Supplemental Data

Supplemental figure legends and Tables

Supplemental Figure 1 GM-CSF does not activate the GM-CSFR signaling pathway in chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) cells. (**A**) Western blot analysis of peripheral blood (PB) CLL cells. As shown, a 24-hour incubation of CLL low-density cells with increasing concentrations of GM-CSF did not induce tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT3 or STAT5 or affect the phosphorylation status of AKT or ERK. As positive controls (c), protein extracts of HeLa (for STAT3 and STAT5) and Jurkat (for AKT and ERK) cells were used. (**B**) JAK2 immunoprecipitation and detection of phosphotyrosine JAK2 following proteins separation by SDS-PAGE. CLL cells were incubated with increasing concentrations of GM-CSF as described above, and following immunoprecipitation, pJAK2 was detected using mouse antihuman antibodies. As shown, pJAK was not detected following incubation with GM-CSF (I.P., immunoprecipitate; B, beads control). (**C**) Flow cytometry analysis of CLL cells incubated with GM-CSF or GM-CSFR neutralizing antibodies. CLL cells were incubated with 100 ng GM-CSF for 24 or 48 h. As shown in the upper panel, incubation with GM-CSF did not increase the levels of the cell surface protein CD20, and as shown in the lower panel, incubation of CLL cells with GM-CSFRα antibodies for 24 hours did not affect cell surface CD20 levels.

Supplemental Figure 2 Sequence of the 5'-flanking region of the human GM-CSFRα promoter. Analysis of the promoter region was performed using the TFSEARCH (Transcription factor Search) version 1.3 and TESS (Transcription Element Search System) version 6.0 software. Based on the findings from the above search, we designed the primers and probes to identify which of the GAS-like elements binds STAT3. The putative STAT3 binding sites in the proximal region of the GM-CSFRα promoter are shown in red, and those in the distal region of the GM-CSFRα promoter are shown in underlined black. Green denotes the first exon region, and blue denotes a TG-rich sequence.

Supplemental Figure 3 Sequence of the 5'-flanking region of the human GM-CSFR α promoter. The putative STAT3-binding sites that we studied are highlighted in red.

Supplemental Figure 4 The proteins pulled-down together with GM-CSFR α and detected by mass spectrometry analysis.

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pt. #	Sex	Age (yr)	(10 ⁹ /I)	Lympn. %	пь. (g/dl)	(10 ⁹ /l)	stage	(mg/dl)	v _H mutation	/FISH
1	F	70	23	78	14	354	0	2.3	Ν	13q
2	М	61	17	68.4	16.7	164	1	1.6	Y	T12
3	М	69	57.1	73	13.3	166	1	3.8	Y	ND
4	М	56	48.3	79	13.1	236	1	2	Y	46 <i>,</i> XY
5	F	65	33	80	12.8	310	0	2.5	Y	ND
6	М	70	33	65	15.6	192	1	4.7	Ν	46,XY
7	М	64	21.4	ND	14.6	243	0	2.5	ND	46,XY
8	М	85	24	57	12.4	163	1	3.9	Y	13q
9	F	46	55.8	58	13.4	248	1	2.2	Y	13q
10	F	81	47.3	69	11.9	132	1	4.1	Ν	11q
11	F	69	116.8	84	13	169	1	2.9	Y	13q
12	М	68	26.8	52	14.7	251	1	2.2	Ν	13q
13	М	78	40.9	58	14.6	169	1	2	Y	13q
14	М	70	17.4	54	14.8	147	1	1.9	Y	13q
15	F	67	14.8	77	11.4	535	1	1.8	Y	46,XX
16	F	59	50.9	63	14.2	306	1	2	Y	46,XX
17	М	57	85.9	82	15.1	241	1	2.5	Ν	46,XY
18	М	82	139.1	79	12.7	122	1	3.9	Y	T12
19	F	69	28.7	80	12.4	119	2	4.4	Y	T12

Supplemental Table 1. Patient Characteristics

Abbreviations; Yr., years; WBC, white blood cells; lymph., Lymphocytes; Hb, hemoglobin; Pts., platelets; $\beta_2 M$, β_2 microglobulin; M, male F, female; ND, not done or not available; V_H mutation, hypermutation of the immunoglobulin heavy chain gene presented as N (negative; if % derivation from the germline sequence is < 2%); or Y (positive, if % derivation from germline sequence is > 2%); FISH, fluorescence in situ hybridization.

Supplemental Table 2 Primers and Probes

Primers used in the luciferase assay

Hu-GM-CSF -4012-5 GCG GGT ACC GGT GAA AGT CAG AAA CAG GGT Hu-GM-CSF -2965-5 GCG GGT ACC CGT TGT TGG ACA TTT AGG TTG Hu-GM-CSF -2517-5 GCG GGT ACC GAA TGG ACT AAG ACA GCT CCT Hu-GM-CSF -496-5 GCG GGT ACC TGT ATG CCC ATG TGC ACT GTG Hu-GM-CSF -23-3 GCG AGA TCT CTT CTG AGT AGC TCC CTT CAG

Primers used for the ChIP assay

GM-CSF-1-F -3605 ATT CTC AGT TTC CAG GAG AGC GM-CSF-1-R AGA CAT TGT GTG TGG AGA GAC -3502 GM-CSF-2-F -3418 GGA GAA CCA CTA TGA GCC GAA GM-CSF-2-R GTG CAC ACG TAC CCT AGA ACT -3259 GM-CSF-3-F -3018 GCT GCA TAG TAT TCC ATG GTG GM-CSF-3-R CAA CCT AAA TGT CCA ACA ACG -2945 GM-CSF-4-F -2551 TAC CCA ACC TCA GGT ATT CCT GM-CSF-4-R GCA AAG GTG AAA GAT GGC TGA -2436 GM-CSF-5-F -94 CAA TGA ACT CAC GGA GCA AT GM-CSF-5-R CCC TTC AGA GTT CCT CTG TGT C +9

Probes used for EMSA

Probe-1 GAGCTGG -3581 <u>TTGTTGAAAA</u> -3572 GACCC Probe-1-mutant GAGCTGG -3581 <u>TAGAAG AAAA</u> -3572 GACCC Probe-3 TGCCACA -2984 <u>TTTTCTTAA</u> -2976 TCCAGTC Probe-3-mutant TGCCACA -2984 <u>TAAACTT AA</u> -2976 TCCAGTC Probe-5 TTACAGG -68 <u>TTTCCCAA</u> -61 TCCTATGAAA Probe-5-mutant TTACAGG -68 <u>TGGCCCAA</u> -61 TCCTATGAAA Probe-2 TTACC -3372 <u>TTTTTTTAAAAA</u> -3383 TTTTA Probe-4 ATCAA -2551 <u>TTACCCAA</u> TTTCCAGCAA -2521 CATGA

Expression of Human GM-CSFRα in 293FT Cells

To characterize the epitope specificity of the GM-CSFRα antibody and to explore the intracellular localization of GM-CSFRα, we used CLL-cell DNA to generate full-length (amino acids 1–400) GM-CSFRα and its extracellular (amino acids 1–323) and intracellular (amino acids 347–400) regions in 293FT cells. To generate these constructs, we designed primers containing overhangs that included restriction sites for *Hind*III or BamHI on the 5' and 3' end, a Kozac sequence upstream of the ATG start codon to enhance the efficiency of the *expression in mammalian cells, and a start codon*. The primers used were full-length (from the start codon ATG to 1492bp): forward, 5'-

GCGGCGAAGCTTCGCCACCATGCTTCTCCTGGTGACAAGC-3' and reverse, 5'-

GCGGCGGGATCCGGTAATTTCCTTCACGGTCAAG-3'; the primers for the extracellular domain (from ATG to 1261bp) were forward, 5'-GCGGCGAAGCTTCGCCACCATGCTTCTCCTGGTGACAAGC-3' and reverse, 5'-GCGGCGGGATCCGCCGAGGTTCCCGTCGTCAG-3'; and the primers for the intracellular domain (from 1331bp to 1492bp) were forward, 5'-

GCGGCGAAGCTTCGCCACCATGAAAAGGTTCCTTAGGATACAG-3' and reverse, 5'-

GCGGCGGGATCCGGTAATTTCCTTCACGGTCAAG-3'. For the fusion of GFP, we mutated the stop codon for the full-length and intracellular domain of human GM-CSFRα. GFP was pre-cloned into pcDNA3 vector at the BamHI/XhoI site. Human GM-CSFRα and its truncated fragments were cloned into the *Hind*III/*BamH*I site. After verifying each cloned cDNA by direct sequencing, the full-length and the GM-CSFRα fragments were transfected into 293FT cells using Lipofectamine 2000 (Invitrogen) and incubated for 72 hours, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Following incubation, the cells were harvested, and transfection efficiency was assessed by flow cytometry.

Epitope Mapping of the GM-CSFRα Antibodies

The coding sequences of full-length extracellular and intracellular GM-CSFRα domains were generated by PCR and cloned into a mammalian expression system using the pcDNA 3.1 vector (Invitrogen) as described above. The pcDNA3.1 vector was modified by adding the sequence coding of GFP. Human 293FT cells were transfected using recombinant plasmids, incubated for 72 hours, and their cell pellets stored at -80°C and analyzed by Western immunoblotting using anti-GFP antibodies.

Photoactivatable Ribonucleoside-Enhanced Crosslink and Immunoprecipitation (PAR-CLIP)

We used the PAR-CLIP method to incorporate the photoreactive ribonucleoside analog 4-thiouridine into nascent RNA transcripts of 293FT cells. GFP-tagged human GM-CSFR α was expressed in 293FT cells as described above. The cells were incubated overnight in DMEM supplemented with 10% FBS in the presence of 100 μ M of 4-thiouridine (4SU, Sigma-Aldrich). Viable cells were washed with cold PBS, exposed to 302-nm UV light for 1 minute, lysed in NP-40 lysis buffer on ice for 10 minutes, and digested with 1 U/ μ l of RNase T1 (Invitrogen/Ambion) at room temperature for 15 minutes. Sepharose beads coated with anti-GFP antibodies (Abcam) were washed, suspended in RNase T1treated cell lysates, and incubated overnight on a rotating shaker. Then the beads with the captured proteins were washed in washing buffer and digested with 100 U/ μ l of RNase T1 for 15 minutes at room temperature. Treated beads were washed with high-salt wash buffer 3 times and resuspended with Proteinase K buffer followed by Proteinase K (Roche) at 55°C for 30 minutes. Total RNA was extracted by using TRIzol LS reagent (Invitrogen). The cDNA library was prepared with a SuperScript Double-Stranded cDNA Synthesis kit (Invitrogen) for Illumina Next Generation Sequencing.

Bioinfomatics and Data Analysis

To align RNA sequence reads to the reference human genome 19 (Hg19; February 2009, GRCh37 (<u>http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/genome/assembly/grc/index.shtml</u>)), we used the Partek Flow software (version 2.1, 2012; Partek) bowtie algorithm. Annotated mRNA reads were exported to the Partek Genomic Suite Package (version 6.6, 2012; Partek) for downstream analysis. To identify differentially expressed genes, we used the 1-way ANOVA and the Benjamini-Hochberg correction for multiple comparisons with a false discovery rate of 0.05, and we created a heat map with an average-linkage clustering of selected genes. To identify pathways enriched for differentially expressed genes in the 2 experimental conditions, we used the KEGG pathway database (http://www.genome.jp/kegg/pathway.html).

Mass Spectrometry Analysis

The silver-stained bands from the pull-down assay were destained and subjected to in-gel digestion with 200 ng of modified trypsin (sequencing grade, Promega) at 37°C for 24 hours. The resulting peptides were analyzed by nano-liquid chromatography-coupled ion trap mass spectrophotometry with online desalting on a system consisting of a FAMOS autosampler, an UltiMate Nano liquid chromatography module, and a Switchos precolumn switching device on a 75-µm by 150-mm C₁₈ column (all from Dionex). Electrospray ion trap mass spectrometry was performed on a LTQ linear ion trap mass spectrometer (Thermo Scientific). Resulting proteins were then identified by a database search for the fragment spectra using the National Center for Biotechnology Information nonredundant protein database, using Mascot (Matrix Science) and SEQUEST (Thermo Scientific) results. Resulting peptide matches were manually curated.

Apoptosis Assay

The rate of cellular apoptosis was analyzed using double staining with a Cy5-conjugated Annexin V kit and PI (BD Biosciences), according to the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, 1×10^6 cells were washed once with PBS and suspended in 200 µl of binding buffer with 0.5 µg/ml of Annexin V-Cy5 and 2 µg/ml of PI. After incubation for 15 minutes in the dark at room temperature, the samples were analyzed on a FACSCalibur flow cytometer (Becton Dickinson). Cell viability was calculated as the percentage of Annexin V-positive cells, and statistical analysis was performed using the CellQuest Pro program.







Jurkat

I.P.

Fig. S1

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Fig. S2

-5000	ACAGTGCCAGTTCCAGCAGCC TTGGTGAA CCGTCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACT	-4941	-2480	TAAGACGGTAGAGGTGCAGCCTGGTCAGCCATCTTTCACCTTTGCTGATGTTGCTATCCA	-2421
-4940	TCTCTACATCAATGTCAAAAGGAAGATATGAGCC TTTGACAA GAATATCCACCATGATGC	-4881	-2420	GGTGTTTTCCATTGCATGTGCATGAAGCCCTATGCTTTGTTTAGGCGCCAACTGTTAGTA	-2361
-4880	CCAGTTCCAGCAGCCTGGGTGAGCCATCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACTTCTCTA	-4821	-2360	TCGTAACACATGTCCAGTCTGTTTGGTTGTTTTTTTGAGACGGAGTTTTGCTCTTGTTG	-2301
-4820	$\texttt{CATCAATGTCAACAAGAAGATATGAGCC} \underline{\texttt{TTTGACAAAAA}} \texttt{GATCCACCATGATGCCCAGTT}$	-4761	-2300	CCCAGGCTGGAGGGCAATGGCACCATCTCAGCTCACTGCAACCTCCATCTCCTGGGTTCA	-2241
-4760	CCAGCAGCCTGGGTGAGCCATCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACTTCTCTACATCAA	-4701	-2240	AGGGATTCTCCTGCCTCAGCCTCCTGAGTAGCTGGGATTACAGGCACTCGCCACCACGCC	-2181
-4700	$\texttt{TGTCAACAAGAAGATATGAGCC} \underline{\texttt{TTTGACAAAAA}} \texttt{GATCCACCGTGATGCCCAGTTCCAGCA}$	-4641	-2180	TGGCTAATTTTGTATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	-2121
-4640	${\tt GCCTGGCTGAGCCATCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAGCTTCTCTACATCAATGTCAA}$	-4581	-2120	TCTTATGATTTTGTAGACAGCACAAAAAGGCATCTGTATTTGTGTGTG	-2061
-4580	$\texttt{CAAGAAGATATGAGCC} \underline{\textbf{TTTGACAAAAA}} \texttt{GATCCACCGTGATGCCCAGTTCCAGCAGCCTGG}$	-4521	-2060	GCAGGTGTGTGTACACCAATATGCTTGTGCAGAGGCGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTG	-2001
-4520	${\tt CTGAGCCATCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACTTCTCTACATCAATGTCAACAAGAA}$	-4461	-2000	GTGTATGGATAGGTGCACTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGATGTGTGTG	-1941
-4460	${\tt GATATGAGCC} \underline{{\tt TTTGACAAAAA}} {\tt GATCCACCATGATGCCCAGTTCCAGCAGCCTGGCTGAGC}$	-4401	-1940	TGCAGACATGCACGTGTATGCAGGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG	-1881
-4400	${\tt CATCTGGTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACTTCTCTACATCAATGTCAACAAGAAGATATG}$	-4341	-1880	TGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG	-1821
-4340	$\texttt{AGCC} \underline{\texttt{TTTGACAAAAA}} \texttt{GATCCACCATGATGCCCAGTTCCAGCAGCCTGGCTGAGCCATCTG}$	-4281	-1820	${\tt GTGTGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTGTGCAGACATGCATGTGTATGGAGGTGTGTGT$	-1761
-4280	${\tt GTTGAGCTCTTGGGAAGATAAACTTCTCTACATGATGTCAACAAGAAGATATGAGCC} {\tt TT}$	-4221	-1760	${\tt GCGTGTAGGTGTGTGTGCATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGT$	-1701
-4220	$\underline{\mathbf{TGACAAAAA}} {\rm GATCCACCATGATGCCCAGTTCCAGCAGCCTGGCTGAGCCATCTGGTTGAA}$	-4161	-1700	TGCAGGTGTGTGAGGATGTGTGTGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTG	-1641
-4160	$\underline{\mathbf{TTCTTGGGAA}} \mathbf{GATAAACTTCTTTACATTGATGTCAACAACAGGGCATGA \underline{\mathbf{TTCATTAAA}} \mathbf{GA}$	-4101	-1640	GGTCTGTGTGTGCAGACATGCATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG	-1581
-4100	${\tt CAAAAAGGCCCATTATTGTGCCCACTTCCAGCAGCCTTGGTGAGTCATCTGATTTGGCTC}$	-4041	-1580	${\tt GGTGTGTGTTTGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG$	-1521
-4040	${\tt TTGGAAAGACAAACTTCTCTACATGAATGGTGAAAGTCAGAAACAGGGTATGAGCCATTG$	-3981	-1520	${\tt Cactgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtgtg$	-1461
-3980	ACAAGCAGACCCACTATAGTTTGCAGTTTGAGCCTTGGTAAGCCATCTGGTTGAACTCTT	-3921	-1460	${\tt GTGTACAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGT$	-1401
-3920	GGAAAGTTAAATTCTCTCACAGCACAAGGGCACAGAGCACAGAGCAGCACAGAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCAGCCCAGCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCAGCCCCAGCCCCCCCCCC	-3861	-1400	GGGATGTGTGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG	-1341
-3860	${\tt TCCACCATGGTGGCCATTTCCAGCAGCCTTCGTGAGCCACCTGCTTGAGCTCTTGGGAGA$	-3801		TC Pich Seconce	
-3800	TAACCTTCTCTACATCAATTCTGGAGAGAGGCAGCATGCTACAGTTTGGATACGGTTTGT	-3741		16 KICH Sequice	
-3740	TTGGTCCTGCCAGGTTTCATGTTGAAATTTGACCCCCTGTGTGGTAGGTGGGACCTGGTG	-3681	-1340	GGTGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGCGTGTGTAGACAAGTGTGTGTG	-1281
-3680	GGAGATGTTTAAACCATGTGGGTGAATCCCGTATGAATGGCTTGGTCCTGCCCCCATAGT	-3621	-1280	CAGACGTACGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTG	-1221
-3620	CATGAGTGAGTTCTCATTCTCAGTTTCCAGGAGAGCTGG <u>TTGTTGAAAA</u> GACCCTGGCAC	-3561	-1220	${\tt CCCTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGATGTGTGCGCACGTCTGTGTGCAGACATGCATG$	-1161
-3560	CTCCCCCCGCTCTCTTGCTTCCTTTCTGCCCATGTGGTCTCTCCACACACA	-3501	-1160	CTGCAGGAAAGTGGGGATGTGTGAGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTG	-1101
-3500	CCCTTCACTTTCTGTCATGACTGGAAGCAGCGTGACGTCCTCACCACAAGCAGGTCCAAA	-3441	-1100	GTATGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGCAGGACTGTGCCAGTGTGCTGTTTGTGCAGATGTGT	-1041
-3440	CACCACGCTTCCTGGACAACCTGGAGAACCACTATGAGCCGAATAAATA	-3381	-1040	GTGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGCGCCCGTGTGCACTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGA	-0981
-3380	TTTTTACC <u>TTTTTTTAAAAA</u> TTTTTATTATTATTATACTTTAAGTTCTAGGGTACGTGTGC	-3321	-0980	TGTGTGTGCAGTTGTGTGCAGACATGCATGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGCGCAGATGTGTG	-0921
-3320	ACAACGTGCAGCTTTGTTACATATGTATCCATGTGCCATGTTGGTGTGCTGCACCCATTA	-3261	-0920	TGTAGTTGTGTGTATGCACATGTGCATTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGATGTGTGTG	-0861
-3260	ACTCGTCATTTAGCATTAGGTATGTCTCCTAATGCTGTCCCCCCCC	-3201	-0860	CTGTGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTGCAAACATGCATGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGCAGATGTGC	-0801
-3200	ACAACAGTCCCCGGTGTGTGTGTGTCCCCTTCCTGTGTCCATGTGTTCTCATGGTTCAAT	-3141	-0800	GTGTGTAGACAAGTGTGTGTGCCATTGTGCTTGTTTGTGCAGACGTACGT	-0741
-3140	TCCCACCTATGAGTGAGAACATGCGGTGTTTGGTTTTTTGTCCTTGCGATAGTTTGCTCA	-3081	-0740	GTGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGCGTGTGTGCACGTGTGCCCTGTGTGCAGGTGTGGGG	-0681
-3080	GAATGATGGTTTCCAGCTTCAACCCTGTCCCTACAAAGGACATGAACTCATGTTTTTA	-3021	-0680	GATGTGTGCGCACGTCTGTGTGTGCAGACATGCATGTGCCTGCAGGAAAGTGGGGATGTG	-0621
-3020	TGGCTGCATAGTATTCCATGGTGTATATGTGCCACA	-2961	-0620	TGAGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTGCAGACATGTATGT	-0561
-2960	TTGGACATTTAGGTTCCAAGTCTTTGCTATTGTGAATAGTGCCATTATAAACATAT	-2901	-0560	TGTGCAGGACTGTGCCAGTGTGCTTGTTTGTGCAGATGTGTGCAGATATGTGTGTAGC	-0501
-2900	GTGTGCATGTGTCTTTATAGCAGCATGATTTTATAATCTTCTTTTTTTT	-2841	-0500	TGTGTGTATGCCCATGTGCACTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGATGTGTGTG	-0441
-2840	CTCGCTCTGTCGCCGGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGCAGCATCTCCGGCTCACTGCAAGCTCCGCC	-2781	-0440	GTGTGCAGTTGTGTGCGGAGACATGCATATGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTG	-0381
-2780	TCCCGGGTTCAATTGATTCTCCCGCCTCAGCTTCCCAAGTAGCTGGGACTGCAGGTGCAC	-2721	-0380	AGCTGTGTGTACGCCCGTGCGCACTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGAGATGTGTGTG	-0321
-2720	GCCACCCCAGCTAATTTTTGTATTTTTTAGTAGAGATGGGGTTTTCACCATGTTGGCC	-2661	-0320	TCTGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGCAAACATGCACGCGTGCAAGCATGTGTGCAGGAGTG	-0261
-2660	AGGCTGGTCTTGATCTCTTGACCTCATGATCCGCCTGGCTCGGTCTCCCAAAGTGCTGGG	-2601	-0260	TGTGTGCACGTGTGTGCGGGCGTGTGGGGAATGTGTGCGGGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGCAGA	-0201
-2600	ATTACAGGCGTGAGCCACCGCCCAGCCAATGATCTCTTTCTT	-2541	-0200	TGTGTGTGCAGACATACATGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGTG	-0141
-2540	CAGGIAIICU <mark>TTTCCAGCAA</mark> CATGAATGGACTAAGACAGCTCCTGCAGGAATGGGGAGGC	-∠48⊥	-0140	ACTTGAGCTGTTCCACGGGCCAGTCTTTGGAGAGCGAGGTCAGGAGCCAATGAACTCACGG	-0081
			-0080	AGCAATTACAGG <mark>TTTCCCAA</mark> TCCTATGAAATGAGGAAGCAGGGGGGGGGGG	-0021
			-0020	TGTATGATGACACAGAGGAACTCTGAAGGGAGCTACTCAGAAGCGGGAGTCTCCGAGAGA	+0040

TG Rich Seqence

-2020		2961			
-3920		-3001	-1340	GGTGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGCGTGTGTGTGAGACAAGTGTGTGT	-1281
-3860	TCCACCATGGTGGCCATTTCCAGCAGCCTTCGTGAGCCACCTGCTTGAGCTCTTGGGAGA	-3801	-1280	CAGACGTACGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGTGTGCAGATGTGTGTG	-1221
-3800	TAACCTTCTCTACATCAATTCTGGAGAGAGGCAGCATGCTACAGTTTGGATACGGTTTGT	-3741	-1220	CCCTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGATGTGTGCGCACGTCTGTGTGTG	-1161
-3740	TTGGTCCTGCCAGGTTTCATGTTGAAATTTGACCCCCTGTGTGGGAGGTGGGACCTGGTG	-3681	-1160	CTGCAGGAAAGTGGGGATGTGTGAGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGTG	-1101
-3680	GGAGATGTTTAAACCATGTGGGTGAATCCCGTATGAATGGCTTGGTCCTGCCCCCATAGT	-3621	-1100	GTATGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGCAGGACTGTGCCAGTGTGCTTGTTGTGCAGATGTGT	-1041
-3620	CATGAGTGAGTTCTCATTCTCAGTTTCCAGGAGAGCTGG <u>TTGTTGAAAA</u> GACCCTGGCAC	-3561	-1040	GTGCAGATGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGCGCCCGTGTGCACTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGGGA	-0981
-3560	CTCCCCCGCTCTCTTGCTTCCTTTCTGCCCATGTGGTCTCCCCACACACA	-3501	-0980	TGTGTGTGCAGTTGTGTGTGCAGACATGCATGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGCGCAGATGTGTG	-0921
-3500	cccttcactttctgtcatgactggaagcagcgtgacgtcc() cacaagcaggtccaaa	-3441	-0920	TCTACTTCTCTCTCTCCACATCTCCCACTCTCTCCCCCCACCCCCC	-0861
-3440	CACCACGCTTCCTGGACAACCTGGAGAACCACTATGAGCCGAATAAATA	-3381	-0860	CTCTCTCTCCACATCTCTCCCACATCTCCCACCTCTCCCCCC	-0801
-3380	TTTTTACC <u>TTTTTTTAAAAA</u> TTTTTATTATTATTATAAGTTCTAGGGTACGTGTGC	-3321	-0800		_0741
-3320	ACAACGTGCA	-3261	0740		0601
-3260	ACTCGTCATT A ATTAGGTATGTCTCCTAATGCTGTCCCTCCCCCCCCCC	-3201	0690		0601
-3200	ACAACAGTCCCCGGTGTGTGATGTTCCCCCTTCCTGTGTCCATGTGTTCTCATGGTTCAAT	-3141	-0000		0561
-3140	TCCCACCTATGAGTGAGAACATGCGGTGTTTGGTTTTTTGTCCTTGCGATAGTTTGCTCA	-3081	-0620		-0561
-3080	GAATGATGGTTTCCAGCTTCAACCCTGTCCCTACAAAGGACATGAACTCATCATGTTTTA	-3021	-0560		-0501
-3020	TGGCTGCATAGTATTCCATGGTGTATATGTGCCACATTTTCTTAATCCAGTCTATCGTTG	-2961	-0500	TGTGTGTGTGTGCCCATGTGCCACTGTGTGCCAGGTGTGTGGGGGGGG	-0441
-2960	ͲͲϤϤΑΔͳͲͲϷϤϤ ϤͲͲϤϤϷϷϨϤ	-2901	-0440	GTGTGCAGTTGTGTGTGTGCAGACATGCATATGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGT	-0381
-2900		-2841	-0380	AGCTGTGTGTGTGCGCCCGTGCGCACTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGGGAGATGTGTGTG	-0321
-2840		-2781	-0320	TCTGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGCAAACATGCACACGCGTGCAAGCATGTGTGCAGGAGTG	-0261
2010		2701	-0260	TGTGTGCACGTGTGTGCGGGCGTGTGGGGAATGTGTGCGTGTGCAGGTCTGTGTGCAGA	-0201
2700		2661	-0200	TGTGTGTGCAGACATACATGTGTGTGCAGGTGTGTGTGTG	-0141
-2720		-2001	-0140	ACTTGAGCTGTTCCACGGGCCAGTCTTTGGAGACGAGGTCAGGAGCCAATGAACTCACGG	-0081
-2660	AGGCTGGTCTTGATCTCTTGACCTCATGATCCGCCTGCCT	-2601	-0080	${\tt AGCAATTACAGG} \underline{{\tt TTTCCCAA}} {\tt TCCTATGAAATGAGGAAGCAGGGGAGGGGAGGGGGGGGGG$	-0021
-2600	ATTACAGGCGTGAGCCACCGCGCCCAGCCAATGATCTCTTCTTTATCAATTACCCAACCT	-2541	-0020	TGTATGATGACAC/GGAACTCTGAAGGGAGCTACTCAGAAGCGGGGAGTCTCCGAGAGA	+0040
-2540	CAGGTATTCC <u>TTTCCAGCAA</u> CATGAATGGACTAAGACAGCTCCTGCAGGAA	-2481		(b)	

Fig. S4

HSP71 HUMAN Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1A/1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA1A PE=1 SV=5 **K2C1 HUMAN** Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT1 PE=1 SV=6 K1C9 HUMAN Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT9 PE=1 SV=3 K1C10 HUMAN Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT10 PE=1 SV=6 K2C6A_HUMAN Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 6A OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT6A PE=1 SV=3 K2C6B_HUMAN Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 6B OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT6B PE=1 SV=5 HSP7C HUMAN Heat shock cognate 71 kDa protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA8 PE=1 SV=1 **GRP78 HUMAN** 78 kDa glucose-regulated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA5 PE=1 SV=2 K2C5_HUMAN Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT5 PE=1 SV=3 **K22E HUMAN** Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 2 epidermal OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT2 PE=1 SV=2 **FUBP2 HUMAN** Far upstream element-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KHSRP PE=1 SV=4 TRAP1_HUMAN Heat shock protein 75 kDa, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRAP1 PE=1 SV=3 K1C14 HUMAN Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT14 PE=1 SV=4 KRT84_HUMAN Keratin, type II cuticular Hb4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KRT84 PE=1 SV=2 TRI25_HUMAN E3 ubiquitin/ISG15 ligase TRIM25 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRIM25 PE=1 SV=2 **CSF2R HUMAN** Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSF2RA PE=1 SV=1 PABP1 HUMAN Polyadenylate-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PABPC1 PE=1 SV=2 ALBU_HUMAN Serum albumin OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALB PE=1 SV=2 TIF1B_HUMAN Transcription intermediary factor 1-beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRIM28 PE=1 SV=5 CH079 HUMAN Uncharacterized protein KIAA1456 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KIAA1456 PE=2 SV=1 SPIR1 HUMAN Protein spire homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPIRE1 PE=1 SV=2