

Figure S2. Three examples of sorghum genes covered by two or more contigs, i.e., a full-length sugarcane gene formed by two or more contigs. Blue thick arrows denote sugarcane contigs. Lines with numbers at the top of each figure denote the position in sorghum chromosome. Gray and orange thick arrows denote UTRs and CDS part, respectively, of sorghum genes. All identities fit in the previous criteria of >=80%. Alignments were carried out at phytozome.net against sorghum genome v2.1.Contigs with minor alignments were excluded from figure. A, alignment of two sugarcane contigs against sorghum sucrose synthase gene; C, alignment of two sugarcane contigs against sorghum caffeic acid 3-O-methyltransferase gene.