diluted with H₂O (100mL) and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo* concentration, the residue was dissolved in THF (100 mL) under an inert atmosphere at 25° C and treated with HF·Pyridine (9.2 mL). After 4 hours, a saturated of solution of NaHCO₃ was poured into the reaction mixture. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100mL). The combined organic phase were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over

MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided alcohol **37** (475 mg, 40% over 3 steps) as a yellowish oil. ¹H **NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.66 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.56-1.68 (m, 5H), 1.42-1.50 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 62.9, 51.6, 32.4, 28.9, 23.2 ppm. **IR** (film) v_{max} 3335 (broad), 2939 (broad), 2097, 1262, 1054 cm⁻¹.

(*R*)-5-azidopentyl 2-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-5-oxo-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)acetate (38)



To a solution of diester 13 (1.01 g, 1.76 mmol) in THF (0.1 M) at 25°C was added a 10% NaOH solution (10 mL). After 30 minutes, the reaction mixture was neutralized with a 1M HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (4 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue obtained (diacid) was then dissolved in DCM (0.1 M), treated with 2,3dimethoxypropane (2.2 mL, 18 mmol, 10 equiv.) and PTSA (0.0061 g, 0.035 mmol) under an inert atmosphere. After 32 hours, the reaction mixture is diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and passed through a pad of silica gel. After in vacuo evaporation, the residue was dissolved in DCM (18 mL) at 25°C was added alcohol 37 (0.452 g, 3.5 mmol), DMAP (0.04 g, 0.3 mmol) and DCC (0.43 g, 2.1 mmol). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, distilled water was added (8.3 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over $MgSO_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided 38 (0.648 g, 52% over 3 steps) as a colorless oil. Formula: $C_{39}H_{47}N_3O10$; MW : 717.33 g/mol; Rf 0.58 (35 % EtOAc/hexanes); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -103.5 (c 1.6, CH2Cl2); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 13H), 5.03 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d

11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (dd, J = 3.7, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (dd, J = 2.7, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (qt, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.64 (qt, J = 7.1 Hz 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.50-1.41 (m, 2H), 1.06 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 168.8, 139.1, 138.84, 138.75, 128.6, 128.53, 128.47, 128.4, 128.2, 127.8, 127.61, 127.56, 127.5, 113.3, 100.9, 78.8, 78.0, 76.9, 76.3, 76.2, 75.0, 73.1, 73.0, 67.9, 65.4, 51.4, 28.7, 28.3, 27.6, 26.9, 23.3, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) v_{max} 2935 (broad), 2096, 1791, 1761, 1267, 1105, 1048, 738, 698 cm⁻¹. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C39H47O10N3Na (M+Na)⁺ : 740.3154, found :740.3177 (+3.2 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-(5-azidopentyl) 4-isopropyl 3-hydroxy-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (39)



A solution of dioxolanone **38** (0.332 g, 0.462 mmol) in AcOH:H₂O (80:20, 10mL) was maintained at 50°C during 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with H₂O (10mL) and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained is dissolved in DMF (4.6 mL) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and treated with Cs₂CO₃ (0.180 g, 0.554 mmol) and i-PrI (0.067 mL, 0.69 mmol). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, deionized water was added (7 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **39** (0.218 g, 66%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{39}H_{49}N_3O_{10}$; **MW** : 719.34 g/mol; **Rf** 0.50 (35/65, EtOAc/hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -45.3 (*c* 1.2, CH2Cl2); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41- 7.27 (m, 15H), 5.0 (st, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (dz) = 11.7 Hz,

4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (dd, J = 3.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 3.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H) 3.73 (s, 1H), 3.64 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.72 (qt, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (qt, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.50-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.2, 169.5, 138.8, 138.7, 138.4, 128.62, 128.58, 128.53, 128.46, 128.3, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 100.6, 79.7, 78.7, 77.7, 75.9, 75.1, 74.0, 73.1, 72.5, 70.1, 67.9, 65.4, 51.4, 28.7, 28.3, 23.3, 22.0, 21.9, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) ν_{max} 3466 (broad), 2936 (broad), 2097, 1753, 1263, 1104, 1053, 739, 699 cm⁻¹. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₃₉H₄₉O₁₀N₃Na (M+Na)⁺ : 742.3310, found : 742.3311 (+0.1 ppm).

Azide (40)



A solution of thiogalactoside **18** (121 mg, 0.159 mmol) and fucoside **30** (163 mg, 0.227 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.9 mL, 0.1M) was stirred 2 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled to -30°C and then treated with NIS (155 mg, 0.681 mmol) and TMSOTf (0.005, 0.03 mmol). After 2 hours, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (5 mL) and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃:Na₂S₂O₃ (1:1, 5 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 75:25) provided β -galactoside **40** (156 mg, 69%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{82}H_{87}N_3O_{19}$; **MW** : 1417.59 g/mol; **R***f* 0.68 (30 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 25.3$ (*c* 1.3, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09-8.04 (m, 4H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.37-7.16 (m, 23H), 6.98-6.85 (m, 7H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (st, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.58 (m, 5H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.51-4.42 (m, 3H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.99-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.82 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.47 (dd, J = 7.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (dd, J =

13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (dd, J = 7.1, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 1.62-1.50 (m, 4H), 1.47-1.29 (m, 2H), 1.17 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR(100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8, 169.0, 168.1, 166.0, 165.6, 139.2, 139.1, 138.9, 137.8, 135.9, 135.5, 133.5, 132.8, 130.9, 130.2, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 126.5, 100.4, 99.8, 79.6, 78.3, 77.8, 77.7, 76.9, 75.9, 75.0, 74.0, 73.1, 73.0, 72.8, 71.4, 69.3, 68.1, 67.6, 66.6, 66.4, 65.0, 51.4, 39.4, 28.7, 28.1, 23.3, 21.8, 16.7 ppm, IR (film) v_{max} 2934 (broad), 2097, 1729, 1453, 1269, 1105, 738, 700 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calculated for $C_{82}H_{87}O_{19}N_3Na$ (M+Na)⁺ : 1440.5826, found : 1440.5832 (+ 0.4 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-but-3-ynyl 4-isopropyl 3-hydroxy-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (42)



To a solution of diester **13** (0.519 g, 0.874 mmol) in THF (0.1 M) at 25°C was added a 10% NaOH solution (6 mL). After 30 minutes, the reaction mixture was neutralized with a 1M HCl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (4 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue obtained (diacid) was then dissolved in DCM (9 mL, 0.1 M), treated with 2,3-dimethoxypropane (1.1 mL, 8.7 mmol) and PTSA (0.004 g, 0.02 mmol) under an inert atmosphere. After 32 hours, the reaction mixture is diluted with EtOAc (10 mL) and passed through a pad of silica gel. After *in vacuo* evaporation, the residue was dissolved in DCM (10 mL) at 25°C was added alcohol **41** (0.132 mL, 1.74 mmol), DMAP (0.016 mg, 0.13 mmol) and DCC (0.230 mg, 1.1 mmol). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, distilled water was added (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **42** (0.305 g, 53% over 3 steps) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{38}H_{42}O_{10}$; **MW** : 658.28 g/mol; **Rf** 0.63 (30 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –59.0 (*c* 0.9, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48-7.27 (m, 15H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (q, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.35-4.26 (m, 2H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 3.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, *J* = 2.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (td, *J* = 2.7, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.00 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.08 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C **NMR**(100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.0, 168.6, 139.2, 138.9, 138.8, 128.63, 128.57, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 127.7, 127.63, 127.56, 113.3, 101.0, 79.7, 78.8, 78.1, 76.2, 76.1, 75.1, 73.2, 73.0, 70.5, 68.0, 63.3, 27.6, 26.9, 19.2, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) ν_{max} 3289, 2934, 1791, 1765, 1455, 1272, 912, 738, 699 cm⁻¹. **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for $C_{38}H_{42}O_{10}$ Na (M+Na)⁺: 681.2670, found : 681.2688 (+2.7 ppm).

(2*R*,3*R*)-1-but-3-ynyl 4-isopropyl 3-hydroxy-2-((2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*,6*S*)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6methyltetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yloxy)succinate (43)



A solution of dioxolanone **42** (0.305 g, 0.463 mmol) in AcOH:H₂O (80:20, 10mL) was maintained at 50°C during 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with H₂O (10mL) and extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. After *in vacuo* concentration of the resulting solution, the residue obtained is dissolved in DMF (4.6 mL) at 25°C under an inert atmosphere and treated with Cs₂CO₃ (0.18 g, 0.55 mmol) and i-PrI (0.068 mL, 0.69 mmol). After maintaining the reaction mixture at 25°C for 16 hours, deionized water was added (7 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (Hexanes:EtOAc, 85:15) provided **43** (0.177 g, 58%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{38}H_{44}O_{10}$; **MW** : 660.29 g/mol; **R***f* 0.55 (30/100; EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -59.2 (*c* 1.3, CH₂Cl₂); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41-7.27 (m, 15H), 5.01 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.98

(d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (m, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, J = 2.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, J = 2.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, J = 2.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (dd, J = 2.7, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.98 (t, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR(100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.3, 169.3, 138.9, 138.7, 138.4, 128.64, 128.60, 128.55, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 100.4, 79.8, 79.7, 78.4, 77.7, 75.9, 75.1, 74.0, 73.1, 72.4, 70.4, 70.2, 68.0, 63.3, 22.00, 21.97, 19.1, 16.8 ppm; IR (film) υ_{max} 3481 (broad), 3289 (broad), 2933 (broad), 1746, 1260, 1102, 1052, 738, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) calculated for C₃₈H₄₄O₁₀Na (M+Na)⁺ : 683.2827, found : 683.2836 (+1.3 ppm).

7

Alkyne 44



A solution of thiogalactoside **18** (573 mg, 0.754 mmol) and fucoside **48** (548 mg, 0.829 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL, 0.1M) was stirred 2 hours with 4Å molecular sieves (3.5 g/mmol). The mixture was cooled to -30°C and then treated with NIS (0.56 g, 0.25 mmol) and TMSOTf (0.015 mL, 0.08 mmol). After 2 hours, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (5 mL) and washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃:Na₂S₂O₃ (1:1, 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 98:2) provided β -galactoside **44** (648 mg, 64%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{81}H_{82}O_{19}$; **MW** : 1358.55 g/mol; $[\alpha]_D^{25} - 12.2$ (*c* 5.2, CH₂Cl₂); **R***f* 0.65 (30 % EtOAc/Hexanes); ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, C₆D₆) 8.38 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.20 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.03 (m, 20H), 7.03-6.94 (m, 6H), 6.90-6.82 (m, 4H), 6.80 - 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.10 (appt, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (septet, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.74 (m, 4H), 4.73 (appt, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 12.0

Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, J = 3.6, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, J = 2.7, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 4.08-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.96-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.65 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, J = 6.6, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (s, 1H), 2.94 (dd, J = 5.4, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, J = 7.1, 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (tt, J = 1.5, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.72 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR(100.6 MHz, C6D6) δ 170.6, 168.7, 167.8, 166.0, 165.5, 139.7, 139.5, 138.3, 136.2, 135.9, 133.1, 132.4, 131.5, 130.5, 130.2, 129.94, 129.90, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.33, 128.25, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.4, 126.4, 100.6, 100.1, 80.1, 79.6, 78.4, 78.3, 77.9, 77.5, 77.2, 76.5, 75.2, 73.7, 73.3, 72.9, 72.8, 71.7, 70.5, 69.0, 68.6, 67.9, 67.0, 66.2, 62.8, 39.4, 21.5, 18.7, 16.8 ppm; **IR** (film) v_{max} 2925, 1726, 1453, 1268, 1105, 738.4, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for $C_{81}H_{82}O_{19}Na$ (M+Na)⁺ : 1381.5343, found : 1381.5356 (+ 0.9 ppm).

Triazol dimer (S6)



A solution of azide **40** (173 mg, 0.122 mmol) and alkyne **44** (182 mg, 0.133 mmol) in THF (8 mL, 0.1M) was treated with CuI (0.050 g, 0.26 mmol) and DIEA (0.068 mL, 0.39 mmol). After 16 hours, the mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (DCM:EtOAc, 55:45) provided **S6** (203 mg, 60%) as a colorless oil.

Formula: $C_{163}H_{169}N_3O_{38}$; **MW** : 2776.14 g/mol; **R***f* 0.30 (45 % EtOAc/Hexanes); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ + 35.2 (*c* 1.1, CH₂Cl₂); *Due to the complexity of the molecule, all protons and carbons could not be reported.* ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 8.45 (da, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (da, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (da, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.50 (appt, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42-6.94 (m, 67H), 6.92-6.80 (m, 8H), 6.09 (appt, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (appt, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.16-5.11 (m, 1H), 5.05-4.99 (m, 1H), 4.99-4.53 (m, 22H), 4.99 (appt, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.44-4.36 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.08 (m, 9H), 4.06-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.97-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.76 (m, 3H), 3.71- 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.51 (m, 2H), 3.46 (s, 1H), 3.41 (s, 1H), 3.20-3.10 (m, 1H), 3.08- 2.92 (m, 3H), 2.90-2.81 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.11 (m, 15H), 1.01-0.91 (m, 6H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 170.8, 168.8, 168.1, 166.0, 165.7, 144.2, 139.1, 138.9, 137.8, 135.9, 135.5, 133.5, 132.9, 130.8, 130.3, 129.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.1, 127.8, 127.5, 126.5, 122.7, 100.3, 100.0, 99.2, 79.6, 78.3, 77.9, 75.8, 75.0, 74.1, 73.4, 73.2, 72.9, 72.7, 72.5, 71.5, 69.6, 69.3, 68.1, 67.7, 66.9, 66.7, 66.4, 65.0, 64.7, 50.2, 39.5, 30.3, 30.0, 28.0, 25.7, 23.0, 21.9, 16.8 ppm. **IR** (film) ν_{max} 2929, 1726, 1453, 1269, 1106, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for $C_{163}H_{169}O_{38}N_3Na_2$ (M+2Na)^{2+/2} : 1411.0587, found: 1411.0570 (+0.3 ppm).

sLe^x dimer 46



To a solution of compound **S6** (78 mg, 0.03 mmol) in THF:MeOH (4:1, 0.1M) under an inert atmosphere was added Pd/C (160 mg, 10 % wt.). The system was purged with H₂ three times and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight under one atm of H₂. The mixture was filtered on Celite[®], washed with MeOH and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (C18 reversed-phase silica, CH₃CN:H₂O, 40:60) provided **46** (11 mg, 19 %) as a white powder.

Formula: C₉₃H₁₀₉N₃O₃₈; **MW** : 1875.67 g/mol; $[a]_D^{25}$ 14.0 (*c* 0.4, MeOH); **Rf** 0.65 (6/3/1 EtOAc/*i*-PrOH/H₂O); *Due to the complexity of the molecule, all protons and carbons could not be reported.* ¹**H NMR**(500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.24-8.16 (m, 4H), 8.04-7.96 (m, 4H), 7.94-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 8H), 7.11-7.05 (m, 4H), 6.87-6.80 (m, 4H), 6.76-6.70 (m, 2H), 5.83- 5.72 (m, 2H), 5.53-5.46 (m, 2H), 5.10-4.50 (m), 4.48-4.40 (m, 4H), 4.32-4.22 (m, 4H), 4.18-4.02 (m, 5H), 3.90-3.84 (m, 2H), 3.84-3.72 (m, 5H), 3.67-3.54 (m, 9H), 3.40-3.25 (m), 2.99-2.90 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.76 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.64 (m, 3H), 2.91-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.20 (m, 16H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 168.8, 168.5, 167.0, 165.8, 138.1, 133.2, 132.7, 130.9, 130.4, 129.9, 129.8, 129.3, 128.3, 128.1, 127.4, 125.5, 102.1, 102.0, 101.9, 78.4, 78.2, 77.9, 75.4, 74.7, 72.3, 71.6, 70.3, 70.1, 68.7, 67.6, 66.7, 65.0, 64.1, 60.7, 50.1, 39.4, 29.8, 27.7, 22.7, 20.8, 15.43, 15.35 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated for C₉₃H₁₁₀O₃₈N₃ (M+H)+ : 1876.6767 found: 1876.6770 (+0.4 ppm).

Supporting Information: Guindon et al.

I. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra







































